HYATT GROUND ENGINEERING PTY LTD ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT 2023 - 2027

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1. TITLE

This Agreement shall be known as the Hyatt Ground Engineering Pty Ltd Enterprise Agreement 2023 – 2027.

2. **DEFINITIONS**

In this Agreement, unless the contrary intention appears:

- 2.1.1 The "Agreement" means the Hyatt Ground Engineering Pty Ltd Enterprise Agreement 2023 2027.
- 2.1.2 The "Company" means Hyatt Ground Engineering Pty Ltd.
- 2.1.3 "Construction work" means all work performed in connection with the construction, alteration, extension, restoration, maintenance, repair, demolition or dismantling of buildings, structures or works that form, or are to form, part of land, whether or not the buildings, structures or works are permanent in, or in connection with the operations of the Company.
- 2.1.4 "General building and construction" work means all work performed in connection with the commercial general building and construction sector including civil construction and metal and engineering construction sectors.
- 2.1.5 The "FW Act" means the Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth).
- 2.1.6 "FWC" means Fair Work Commission.
- 2.1.7 The "FW Regulations" means regulations made under the FW Act.
- 2.1.8 "Workplace Right" has the same meaning as that contained in Section 341 of the FW Act as far as this applies to Employees.
- 2.1.9 "Adverse Action" has the same meaning as that contained in Section 342 of the FW Act as far as this applies to Employees.
- 2.1.10 "Superannuation legislation" means the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 (Cth), the Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992 (Cth), the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cth) and the Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993 (Cth).
- 2.1.11 The "National Employment Standards" (NES) are minimum standards applying to employment conditions.
- 2.1.12 "Distant Work" means work at locations where it is not reasonable or possible for the Employee to return to their normal place of residence, or to any separately maintained residence, each night.
- 2.1.13 "Employee" means a person:
 - (a) employed by the Company; and
 - (b) who performs work in any State or Territory in Australia; and
 - (c) who performs work in accordance with the classifications covered by this Agreement, and
 - (d) has the meaning in the FW Act.
- 2.1.14 "The Company" has the same meaning as "Employer" as defined in the FW Act.

- 2.1.15 "Employee Representative" means a person:
 - (a) who is an Employee; or
 - (b) chosen and appointed by an individual Employee or a number of Employees to represent them in relation to the terms of this Agreement; or
 - (c) who acts on the instructions of the Employee or Employees.
- 2.1.16 "Parties" to this Agreement shall mean the Company and the Company's Employees engaged on work classified in this Agreement.
- 2.1.17 "Daily Hire Employee" is an Employee engaged on a full-time or part-time basis and is subject to one day's notice of termination, or a payment of one day's pay in lieu of notice and who works 38 ordinary hours per week as a full-time Employee or who works on average of fewer than 38 ordinary hours per week as a part-time Employee.
- 2.1.18 "Weekly Hire Employee" is an Employee engaged on a full-time or part-time basis and is entitled to the notice of termination provisions of the FW Act as defined in this agreement and who works 38 ordinary hours per week as a full-time Employee or who works an average of fewer than 38 ordinary hours per week as a part-time Employee.

3. POLICIES, AWARDS AND AGREEMENTS

3.1 Duration of Agreement

- 3.1.1 This Agreement shall come into operation seven (7) days after the Agreement is approved by FWC under the FW Act.
- 3.1.2 The Agreement has a nominal expiry date of four (4) calendar years from the date of approval by the FWC.
- 3.1.3 The Agreement shall continue to apply beyond its expiration date until it ceases to operate by virtue of the operation of Sections 58, 224 or 227 of the FW Act.

3.2 Application

- 3.2.1 This Agreement deals with matters pertaining to the employment relationship between:
 - (a) the Company; and,
 - (b) Employees of the Company who are engaged in any of the callings or classifications defined by the Appendices of this Agreement.

3.3 Scope

3.3.1 This Agreement shall apply where the Company undertakes General building and construction work.

3.4 Relationship to other Awards and Agreements

- 3.4.1 This Agreement operates subject to Chapter 2 of the FW Act to provide terms and conditions for Company Employees covered by the Agreement.
- 3.4.2 The relevant Award for purposes of applying the Better-Off-Overall Test ("**BOOT**") to this Agreement is the *Building and Construction General On-site Award 2020*. The provisions of are expressly incorporated into the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- 3.4.3 Where the relevant award conditions have been modified by the terms of this Agreement, remuneration and other conditions of this Agreement have been set at a level to ensure that persons employed under this Agreement, are better-off-overall than

they would otherwise be under the relevant award. However, where the Agreement is silent on the relevant award provisions, then those relevant award provisions shall apply.

- 3.4.4 The provisions of the NES shall be read and applied to this Agreement.
- 3.4.5 Where this Agreement gives an Employee an entitlement that is the same as an entitlement under the NES:
 - (a) those terms operate in parallel with the Employee's NES entitlement, but not so as to give the Employee a double benefit; and
 - (b) the provisions of the NES relating to the NES entitlement apply, as a minimum standard, to the Agreement entitlement.

3.5 No Extra Claims Commitment

- 3.5.1 The Employees covered by this Agreement undertake that they will not pursue any further claims against the Company during its period of operation.
- 3.5.2 Notwithstanding the provisions of this clause, any party to this Agreement may apply to the FWC to vary the Agreement in accordance with the relevant provisions of the FW Act.

4. CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT

4.1 Engagement of Employees

- 4.1.1 Employees under this Agreement shall be employed in one of the following categories:
 - (a) Full-time or Part-time Daily Hire Employees
 - (b) Full-time weekly hire Employees
 - (c) Part-time weekly hire Employees
 - (d) Casual Employees
- 4.1.2 At the time of engagement, the Company and the Employee will agree in writing:
 - Whether the Employee is to be employed as a full-time or part-time weekly hire Employee, or casual Employee;
 - Upon the hours to be worked by the Employee, the days upon which the hours will be worked and commencing times for the work;
 - Upon the classification applying to the work to be performed;
 - Upon the period of employment.
- 4.1.3 Employment is subject to a probation period of three (3) months which may be extended by a further three (3) months at the discretion of the Company.
- 4.1.4 All Employees shall be required to supply personal details for record keeping and other purposes pertaining to their employment.
- 4.1.5 An Employee that has knowingly provided false or misleading personal details and other information or false or misleading information may be summarily dismissed.
- 4.1.6 The Company shall give each Employee a copy of the Fair Work Information Statement as provided for in section 124 of the FW Act, before, or as soon as practicable, after an Employee commences employment.

4.2 Full-Time or Part-Time Employment

- 4.2.1 All full-time or part-time Employees engaged in building and construction work shall be employed on a daily hire or weekly hire basis. A full-time Employee shall work an average of 38 hours per week calculated over a four (4) week period. A part-time Employee is an Employee who works an average of fewer than 36 ordinary hours per week and has reasonably predictable hours of work.
- 4.2.2 For each ordinary hour worked, a part-time Employee will be paid no less than the hourly rate of pay for the relevant classification and pro rata entitlements for those hours. The Company must inform a part-time Employee of the ordinary hours of work and the starting and finishing times.
- 4.2.3 Where the normal hours of a part-time Employee fall on a public holiday and work is not performed by the Employee, such Employee will not lose pay for the day.
- 4.2.4 A part-time Employee may agree to work additional hours to those they are contracted to perform. Where this occurs, overtime payment in accordance with clause 7.3 shall be paid when such Employee works in excess of their ordinary contracted hours.
- 4.2.5 The Company and a part-time Employee may agree, in writing to alter the contracted days and / or hours upon which the Employee works. Where these hours fall within the ordinary hours of work prescribed in clause 7.1, the agreed variation will form the ordinary hours of work for the part-time Employee. In this circumstance, hours in excess of the original contracted part-time hours of work shall not attract any overtime penalty unless such hours fall outside the ordinary hours prescribed in clause 7.1.

4.3 Casual Employment

- 4.3.1 A casual Employee is one engaged and paid in accordance with the provisions of this clause.
- 4.3.2 A casual Employee shall be paid a 25% loading on the applicable ordinary time hourly rate in accordance with the calculation as prescribed in Table B in Appendix 2 of this Agreement for the Employee's classification, for each hour of ordinary duty worked. This casual loading shall not attract any premium or penalty.
- 4.3.3 Subject to the provisions of clause 7.1.2 of this Agreement, where a casual Employee performs overtime work, weekend work or public holiday work, the penalty payment applicable shall be calculated using the rates set out in Table A of Appendix 2 of this Agreement and applying the following penalty rates in accordance with clause 7.3 and 7.4 of this Agreement as appropriate:
 - (a) Time and a half 175% of the ordinary time hourly rate;
 - (b) Double time 225% of the ordinary time hourly rate;
 - (c) Double time and a half 275% of the ordinary time hourly rate.
- 4.3.4 On each occasion a casual Employee is required to attend work, the Employee shall be entitled to payment for a minimum of four (4) hours' work, plus any relevant allowances for time actually worked.
- 4.3.5 A casual Employee shall be entitled to all of the applicable rates and conditions of employment prescribed by this Agreement except payment for annual leave, annual leave loading personal, / carers leave, jury service, public holidays not worked, redundancy, and rostered days off.
- 4.3.6 A casual Employee, other than an irregular casual Employee, who has been engaged by the Company for a sequence or periods of employment under this Agreement during a

period of six months, has the right to elect to have their contract of employment converted to full-time or part-time employment if the employment is to continue beyond the conversion process. The Company must give notice in writing to the Employee of the provisions of this clause within four (4) weeks of the Employee having obtained six (6) months service.

- 4.3.7 A casual Employee who has a right to elect may give four weeks' notice in writing to the Company that they seek to elect to convert their contract of employment to full-time or part-time employment, and within four weeks' of receiving such notice the Company must consent to or refuse the election. The Company must not unreasonably refuse any such election.
- 4.3.8 A casual Employee who does not elect to convert their contract of employment to full-time or part-time employment is deemed to have elected against any such conversion.

4.4 Casual Employee - Shift Work

- 4.4.1 Subject to the provisions of clause 7.11.3 or 7.11.4 as applicable of this Agreement, where a casual Employee performs shift work, the shift penalty payment applicable shall be calculated using the rates set out in Table A of Appendix 2 of this Agreement and applying the following penalty rates in accordance with clause 7.11.3 of this Agreement:
 - (a) Afternoon, Night and Early Morning Shifts Ordinary Time and a Half 175% of the ordinary time hourly rate
 - (b) Morning and Early Afternoon Shifts Ordinary Time and a Quarter 150% of ordinary hourly rate or in the case of clause 7.10.4 of this Agreement;
 - a. Time and a Half 175% of the ordinary time hourly rate
 - b. Double Time 225% of the ordinary time hourly rate

4.5 Duties of Employees

- 4.5.1 Employees are required to work in a skilful and competent manner, and to exercise due care in performance of their duties.
- 4.5.2 Employees shall perform the duties reasonably required of them, provided that such duties are within their skills, competence and experience.
- 4.5.3 Employees are required to comply with reasonable and lawful directions issued by the Company in relation to the performance of their duties.
- 4.5.4 Employees are required to be faithful in the performance of their duties as an employee of the Company and to not act at any time in a manner contrary to Company interests.
- 4.5.5 While employed by the Company, Employees have a duty not to disclose confidential information of any type obtained during the course of their employment with the Company. Confidential information includes any information about the business or products of the Company including technical or policy manuals, designs for technical drawings, computer software and programs, skills, know-how, ideas, diagrams, tables, marketing and sales procedures, pricing, accounting techniques and intellectual property not in the public domain.
- 4.5.6 Nothing in this clause restricts an Employee's ability to exercise his or her rights arising under the FW Act or other applicable industrial legislations.

4.6 Flexibility Arrangements

- 4.6.1 A Company and Employee covered by this Agreement may agree to make an individual flexibility arrangement to vary the effect of the terms of the Agreement if:
 - (a) The Agreement deals with 1 or more of the following matters:
 - (i) Arrangements about when work is performed;
 - (ii) Overtime rates;
 - (iii) Penalty rates;
 - (iv) Allowances;
 - (v) Leave loading; and
 - (b) The arrangement meets the genuine needs of the Company and Employee in relation to one or more of the matters mentioned in Clause 4.6.1(a); and
 - (c) The arrangement is genuinely agreed to by the Company and the Employee.
- 4.6.2 The Company must ensure that the terms of the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) Are about permitted matters under section 172 of the FW Act; and
 - (b) Are not unlawful terms under section 194 of the FW Act; and
 - (c) Result in the Employee being better off overall than the Employee would be if no arrangement was made.
- 4.6.3 The Company must ensure that the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) Is in writing; and
 - (b) Includes the name of the Company and Employee; and
 - (c) Is signed by the Company and Employee and if the Employee is under 18 years of age, signed by a parent or guardian of the Employee; and
 - (d) Includes details of:
 - (i) The terms of this Agreement that will be varied by the arrangement; and
 - (ii) How the arrangement will vary the effect of the terms; and
 - (iii) How the Employee will be better off overall in relation to the terms and conditions of their employment as a result of the arrangement; and
 - (e) States the day on which the arrangement commences.
- 4.6.4 The Company must give the Employee a copy of the individual flexibility arrangement within 14 days after it is agreed to.
- 4.6.5 The Company or Employee may terminate the individual flexibility arrangement;
 - (a) by giving no more than 28 days written notice to the other party to the arrangement; or
 - (b) if the Company and Employee agree in writing to the termination at any time.

4.7 Stand Down of Employees

- 4.7.1 The Company may stand down an Employee without pay during a period in which the Employee cannot usefully be employed because of one of the following circumstances:
 - (a) Industrial action (other than industrial action organised or engaged in by the Company);
 - (b) A breakdown of machinery or equipment, for reasons by which the Company cannot be held responsible for the breakdown;
 - (c) A stoppage of work for any cause for which the Company cannot reasonably be held responsible.

- 4.7.2 An Employee is not taken to be stood down during a period when the Employee:
 - (a) is taking paid or unpaid leave that is authorised by the Company; or
 - (b) is otherwise authorised to be absent from their employment.

4.8 Employee Performance Management

- 4.8.1 Where the Company believes that an Employee is not meeting the standards of performance, conduct reasonably expected of them or affected by alcohol and / or any other drug the following procedures will apply:
 - In the first instance, the Employee will be counselled as to where their performance or conduct is deficient. Where appropriate, the steps to be taken to remedy the deficiency will be identified and a review period will be set. Where an Employee is found to be affected by alcohol and / or any drug, counselling and rehabilitation may be offered to the Employee. In more serious cases a written warning may be issued at this stage.
 - If the Employee's work performance or conduct fails to improve to the standard reasonably required by the Company, the Employee will be counselled again and the Company may issue a written warning advising the Employee that their employment is in jeopardy if there is not an immediate and sustained improvement by the Employee. A further monitoring and review period may be set if appropriate. In more serious cases, the Company issues the Employee with a final written warning.
 - Should the matter still not be resolved, except where the Employee has already been issued with a final written warning, the Employee will be counselled again and a further written warning given. This warning shall be a final warning unless, in the opinion of the Company, this is not warranted.
 - A final written warning should advise the Employee that unless there is an immediate and sustained improvement by the Employee, their employment may be terminated.
- 4.8.2 The Employee will at all stages be given the opportunity to make a response and have another Employee or support person present if they so wish.
- 4.8.3 Nothing prevents the Company from terminating the Employee's employment in accordance with this Agreement during any stage of this process.

5. REMUNERATION

5.1 Classification

- 5.1.1 Persons engaged as Employees under the terms of this Agreement shall be classified in accordance with the classifications set out in Appendix 1 of this Agreement.
- 5.1.2 Any payments or other entitlements provided to Employees in excess of the minimum requirements set out in this Agreement (if applicable), may be off set against any liability, claim or entitlement that an Employee may claim against the Company with respect to their employment.
- 5.1.3 The provisions of sub-clause 5.1.2 of this Agreement, shall not operate or be applied in any way which may result in or have the effect of excluding or reducing NES entitlements.

5.2 Rates of Pay

- 5.2.1 The wage rates set out in Tables A and B of Appendix 2 of the Agreement apply to fulltime and part-time Employees engaged in the classifications described in Appendix 1 of this Agreement over the life of the Agreement.
- 5.2.2 Rates apply on and from the beginning of the first pay period to commence after the date indicated.

- 5.2.3 The rates of pay in Appendix 2 of this Agreement have been calculated to incorporate the follow-the-job loading, Industry Allowance and where applicable, the Tool Allowance.
- 5.2.4 This Agreement provides for a 4.0% annual increase to Employees' base rate of pay, effective from 1 July each year as per the rates calculated in Appendix 2 of this Agreement.

5.3 Superannuation

- 5.3.1 The Company shall make superannuation contributions to the Construction and Building Industry Super (Cbus) fund, or another fund nominated by the Employee provided the fund complies with the Superannuation Guarantee Legislation (SGL) including a MySuper product.
- 5.3.2 The rate of contribution shall be paid in accordance with the SGL for the ordinary time earnings in accordance with superannuation legislation which may change from time to time.
- 5.3.3 "Ordinary Time Earnings" means the actual ordinary rate of pay the Employee receives for ordinary hours of work. This includes the Employee's wage rate (including casual loading), allowances, bonus', paid leave or holiday pay, payments made in lieu of notice or any other remuneration paid in relation to ordinary time worked or work-related injury or illness for which the Employee is receiving Workers' Compensation payments (subject to a maximum of 52 weeks).
- 5.3.4 From 1 July 2022, Employees earning less than \$450 per month shall be entitled to any superannuation contribution in accordance with the SGL.
- 5.3.5 Employees under the age of 18 years of age, who work less than 30 hours per week, shall not be entitled to any superannuation contribution.

5.4 Payment of Wages

- 5.4.1 All wages, allowances and other monies shall be paid weekly:
 - (a) Into an account in the name of the Employee (whether or not jointly with another person) at a financial institution by electronic transfer of funds or other means: or
 - (b) By cheque payable to the Employee if there is agreement in writing between the Company and the Employee.
- 5.4.2 Weekly wages shall be processed so as to be accessible by the Employee no later than the close of business on Friday of each working week.
- 5.4.3 On becoming aware of any overpayment to an Employee the Company shall immediately notify the Employee of the overpayment and obtain a written authority from the Employee to effect deductions. Employees shall pay back all monies overpaid.
- 5.4.4 If any overpayment remains unreconciled at the time of termination, when determining the termination payment, the Company may deduct from the payment an amount that is no more than one week's wages for the Employee provided any such deduction is not unreasonable in the circumstances and does not diminish any NES entitlements.
- 5.4.5 The Company shall pay any termination entitlements by cheque or by direct deposit into the Employee's nominated account with a bank or financial institution no later than five (5) days after the termination.

5.5 Site Specific Payments

- 5.5.1 Where site specific payments are made on a project these payments must only be made in accordance with the following requirements:
 - The Company may, at its discretion, adopt some or all of those payments for the duration of that project.
 - Payments will only apply while Employees are engaged on the site or project.
 - Project Agreements cannot override the arrangements of this Agreement.
 - Site Specific payments cannot apply unless they are provided for in an industrial instrument approved by the FWC.

5.6 Piling Allowance

- 5.6.1 The Company will pay a Piling Allowance of \$2.00 per hour to Employees appointed as operators of piling rigs and Employees appointed as operators of piling rigs and Employees appointed as offsiders to operators of piling rigs.
- 5.6.2 Where applicable, the Piling Allowance will be calculated and paid on the number of hours the rig is operational onsite.
- 5.6.3 The Piling Allowance attracts no premiums or penalties. The Allowance shall remain in force for the life of this Agreement.

5.7 Over-Agreement Payments

- 5.7.1 The Company may enter an arrangement with an Employee to pay that Employee remuneration in excess of that provided in Appendix 2 of this Agreement. Additional remuneration may be paid by way of a higher rate than the rate specified for the Employee's classification in the relevant Table in Appendix 2 of this Agreement.
- 5.7.2 Where remuneration is paid by way of a higher hourly rate, the new rate shall become the hourly rate for all purposes of this Agreement, including for the calculation of long service payments by the Long Service Corporation.
- 5.7.3 An hourly rate in excess of the wage rates set out in the relevant Table in Appendix 2 of this Agreement may be subject to review based on Employee performance, project progress, or other criteria. Payment of the amount of the higher hourly rate may be discontinued in circumstances where an Employee's performance is assessed as unsatisfactory. Alternatively, the amount of excess may be offset against any later increases in the hourly rates prescribed in the relevant Table in Appendix 2 of this Agreement.

6. TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS

6.1 Daily Fares

- 6.1.1 Employees shall start and cease work on a building and construction site at the usual commencing and finishing times and will transfer from site to site as directed by the Company.
- 6.1.2 Time spent by Employees travelling from home to the site and return outside ordinary hours will not be regarded as time worked, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement.
- 6.1.3 The allowances prescribed by this clause are not to be taken into account for calculating entitlements for overtime, penalty rates, annual or personal / carer's leave or rostered days off.
- 6.1.4 Employees who are required to commence or cease work on a building and construction

site, shall be paid a Daily Fares Allowance of \$35.00 (increased by 4% annually) for each day worked.

- 6.1.5 The allowance entitlement in the preceding clause shall not apply where: -
 - (a) The Company provides the Employee with a fully maintained vehicle free of charge; or
 - (b) The Company provides or offers to provide transport from the Employee's home to the job and return free of charge; or,
 - (c) On rostered days off, or
 - (d) when the Employee is absent from work.
- 6.1.6 The Daily Fares Allowance has been calculated to compensate employee for the daily fares allowance and the per kilometre allowances for use of Employees' own vehicles payable pursuant to the relevant award.
- 6.1.7 Where an employee is required to start work on a construction site, time spent travelling after the first hour of travel to the site before the start of work and from the site after work hours have finished will be paid at the Employees' normal hourly rate. Paid travel time does not count as time worked for the purpose of calculating overtime.
- 6.1.8 The Daily Fares Allowance is payable for an Employees travel up to a radius of 100 Kilometres from the General Post Office (GPO) in each state's capital city. Travel for work beyond the 100-kilometre radius will be negotiated and agreed between the Company and Employees concerned on a job by job basis in accordance with clause 6.2.

6.2 Travel To and From Distant Work

- 6.2.1 Distant work shall be considered where an Employee is required to perform work located outside the following areas:
 - (a) In New South Wales Greater than 100 Kilometres from the Sydney GPO to the construction site
 - (b) In Queensland Greater than 100 Kilometres from the Brisbane GPO to the construction site.
- 6.2.2 An Employee travelling to or from a location where Distant Work is undertaken shall be:
 - Paid at the relevant rate of pay set out in Appendix 2 of this Agreement for a period of up to eight (8) hours per day while travelling to the site location, or home from the location.
 - Reimbursed for any fares, meals, or any other incidental expenses reasonably incurred in the travelling.
 - If work is to be completed on the same day either side of travel to or from a location of distant work, travel time shall not be included in calculation of minimum hours prior to penalty rates being applied.
 - If an Employee is required to complete deliveries to, from and/or between any sites which they are not working at, this time will be paid at the relevant rate of pay set out in Appendix 2.
- 6.2.3 An Employee undertaking Distant Work shall be permitted to return to their home during a period of distant work. Where an Employee does return to their home, the travel shall be undertaken in the Employee's own time at the Employee's own expense.
- 6.2.4 Notwithstanding clause 6.2.3, an Employee employed on distant work for a period of at least 4 weeks, where such job does not permit the Employee to return home, will be

transported to their home at the Company's expense for a weekend or such longer period incorporating authorised leave as may be approved by the Company. The mode of transport will be as agreed between the Company and the Employee having regard to cost and travel time. The Company will also pay for the Employee's return trip to the job site.

6.3 Accommodation and Board During Distant Work

- 6.3.1 The Company may require an Employee to undertake distant work at locations where it is not reasonable or possible for the Employee to return to their normal place of residence each night.
- 6.3.2 Where this occurs, the Company shall provide the Employee with accommodation in a hotel, motel or rented premises at no expense to the Employee. This accommodation shall be in clean and well-maintained premises, and be of an adequate standard, in a single or shared room with adequate furnishings, bedding, floor coverings, lighting, heating and access to bathroom facilities.
- 6.3.3 The Company shall also reimburse an Employee undertaking distant work a sum of up to \$95.00 per day (increased by 4% annually) for:
 - The cost of three adequate meals each day; and,
 - For other incidental expenses incurred by the Employee while undertaking distant work.

7. HOURS OF WORK

7.1 Ordinary Hours

- 7.1.1 Ordinary hours will be 36 hours per week, Monday to Friday with a maximum of 7.2 ordinary paid hours a day. All ordinary hours shall be worked between the hours of 6.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m. The ordinary hours of work for part-time Employees are less than 38 per week.
- 7.1.2 With respect of clause 7.1.1 above, pursuant to clause 33.5(a) of the Building and Construction General On-Site Award 2020, the ordinary working day may start at 6.00 a.m. The change to the start time requires an agreement between the Company and the Employee(s) and their representative(s) if required.
- 7.1.3 Start and finish times, and times for meal breaks shall be agreed between the parties from time to time. Where no agreement can be reached, the Company shall determine all reasonable work times that accord with business requirements.
- 7.1.4 Ordinary hours of work for casual Employees will be up to 8 hours per day, Monday to Friday, worked between the hours of 6.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.
- 7.1.5 The working day will commence on the directed hour or half hour after tools and minor materials have been unpacked and readied for use. Finishing time will be on the hour or half hour directed and does not include time to pack up tools and sundry material.

7.2 Rostered Days Off

- 7.2.1 The ordinary working hours shall be 8 hours per day Monday to Friday with 0.8 of an hour per day accruing toward a rostered day off (RDO's). The accrual applies on all ordinary days worked (except RDO's) and shall accrue during periods of paid leave.
- 7.2.2 A rostered day off shall be taken as provided below:

- The parties shall agree to the date upon which an Employee may elect to take their rostered day off;
- The parties agree that any Employee shall be entitled to bank up to 5 days at any one time for the purposes of a rostered day off;
- The parties agree that the Company may direct an Employee to use any part of their banked rostered day off accrual;
- Where more than 1 accrued RDO is to be taken on consecutive working days, application for such paid leave shall be sought giving at least two weeks' notice from the Employee:
- Employees will be paid all unpaid RDO accruals upon termination.

7.3 Overtime

- 7.3.1 Overtime for full-time Employees shall be paid where an Employee works in excess of eight (8) ordinary hours in any one day, Monday to Friday or outside the span of ordinary hours set out in clause 7.1.1, 7.1.2 or 7.1.3 of this Agreement. When a part-time Employee works in excess of their ordinary contracted hours on a daily or weekly basis Monday to Friday, they shall be paid overtime in accordance with this Clause.
- 7.3.2 An overtime rate of time and a half for the first two (2) hours on each day, and double time thereafter, shall apply to all overtime worked Monday to Friday.
- 7.3.3 All calculation of overtime payments shall use the applicable ordinary time rates set out in Appendix 2 of this Agreement.
- 7.3.4 All Employees agree to work a reasonable amount of overtime without notice in the event of unusual events such as delays or urgent rectification work for clients.
- 7.3.5 All Employees must make themselves available to work reasonable additional hours. Reasonable additional hours shall be determined through consideration of the following factors:
 - The Work Health and Safety risk of an Employee working any additional hours
 - The personal circumstances of the Employee
 - The operational requirements of the Company
 - The amount of notice provided to the Employee
 - The amount of notice provided by an Employee of an intention to refuse work
 - The amount of hours already worked by the Employee over the previous four week period
 - Whether the Employee is being asked to work on a public holiday
- 7.3.6 This list is not exhaustive of all possible considerations to take into account when determining reasonable additional hours. Communication with each Employee is the key in determining what will be reasonable.

7.4 Work on Weekends and Public Holidays

- 7.4.1 All work performed on a Saturday by Employees shall be paid at time and a half for the first 2 hours and at double time after that. Employees, except casuals, undertaking work on a Saturday shall be paid for a minimum attendance of three (3) hours.
- 7.4.2 All work performed after 12 pm on Saturday shall be paid at double time.
- 7.4.3 All work performed on a Sunday by Employees shall be paid at double time. A full-time Employee undertaking work on a Sunday shall be paid for a minimum attendance of four hours.

- 7.4.4 All work performed by Employees on a public holiday shall be paid at a rate of double time and a half, with a minimum payment for four (4) hours.
- 7.4.5 As a general rule, Employees will not work on public holidays. However, the Company may request an Employee to work on a public holiday if the request is reasonable.
- 7.4.6 If the Company requests an Employee to work on a public holiday, the Employee may refuse the request if:
 - The request is not reasonable; or,
 - The refusal is reasonable.
- 7.4.7 Subject to sub-clause 7.4.4 of this Agreement, where ordinary duty commenced on a Friday and extends after midnight, the whole of the shift shall be paid in accordance with provisions relating to work performed on a Friday.

7.5 Ordinary Time Meal and Rest Breaks

- 7.5.1 Subject to the provisions of sub-clause 7.6.5 of this Agreement, Employees are entitled to a paid rest period of 10 minutes between 9.00 a.m. and 11.00 a.m. for any day worked.
- 7.5.2 Employees are entitled to an unpaid meal break of 30 minutes no later than after five (5) hours of work in any day.
- 7.5.3 This meal break may be rescheduled to suit site operations, such as material deliveries, crane lifts or concrete pours. Where this occurs, the unpaid break may be taken either before or after the operation in question is complete. No penalty rate or loading shall apply where this occurs.
- 7.5.4 If the Company requires an Employee to work during the unpaid break referred to in clause 7.5.2 of this Agreement, either:
 - (a) the Employee shall be paid at the rate of double time (calculated on the base rate) for the period worked between the prescribed time the usual meal break commences and the beginning of the time allowed in substitution for the meal break; or
 - (b) the Company and Employee concerned may agree to shorten the working day by the length of the break not taken. Time worked in this manner will form part of the ordinary working time for the day and will be paid accordingly.
- 7.5.5 The penalty rate provided by this clause does not apply in the situation where an Employee chooses of their own accord or request to work through their meal break. It will only be paid where the Company requires the Employee to work through the meal break other than in the circumstances set out in sub-clause 7.5.3.

7.6 Overtime and Weekend Crib Breaks

- 7.6.1 An Employee required to work overtime for at least one and a half hours after working ordinary hours, shall be paid a meal allowance of \$18.50 (increased annually by 4%) to meet the cost of the meal.
- 7.6.2 An Employee required to work overtime of two (2) hours or more on any day, Monday to Friday, shall be entitled to a crib break of 20 minutes. This break shall be paid at double ordinary time rates of pay.
- 7.6.3 A further crib break of 30 minutes may be taken after each subsequent block of four (4) hours overtime worked. These crib breaks are paid at the rate applicable immediately

- prior to the crib break.
- 7.6.4 An Employee performing duty on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday shall be allowed a crib break of 20 minutes after each four hours of work performed.
- 7.6.5 Crib breaks connected with Saturday, Sunday or public holiday work shall be paid at the rate applicable at the time that the break is taken.

7.7 Rest Period Before or After Overtime

- 7.7.1 When overtime work is necessary, wherever reasonably practical, it shall be arranged so that Employees have at least 10 consecutive hours off duty between the work of two successive days.
- 7.7.2 If an Employee does not have a break of 10 consecutive hours off between:
 - (a) ordinary work on one day and the commencement of their ordinary work on the next day as a result of working overtime; or,
 - (b) Saturdays, Sundays and holidays (not being ordinary working days) in the 24 hours preceding the employees ordinary commencing time on the next ordinary working day or shift, shall:
 - i. Be released from duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time until they have had 10 consecutive hours rest; or,
 - ii. Be paid at double ordinary time rates if the Employee resumes or continues work without having 10 consecutive hours off duty. When ultimately released from duty they shall not be required to report for work again until 10 consecutive hours is taken.
- 7.7.3 Should an Employee's 10 hours rest period end within two hours of their normal ceasing time, they shall not be required to report for work on that day.
- 7.7.4 If excessive time is involved in an Employee travelling from their home during their rest period, special consideration as to the length of the rest period will be given on an individual basis.

7.8 Call Back

- 7.8.1 An Employee shall be deemed to be on a call back if the Employee is recalled to work overtime without receiving prior notice before ceasing work.
- 7.8.2 Any Employee who is called back to work as defined in clause 7.8.1 shall be paid for a minimum of four (4) hours work at the appropriate overtime rate for each time so recalled, provided that any subsequent call backs occurring within a four-hour period of a call back shall not attract any additional payment.
- 7.8.3 Except in the case of unforeseen circumstances arising, the Employee shall not be required to work the full four (4) hours if the job that the Employee was recalled to perform is completed within a shorter period. This sub-clause shall not apply in cases where it is customary for an Employee to return to the place of work to perform a specific job(s) outside the Employees ordinary hours, or where overtime is continuous subject to a reasonable meal break with the completion or commencement of ordinary hours.

7.9 Hours Flexibility

7.9.1 This clause recognises that a flexible approach to working hours is an industry requirement. Full-time or Part-time Employees and casual Employees will not usually be required to work more than two (2) hours overtime a day, Monday to Friday.

7.9.2 A five (5) or six (6) day working week will be the usual requirement, but in terms of the hours to be worked and the days on which work is to be performed, the parties shall adopt a reasonably flexible approach.

7.10 Shift Work

- 7.10.1 Employees may work some or all of their ordinary hours on shift work.
- 7.10.2 For the purpose of this clause:
 - Afternoon Shift means a shift commencing at or after 1.00 pm and before 3.00 pm.
 - Night Shift means a shift commencing at or after 3.00 pm and before 11.00 pm.
 - Early Morning Shift means a shift commencing at or after 11.00 pm and before 4.30 am
 - Morning Shift means a shift commencing at or after 4.30 am and before 6.00 am.
 - Early Afternoon Shift means a shift commencing on or after 11.00 am and before 1.00 pm.
- 7.10.3 Provided that the Employee is employed continuously (inclusive of public holidays) for five (5) shifts Monday to Friday, the following rates shall apply:
 - (a) Afternoon, Night and Early Morning Shifts Ordinary time hourly rate plus 50 per cent (50%).
 - (b) Morning and Early Afternoon Shifts Ordinary time hourly rate plus 25 per cent (25%).
- 7.10.4 In the case of broken shifts (i.e., less than five (5) consecutive shifts Monday to Friday), the rates prescribed shall be time and a half for the first two (2) hours and double time thereafter.
- 7.10.5 Where ordinary duty commenced on a Friday and extends after midnight, the whole shift shall be paid in accordance with provisions relating to the relevant shift contained above.
- 7.10.6 For all work performed on a Saturday or Sunday, the normal rates of pay applicable to weekend overtime shall apply. Provided that an ordinary night shift commencing before and extending beyond midnight Friday shall be regarded as a Friday shift. Provided further, where a shift commences on a Sunday night, but the majority of the shift is worked on the Monday morning, the shift will be paid as a Monday shift. Conversely, where the majority of the shift is worked on a Sunday night (prior to midnight), then the Sunday rate of pay will be paid for the entire shift.
- 7.10.7 All work in excess of shift hours, Monday to Friday shall be paid for at double time based on the ordinary rates of pay (excluding shift rates).

8. INCLEMENT WEATHER PROCEDURE

- 8.1.1 Inclement weather means rain, or abnormal climatic conditions such as hail, snow, cold, high wind, severe dust storm, extreme high temperature, or any combination of these.
- 8.1.2 The procedures set out below shall apply if it is either not reasonable, or not safe, for Employees exposed to these climatic conditions to continue working.
- 8.1.3 The Company and relevant Employees must confer within a reasonable time (not exceeding 60 minutes) whether or not the conditions in this clause shall apply.
- 8.1.4 An Employee will be entitled to payment by the Company for ordinary time lost through

inclement weather for up to 32 hours in every calendar month. The calendar shall operate in accordance with the Inclement Weather Calendar published by the Master Builders Association of NSW. No Employee will be entitled to receive more than 32 hours inclement weather payment in any period of 4 weeks.

- 8.1.5 A part-time Employee will be entitled to payment on a pro-rata basis according to the number of ordinary hours agreed to be worked in the four (4) week period.
- 8.1.6 Where an Employee has less than one month of continuous employment with the Company, the maximum pay entitlement for time lost due to inclement weather shall be determined by which week in the four-week inclement weather calendar that the Employee commenced work.
- 8.1.7 Employees shall accept transfer to an area or site not affected by inclement weather if, in the opinion of the Company, useful work is available in that area or site. If it is necessary, and consistent with safe working procedures, to walk through inclement areas in order to make areas safe, reasonable personal protection will be provided.
- 8.1.8 If only a part of a project is affected by inclement weather, all other Employees not affected shall continue working, regardless of the fact that some Employees may not be gainfully employed due to inclement weather.
- 8.1.9 Employees shall be transferred to work within the scope of their skill, competence and training.
- 8.1.10 Where it is necessary to transfer to another site or location, transport shall be provided, or payment made for use of an Employee's own vehicle, at ordinary time rates.
- 8.1.11 Where a full-time Employee is not able to perform any work at any location because of inclement weather, the Employee shall receive payment at the ordinary rate. Payment for time lost due to inclement weather is subject to a maximum of 32 hours pay in any calendar month for each Employee.
- 8.1.12 Where Employees are prevented from working by inclement weather, and have not been assigned duties where it is reasonable and safe to work, the Company may release Employees from any requirement to remain on-site.
- 8.1.13 Employees may be released from duty where Employees have been prevented from working:
 - For more than an accumulated total of four hours of ordinary time in any one day; or after the meal break,
 - For more than an accumulated total of 50% of the normal afternoon work time; or,
 - During the final two hours of the normal workday for more than an accumulated total of one hour.

9. LEAVE

9.1 Accrual of Entitlements / Continuity of Service

- 9.1.1 Accrued entitlements of full-time and part-time Employees as at the date of lodgement of this Agreement shall carry forward as entitlements under this Agreement. Those entitlements shall be applied in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.
- 9.1.2 The following reasons for absence are to be included in calculating continuous service for purposes of accrual of entitlements: -

- illness or accident up to a maximum of four weeks after the expiration of paid sick leave:
- jury service;
- injury received during the course of employment and up to a maximum of 26 weeks for which the employee received worker's compensation;
- where called up for military service for up to three months in any qualifying period;
- long service leave; and
- any reason satisfactory to the employer, provided the employee has informed the employer within 24 hours of the time when the employee was due to attend for work, or as soon as practicable thereafter, of the reason for the absence and probable duration.
- 9.1.3 Entitlements to Annual Leave, Personal / Carer's Leave and Redundancy do not accrue if an Employee has an absence that is for any other reason.
- 9.1.4 Absences for reasons other than those that count for calculating continuous service do not otherwise break the continuity of the Employee's employment with the Company.
- 9.1.5 An Employee is entitled to take and accrue any leave or absence (whether paid or unpaid) when the Employee is absent from work because of a personal illness, or a personal injury, for which the Employee is receiving workers compensation payments. An Employee is not prevented from taking unpaid parental leave during a period where the Employee is receiving workers compensation payments.

9.2 Annual Leave

- 9.2.1 Annual leave is provided for in the NES and the relevant Award.
- 9.2.2 For the purpose of the additional week of leave provided by the NES, a shift worker means a continuous shift worker as defined in this award.
- 9.2.3 All full-time and part-time Employees are entitled to annual leave. Payment for annual leave shall be made at the Employee's ordinary time rate of pay as defined in clause 5.2.3 of this Agreement.
- 9.2.4 Employees (other than casual Employees) are entitled to 4 weeks annual leave per year of service.
- 9.2.5 Annual leave accrues progressively during each year of service according to the Employee's ordinary hours of work and accumulates from year to year.
- 9.2.6 Consistent with Section 87(1)(b)(ii) and Section 196(2) of the FW Act and for the purpose of the additional one (1) week leave provided by the NES, for each completed year of continuous service, Employees engaged on continuous shift work shall be entitled to a total of five (5) weeks' annual leave. This entitlement shall accrue on a pro-rata basis for each completed week of continuous shift duty during any anniversary year. For the purpose of this clause, "continuous shift worker" means an Employee engaged to work in a system of consecutive shifts throughout the 24 hours of each of at least six consecutive days without interruption (except during breakdown or meal breaks or due to unavoidable causes beyond the control of the Company) and who is regularly rostered to work those shifts.
- 9.2.7 Annual leave may be taken at any time:
 - (a) by agreement between an Employee and the Company;
 - (b) subject to clause 9.2.6; and

- (c) subject to available credit and the operational requirements of the Company, but the Company shall not unreasonably refuse or revoke an authorisation for annual leave.
- 9.2.8 Annual leave may be taken in the following ways:
 - (a) at a time, and for a period, fixed by the Company where there is an annual close down or part of the Company closes down:
 - (b) in periods of not less than one day, provided that the Employee seeks the agreement of the Company at least one week before commencing the period of annual leave:
 - (c) where an Employee has accrued in excess of 2 years (i.e. 8 weeks) worth of annual leave, the Company may require the Employee to take the excess leave at a time and for a period fixed by the Company.
- 9.2.9 An Employee taking leave may request to be paid in advance for the period of leave taken. This advance payment shall be the amount of wage the Employee would have received on a pay day during the period of leave, for the ordinary time hours the Employee would have worked had they not been on leave during the period.
- 9.2.10 If a public holiday occurs during a period of annual leave, that public holiday shall be added to the period of leave.
- 9.2.11 No payment shall be made in lieu of annual leave unless the payment is made in lieu of an Employee's entitlements at the time of terminating employment. A full-time or part-time Employee who terminates their employment, or whose employment is terminated by the Company, shall be entitled to a payment for any credit of annual leave not taken.
- 9.2.12 If an employee does not have sufficient accrued annual leave for the period of a close down notified by the Company in accordance with clause 9.2.6(a), then the Employee may be required to take leave without pay for the balance of the close down period for which leave is not accrued.

9.3 Annual leave in advance

- 9.3.1 The Company and Employee may agree to the Employee taking a period of paid annual leave in advance of the Employee accruing an entitlement to such leave provided that the agreement meets the following requirements:
 - (a) it is in writing and signed by the Employee and Company;
 - (b) it states the amount of leave to be taken in advance and the date on which the leave is to commence; and
 - (c) it is retained as an Employee record.
- 9.3.2 This subclause applies if an Employee takes a period of paid annual leave in advance pursuant to an agreement made in accordance with clause 9.3.1. If the Employee's employment is terminated before they have accrued all of the entitlement to paid annual leave which they have taken then the Company may deduct an amount equal to the difference between the employee's accrued annual leave entitlement and the leave taken in advance, from any monies due to the employee on termination.

9.4 Excessive Annual Leave Accruals

9.4.1 An Employee has an excessive leave accrual if:

- (a) the Employee is not a shift worker and has accrued more than eight weeks paid annual leave; or
- (b) the Employee is a shift worker and has accrued more than 10 weeks paid annual leave.

9.4.2 Eliminating excessive leave accruals

Dealing with excessive leave accruals by agreement

- (a) Before the Company can direct that leave be taken under subclause 9.4.2(b) of this Agreement or an Employee can give notice of leave to be granted under subclause 9.4.2(c) of this Agreement, the Company or Employee must request a meeting and must genuinely try to agree upon steps that will be taken to reduce or eliminate the Employee's excessive leave accrual.
- (b) The Company may direct that leave be taken.

This subclause applies if an Employee has an excessive leave accrual. If agreement is not reached under subclause 9.4.2(a), the Company may give a written direction to the Employee to take a period or periods of paid annual leave. The direction must state that it is a direction given under subclause 9.4.2(b) of this Agreement.

Such a direction must not:

- (i) result in the Employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave at any time being less than six weeks (taking into account all other paid annual leave that has been agreed, that the Employee has been directed to take or that the Employee has given notice of under subclause 9.4.2(c)) of this Agreement;
- (ii) require the employee to take any period of leave of less than one week;
- (iii) require the Employee to take any period of leave commencing less than eight weeks after the day the direction is given to the Employee;
- (iv) require the employee to take any period of leave commencing more than 12 months after the day the direction is given to the employee; or
- (v) be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed between the Company and Employee.

An Employee to whom a direction has been given under this subclause may make a request to take paid annual leave as if the direction had not been given. The Company is not to take the direction into account in deciding whether to agree to such a request.

Note: The NES state that the Company must not unreasonably refuse to agree to a request by the Employee to take paid annual leave.

If leave is agreed after a direction is issued and the direction would then result in the Employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave at any time being less than six weeks, the direction will be deemed to have been withdrawn.

The Employee must take paid annual leave in accordance with a direction complying with this subclause.

(c) Employee may require that leave be granted

This subclause applies if an employee has had an excessive leave accrual for more than six months and the Company has not given a direction under subclause 9.4.2(b) that will eliminate the Employee's excessive leave accrual.

If agreement is not reached under subclause 9.4.2(a), the employee may give a written notice to the Company that the Employee wishes to take a period or periods of paid annual leave. The notice must state that it is a notice given under subclause 9.4.2(c) of this Agreement.

Such a notice must not:

- (i) result in the Employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave at any time being less than six weeks (taking into account all other paid annual leave that has been agreed that the employee has been directed to take or that the employee has given notice of under this subclause);
- (ii) provide for the Employee to take any period of leave of less than one week;
- (iii) provide for the Employee to take any period of leave commencing less than eight weeks after the day the notice is given to the Company;
- (iv) provide for the Employee to take any period of leave commencing more than 12 months after the day the notice is given to the Company; or
- (v) be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed between the Company and Employee.

The Company must grant the Employee paid annual leave in accordance with a notice complying with this subclause.

(d) Dispute resolution

Without limiting the dispute resolution clause of this award, the Company or an Employee may refer the following matters to the FWC under the dispute resolution clause:

- (i) a dispute about whether the Company or Employee has requested a meeting and genuinely tried to reach agreement under subclause 9.4.2(a);
- (ii) a dispute about whether the Company has unreasonably refused to agree to a request by the Employee to take paid annual leave; and
- (iii) a dispute about whether a direction to take leave complies with subclause 9.4.2(b) or whether a notice requiring leave to be granted complies with subclause 9.4.2(c).

9.5 Cashing out of annual leave

- 9.5.1 Paid annual leave must not be cashed out except in accordance with this clause.
- 9.5.2 The Company and an Employee may agree to the Employee cashing out particular amount of the employee's accrued paid annual leave provided that the following requirements are met:
 - (a) each cashing out of a particular amount of accrued paid annual leave must be by a separate agreement between the Company and the Employee which must:
 - (i) be in writing and retained as an Employee record;
 - (ii) state the amount of accrued leave to be cashed out and the payment to be made to the employee;
 - (iii) state the date on which the payment is to be made, and
 - (iv) be signed by the Company and Employee and, if the Employee is under 18 years of age, the Employees' parent or guardian;

- (b) the Employee must be paid at least the full amount that would have been payable to the Employee had the Employee taken the leave at the time that it is cashed out:
- (c) paid annual leave must not be cashed out if the cashing out would result in the Employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 4 weeks; and
- (d) Employees may not cash out more than two weeks accrued annual leave in any 12 month period.
- Note 1: Under s.344 of the FW Act, the Company must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an Employee to make an agreement to cash out paid annual leave under this Agreement clause.
- Note 2: Under s.345 of the FW Act, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about an Employee's workplace rights under this Agreement clause.

9.6 Annual Leave Loading

9.6.1 In addition to the payment prescribed in clause 9.2 hereof, an eligible full-time or part-time Employee will be entitled to an annual leave loading calculated at 17.5% on the payment due to them for their accrued annual leave entitlement inclusive of the daily fares allowance where applicable. This loading shall be paid on accrued leave paid out on termination. However, if an Employee is in receipt of a shift loading and proceeds on annual leave, such Employee shall continue to receive payment of the shift loading in lieu of the 17.5% leave loading where the shift loading is higher.

9.7 Personal / Carer's Leave and Compassionate Leave

- 9.7.1 Personal/Carer's leave and Compassionate Leave entitlements are provided for in the NES.
- 9.7.2 If an employee is terminated by the employer and is re-engaged by the same employer within a period of 6 months, then the employee's unclaimed balance of personal/carer's leave will continue from the date of re-engagement. In such case the employee's next year of service will commence after a total of 12 months has been served with that employer excluding the period of interruption in service from the date of commencement of the previous period of employment or the anniversary of the commencement of the previous period of employment.

9.8 Notice of Absence

- 9.8.1 An Employee must give the Company notice of the taking of Personal / Carer's Leave, or Compassionate Leave if the Employee is taking leave.
- 9.8.2 The notice: -
 - Must be given to the Company by 6.00 a.m. on the first day of the absence, or as soon as is reasonably practicable after this time and;
 - Must advise the Company of the period or expected period of the leave.
- 9.8.3 An Employee who has given the Company notice of the taking of such leave must, if required by the Company, provide evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that:
 - If it is paid Personal / Carer's leave the leave is taken for a reason specified in the clause relating to accrual of Carer's / Personal Leave; or,

- If it is unpaid Carer's leave the leave is taken for a permissible occasion in circumstances specified in the clause relating to unpaid Carer's Leave; or.
- If it is compassionate leave the leave is taken for a permissible occasion in circumstances specified in the clause relating to Compassionate Leave.
- 9.8.4 The Company may request evidence in the form of a certificate from a treating medical or clinical practitioner, a notice published in a newspaper or other media, or other evidence requested by the Company that would satisfy a reasonable person.
- 9.8.5 An Employee is not entitled to take Personal / Carer's Leave, Unpaid Carer's Leave or Compassionate Leave unless the Employee gives notice of the absence in accordance with this Clause.

9.9 Immediate Family or Household

- 9.9.1 The entitlement to Personal / Carer's Leave and Compassionate Leave is subject to the person being either a member of the Employee's household or a member of the Employee's immediate family being;
 - A spouse includes a former spouse. A de-facto partner includes a former de-facto partner of the Employee. A de-facto partner also means a person who, although not legally married to the Employee, lives with the Employee in a relationship as a couple on a genuine domestic basis (whether the Employee and the person are of the same sex or different sexes).
 - A child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a stepchild, stillborn child or an exnuptial child), parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the Employee or spouse or child of a de-facto partner of the Employee.

10. ADDITIONAL LEAVE

10.1 Community Service Activities

10.1.1 Community service leave is provided for in the NES.

10.2 Payment to Employees (Other Than Casuals) on Jury Service

10.2.1 Eligible Employees will be entitled to payment for attending Jury Service Leave in accordance with Section 111 of the FW Act.

10.3 Leave to Deal with Family and Domestic Violence

10.3.1 Unpaid family and domestic violence leave is provided for in the NES.

10.4 Parental Leave

10.4.1 An Employee will be entitled to Parental Leave (and related entitlements) in accordance with the FW Act.

10.5 Long Service Leave

- 10.5.1 An Employee will be entitled to Long Service Leave in accordance with Section 113 to 113A of the FW Act and the relevant legislation in force in each State and Territory. For Employees working in NSW this will be either the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986 or the Long Service Leave Act 1955.
- 10.5.2 The applicable rate of pay for Long Service Leave will be the corresponding rate of pay in the relevant Table of Appendix 2 of this Agreement or clause 5.7 Over Agreement Payments of this Agreement, whichever is the greater.

10.6 Leave Without Pay

An Employee wishing to take any leave without pay must give the Company at least one (1) weeks' notice. Leave without pay will only be approved at the Company's absolute discretion. Leave without pay will not be considered as time in service for the accrual of any form of leave including rostered days off where applicable.

10.7 Public Holidays

- 10.7.1 A full-time Employee shall be entitled to observe public holidays without reduction of ordinary pay where their ordinary hours of work fall on a public holiday. No payment shall be made for Easter Saturday, Easter Sunday or any other public holiday declared on a weekend unless the Employee works on those days.
- 10.7.2 A part-time Employee shall be entitled to observe public holidays without reduction of pay where their ordinary hours of work fall on a public holiday.
- 10.7.3 An Employee is entitled to be absent from work on a public holiday. The Company may reasonably request an Employee to work on a Public Holiday in accordance with Section 114 of the FW Act.
- 10.7.4 An Employee may refuse the request (and take the day off) if the Employee has reasonable grounds for doing so.
- 10.7.5 The following days are considered public holidays:
 - New Year's Day
 - Australia Day
 - Good Friday
 - Easter Saturday
 - Easter Sunday
 - Easter Monday
 - Anzac Day
 - Christmas Day
 - Boxing Day
 - King's Birthday
 - Labour Day

And any other day, or part-day, declared under a law of a State or Territory to be observed generally within the State, Territory, or a region of the State or Territory, as a public holiday.

- 10.7.6 If an Act of Parliament or Proclamation substitutes another day for any of the abovenamed public holidays, the special rates shall only be payable for work done on the day substituted.
- 10.7.7 Where an Employee is absent from their employment on the working day before, or the working day after a public holiday, they shall provide a Doctors Certificate or other acceptable evidence to support an application for such leave on the day.
- 10.7.8 Employees in receipt of pay for public holidays while receiving workers compensation benefits, shall be paid in accordance with Clause 11.1.2.
- 10.7.9 Public holidays may be substituted for alternative days by agreement between the Company and an Employee. Where an alternative day is substituted for a public holiday in accordance with this clause, penalty rates will only be payable if an Employee works

- on the alternative day.
- 10.7.10 Where any day or half day, other than those listed in clause 10.9.5 of this Agreement, is gazetted as a public holiday in the area where the Employee is scheduled to work, the Company may request the Employee to work in the area where the public holiday is being observed. The Employee shall not unreasonably refuse a request to work in accordance with Section 114 of the FW Act.
- 10.7.11 In the case where an Employee works in the circumstance described in clause 10.9.10 of this Agreement, it is further agreed in accordance with Section 115 of the FW Act that:
 - (a) Where an Employee agrees to work a full-day, that day will be regarded as a normal working day, and an additional one and a half days' paid leave during the Christmas New Year period will be substituted for the public holiday; or
 - (b) Where an Employee agrees to work a half-day, that half-day will be regarded as a normal working half-day and an additional days' paid leave during the Christmas New Year period will be substituted for the public holiday.

11. INSURANCE

11.1 Workers Compensation

- 11.1.1 An Employee entitled to worker's compensation payments will be paid the rate of pay as determined by the relevant State or Territory legislation.
- 11.1.2 Where an Employee is absent from work and receiving workers compensation benefits and such absence falls over a Public Holiday, payment for the Public Holiday shall be made by the Workers Compensation Insurer or the Company, but not both.

12. TERMINATION

12.1 Notice of Termination

- 12.1.1 For daily hire Employees, one day's notice of termination of employment will be given on either side or one (1) day's pay will be paid or forfeited in lieu of notice.
- 12.1.2 The required period of notice for full-time or part-time weekly hire Employees is to be calculated as follows:
 - (a) calculate the period of notice using the table at the end of this sub-clause; and
 - (b) then increase the period of notice by one (1) week if the Employee:
 - is over 45 years old: and
 - has completed at least two (2) years of continuous service with the company.

Employee's period of continuous service with the Company	Period of Notice
Not more than 1 year	At least 1 week
More than 1 year but not more than 3 years	At least 2 weeks
More than 3 years but not more than 5 years	At least 3 weeks
More than 5 years	At least 4 weeks

12.1.3 Notice of termination of employment shall be given by either party to this Agreement. However, where an Employee is over 45 years of age and has worked for the Company

for two or more years, the Employee is not required to give the Company the additional weeks' notice. The Company may pay the dismissed Employee the equivalent to the notice period in lieu of receiving notice; alternatively, an Employee may forfeit payment for the notice period.

- 12.1.4 Nothing in this clause shall affect the right of the Company's ability to summarily dismiss an Employee without notice in accordance with Clause 12.4, Summary Dismissal, of this Agreement.
- 12.1.5 An Employee shall be entitled to receive payment upon termination for all unused Annual Leave, Rostered Day Off entitlements if applicable and Long Service Leave entitlements.

12.2 Notice of Termination (Casual Employees)

- 12.2.1 Termination of all casual engagements shall require one (1) hours' notice on either side or the payment or forfeiture of one (1) hour's pay, as the case may be.
- 12.2.2 The Company may advise a casual Employee that their services are not required the next day, or until advised by the Company. This advice must be given on a day that the Employee works before the Employee ceases duty. Such advice constitutes notice of termination for the purposes of this Agreement.

12.3 Abandonment of Employment

- 12.3.1 Absence of a full-time or part-time Employee from work for a continuous period exceeding three working days without the consent of the Company shall be prima facie evidence that the Employee has abandoned their employment.
- 12.3.2 The Company shall send a letter, by registered post, to the Employee's address requiring the Employee provide a valid reason for the absence within a period of five (5) working days from the date of the letter. Alternatively, the Company may contact the Employee by email or other electronic means, extending the same five (5) working days period to respond.
- 12.3.3 If the Employee fails to establish to the Company's satisfaction that they were absent for reasonable cause, the Employee shall be deemed to have abandoned their employment.
- 12.3.4 The abandonment of employment by the Employee shall be deemed to take effect in accordance with the notice provisions set out in Clause 12.5.5 of this Agreement.
- 12.3.5 In such circumstances and consistent with Section 118 (or Section 117 in the case of Weekly Hire Employees) of the FW Act, a full-time (or part-time) Employee shall be entitled to be paid in lieu of notice in accordance clause 12.1 or 12.2 of this Agreement as applicable.

12.4 Summary Dismissal

- 12.4.1 Nothing in this clause affects the Company's ability to dismiss an Employee due to serious misconduct as provided for in clause 12.4.3 of this Agreement.
- 12.4.2 In such circumstances, payment shall be made up to the time of dismissal only and no notice is payable.
- 12.4.3 The circumstances where summary dismissal may be warranted include but are not limited to:

- (a) wilful or deliberate behaviour by an Employee that is inconsistent with the continuation of the contract of employment;
- (b) conduct that causes serious and imminent risk to:
 - (i) the health or safety of a person; or
 - (ii) the reputation, viability or profitability of the Company's business.
- (c) an Employee, in the course of their employment, engaging in:
 - (i) theft; or
 - (ii) fraud: or
 - (iii) assault;
- (d) an Employee being intoxicated or under the influence of illicit drugs at work;
- (e) an Employee refusing to carry out a lawful and reasonable instruction that is consistent with the Employee's contract of employment.

12.5 Consultation about major workplace change

- 12.5.1 If the Company makes a definite decision to make major changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on Employees, the Company must:
 - (a) give notice of the changes to all Employees who may be affected by them and their representatives (if any); and
 - (b) discuss with affected Employees and their representatives (if any):
 - (i) the introduction of the changes; and
 - (ii) their likely effect on Employees; and
 - (iii) measures to avoid or reduce the adverse effects of the changes on Employees; and
 - (c) commence discussions as soon as practicable after a definite decision has been made.
- 12.5.2 For the purposes of the discussion under clause 12.7.1(b), the Company must give in writing to the affected Employees and their representatives (if any) all relevant information about the changes including:
 - (a) their nature; and
 - (b) their expected effect on Employees; and
 - (c) any other matters likely to affect Employees.
- 12.5.3 Clause 12.7.2 does not require an Company to disclose any confidential information if its disclosure would be contrary to the Company's interests.
- 12.5.4 The Company must promptly consider any matters raised by the Employees or their representatives about the changes in the course of the discussion under clause 12.7.1(b).
- 12.5.5 In clause 12.7 significant effects, on Employees, includes any of the following:
 - (a) termination of employment; or
 - (b) major changes in the composition, operation or size of the Company's workforce or in the skills required; or
 - (c) loss of, or reduction in, job or promotion opportunities; or
 - (d) loss of, or reduction in, job tenure; or

- (e) alteration of hours of work; or
- (f) the need for Employees to be retrained or transferred to other work or locations; or
- (g) job restructuring.
- 12.5.6 Where this Agreement makes provision for alteration of any of the matters defined at clause 12.7.5, such alteration is taken not to have significant effect.

12.6 Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work

- 12.6.1 Clause 12.8 applies if a Company proposes to change the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of an Employee, other than an Employee whose working hours are irregular, sporadic, or unpredictable.
- 12.6.2 The Company must consult with any Employees affected by the proposed change and their representatives (if any).
- 12.6.3 For the purpose of the consultation, the Company must:
 - (a) provide to the Employees and representatives mentioned in clause 12.6.2 information about the proposed change (for example, information about the nature of the change and when it is to begin); and
 - (b) invite the Employees to give their views about the impact of the proposed change on them (including any impact on their family or caring responsibilities) and also invite their representative (if any) to give their views about that impact.
- 12.6.4 The Company must consider any views given under clause 12.8.3(b)
- 12.6.5 Clause 12.8 is to be read in conjunction with any other provisions of this Agreement concerning the scheduling of work or the giving of notice.

13. REDUNDANCY / SEVERANCE

- 13.1.1 The Company agrees to make redundancy contributions in respect of Employees covered by this Agreement (except casual labour) to the Australian Construction Industry Trust (ACIRT) or the Building Employees Redundancy trust (BERT) depending on the Employee's residence.
- 13.1.2 The Company will contribute \$75.00 per week for Full-Time Employees or \$15.00 per day for Part-Time Employees, Monday to Friday inclusive, into ACIRT or BERT for each Employee. The contributions shall be paid monthly in accordance with the requirements of the Trust.
- 13.1.3 The Company shall utilise contributions it has paid into ACIRT or BERT to meet its obligations for redundancy payments to Employees. However, should a short-fall in redundancy contributions occur, Employees will be paid any short-fall direct by the Company.
- 13.1.4 The calculation of redundancy entitlements payable, or shortfall referred to in 14.1.3, will be calculated as the per the table below.

Table of Payments

Period of continuous service with the	Redundancy / Severance Pay
Company	

1 year or more but less than 2 years	2.4 weeks' pay plus for all service in excess of 1 year, 1.75 hours pay per completed week of service up to a maximum of 4.8 weeks' pay
2 years or more but less than 3 years	4.8 weeks' pay plus, for all service in excess of 2 years, 1.6 hours pay per completed week of service up to a maximum of 7 weeks' pay
3 years or more but less than 4 years	7 weeks' pay plus, for all service in excess of 3 years, 0.73 hours pay per completed week of service up to a maximum of 8 weeks' pay
4 years or more	8 weeks' pay

14. WORK HEALTH AND SAFETY

- 14.1.1 The parties to this Agreement are committed to the safe operation of machinery and equipment, to the observance of safe working practices, the proper use of all personal safety equipment and to the safety and health of all Employees and other persons who may enter the workplace.
- 14.1.2 Smoking is not permitted inside Company premises (including toilets) or vehicles.
- 14.1.3 Employees should immediately notify Company management by completion of the relevant form if they injure themselves at work or subsequently become aware of any injury or disease that they may have sustained during the course of employment with the Company.

15. DRUGS AND ALCOHOL

- 15.1.1 Under no circumstances will any Employee affected by alcohol and/or any other drug be permitted to work and/or operate any equipment on a work site.
- 15.1.2 If an Employee is affected by alcohol and/or any other drug and is consequently sent home from a worksite to recover, such Employee will not be paid for any lost time.
- 15.1.3 The parties to this Agreement agree that no alcohol or drugs will be permitted on a work site or whilst using Company vehicles, plant or equipment.
- 15.1.4 An Employee who is taking prescription medication is responsible for ensuring that the medication prescribed will not affect their ability to work safely. Where an Employee is taking prescription medication that may adversely affect their ability to undertake any kind of work safely, the Employee will advise their Supervisor or Management so the risks can be managed.
- 15.1.5 Where an Employee is found to be affected by alcohol and/or any other drug, the Company may take disciplinary action under clause 4.9 of this Agreement.
- 15.1.6 To ensure the maintenance of this policy and compliance with Work Health and Safety requirements, Employees may be subject to alcohol and/or any other drug testing. Any program of testing will be introduced following consultation with the Company's Employees.

16. EQUIPMENT AND APPAREL

16.1 Protective and Working Clothing

16.1.1 The Company shall provide hard hats, steel capped boots, gloves, protective eye wear, hearing protection and other appropriate personal protective equipment required by Employees when carrying out their work.

- 16.1.2 Within four weeks of commencing their employment with the Company new Employees will receive the following items of work clothing:
 - Two (2) Long Sleeve Shirts.
 - Two (2) Pairs of Trousers or Overalls.
 - One (1) Jacket.
- 16.1.3 Equipment and clothing shall be replaced by the Company on the basis of fair wear and tear.
- 16.1.4 The Company may require that old items of apparel are presented for inspection if required, prior to replacement.
- 16.1.5 Employees are expected to wear Company provided clothing and maintain it in a tidy manner, so as to display a professional Company image.

16.2 Supply of Vehicles

- 16.2.1 The Company may provide full-time Employees with a serviced motor vehicle for the purposes of: -
 - Travel between their place of residence and work sites;
 - Transfer from site to site during working hours;
 - Carriage of other Employees, Company equipment or working materials as required;
 and.
 - Other purposes authorised by the Company.
- 16.2.2 Vehicles shall not be used for personal or recreational use or for the carrying of passengers, unless authorised by the Company. Company vehicles, plant and equipment will be driven / operated by Employees only.
- 16.2.3 The Company shall ensure that the motor vehicle provided is registered, insured and is in a fully roadworthy condition when it is provided to an Employee for use in accordance with this clause. The Company shall pay for the cost of fuel, oil and lubricants, other consumables, and maintenance for fair wear and tear.
- 16.2.4 An Employee supplied with a vehicle is required to comply at all times with applicable laws and shall exercise due care in overall use of the Company vehicle provided, as well as in its garaging and security.
- 16.2.5 Employees shall be responsible for the following with Company Plant, Equipment and Vehicles while they are in charge of the plant, equipment or vehicle:
 - Maintaining fuel, oil, water and any other fluid levels;
 - Notifying the Company that servicing and or maintenance is required;
 - Maintaining all interior and exterior appearance in a clean state;
 - Keeping vehicles and/or plant locked/secured and in a secure place at all times when not in use;
 - Reporting to the Company any damage, however slight;
 - Any liability arising from the carrying of unauthorised passengers, breaches of road laws, or council parking regulations;
 - Keeping any logbook up to date;
 - Any liability for insurance excess where the plant, vehicle or equipment is used for personal use or the driver/operator is at fault or the driver/operator is under the influence of alcohol or a prohibited drug;

 Where an Employee is responsible for damage to the Company's or another person's property or equipment due to the Employee's negligence, the Employee will be liable to pay for the damage.

16.3 Company Owned Tools and Equipment

- 16.3.1 Where an Employee is supplied with Company owned equipment and / or tools, such equipment / tools, shall be the sole responsibility of the Employee.
- 16.3.2 It is agreed that Employees covered by this Agreement shall carry Company owned tools relevant to the task or tools of trade between sites without penalty to the Company.
- 16.3.3 The Company may deduct from an Employee's wages the cost of replacement of any Company owned tool / equipment for which the Employee assigned the tools / equipment cannot account for. Any deduction must be authorised in writing by the Employee.

17. ANTI-DISCRIMINATION

17.1.1 It is agreed that:

- (a) The parties will achieve a principal object of the FW Act, which is to respect and value the diversity of the workforce by helping to prevent and eliminate discrimination at their enterprise on the basis of age, race, colour, sex, sexual preference, physical or mental disability, marital status, family responsibilities, pregnancy, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin;
- (b) Any dispute concerning this clause and its operation may be progressed under the dispute resolution procedure in this agreement.
- (c) Nothing in this clause:
 - (i) limits the ability of the parties to this Agreement to exercise their rights under applicable Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation, or
 - (ii) allows any treatment that would otherwise be prohibited by antidiscrimination provisions in applicable Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation.

18. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

- 18.1.1 If a dispute relates to:
 - (a) a matter arising under the agreement; or
 - (b) the NES;

this term sets out procedures to settle the dispute.

- 18.1.2 An Employee who is a party to the dispute may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term.
- 18.1.3 In the first instance, the parties to the dispute must try to resolve the dispute at the workplace level, by discussions between the Employee or Employees and relevant supervisors and / or management.
- 18.1.4 If discussions at the workplace level do not resolve the dispute, a party to the dispute may refer the matter to the FWC.
- 18.1.5 The FWC may deal with the dispute in 2 stages:

- (a) the FWC will first attempt to resolve the dispute as it considers appropriate, including by mediation, conciliation, expressing an opinion or making a recommendation; and
- (b) if the FWC is unable to resolve the dispute at the first stage, the FWC may then:
 - (i) arbitrate the dispute; and
 - (ii) make a determination that is binding on the parties.

Note: If the FWC arbitrates the dispute, it may also use the powers that are available to it under the Act.

A decision that FWC makes when arbitrating a dispute is a decision for the purpose of Div 3 of Part 5.1 of the Act. Therefore, an appeal may be made against the decision.

- 18.1.6 While the parties are trying to resolve the dispute using the procedures in this term:
 - (a) an Employee must continue to perform their work as they would normally unless they have a reasonable concern about an imminent risk to their health or safety; and
 - (b) an Employee must comply with a direction given by the Company to perform other available work at the same workplace, or at another workplace, unless:
 - (i) the work is not safe; or
 - (ii) applicable work health and safety legislation would not permit the work to be performed; or
 - (iii) the work is not appropriate for the Employee to perform; or
 - (iv) there are other reasonable grounds for the Employee to refuse to comply with the direction.
- 18.1.7 The parties to the dispute agree to be bound by a decision made by the FWC in accordance with this term.
- 18.1.8 In discharging its role and exercising its powers under this procedure, the FWC must not determine an outcome that is inconsistent with the Building Code 2016.

ENDORSEMENT OF AGREEMENT

(Name of Witness)

Address of Witness: C/- 1071 George

Downes Dve, Kulnura NSW 2250

The parties recognise that each has a responsibility to ensure the successful operation of this Agreement. The signatures below testify the fact that the Agreement has been endorsed by the Parties.

This Agreement is made on this 11th day of January 2024.

Executed for and on behalf of the Company:	Signed by Employee Bargaining Representatives:
Signed: Callyatt CATHERINE HYATT	Signed: 8 Thompson
CATHERINE HYATT	Berso Thompson
DIRECTOR	
HYRTT GROUND ENG PLC (Director's Name and Title)	(Name of Employee and Job Title)
Address of Director: C/- 1071 George Downes Dve, Kulnura NSW 2250	Address of Employee: C/- 1071 George Downes Dve, Kulnura NSW 2250
Signed by the Witness: M ~ z.l	Signed by the Witness:
MELLINA LUE DE	MARCINDA INFOIDED

(Name of Witness)

Address of Witness: C/- 1071 George Downes Dve, Kulnura NSW 2250

APPENDIX 1 - AGREEMENT CLASSIFICATIONS

Agreement Classifications	Award Equivalent Classifications	Description
New Entrant	CW1(a)	Unskilled labourer
		This classification applies to an Employee with no previous experience in civil construction and rock anchoring work. A New Entrant will be eligible for a skills audit following completion of three (3) months experience as a New Entrant in the civil construction and rock anchoring industry. Where successful in this skills audit an Employee will be reclassified to CW1.
Construction Worker Level 1	CW1(b)	Unskilled labourer
		This classification applies to an Employee who has more than 3 months and Jess than :12 months verified rock anchoring experience in the industry. An Employee who has a trade background and / or demonstrates proficiency may be reclassified to CW2 prior to obtaining 12 months rock anchoring experience.
Construction	CW1(c)	Labourer
Worker Level 2 Construction	CW1(d)	This classification applies to an Employee who has had 12 months or more verified rock anchoring experience in the industry. A CW2 Employee will be eligible for a skills audit following completion of 12 months experience as a CW2 rock anchoring labourer in the industry or if reasonably requested. Where successful in this skills audit an Employee will be reclassified to CW3. If an Employee does not successfully complete this skills audit he / she can elect to undergo an audit within an additional six (6) months. An Employee who is unsuccessful in completing a skills audit will be advised in writing of the reasons. Skilled Labourer
Worker Level 3	(a)	
Construction Worker Level 4	CW2	Trainee Operator Skilled Labourer Operator
Construction	CW4 - Operator	Leading Hand 1, Foreman and/or Operator
Worker Level 5	Group B Leading Hand – supervision of up to 5 employees	A CW4 Employee may be considered for reclassification to CW5 if employees there is a position available and the Employee has the ability to supervise a project independently with in excess of five (5) Employees, Drill Rig Operator (excluding portable drilling equipment).
Construction	CW5 - Operator	Leading Hand 2, Foreman and/or Operator
Worker Level 6	Group C,D and E Leading Hand – supervision of up to 10 employees	A CW5 Employee may be considered for reclassification to CW6 if there is a position available. Reclassification will be at the discretion of the Company. This position is generally for complex projects and supervision of a larger workforce.

Note: Movement between classification levels is at the discretion of the Company. Should any dispute arise regarding the classification levels described above, the provisions of the Settlement of Disputes clause of this Agreement shall apply.

APPENDIX 2 - WAGE RATES

The following rates in Table A, are the base rates of pay, inclusive of follow-the-job loading, industry allowance and tool allowances payable pursuant to the relevant award. They shall apply over the life of the Agreement for the calculation of Employee remuneration, and for any calculation of Employee redundancy pay, public holiday pay, personal leave and annual leave entitlements. These base rates of pay shall be used to calculate overtime payments and the 25% loading for casual Employees.

Note:

Start Rates identified in the Wage Rates Tables below are applicable and payable seven (7) days after the Fair Work Commission approves the Agreement. Subsequent wage rate increases identified in the Tables below shall apply on and from the beginning of the first full pay period to commence on or after the date identified.

Table A - Full Time and Part Time Employees

Agreement Classifications	Start Rates	1 July 2024	1 July 2025	1 July 2026
	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Hour
	4.5%	4%	4%	4%
New Entrant	\$32.13	\$33.42	\$34.76	\$36.15
Level 1	\$33.93	\$35.29	\$36.70	\$38.17
Level 2	\$35.43	\$36.84	\$38.32	\$39.85
Level 3	\$38.17	\$39.70	\$41.29	\$42.94
Level 4	\$40.10	\$41.70	\$43.37	\$45.10
Level 5	\$42.80	\$44.52	\$46.30	\$48.15
Level 6	\$45.96	\$47.80	\$49.71	\$51.70

Table B Casual Employees

Agreement Classifications	Start Rates	1 July 2024	1 July 2025	1 July 2026
	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Hour
	4.5%	4%	4%	4%
New Entrant	\$40.17	\$41.77	\$43.44	\$45.18
Level 1	\$42.41	\$44.11	\$45.87	\$47.71
Level 2	\$44.28	\$46.05	\$47.90	\$49.81
Level 3	\$47.72	\$49.63	\$51.61	\$53.68
Level 4	\$50.12	\$52.13	\$54.21	\$56.38
Level 5	\$53.50	\$55.64	\$57.87	\$60.18
Level 6	\$57.45	\$59.75	\$62.14	\$64.62