Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010

This Fair Work Commission consolidated modern award incorporates all amendments up to and including 21 November 2018 (PR701683, PR701518)

Clause(s) affected by the most recent variation(s):

25A—Requests for flexible working arrangements

Schedule E—Part-day Public Holidays

Current review matter(s): AM2014/47; AM2014/190; AM2014/196; AM2014/197; AM2014/250; AM2014/300; AM2014/301; AM2015/1; AM2015/2; AM2016/8; AM2016/15; AM2016/17

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[Varied by PR532630, PR544519, PR546288, PR557581, PR573679, PR582951, PR584065, PR606630, PR609301, PR609449, PR610150, PR610281, PR701518]

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Part 1—Application and Operation

1. Title

This award is the *Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010*.

2. Commencement and transitional

[Varied by PR542235]

2.1 This award commences on 1 January 2010.

2.2 The monetary obligations imposed on employers by this award may be absorbed into overaward payments. Nothing in this award requires an employer to maintain or increase any overaward payment.

2.3 This award contains transitional arrangements which specify when particular parts of the award come into effect. Some of the transitional arrangements are in clauses in the main part of the award. There are also transitional arrangements in Schedule A. The arrangements in Schedule A deal with:

- minimum wages and piecework rates
- casual or part-time loadings
- Saturday, Sunday, public holiday, evening or other penalties
- shift allowances/penalties.

[2.4 varied by PR542235 ppc 04Dec13]

2.4 Neither the making of this award nor the operation of any transitional arrangements is intended to result in a reduction in the take-home pay of employees covered by the award. On application by or on behalf of an employee who suffers a reduction in take-home pay as a result of the making of this award or the operation of any transitional arrangements, the Fair Work Commission may make any order it considers appropriate to remedy the situation.

[2.5 varied by PR542235 ppc 04Dec13]

2.5 The Fair Work Commission may review the transitional arrangements in this award and make a determination varying the award.

[2.6 varied by PR542235 ppc 04Dec13]

2.6 The Fair Work Commission may review the transitional arrangements:

(a) on its own initiative; or

(b) on application by an employer, employee, organisation or outworker entity covered by the modern award; or
(c) on application by an organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of one or more employers or employees that are covered by the modern award; or

(d) in relation to outworker arrangements, on application by an organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of one or more outworkers to whom the arrangements relate.

3. Definitions and interpretation

[Varied by PR997772, PR503658, PR546118]

3.1 In this award, unless the contrary intention appears:

**Aboriginal community controlled health services** are incorporated Aboriginal organisations, initiated and based in an Aboriginal community. They are governed by a representative Aboriginal Board of Management which is elected by the local Aboriginal community. They deliver holistic and culturally appropriate health and well-being services to the Aboriginal community which controls them.

**Aboriginal health worker** includes a person who is registered with a national, State or Territory registration body, where registration is required in the State or Territory where the person is employed.

NOTE: Registration as an Aboriginal health worker is required in one or more States or Territories. Where registration is required, an employee employed in the relevant State or Territory will not be employed as an Aboriginal health worker unless they are registered with the relevant State or Territory registration body. It is intended that a national registration system will be implemented and variations to the definition of Aboriginal health worker will be sought once that registration system is established.

**Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1** means:

(a) an understanding, awareness and sensitivity to Aboriginal culture and lore, kinship and skin relationships, local cultural values, the ability to conduct oneself in a culturally appropriate manner and an understanding that Aboriginal culture is not homogenous throughout Australia;

(b) where relevant, a knowledge of one or more relevant Australian Aboriginal language groups;

(c) an ability to deliver or assist in the delivery of effective and appropriate services to an Aboriginal clientele through knowledge of the relevant Australian Aboriginal community, the ability to effectively communicate with Aboriginal people, and a knowledge of cultural conventions and appropriate behaviour;

(d) an awareness of the history and role of Aboriginal organisations in the relevant region, an understanding of the organisations and their goals and the environment in which the organisations operate;
(e) the ability to function effectively at work in an Aboriginal organisation; and

(f) an understanding and/or awareness of the concepts of Aboriginal self-determination and Aboriginal identity

**Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 2** means Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1 plus a thorough knowledge of the history and role of Aboriginal organisations in the region, including an understanding of the organisations and their goals and knowledge of the political and economic environment in which the organisations operate

**Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 3** means Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills levels 1 and 2, plus an understanding, awareness and/or sensitivity to local, national and international cultural values and a clear understanding of Aboriginal organisations, their establishment and goals, and the political and economic environment in which the organisations operate at a local, national and international level

**Aboriginal person** will be taken to include a Torres Strait Islander person

**Act** means the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

**agreement-based transitional instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

**appropriate certificate** for the purposes of Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 2 means successful completion of an accredited course deemed appropriate by an Aboriginal community controlled health service which may include but is not limited to Certificate II through to Advanced Diploma courses in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care under the Health Training Package

**award-based transitional instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

*Definition of default fund employee* inserted by PR546118 ppc 01Jan14

**default fund employee** means an employee who has no chosen fund within the meaning of the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth)

*Definition of defined benefit member* inserted by PR546118 ppc 01Jan14

**defined benefit member** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth)

*Definition of Division 2B State award* inserted by PR503658 ppc 01Jan11

**Division 2B State award** has the meaning in Schedule 3A of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

*Definition of Division 2B State employment agreement* inserted by PR503658 ppc 01Jan11

**Division 2B State employment agreement** has the meaning in Schedule 3A of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)
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[Definition of employee substituted by PR997772 from 01Jan10]

**employee** means national system employee within the meaning of the Act

[Definition of employer substituted by PR997772 from 01Jan10]

**employer** means national system employer within the meaning of the Act

**enterprise award-based instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments)* Act 2009 (Cth)

[Definition of exempt public sector superannuation scheme inserted by PR546118 ppc 01Jan14]

**exempt public sector superannuation scheme** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision)* Act 1993 (Cth)

[Definition of MySuper product inserted by PR546118 ppc 01Jan14]

**MySuper product** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision)* Act 1993 (Cth)

**NES** means the National Employment Standards as contained in [sections 59 to 131](#) of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

**on-hire** means the on-hire of an employee by their employer to a client, where such employee works under the general guidance and instruction of the client or a representative of the client

**standard rate** means the minimum wage for an Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 2 Level 1 in clause 14.1

**transitional minimum wage instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments)* Act 2009 (Cth)

3.2 Where this award refers to a condition of employment provided for in the NES, the NES definition applies.

4. **Coverage**

4.1 This industry award covers employers throughout Australia in the Aboriginal community controlled health services industry and their employees in the classifications listed in clause 14—Minimum wages to the exclusion of any other modern award.

4.2 The award does not cover an employee excluded from award coverage by the Act.

4.3 The award does not cover employees who are covered by a modern enterprise award, or an enterprise instrument (within the meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments)* Act 2009 (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees.

4.4 The award does not cover employees who are covered by a State reference public sector modern award, or a State reference public sector transitional award (within the
meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth), or employers in relation to those employees.

4.5 This award covers any employer which supplies labour on an on-hire basis in the industry set out in clause 4.1 in respect of on-hire employees in classifications covered by this award, and those on-hire employees, while engaged in the performance of work for a business in that industry. This subclause operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.

4.6 This award covers employers which provide group training services for trainees engaged in the industry and/or parts of industry set out at clause 4.1 and those trainees engaged by a group training service hosted by a company to perform work at a location where the activities described herein are being performed. This subclause operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.

4.7 Where an employer is covered by more than one award, an employee of that employer is covered by the award classification which is most appropriate to the work performed by the employee and to the environment in which the employee normally performs the work.

NOTE: Where there is no classification for a particular employee in this award it is possible that the employer and that employee are covered by an award with occupational coverage.

5. **Access to the award and the National Employment Standards**

The employer must ensure that copies of this award and the NES are available to all employees to whom they apply either on a noticeboard which is conveniently located at or near the workplace or through electronic means, whichever makes them more accessible.

6. **The National Employment Standards and this award**

The NES and this award contain the minimum conditions of employment for employees covered by this award.

7. **Individual flexibility arrangements**

[Varied by PR542235; 7—Award flexibility renamed and substituted by PR610281 01Nv18]

7.1 Despite anything else in this award, an employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of the terms of this award relating to any of the following in order to meet the genuine needs of both the employee and the employer:

(a) arrangements for when work is performed; or

(b) overtime rates; or

(c) penalty rates; or

(d) allowances; or
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(e) annual leave loading.

7.2 An agreement must be one that is genuinely made by the employer and the individual employee without coercion or duress.

7.3 An agreement may only be made after the individual employee has commenced employment with the employer.

7.4 An employer who wishes to initiate the making of an agreement must:

(a) give the employee a written proposal; and

(b) if the employer is aware that the employee has, or reasonably should be aware that the employee may have, limited understanding of written English, take reasonable steps (including providing a translation in an appropriate language) to ensure that the employee understands the proposal.

7.5 An agreement must result in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made.

7.6 An agreement must do all of the following:

(a) state the names of the employer and the employee; and

(b) identify the award term, or award terms, the application of which is to be varied; and

(c) set out how the application of the award term, or each award term, is varied; and

(d) set out how the agreement results in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made; and

(e) state the date the agreement is to start.

7.7 An agreement must be:

(a) in writing; and

(b) signed by the employer and the employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.

7.8 Except as provided in clause 7.7(b), an agreement must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the employee.

7.9 The employer must keep the agreement as a time and wages record and give a copy to the employee.

7.10 The employer and the employee must genuinely agree, without duress or coercion to any variation of an award provided for by an agreement.

7.11 An agreement may be terminated:

(a) at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the employee; or
by the employer or employee giving 13 weeks’ written notice to the other party (reduced to 4 weeks if the agreement was entered into before the first full pay period starting on or after 4 December 2013).

Note: If an employer and employee agree to an arrangement that purports to be an individual flexibility arrangement under this award term and the arrangement does not meet a requirement set out in s.144 then the employee or the employer may terminate the arrangement by giving written notice of not more than 28 days (see s.145 of the Act).

7.12 An agreement terminated as mentioned in clause 7.11(b) ceases to have effect at the end of the period of notice required under that clause.

7.13 The right to make an agreement under clause 7 is additional to, and does not affect, any other term of this award that provides for an agreement between an employer and an individual employee.

**Part 2—Consultation and Dispute Resolution**

8. **Consultation about major workplace change**

[8—Consultation regarding major workplace change renamed and substituted by PR546288, 8—Consultation renamed and substituted by PR610281 ppc 01Nov18]

8.1 If an employer makes a definite decision to make major changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer must:

(a) give notice of the changes to all employees who may be affected by them and their representatives (if any); and

(b) discuss with affected employees and their representatives (if any):

(i) the introduction of the changes; and

(ii) their likely effect on employees; and

(iii) measures to avoid or reduce the adverse effects of the changes on employees; and

(c) commence discussions as soon as practicable after a definite decision has been made.

8.2 For the purposes of the discussion under clause 8.1(b), the employer must give in writing to the affected employees and their representatives (if any) all relevant information about the changes including:

(a) their nature; and

(b) their expected effect on employees; and
(c) any other matters likely to affect employees.

8.3 Clause 8.2 does not require an employer to disclose any confidential information if its disclosure would be contrary to the employer’s interests.

8.4 The employer must promptly consider any matters raised by the employees or their representatives about the changes in the course of the discussion under clause 8.1(b).

8.5 In clause 8:

significant effects, on employees, includes any of the following:

(a) termination of employment; or

(b) major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer’s workforce or in the skills required; or

(c) loss of, or reduction in, job or promotion opportunities; or

(d) loss of, or reduction in, job tenure; or

(e) alteration of hours of work; or

(f) the need for employees to be retrained or transferred to other work or locations; or

(g) job restructuring.

8.6 Where this award makes provision for alteration of any of the matters defined at clause 8.5, such alteration is taken not to have significant effect.

8A. Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work

[8A inserted by PR610281 ppc 01Nov18]

8A.1 Clause 8A applies if an employer proposes to change the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of an employee, other than an employee whose working hours are irregular, sporadic or unpredictable.

8A.2 The employer must consult with any employees affected by the proposed change and their representatives (if any).

8A.3 For the purpose of the consultation, the employer must:

(a) provide to the employees and representatives mentioned in clause 8A.2 information about the proposed change (for example, information about the nature of the change and when it is to begin); and

(b) invite the employees to give their views about the impact of the proposed change on them (including any impact on their family or caring responsibilities) and also invite their representative (if any) to give their views about that impact.
8A.4 The employer must consider any views given under clause 8A.3(b).

8A.5 Clause 8A is to be read in conjunction with any other provisions of this award concerning the scheduling of work or the giving of notice.

9. Dispute resolution

[Varied by PR542235; substituted by PR610281 ppc 01Nov18]

9.1 Clause 9 sets out the procedures to be followed if a dispute arises about a matter under this award or in relation to the NES.

9.2 The parties to the dispute must first try to resolve the dispute at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and the relevant supervisor.

9.3 If the dispute is not resolved through discussion as mentioned in clause 9.2, the parties to the dispute must then try to resolve it in a timely manner at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and more senior levels of management, as appropriate.

9.4 If the dispute is unable to be resolved at the workplace and all appropriate steps have been taken under clauses 9.2 and 9.3, a party to the dispute may refer it to the Fair Work Commission.

9.5 The parties may agree on the process to be followed by the Fair Work Commission in dealing with the dispute, including mediation, conciliation and consent arbitration.

9.6 If the dispute remains unresolved, the Fair Work Commission may use any method of dispute resolution that it is permitted by the Act to use and that it considers appropriate for resolving the dispute.

9.7 A party to the dispute may appoint a person, organisation or association to support and/or represent them in any discussion or process under clause 9.

9.8 While procedures are being followed under clause 9 in relation to a dispute:

(a) work must continue in accordance with this award and the Act; and

(b) an employee must not unreasonably fail to comply with any direction given by the employer about performing work, whether at the same or another workplace, that is safe and appropriate for the employee to perform.

9.9 Clause 9.8 is subject to any applicable work health and safety legislation.
Part 3—Types of Employment and Termination of Employment

10. Types of employment

[Varied by PR700529]

10.1 Employment categories

(a) Employees under this award will be employed in one of the following categories:

(i) full-time;

(ii) part-time; or

(iii) casual.

(b) At the time of engagement an employer will inform each employee in writing whether they are employed on a full-time, part-time or casual basis. An employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties that are within the limits of the employee’s skill, competence and training, consistent with the respective classification of that employee.

10.2 Full-time employment

A full-time employee is one who is engaged to work 38 hours per week or an average of 38 hours per week pursuant to clause 20—Ordinary hours of work and rostering of this award.

10.3 Part-time employment

(a) A part-time employee is an employee who:

(i) is engaged to work less than the full-time hours of an average of 38 hours per week;

(ii) has reasonably predictable hours of work; and

(iii) receives, on a pro rata basis, equivalent pay and conditions to those of full-time employees who do the same kind of work.

(b) Before commencing employment, the employer and employee will agree in writing on a regular pattern of work including the number of hours to be worked each week, the days of the week the employee will work and the starting and finishing times each day.

(c) The terms of the agreement may be varied by agreement and recorded in writing.

(d) A part-time employee will be rostered for a minimum of four consecutive hours on any shift.
(e) All time worked in excess of the hours as mutually arranged or varied will be overtime and paid for at the rates prescribed in clause 24—Overtime and penalty rates of this award.

10.4 Casual employment

(a) A casual employee is an employee engaged as such on an hourly basis.

(b) A casual employee will be paid per hour an amount calculated at the rate of 1/38th of the weekly rate appropriate to the employee’s classification, plus a casual loading of 25% instead of the paid leave entitlements of full-time and part-time employees.

(c) The minimum period of engagement of a casual employee is three hours.

(d) Casual employees who are required to work on public holidays will, instead of the casual loading, be paid an additional 50% for such work.

10.5 Right to request casual conversion

[10.5 inserted by PR700529 ppc 01Oct18]

(a) A person engaged by a particular employer as a regular casual employee may request that their employment be converted to full-time or part-time employment.

(b) A regular casual employee is a casual employee who has in the preceding period of 12 months worked a pattern of hours on an ongoing basis which, without significant adjustment, the employee could continue to perform as a full-time employee or part-time employee under the provisions of this award.

(c) A regular casual employee who has worked equivalent full-time hours over the preceding period of 12 months’ casual employment may request to have their employment converted to full-time employment.

(d) A regular casual employee who has worked less than equivalent full-time hours over the preceding period of 12 months’ casual employment may request to have their employment converted to part-time employment consistent with the pattern of hours previously worked.

(e) Any request under this subclause must be in writing and provided to the employer.

(f) Where a regular casual employee seeks to convert to full-time or part-time employment, the employer may agree to or refuse the request, but the request may only be refused on reasonable grounds and after there has been consultation with the employee.

(g) Reasonable grounds for refusal include that:

(i) it would require a significant adjustment to the casual employee’s hours of work in order for the employee to be engaged as a full-time or part-time employee in accordance with the provisions of this award – that is,
the casual employee is not truly a regular casual employee as defined in paragraph (b)

(ii) it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the regular casual employee’s position will cease to exist within the next 12 months;

(iii) it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the hours of work which the regular casual employee is required to perform will be significantly reduced in the next 12 months; or

(iv) it is known or reasonably foreseeable that there will be a significant change in the days and/or times at which the employee’s hours of work are required to be performed in the next 12 months which cannot be accommodated within the days and/or hours during which the employee is available to work.

(h) For any ground of refusal to be reasonable, it must be based on facts which are known or reasonably foreseeable.

(i) Where the employer refuses a regular casual employee’s request to convert, the employer must provide the casual employee with the employer’s reasons for refusal in writing within 21 days of the request being made. If the employee does not accept the employer’s refusal, this will constitute a dispute that will be dealt with under the dispute resolution procedure in clause 9. Under that procedure, the employee or the employer may refer the matter to the Fair Work Commission if the dispute cannot be resolved at the workplace level.

(j) Where it is agreed that a casual employee will have their employment converted to full-time or part-time employment as provided for in this clause, the employer and employee must discuss and record in writing:

(i) the form of employment to which the employee will convert – that is, full-time or part-time employment; and

(ii) if it is agreed that the employee will become a part-time employee, the matters referred to in clause 10.3(b)

(k) The conversion will take effect from the start of the next pay cycle following such agreement being reached unless otherwise agreed.

(l) Once a casual employee has converted to full-time or part-time employment, the employee may only revert to casual employment with the written agreement of the employer.

(m) A casual employee must not be engaged and re-engaged (which includes a refusal to re-engage), or have their hours reduced or varied, in order to avoid any right or obligation under this clause.

(n) Nothing in this clause obliges a regular casual employee to convert to full-time or part-time employment, nor permits an employer to require a regular casual employee to so convert.
Nothing in this clause requires an employer to increase the hours of a regular casual employee seeking conversion to full-time or part-time employment.

An employer must provide a casual employee, whether a regular casual employee or not, with a copy of the provisions of this subclause within the first 12 months of the employee’s first engagement to perform work. In respect of casual employees already employed as at 1 October 2018, an employer must provide such employees with a copy of the provisions of this subclause by 1 January 2019.

A casual employee’s right to request to convert is not affected if the employer fails to comply with the notice requirements in paragraph (p).

11. Termination of employment

[11 substituted by PR610281 ppc 01Nov18]

Note: The NES sets out requirements for notice of termination by an employer. See ss.117 and 123 of the Act.

11.1 Notice of termination by an employee

(a) This clause applies to all employees except those identified in ss.123(1) and 123(3) of the Act.

(b) An employee must give the employer notice of termination in accordance with Table 1—Period of notice of at least the period specified in column 2 according to the period of continuous service of the employee specified in column 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employee’s period of continuous service with the employer at the end of the day the notice is given</td>
<td>Period of notice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not more than 1 year</td>
<td>1 week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 1 year but not more than 3 years</td>
<td>2 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 3 years but not more than 5 years</td>
<td>3 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 5 years</td>
<td>4 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The notice of termination required to be given by an employee is the same as that required of an employer except that the employee does not have to give additional notice based on the age of the employee.

(c) In paragraph (b) continuous service has the same meaning as in s.117 of the Act.

(d) If an employee who is at least 18 years old does not give the period of notice required under paragraph (b), then the employer may deduct from wages due to
the employee under this award an amount that is no more than one week’s wages for the employee.

(e) If the employer has agreed to a shorter period of notice than that required under paragraph (b), then no deduction can be made under paragraph (d).

(f) Any deduction made under paragraph (d) must not be unreasonable in the circumstances.

11.2 Job search entitlement

Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee, the employee must be allowed time off without loss of pay of up to one day for the purpose of seeking other employment.

11.3 The time off under clause 11.2 is to be taken at times that are convenient to the employee after consultation with the employer.

12. Redundancy

[Varied by PR503658, PR561478]

12.1 Redundancy pay is provided for in the NES.

12.2 Transfer to lower paid duties

Where an employee is transferred to lower paid duties by reason of redundancy, the same period of notice must be given as the employee would have been entitled to if the employment had been terminated and the employer may, at the employer’s option, make payment instead of an amount equal to the difference between the former ordinary time rate of pay and the ordinary time rate of pay for the number of weeks of notice still owing.

12.3 Employee leaving during notice period

An employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy may terminate their employment during the period of notice. The employee is entitled to receive the benefits and payments they would have received under this clause had they remained in employment until the expiry of the notice, but is not entitled to payment instead of notice.

12.4 Job search entitlement

(a) An employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy must be allowed up to one day’s time off without loss of pay during each week of notice for the purpose of seeking other employment.

(b) If the employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the employee must, at the request of the employer, produce proof of attendance at an interview or they will not be entitled to payment for the time absent. For this purpose a statutory declaration is sufficient.
(c) This entitlement applies instead of clause 11.2.

12.5 Transitional provisions – NAPSA employees
[12.5 renamed by PR503658; deleted by PR561478 ppc 05Mar15]

12.6 Transitional provisions – Division 2B State employees
[12.6 inserted by PR503658; deleted by PR561478 ppc 05Mar15]

Part 4—Minimum Wages and Related Matters

13. Classifications
Classification definitions are set out in Schedule B—Classification Definitions. Employers must advise their employees in writing of their classification upon commencement and of any subsequent changes to their classification.

14. Minimum wages
[Varied by PR998015, PR509146, PR522977, PR536780, PR551703, PR566795, PR579907, PR592217, PR593883, PR606441]

14.1 Classifications
The following are the minimum weekly rates:

(a) Aboriginal Health Workers
[14.1(a) varied by PR998015, PR509146, PR522977, PR536780, PR551703, PR566795, PR579907, PR592217, PR606441 ppc 01Jul18]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Per week</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grade 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td>798.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>855.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>885.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Grade 2** | |
| Level 1 | 931.40 |
| Level 2 | 980.10 |
| Level 3 | 1027.80 |

| **Grade 3** | |
| Grade 3 | |
### Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010

#### Per week

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Grade 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Level 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Grade 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Per week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td>792.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>795.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>812.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
<td>824.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 5</td>
<td>847.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Grade 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Per week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>861.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>876.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>891.30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
<td>904.30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Level 5</td>
<td>919.70</td>
</tr>
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</table>

#### Grade 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Per week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td>936.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>952.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>963.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
<td>980.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) **Administrative**

[14.1(b) varied by PR998015, PR509146, PR522977, PR536780, PR551703, PR566795, PR579907, PR592217, PR606441 ppc 01Jul18]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Per week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Level 3</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Level 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade 4</th>
<th>Per week</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>995.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td></td>
<td>1019.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td></td>
<td>1038.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
<td></td>
<td>1057.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade 5</th>
<th>Per week</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1078.30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td></td>
<td>1100.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td></td>
<td>1123.70</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade 6</th>
<th>Per week</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
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<td>1136.70</td>
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<td>Level 2</td>
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<td>Level 4</td>
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<td>1227.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>1264.10</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade 7</th>
<th>Per week</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1294.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td></td>
<td>1329.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade 8</th>
<th>Per week</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1342.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td></td>
<td>1377.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td></td>
<td>1423.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
<td></td>
<td>1457.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dental</th>
<th>Per week</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

(c) Dental

[14.1(c) varied by PR998015, PR509146, PR522977, PR536780, PR551703, PR566795, PR579907, PR592217, PR606441 ppc 01Jul18]

Dental Assistant
### Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Per week $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 1</td>
<td>755.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 2</td>
<td>771.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 3</td>
<td>787.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 4</td>
<td>837.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 5</td>
<td>865.70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dental Therapist Grade 1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Per week $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>905.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>929.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>959.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>996.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1045.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1093.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1130.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dental Therapist Grade 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Per week $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1146.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1172.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1197.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1219.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1246.70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### (d) Ancillary

[14.1(d) varied by PR998015, PR509146, PR522977, PR551703, PR566795, PR579907, PR592217, PR606441 ppc 01Jul18]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Per week $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cleaner</td>
<td>786.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driver—Grade 1</td>
<td>819.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driver—Grade 2</td>
<td>841.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caretaker</td>
<td>841.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
14.2 **Junior employees**

A junior employee will be paid the following percentage of the ordinary rate prescribed by this award for the appropriate adult classification:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 16 years and under</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 17 years</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 18 years</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 19 years</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 20 years</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.3 **Supported wage system**

See Schedule C

14.4 **National training wage**

[14.4 substituted by PR593883 ppc 01Jul17]

(a) Schedule E to the *Miscellaneous Award 2010* sets out minimum wage rates and conditions for employees undertaking traineeships.

[14.4(b) varied by PR606441 ppc 01Ju18]

(b) This award incorporates the terms of Schedule E to the *Miscellaneous Award 2010* as at 1 July 2018. Provided that any reference to “this award” in Schedule E to the *Miscellaneous Award 2010* is to be read as referring to the *Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010* and not the *Miscellaneous Award 2010*.

15. **Allowances**

To view the current monetary amounts of work-related allowances refer to the Allowances Sheet.

[Varied by PR998151, PR509267, PR523097, PR536900, PR551823, PR566924, PR579621, PR592368, PR606591]

15.1 **Bilingual qualification allowance**

(a) **Bilingual** means a recognised proficiency in English as well as any one of the languages normally used by the employer’s customers/clients.

(b) In recognition of the increased effectiveness and productivity of bilingual employees, an employee who is competently bilingual and who is regularly required in the course of their duties to use one or more of these languages will be paid an annual allowance of:
Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of standard rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) **Level 1** is an elementary level. This level of accreditation is appropriate for employees who are capable of using a minimal knowledge of language for the purpose of simple communication.

(d) **Level 2** represents a level of ability for the ordinary purposes of general business, conversation, reading and writing.

(e) Proof of bilingual proficiency and accreditation will be obtained before an employee will be entitled to this allowance. Bilingual accreditation is obtained by the employee confirming their bilingual proficiency in writing from an interpreting and/or translating service agreed by the employer and the employee.

15.2 **Higher duties**

An employee engaged for one day or more during any pay period on duties carrying a higher rate than their ordinary classification will be paid an allowance equal to the amount of the difference between their own ordinary rate of pay and the minimum ordinary rate of pay at the higher designation.

15.3 **Clothing allowance**

(a) Where the employer requires an employee to wear any special clothing such as a uniform, overalls or suitable industrial clothing, safety boots or shoes, the employer must reimburse the employee the cost of purchasing a reasonable number of such special clothing. The provisions of this clause do not apply where the special clothing is provided by the employer.

(b) All special clothing so provided will remain the property of the employer. Reasonable laundering and maintenance of such items will be reimbursed to the employee unless provided free of cost to the employee.

(c) Instead of providing such special clothing the employer may, by agreement with the employee, pay such employee a uniform allowance at the rate of $1.20 per day or part thereof on duty or $5.92 per week whichever is the lesser amount.

(d) Where employees’ uniforms are not laundered by or at the expense of the employer, the employee will be paid a laundry allowance of $0.26 per day or part thereof on duty or $1.29 per week, whichever is the lesser amount.

(e) The uniform allowance but not the laundry allowance will be paid during all absences on leave, except absences on long service leave and absences on personal/carer’s leave beyond 21 days. Where, prior to the taking of leave, an employee was paid a uniform allowance other than at the weekly rate, the rate to be paid during absence on leave will be an average of the allowance paid during the four weeks immediately preceding the taking of leave.
15.4 On call and recall allowances

(a) Where an employee is required, and rostered by the employer to remain on call and in readiness to be recalled to work after ordinary working hours, the employee will be paid an on call allowance of 1.97% of the standard rate in respect of any 24 hour period or part thereof during which the employee is on call during an off duty period.

(b) The on call allowance will be 3.94% of the standard rate in respect of any 24 hour period or part thereof on any public holiday or part thereof.

(c) In the event of an employee who is on call being recalled for duty for any period during an off duty period, the employee will be paid from the time of receiving recall until the time of finishing such recall duty, with a minimum of one hour’s payment for such recall at the following rates:

(i) within a spread of 12 hours from the commencement of the last period of ordinary duty—time and a half;

(ii) outside a spread of 12 hours from the commencement of the last period of ordinary duty—double time; or

(iii) on days observed as public holidays—double time.

(d) Provided that if the employee is recalled and does not have an uninterrupted break of six hours between midnight and the time of commencement of the next period of ordinary duty the employee will be entitled to time off of six hours from the time of finishing the last recall to the time of commencing the next period of duty without loss of pay.

15.5 Travelling, transport and fares

[15.5(a) varied by PR523097, PR536900, PR551823 ppc 01Jul14]

(a) An employee required and authorised to use their own motor vehicle in the course of their duties will be paid an allowance of not less than $0.78 per kilometre.

(b) When an employee is involved in travelling on duty, all reasonably incurred expenses with respect to fares, meals and accommodation will be met by the employer on production of receipted account(s) or other evidence acceptable to the employer. The employee and employer must agree prior to travel commencing as to the standard of travel, accommodation and meals to be paid before any allowance is paid.

(c) The employee will not be entitled to reimbursement for expenses referred to in clause 15.5(b) which exceed the mode of transport, meals or the standard of accommodation agreed with the employer, for these purposes.

(d) Where an employee is required to work at a place away from their normal place of work, all time reasonably spent travelling to and from the place of work will be credited at their ordinary rate of pay.
15.6 Meal allowance

[15.6(a) varied by PR998151, PR509267, PR523097, PR536900, PR551823, PR566924, PR579621, PR592368, PR606591 ppc 01Jul18]

(a) An employee will be supplied with an adequate meal where an employer has adequate cooking and dining facilities or be paid a meal allowance of $12.88 in addition to any overtime payment as follows:

(i) when required to work after the usual finishing hour of work beyond one hour or, in the case of shiftworkers, when the overtime work on any shift exceeds one hour;

[15.6(a)(ii) varied by PR998151, PR509267, PR523097, PR536900, PR551823, PR566924, PR579621, PR592368, PR606591 ppc 01Jul18]

(ii) provided that where such overtime work exceeds four hours a further meal allowance of $11.61 will be paid.

(b) Clause 15.6(a) will not apply when an employee could reasonably return home for a meal within the meal break.

(c) On request, the meal allowance will be paid on the same day as the overtime is worked.

15.7 Adjustment of expense related allowances

(a) At the time of any adjustment to the standard rate, each expense related allowance will be increased by the relevant adjustment factor. The relevant adjustment factor for this purpose is the percentage movement in the applicable index figure most recently published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics since the allowance was last adjusted.

(b) The applicable index figure is the index figure published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics for the Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index (Cat No. 6401.0), as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Allowance</th>
<th>Applicable Consumer Price Index figure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uniform/laundry allowances</td>
<td>Clothing and footwear group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meal allowance</td>
<td>Take-away and fast foods sub-group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle allowance</td>
<td>Private motoring sub-group</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. District allowances

[16 deleted by PR561478 ppc 05Mar15]

17. Accident pay

[Varied by PR503658; deleted by PR561478 ppc 05Mar15]
18. Payment of wages

[Varied by PR610150]

18.1 Frequency of payment

Wages will be paid weekly or fortnightly.

18.2 Method of payment

Wages will be paid by cash, cheque, or electronic funds transfer into the bank or financial institution account nominated by the employee, as determined by the employer.

18.3 Payment on termination of employment

[18.3 inserted by PR610150 ppc 01Nov18]

(a) The employer must pay an employee no later than 7 days after the day on which the employee’s employment terminates:

(i) the employee’s wages under this award for any complete or incomplete pay period up to the end of the day of termination; and

(ii) all other amounts that are due to the employee under this award and the NES.

(b) The requirement to pay wages and other amounts under paragraph (a) is subject to further order of the Commission and the employer making deductions authorised by this award or the Act.

Note 1: Section 117(2) of the Act provides that an employer must not terminate an employee’s employment unless the employer has given the employee the required minimum period of notice or “has paid” to the employee payment instead of giving notice.

Note 2: Paragraph (b) allows the Commission to make an order delaying the requirement to make a payment under this clause. For example, the Commission could make an order delaying the requirement to pay redundancy pay if an employer makes an application under s.120 of the Act for the Commission to reduce the amount of redundancy pay an employee is entitled to under the NES.

Note 3: State and Territory long service leave laws or long service leave entitlements under s.113 of the Act, may require an employer to pay an employee for accrued long service leave on the day on which the employee’s employment terminates or shortly after.

19. Superannuation

[Varied by PR546118]

19.1 Superannuation legislation
Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services Award 2010

(a) Superannuation legislation, including the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act* 1992 (Cth), the *Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act* 1992 (Cth), the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act* 1993 (Cth) and the *Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act* 1993 (Cth), deals with the superannuation rights and obligations of employers and employees. Under superannuation legislation individual employees generally have the opportunity to choose their own superannuation fund. If an employee does not choose a superannuation fund, any superannuation fund nominated in the award covering the employee applies.

(b) The rights and obligations in these clauses supplement those in superannuation legislation.

### 19.2 Employer contributions

An employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an employee as will avoid the employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under superannuation legislation with respect to that employee.

### 19.3 Voluntary employee contributions

(a) Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, an employee may, in writing, authorise their employer to pay on behalf of the employee a specified amount from the post-taxation wages of the employee into the same superannuation fund as the employer makes the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 19.2.

(b) An employee may adjust the amount the employee has authorised their employer to pay from the wages of the employee from the first of the month following the giving of three months’ written notice to their employer.

(c) The employer must pay the amount authorised under clauses 19.3(a) or (b) no later than 28 days after the end of the month in which the deduction authorised under clauses 19.3(a) or (b) was made.

### 19.4 Superannuation fund

Unless, to comply with superannuation legislation, the employer is required to make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 19.2 to another superannuation fund that is chosen by the employee, the employer must make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 19.2 and pay the amount authorised under clauses 19.3(a) or (b) to one of the following superannuation funds or its successor:

(a) AustralianSuper; or

(b) HESTA Super; or
[19.4(c) deleted by PR546118 ppc 01Jan14]

[19.4(d) renumbered as 19.4(c) and varied by PR546118 ppc 01Jan14]

(c) any superannuation fund to which the employer was making superannuation contributions for the benefit of its employees before 12 September 2008, provided the superannuation fund is an eligible choice fund and is a fund that offers a MySuper product or is an exempt public sector scheme; or

[New 19.4(d) inserted by PR546118 ppc 01Jan14]

(d) a superannuation fund or scheme which the employee is a defined benefit member of.

Part 5—Hours of Work and Related Matters

20. Ordinary hours of work and rostering

20.1 The ordinary hours of work for a full-time employee will be an average of 38 hours per week over a fortnight.

20.2 Not more than 10 ordinary hours of work (exclusive of meal breaks) are to be worked in any one day.

21. Span of hours

21.1 Unless otherwise stated, the ordinary hours of work for an employee will be worked between 7.00 am and 7.00 pm Monday to Friday.

21.2 Ordinary hours of work for shiftworkers will be worked on the days from Monday to Sunday inclusive.

22. Rosters

22.1 The starting and ceasing time for each day will not be changed upon less than seven working days’ notice unless necessary because of the absence from duty of other employees or a shortage of staff or with the consent of the employee.

22.2 The period of notice for casual employees of a change in starting and ceasing time for each day will be not less than 24 hours.

23. Meal breaks

23.1 An employee who works in excess of five hours will be entitled to an unpaid meal break of not less than 30 minutes and not more than 60 minutes.

23.2 The time of taking the meal break may be varied by agreement between the employer and employee.
24. Overtime and penalty rates

[Varied by PR529173, PR584065]

24.1 Overtime rates

24.2 The following overtime rates will be paid for all work done:

(a) in excess of the number of hours fixed as a day’s, a week’s or a fortnight’s work as the case may be—time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter;

(b) outside the span of hours in clause 21.1—time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter;

(c) outside a spread of nine hours from the time of commencing work by an employee rostered to work broken shifts—time and a half; and

(d) outside a spread of 12 hours from the time of commencing work by an employee rostered to work broken shifts—double time.

[24.3 deleted by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12]

[24.4 renumbered as 24.3 by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12]

24.3 An employee required to work overtime on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday, will be afforded at least four hours’ work or paid for four hours’ work at the appropriate rate, except where such overtime is continuous with overtime commenced on the previous day.

[24.5 renumbered as 24.4 by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12]

24.4 These extra rates will be in substitution for and not cumulative upon the shift loading prescribed in clause 25—Shiftwork.

24.5 Rest period after overtime

[24.6 renumbered as 24.5 by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12]

(a) An employee who works so much overtime between the termination of their ordinary work on one day and the commencement of ordinary work on the next day that they have not had at least 10 consecutive hours off duty will be released after completion of such overtime until they have had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during this absence.

(b) If, on the instructions of the employer, the employee resumes or continues work without having had 10 hours off duty, the employee will be paid at the rate of double time until they are released from duty for such a period. The employee is then entitled to be absent until they have had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
24.6 Time off instead of payment for overtime

[24.7 renumbered as 24.6 by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12; 24.6 substituted by PR584065 ppc 22Aug16]

(a) An employee and employer may agree in writing to the employee taking time off instead of being paid for a particular amount of overtime that has been worked by the employee.

(b) Any amount of overtime that has been worked by an employee in a particular pay period and that is to be taken as time off instead of the employee being paid for it must be the subject of a separate agreement under clause 24.6.

(c) An agreement must state each of the following:

(i) the number of overtime hours to which it applies and when those hours were worked;

(ii) that the employer and employee agree that the employee may take time off instead of being paid for the overtime;

(iii) that, if the employee requests at any time, the employer must pay the employee, for overtime covered by the agreement but not taken as time off, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked;

(iv) that any payment mentioned in subparagraph (iii) must be made in the next pay period following the request.

Note: An example of the type of agreement required by this clause is set out at Schedule H. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule H. An agreement under clause 24.6 can also be made by an exchange of emails between the employee and employer, or by other electronic means.

(d) The period of time off that an employee is entitled to take is the same as the number of overtime hours worked.

EXAMPLE: By making an agreement under clause 24.6 an employee who worked 2 overtime hours is entitled to 2 hours’ time off.

(e) Time off must be taken:

(i) within the period of 6 months after the overtime is worked; and

(ii) at a time or times within that period of 6 months agreed by the employee and employer.

(f) If the employee requests at any time, to be paid for overtime covered by an agreement under clause 24.6 but not taken as time off, the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following the request, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

(g) If time off for overtime that has been worked is not taken within the period of 6 months mentioned in paragraph (e), the employer must pay the employee for
the overtime, in the next pay period following those 6 months, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

(h) The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 24.6 as an employee record.

(i) An employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee in relation to a decision by the employee to make, or not make, an agreement to take time off instead of payment for overtime.

(j) An employee may, under section 65 of the Act, request to take time off, at a time or times specified in the request or to be subsequently agreed by the employer and the employee, instead of being paid for overtime worked by the employee. If the employer agrees to the request then clause 24.6 will apply, including the requirement for separate written agreements under paragraph (b) for overtime that has been worked.

Note: If an employee makes a request under section 65 of the Act for a change in working arrangements, the employer may only refuse that request on reasonable business grounds (see section 65(5) of the Act).

(k) If, on the termination of the employee’s employment, time off for overtime worked by the employee to which clause 24.6 applies has not been taken, the employer must pay the employee for the overtime at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

Note: Under section 345(1) of the Act, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 24.6.

24.7 Recall to work overtime

[24.8 renumbered as 24.7 by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12]

(a) An employee who is recalled to work overtime during an off duty period and which is not continuous with the next succeeding rostered period of duty will be paid for a minimum of three hours’ work at the appropriate overtime rate.

(b) Clause 24.7 will not apply:

(i) in cases where it is customary for an employee to return to the employer’s premises for periods not exceeding 30 minutes each to perform a specific job outside their ordinary working hours in which case the employee will be paid for a minimum of one hour’s work at the appropriate rate for each time the employee is so recalled; or

(ii) where the overtime is continuous (subject to a reasonable meal break) with the commencement of ordinary working time.

[24.9 renumbered as 24.8 by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12]

24.8 In the event of an employee finishing any period of overtime at a time when reasonable means of transport are not available for the employee to return to their
place of residence, the employer will provide adequate transport free of cost to the employee.

25. **Shiftwork**

25.1 Where the ordinary rostered hours of work of an employee finish between 7.00 pm and 7.00 am or commence between 7.00 pm and 7.00 am, the employee will be paid an additional loading of 15% of their ordinary rate of pay.

25.2 Where a shiftworker is required to work ordinary hours continuously for a period exceeding four weeks on a shift wholly within the hours of 7.00 pm and 7.00 am the employee will be paid with respect to that shift an additional 30% of the employee’s ordinary rate of pay for that shift.

25.3 A shiftworker will be paid the rate of 50% additional to the ordinary rate of pay for all rostered time of ordinary duty performed on a Saturday.

25.4 A shiftworker will be paid at the rate of 100% additional to the ordinary rate of pay for all rostered time of ordinary duty performed on a Sunday.

25.5 **Ordinary rate** will not include any percentage addition by reason of the fact that an employee is a casual employee. That is the shift penalty is calculated upon the ordinary rate, prior to the addition of the 25% casual loading.

25.6 The whole of a shift will be deemed to be worked on the day on which the shift commenced.

25A. **Requests for flexible working arrangements**

[25A inserted by PR701518 ppc 01Dec18]

25A.1 **Employee may request change in working arrangements**

Clause 25A applies where an employee has made a request for a change in working arrangements under s.65 of the Act.

Note 1: Section 65 of the Act provides for certain employees to request a change in their working arrangements because of their circumstances, as set out in s.65(1A).

Note 2: An employer may only refuse a s.65 request for a change in working arrangements on ‘reasonable business grounds’ (see s.65(5) and (5A)).

Note 3: Clause 25A is an addition to s.65.

25A.2 **Responding to the request**

Before responding to a request made under s.65, the employer must discuss the request with the employee and genuinely try to reach agreement on a change in working arrangements that will reasonably accommodate the employee’s circumstances having regard to:
(a) the needs of the employee arising from their circumstances;

(b) the consequences for the employee if changes in working arrangements are not made; and

(c) any reasonable business grounds for refusing the request.

Note 1: The employer must give the employee a written response to an employee’s s.65 request within 21 days, stating whether the employer grants or refuses the request (s.65(4)).

Note 2: If the employer refuses the request, the written response must include details of the reasons for the refusal (s.65(6)).

25A.3 What the written response must include if the employer refuses the request

Clause 25A.3 applies if the employer refuses the request and has not reached an agreement with the employee under clause 25A.2.

(a) The written response under s.65(4) must include details of the reasons for the refusal, including the business ground or grounds for the refusal and how the ground or grounds apply.

(b) If the employer and employee could not agree on a change in working arrangements under clause 25A.2, the written response under s.65(4) must:

(i) state whether or not there are any changes in working arrangements that the employer can offer the employee so as to better accommodate the employee’s circumstances; and

(ii) if the employer can offer the employee such changes in working arrangements, set out those changes in working arrangements.

25A.4 What the written response must include if a different change in working arrangements is agreed

If the employer and the employee reached an agreement under clause 25A.2 on a change in working arrangements that differs from that initially requested by the employee, the employer must provide the employee with a written response to their request setting out the agreed change(s) in working arrangements.

25A.5 Dispute resolution

Disputes about whether the employer has discussed the request with the employee and responded to the request in the way required by clause 25A, can be dealt with under clause 9—Dispute resolution.
Part 6—Leave and Public Holidays

26. **Annual leave**

[Varied by PR582951]

26.1 **Leave entitlement**

(a) Annual leave is provided for in the NES. This clause contains additional provisions. It does not apply to casual employees.

(b) For the purpose of the NES a shiftworker is defined as an employee who is regularly rostered to work ordinary shifts on Sundays and public holidays (that is, not less than 10 in any 12 month period).

26.2 **Annual leave loading**

(a) In addition to their ordinary pay, an employee, other than a shiftworker, will be paid an annual leave loading of 17.5% of their ordinary rate of pay.

(b) Shiftworkers, in addition to their ordinary pay, will be paid the higher of:

(i) an annual leave loading of 17.5% of their ordinary rate of pay; or

(ii) the weekend and shift penalties the employee would have received had they not been on leave during the relevant period.

26.3 **Close-down**

[26.3 renamed and substituted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul16]

An employer may require an employee to take annual leave as part of a close-down of its operations by giving at least four weeks’ notice.

26.4 **Public holidays falling during annual leave**

Annual leave will be exclusive of any public holidays prescribed in the NES or clause 29—Public holidays of this award.

26.5 **Annual leave in advance**

[26.5 inserted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul16]

(a) An employer and employee may agree in writing to the employee taking a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave.

(b) An agreement must:

(i) state the amount of leave to be taken in advance and the date on which the leave is to commence; and

(ii) be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.
Note: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 26.5 is set out at Schedule F. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule F.

(c) The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 26.5 as an employee record.

(d) If, on the termination of the employee’s employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken in accordance with an agreement under clause 26.5, the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.

26.6 Cashing out of annual leave

[26.6 inserted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul16]

(a) Paid annual leave must not be cashed out except in accordance with an agreement under clause 26.6.

(b) Each cashing out of a particular amount of paid annual leave must be the subject of a separate agreement under clause 26.6.

(c) An employer and an employee may agree in writing to the cashing out of a particular amount of accrued paid annual leave by the employee.

(d) An agreement under clause 26.6 must state:

(i) the amount of leave to be cashed out and the payment to be made to the employee for it; and

(ii) the date on which the payment is to be made.

(e) An agreement under clause 26.6 must be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.

(f) The payment must not be less than the amount that would have been payable had the employee taken the leave at the time the payment is made.

(g) An agreement must not result in the employee’s remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 4 weeks.

(h) The maximum amount of accrued paid annual leave that may be cashed out in any period of 12 months is 2 weeks.

(i) The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 26.6 as an employee record.

Note 1: Under section 344 of the Fair Work Act, an employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee to make, or not make, an agreement under clause 26.6.
Note 2: Under section 345(1) of the Fair Work Act, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 26.6.

Note 3: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 26.6 is set out at Schedule G. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule G.

26.7 Excessive leave accruals: general provision

[26.7 inserted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul16]

Note: Clauses 26.7 to 26.9 contain provisions, additional to the National Employment Standards, about the taking of paid annual leave as a way of dealing with the accrual of excessive paid annual leave. See Part 2.2, Division 6 of the Fair Work Act.

(a) An employee has an excessive leave accrual if the employee has accrued more than 8 weeks’ paid annual leave (or 10 weeks’ paid annual leave for a shiftworker, as defined by clause 26.1(b)).

(b) If an employee has an excessive leave accrual, the employer or the employee may seek to confer with the other and genuinely try to reach agreement on how to reduce or eliminate the excessive leave accrual.

(c) Clause 26.8 sets out how an employer may direct an employee who has an excessive leave accrual to take paid annual leave.

(d) Clause 26.9 sets out how an employee who has an excessive leave accrual may require an employer to grant paid annual leave requested by the employee.

26.8 Excessive leave accruals: direction by employer that leave be taken

[26.8 inserted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul16]

(a) If an employer has genuinely tried to reach agreement with an employee under clause 26.7(b) but agreement is not reached (including because the employee refuses to confer), the employer may direct the employee in writing to take one or more periods of paid annual leave.

(b) However, a direction by the employer under paragraph (a):

(i) is of no effect if it would result at any time in the employee’s remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 6 weeks when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 26.7, 26.8 or 26.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account; and

(ii) must not require the employee to take any period of paid annual leave of less than one week; and
(iii) must not require the employee to take a period of paid annual leave beginning less than 8 weeks, or more than 12 months, after the direction is given; and

(iv) must not be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed by the employer and employee.

(c) The employee must take paid annual leave in accordance with a direction under paragraph (a) that is in effect.

(d) An employee to whom a direction has been given under paragraph (a) may request to take a period of paid annual leave as if the direction had not been given.

Note 1: Paid annual leave arising from a request mentioned in paragraph (d) may result in the direction ceasing to have effect. See clause 26.8(b)(i).

Note 2: Under section 88(2) of the Fair Work Act, the employer must not unreasonably refuse to agree to a request by the employee to take paid annual leave.

26.9 Excessive leave accruals: request by employee for leave

[26.9 inserted by PR582951; substituted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul17]

(a) If an employee has genuinely tried to reach agreement with an employer under clause 26.7(b) but agreement is not reached (including because the employer refuses to confer), the employee may give a written notice to the employer requesting to take one or more periods of paid annual leave.

(b) However, an employee may only give a notice to the employer under paragraph (a) if:

(i) the employee has had an excessive leave accrual for more than 6 months at the time of giving the notice; and

(ii) the employee has not been given a direction under clause 26.8(a) that, when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 26.7, 26.8 or 26.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account, would eliminate the employee’s excessive leave accrual.

(c) A notice given by an employee under paragraph (a) must not:

(i) if granted, result in the employee’s remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being at any time less than 6 weeks when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 26.7, 26.8 or 26.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account; or

(ii) provide for the employee to take any period of paid annual leave of less than one week; or
(iii) provide for the employee to take a period of paid annual leave beginning less than 8 weeks, or more than 12 months, after the notice is given; or

(iv) be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed by the employer and employee.

(d) An employee is not entitled to request by a notice under paragraph (a) more than 4 weeks’ paid annual leave (or 5 weeks’ paid annual leave for a shiftworker, as defined by clause 26.1(b)) in any period of 12 months.

(e) The employer must grant paid annual leave requested by a notice under paragraph (a).

27. **Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave**

Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave are provided for in the NES.

28. **Community service leave**

Community service leave is provided for in the NES.

29. **Public holidays**

29.1 Public holidays are provided for in the NES.

29.2 **Substitution**

(a) By agreement between the employer and the majority of employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned, an alternative day may be taken as the public holiday instead of any of the prescribed days.

(b) An employer and an individual employee may agree to the employee taking another day as the public holiday instead of the day which is being observed as the public holiday in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned.

29.3 **Payment for working on a public holiday**

Any employee required to work on a public holiday will be compensated as follows:

(a) payment at the rate of double time and a half for all time worked; or

(b) payment at the rate of time and a half, plus one day off at the ordinary time rate, that is, an hour for each hour worked.
30. **Ceremonial leave**

[30 substituted by PR529173 ppc 27Sep12]

An employee who is legitimately required by indigenous tradition to be absent from work for Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander ceremonial purposes will be entitled to up to 10 working days unpaid leave in any one year, with the approval of the employer.

31. **Leave to deal with Family and Domestic Violence**

[31 inserted by PR609449 ppc 01Aug18]

31.1 This clause applies to all employees, including casuals.

31.2 **Definitions**

(a) In this clause:

*family and domestic violence* means violent, threatening or other abusive behaviour by a family member of an employee that seeks to coerce or control the employee and that causes them harm or to be fearful.

*family member* means:

(i) a spouse, de facto partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee; or

(ii) a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the employee; or

(iii) a person related to the employee according to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander kinship rules.

(b) A reference to a spouse or de facto partner in the definition of family member in clause 31.2(a) includes a former spouse or de facto partner.

31.3 **Entitlement to unpaid leave**

An employee is entitled to 5 days’ unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence, as follows:

(a) the leave is available in full at the start of each 12 month period of the employee’s employment; and

(b) the leave does not accumulate from year to year; and

(c) is available in full to part-time and casual employees.

Note: 1. A period of leave to deal with family and domestic violence may be less than a day by agreement between the employee and the employer.

2. The employer and employee may agree that the employee may take more than 5 days’ unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence.
31.4 Taking unpaid leave

An employee may take unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence if the employee:

(a) is experiencing family and domestic violence; and

(b) needs to do something to deal with the impact of the family and domestic violence and it is impractical for the employee to do that thing outside their ordinary hours of work.

Note: The reasons for which an employee may take leave include making arrangements for their safety or the safety of a family member (including relocation), attending urgent court hearings, or accessing police services.

31.5 Service and continuity

The time an employee is on unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence does not count as service but does not break the employee’s continuity of service.

31.6 Notice and evidence requirements

(a) Notice

An employee must give their employer notice of the taking of leave by the employee under clause 31. The notice:

(i) must be given to the employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the leave has started); and

(ii) must advise the employer of the period, or expected period, of the leave.

(b) Evidence

An employee who has given their employer notice of the taking of leave under clause 31 must, if required by the employer, give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that the leave is taken for the purpose specified in clause 31.4.

Note: Depending on the circumstances such evidence may include a document issued by the police service, a court or a family violence support service, or a statutory declaration.

31.7 Confidentiality

(a) Employers must take steps to ensure information concerning any notice an employee has given, or evidence an employee has provided under clause 31.6 is treated confidentially, as far as it is reasonably practicable to do so.

(b) Nothing in clause 31 prevents an employer from disclosing information provided by an employee if the disclosure is required by an Australian law or is necessary to protect the life, health or safety of the employee or another person.
Note: Information concerning an employee’s experience of family and domestic violence is sensitive and if mishandled can have adverse consequences for the employee. Employers should consult with such employees regarding the handling of this information.

31.8 Compliance

An employee is not entitled to take leave under clause 31 unless the employee complies with clause 31.
Schedule A—Transitional Provisions

[Varied by PR503658]

A.1 General

A.1.1 The provisions of this schedule deal with minimum obligations only.

A.1.2 The provisions of this schedule are to be applied:

(a) when there is a difference, in money or percentage terms, between a provision in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument (including the transitional default casual loading) or award-based transitional instrument on the one hand and an equivalent provision in this award on the other;

(b) when a loading or penalty in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument has no equivalent provision in this award;

(c) when a loading or penalty in this award has no equivalent provision in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument; or

(d) when there is a loading or penalty in this award but there is no relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument.

A.2 Minimum wages – existing minimum wage lower

A.2.1 The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:

(a) was obliged,

(b) but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or

(c) if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by a transitional minimum wage instrument and/or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a minimum wage lower than that in this award for any classification of employee.

A.2.2 In this clause minimum wage includes:

(a) a minimum wage for a junior employee, an employee to whom training arrangements apply and an employee with a disability;

(b) a piecework rate; and

(c) any applicable industry allowance.
A.2.3 Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument and/or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.

A.2.4 The difference between the minimum wage for the classification in this award and the minimum wage in clause A.2.3 is referred to as the transitional amount.

A.2.5 From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage for the classification in this award minus the specified proportion of the transitional amount:

**First full pay period on or after**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 July 2010</td>
<td>80%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1 July 2011</td>
<td>60%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1 July 2012</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 July 2013</td>
<td>20%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

A.2.6 The employer must apply any increase in minimum wages in this award resulting from an annual wage review.

A.2.7 These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

A.3 Minimum wages – existing minimum wage higher

A.3.1 The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:

(a) was obliged,

(b) but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or

(c) if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by a transitional minimum wage instrument and/or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a minimum wage higher than that in this award for any classification of employee.

A.3.2 In this clause minimum wage includes:

(a) a minimum wage for a junior employee, an employee to whom training arrangements apply and an employee with a disability;

(b) a piecework rate; and

(c) any applicable industry allowance.

A.3.3 Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument and/or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.
A.3.4 The difference between the minimum wage for the classification in this award and the minimum wage in clause A.3.3 is referred to as the transitional amount.

A.3.5 From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage for the classification in this award plus the specified proportion of the transitional amount:

**First full pay period on or after**

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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Proportion</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 July 2010</td>
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<td>1 July 2012</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 July 2013</td>
<td>20%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

A.3.6 The employer must apply any increase in minimum wages in this award resulting from an annual wage review. If the transitional amount is equal to or less than any increase in minimum wages resulting from the 2010 annual wage review the transitional amount is to be set off against the increase and the other provisions of this clause will not apply.

A.3.7 These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

A.4 **Loadings and penalty rates**

For the purposes of this schedule loading or penalty means a:

- casual or part-time loading;
- Saturday, Sunday, public holiday, evening or other penalty;
- shift allowance/penalty.

A.5 **Loadings and penalty rates – existing loading or penalty rate lower**

A.5.1 The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:

(a) was obliged,

(b) but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or

(c) if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by the terms of a transitional minimum wage instrument or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a particular loading or penalty at a lower rate than the equivalent loading or penalty in this award for any classification of employee.
A.5.2 Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.

A.5.3 The difference between the loading or penalty in this award and the rate in clause A.5.2 is referred to as the transitional percentage.

A.5.4 From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in this award minus the specified proportion of the transitional percentage:

**First full pay period on or after**

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<th>Date</th>
<th>Proportion</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 July 2010</td>
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<td>40%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1 July 2013</td>
<td>20%</td>
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</table>

A.5.5 These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

A.6 **Loadings and penalty rates – existing loading or penalty rate higher**

A.6.1 The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:

(a) was obliged,

(b) but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or

(c) if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by the terms of a transitional minimum wage instrument or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a particular loading or penalty at a higher rate than the equivalent loading or penalty in this award, or to pay a particular loading or penalty and there is no equivalent loading or penalty in this award, for any classification of employee.

A.6.2 Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument.

A.6.3 The difference between the loading or penalty in this award and the rate in clause A.6.2 is referred to as the transitional percentage. Where there is no equivalent loading or penalty in this award, the transitional percentage is the rate in A.6.2.
A.6.4 From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in this award plus the specified proportion of the transitional percentage:

**First full pay period on or after**

- 1 July 2010: 80%
- 1 July 2011: 60%
- 1 July 2012: 40%
- 1 July 2013: 20%

A.6.5 These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

A.7 **Loadings and penalty rates – no existing loading or penalty rate**

A.7.1 The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer not covered by clause A.5 or A.6 in relation to a particular loading or penalty in this award.

A.7.2 Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer need not pay the loading or penalty in this award.

A.7.3 From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the following percentage of the loading or penalty in this award:

**First full pay period on or after**

- 1 July 2010: 20%
- 1 July 2011: 40%
- 1 July 2012: 60%
- 1 July 2013: 80%

A.7.4 These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

A.8 **Former Division 2B employers**

[A.8 inserted by PR503658 ppc 01Jan11]

A.8.1 This clause applies to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2011, was covered by a Division 2B State award.

A.8.2 All of the terms of a Division 2B State award applying to a Division 2B employer are continued in effect until the end of the full pay period commencing before 1 February 2011.

A.8.3 Subject to this clause, from the first full pay period commencing on or after 1 February 2011 a Division 2B employer must pay no less than the minimum wages, loadings and penalty rates which it would be required to pay under this Schedule if it had been a national system employer immediately prior to 1 January 2010.

A.8.4 Despite clause A.8.3, where a minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in a Division 2B State award immediately prior to 1 February 2011 was lower than the
corresponding minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award, nothing in this Schedule requires a Division 2B employer to pay more than the minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award.

A.8.5 Despite clause A.8.3, where a minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in a Division 2B State award immediately prior to 1 February 2011 was higher than the corresponding minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award, nothing in this Schedule requires a Division 2B employer to pay less than the minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award.

A.8.6 In relation to a Division 2B employer this Schedule commences to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 January 2011 and ceases to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.
Schedule B—Classification Definitions

[Varied by PR993191]

B.1 Aboriginal Health Workers

B.1.1 Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 1 / Aboriginal Community Health Worker Grade 1 means an employee in their first year of service who will generally have no direct experience in the provision of Aboriginal health services.

They will provide primary health services education and liaison duties under the direct supervision of an Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 2, 3 or 4.

B.1.2 Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 2 / Aboriginal Community Health Worker Grade 2 means:

(a) a person who has completed Certificate III in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care or equivalent, or the required Aboriginal Community Health Worker qualification;

(b) a person with other qualifications or experience deemed equivalent by an Aboriginal community controlled health service; or

(c) an Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 1 who has been promoted to Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 2 after having been assessed by their employer as having the requisite competence. It would be expected that in all but exceptional circumstances such a person would have had a minimum of one year’s experience at Grade 1.

(d) An Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 2 is expected to provide a range of health functions of a clinical, preventative, rehabilitative or promotional nature under the general direction of other staff of the Aboriginal community controlled health service.

(e) Duties include, under the direct supervision of an Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 3 or 4:

(i) assist in the provision of comprehensive primary health care and education of clients, in conjunction with other members of the health care team;

(ii) under instruction assist in the provision of standard medical treatments in accordance with established medical protocols;

(iii) collect and record data from clients which will assist in the diagnosis and management of common medical problems and medical emergencies;

(iv) in line with policies and programs established by the health team, participate in educating and informing the community about preventative health measures; and
(v) undertake orientation and training programs as available.

(f) An Aboriginal Health Worker or Aboriginal Community Health Worker required by State or Territory legislation to maintain registration as a condition of their employment who holds a Certificate III in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care or equivalent or the required qualification for an Aboriginal Community Health Worker will be classified as no less than a Grade 2 Level 2 Aboriginal Health Worker/Aboriginal Community Health Worker.

It is desirable that staff at this grade should have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

[B.1.3 substituted by PR993191 ppc 04Feb10]

B.1.3 An Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 3 is:

(a) A Senior Aboriginal Health Worker, a person who independently undertakes a full range of duties, including dealing with the most complex matters. A Senior AHW would hold either Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Practice) or Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Community) or equivalent. Workers will be expected to perform their duties with little supervision, and may be required to work as a sole practitioner remote from the health service; or

(b) An Aboriginal Health Worker—Team Leader, a person who heads a small team of Aboriginal Health Workers. Workers at this level will be required to hold expert knowledge of Aboriginal health issues, as well as assisting with the planning and supervision of other workers’ duties. An Aboriginal Health Worker—Team Leader would hold either Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Practice) or Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Community) or equivalent; or

(c) An Aboriginal Health Worker who holds a Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Practice) or Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Community) or equivalent.

(Note: An Aboriginal Health Worker required by State or Territory legislation to maintain registration as a condition of their employment and who holds a Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Practice) or Certificate IV in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Community) or equivalent must be classified as no less than a Grade 3 Level 2 Aboriginal Health Worker).

It is desirable that employees at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.
B.1.4 **Aboriginal Health Worker Grade 4** means:

(a) A person who performs a senior co-ordinating role in respect of Aboriginal Health Workers within an Aboriginal community controlled health service. An Aboriginal Health Worker with either a Diploma of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Practice) or Diploma of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Community) or other qualifications or experience deemed equivalent by the Aboriginal community controlled health service will be classified at this grade.

(b) An Aboriginal Health Worker required by State or Territory legislation to maintain registration as a condition of their employment who holds a either Diploma of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Practice) or Diploma of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Primary Health Care (Community) or equivalent will be classified as no less than a Grade 4 Level 2 Aboriginal Health Worker and their classification descriptor will be Aboriginal Health Worker Practitioner Grade 4 Level 2.

It is desirable that staff at this grade should have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 2.

### B.2 Administrative

#### B.2.1 Grade 1

(a) This is the base of the administrative classification structure. There are no prescribed educational qualifications required.

(b) Positions at this level work under close direction and initially require the application of basic skills and routines such as providing receptionist services, straight-forward operation of keyboard equipment, filing, photocopying, collating, collecting and distributing, carrying out routine checks by simple comparisons, simple coding, maintaining basic records, mail procedures, obtaining or providing information about straight-forward matters and routine user maintenance of office equipment.

(c) The work may involve a combination of the activities outlined above including keyboard, clerical and other duties. Keyboard tasks usually involve the straight-forward operation of keyboard equipment but may include the keying of data containing specialised or unusual technical terms or complicated tables or diagrams which demand considerable judgment about layout, and the manipulation and interpretation of data before and during entry.

(d) Initially work is performed under close direction using established routines, methods and procedures and there is little scope for deviating from these. Tasks should be mixed to provide a range of work experience; some may be of a routine operational nature. Problems can usually be solved by reference to straight-forward methods, procedures and instructions. Assistance is available if required when problems arise.
(e) Staff undertaking work at this grade would normally become competent in individual tasks after a limited period of training or experience.

(f) The work performed may be routine in nature but some knowledge and application of specific procedures, instructions, regulations or other requirements relating to general administration (e.g. personnel or finance operations) and to specific departmental programs or activities may be required.

(g) Staff at this grade may assist senior members of staff in the task being undertaken by them. Work may include drafting basic material for inclusion in reports and submissions, including form or routine letters and checking applications for benefits or grants.

B.2.2 Grade 2

(a) This level encompasses a range of work which requires routine experience or the application of skills derived from work of a similar nature and a general knowledge of the work to be performed. This is the first level which may include a supervisory role. Staff may be required to follow and interpret rules, regulations, guidelines, instructions and procedures, and be capable of undertaking a range of duties requiring judgment, liaison and communication within the health service, with clients of the health service and with other interested parties.

(b) Positions at this grade usually work under general direction and the work is subject to regular checks. Detailed instructions are not necessary and there is scope for staff to exercise initiative in applying established work practices and procedures.

(c) The solution of problems may require the exercise of limited judgment, though guidance would be available in guidelines, procedures, regulations and instructions. The understanding of the information should allow decisions or policies relating to specific circumstances to be explained. Liaison within the health service, with clients of the health service, or with other interested parties may be necessary.

(d) This is the first grade of which formal delegations may be found within the operations of the work area (e.g. approval of annual, personal and carer’s leave and examination of accounts).

(e) Secretarial/administrative support positions may be included in this grade where this is warranted, having regard to:

(i) the range of knowledge and skills required;

(ii) the degree of independence and responsibility assumed in undertaking tasks; and

(iii) the degree of direction given by the supervisor.
(f) Positions where there is a frequently recurring need to take and transcribe verbatim the proceedings of conferences or deputations are included in this grade.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.2.3 Grade 3

(a) Positions at this grade usually work under general direction and require relevant experience combined with a broad knowledge of the functions and activities of the health service and a sound knowledge of the major activity performed within the work area. Positions with supervisory responsibilities may undertake some complex operation work and may assist with, or review, work undertaken by subordinates or team members.

(b) Positions with supervisory responsibilities may include a degree of planning and coordination and tasks such as monitoring staff attendance and work flow.

(c) Problems faced may be complex yet broadly similar to past problems. Solutions generally can be found in rules, regulations, guidelines, procedures and instructions though these may require some interpretation and application of judgment. There is scope for the exercise of initiative in application of established work practices and procedures.

(d) Positions at this grade may exercise delegations. Decisions made may have an impact on the relevant health service (e.g. on financial resources), but are normally of a limited procedural or administrative importance.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.2.4 Grade 4

(a) Positions at this grade usually work under general direction within clear guidelines and established work practices and priorities, in functions which require the application of knowledge, skills and techniques appropriate to the work area. Work at this grade requires a sound knowledge of program, activity, policy or service aspects of the work performed within a functional element, or a number of work areas. The Grade 4 position is the first grade where technical or professional qualifications may be required or desirable.

(b) Work is usually performed under general direction and may cover a range of tasks associated with program activity or administrative support to senior officers. Tasks may include providing administrative support to staff within technical or professional structures. This may include the collection and analysis of data and information and the preparation of reports, publications, papers and submissions including findings and recommendations.

(c) Positions at this level may have supervisory responsibilities over staff operating a wide range of equipment or undertaking a variety of tasks in the area of responsibility.
It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

**B.2.5 Grade 5**

(a) Positions at this level work under general direction in relation to established priorities, task methodology and work practices to achieve results in line with the corporate goals of the health service.

(b) Positions at this grade may, under general direction of work priorities, undertake the preparation of preliminary papers, draft complex correspondence for senior officers, undertake tasks of a specialist or detailed nature, assist in the preparation of procedural guidelines, provide information or interpretation to other interested parties, exercise specific process responsibilities and oversee and co-ordinate the work of subordinate staff.

(c) Work may involve specialist subject matter of a professional or technical project, procedural or processing nature, or a combination of these functions.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

**B.2.6 Grade 6**

(a) Positions at this grade may manage the operations of an organisational element usually under limited direction. Positions at this grade undertake various functions, under a wide range of conditions to achieve a result in line with the goals of the health service. Immediate subordinate positions may include staff in a technical or professional structure, in which case supervision may involve the exercising of technical or professional skills or judgment.

(b) Positions at this grade are found in a variety of operating environments and structural arrangements. The primary areas may be:

(i) Managing the operations of a discrete organisational element usually under limited direction;

(ii) Under limited direction in relation to priorities and work practices provide administrative support to a particular program or activity; or

(iii) Providing subject matter, expertise or policy advice, to senior employees, the Chief Executive Officer, or the Board of Management including technical or professional advice, across a range of programs or activities undertaken by the health service.

(c) Positions at this grade would be expected to set and achieve priorities, monitor work flow and/or manage staffing resources to meet objectives.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 2.
B.2.7 Grade 7

(a) Positions at this grade, under limited direction, usually manage the operations of an organisational element, or undertake a management function, or provide administrative, technical, or professional support to a particular program or activity, across a range of administrative or operational tasks to achieve a result in line with the goals of the health service.

(b) Positions at this grade may undertake a management function involved in the administration of a program or activity within an organisation. This includes the provision of advice or undertaking tasks related to the management or administration of a program or activity, service delivery or corporate support function, including project work, policy, technical, professional or program issues or administrative matters. Liaison with other elements of the organisation, government agencies, state and local authorities and community organisations can be a feature.

(c) Positions at this grade may represent the health service at meetings, conferences and seminars. In some circumstances the supervisor or subordinates may be, or include staff in technical or professional structures, in which case supervision is for administrative purposes only. In all other circumstances, supervision may involve the exercise of technical or professional skill or judgment.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 2.

B.2.8 Grade 8

Positions at this grade will be the Chief Executive Officer of an Aboriginal community controlled health service other than those classified at Grade 7 who reports to and is responsible for the administration of the health service to the Board of Management and to whom heads of programs or activities within the health service report and are responsible.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 3.

B.3 Dental

B.3.1 Dental Assistant Grade 1

Employees at this grade will have no prior experience as a dental assistant. Appointment to this level will be for a period of three months after which the employee will progress to the appropriate level. While employed at this grade employees will:

(a) work under direct supervision;

(b) gain familiarisation with a range of basic dental and/or clerical tasks; and

(c) gain familiarisation with the employer’s policies including health and safety.
B.3.2 Dental Assistant Grade 2 means an employee who has obtained the skills required of a Dental Assistant Grade 1 who performs solely dental assistant duties and has no formal qualifications.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.3.3 Dental Assistant Grade 3 means:

(a) a person who has completed a dental assistant qualification performing solely dental assistant duties;

(b) an unqualified Dental Assistant performing a combination of duties including routine clerical, reception duties and dental assistant duties; or

(c) an unqualified Dental Assistant performing solely Dental Assistant duties who has 12 months’ experience at Grade 2.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.3.4 Dental Assistant Grade 4 means:

(a) An unqualified Dental Assistant performing solely dental assistant duties who has 12 months’ experience at Grade 3 and has demonstrated competence in the following areas:

(i) knowledge of dental equipment;

(ii) sterilisation techniques with attention to infection control;

(iii) basic understanding of techniques and procedures;

(iv) understanding of the set-up prior to procedures; or

(b) an unqualified Dental Assistant performing a combination of dental assistant, clerical and reception duties who has 12 months’ experience at Grade 3;

(c) a qualified Dental Assistant performing solely dental assistant duties who has 12 months’ experience at Grade 3; or

(d) a qualified Dental Assistant performing a combination of dental assistant, clerical and reception duties.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.3.5 Dental Assistant Grade 5 means:

(a) an unqualified Dental Assistant performing a combination of dental assistant, clerical and reception duties who has 12 months’ experience at Grade 4;

(b) a qualified Dental Assistant performing solely dental assistant duties who has 12 months’ experience at Grade 4; or
(c) a qualified Dental Assistant performing a combination of dental assistant, clerical and reception duties who has 12 months’ experience at Grade 4.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.3.6 Dental Therapist Grade 1 works under the professional supervision of a higher grade professional officer as to method of approach and requirements and is a professional practitioner who performs normal professional work and exercises individual knowledge, skills, professional judgment and initiative in the application of professional principles, techniques and methods.

(a) This grade is the professional formation phase of a professional officer. It includes new graduates generally lacking practical experience in the application of their professional knowledge.

(b) The work requires initiative and professional judgment. Since experience is limited, this level is normally expected to apply only established principles, techniques and methods in early postgraduate years. With professional development, it is expected that new techniques and methods will be learnt and applied to progressively more difficult problems.

(c) Initially work is subject to professional supervision. As experience is gained, the contribution and the level of professional judgment increases and professional supervision decreases, until a wide range of professional tasks is capable of being performed with little technical direction.

(d) When experienced, advice and guidance may be provided to less experienced professional staff. They are not required to provide general professional guidance but may be required to provide general supervision of and/or train technical and other non-professional staff.

(e) Staff may be required to develop and apply advanced techniques learnt during the undergraduate course or later; however, decisions to incorporate such new techniques into normal procedures would be taken at a higher level.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.3.7 Dental Therapist Grade 2 works as a professional practitioner, performs normal professional work under general professional guidance, and may perform novel, complex or critical professional work under professional supervision.

(a) Staff at this grade perform normal professional work of an organisational unit, or of a specialised professional field encompassed by the work of the unit, and accept technical responsibility for those tasks.

(b) Staff may also be expected to perform difficult or novel, complex or critical professional work where they are isolated from immediate professional supervision, for example, because of remoteness of the functional work area. Staff at this grade are expected to exercise independent professional judgment when required, particularly in recognising and solving problems and managing
cases where principles, procedures, techniques and methods require expansion, adaption or modification.

(c) Staff may carry out research under professional supervision and may be expected to contribute to advances in the techniques used.

(d) Work at this grade may include professional supervision of Dental Therapists Grade 1 together with general supervision over technical and other personnel. Dental Therapists at this level may also be required to guide Dental Therapists Grade 1 in the methods to be used, policies to be followed and standards to be observed with respect to the professional work performed by the organisational unit.

(e) Staff may provide an advisory role up to the level of expertise.

(f) Staff are required to understand industry problems if advice on interpretation of regulations or standards is required and to undertake associated liaison tasks.

It is desirable that staff at this grade have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.4 Ancillary

It is desirable that all ancillary staff have Aboriginal knowledge and cultural skills—level 1.

B.4.1 Cleaner means a person who performs tasks customarily performed by cleaners utilising a range of materials and equipment to clean a range of surfaces in order to restore or maintain buildings in a clean and hygienic condition.

B.4.2 Driver—Grade 1 means a person whose primary duties include undertaking a range of driving activities on behalf of the employer in a vehicle that has the capacity to carry between one and 15 passengers.

B.4.3 Driver—Grade 2 means a person whose primary duties include undertaking a range of driving activities on behalf of the employer in a vehicle that has the capacity to carry 16 or a greater number of passengers.

B.4.4 Caretaker means a person who is responsible for the supervision of an Aboriginal community controlled health service premises out of hours including opening and closing the premises before and after each day of business.
Schedule C—Supported Wage System

[C.1 varied by PR998748, PR510670, PR525068, PR537893, PR542235, PR551831, PR568050, PR581528, PR592689, PR606630]

C.1 This schedule defines the conditions which will apply to employees who because of the effects of a disability are eligible for a supported wage under the terms of this award.

[C.2 varied by PR568050 ppc 01Jul15]

C.2 In this schedule:

- **approved assessor** means a person accredited by the management unit established by the Commonwealth under the supported wage system to perform assessments of an individual’s productive capacity within the supported wage system

- **assessment instrument** means the tool provided for under the supported wage system that records the assessment of the productive capacity of the person to be employed under the supported wage system

- **disability support pension** means the Commonwealth pension scheme to provide income security for persons with a disability as provided under the *Social Security Act 1991* (Cth), as amended from time to time, or any successor to that scheme

- **relevant minimum wage** means the minimum wage prescribed in this award for the class of work for which an employee is engaged

- **supported wage system** (SWS) means the Commonwealth Government system to promote employment for people who cannot work at full award wages because of a disability, as documented in the Supported Wage System Handbook. The Handbook is available from the following website: [www.jobaccess.gov.au](http://www.jobaccess.gov.au)

- **SWS wage assessment agreement** means the document in the form required by the Department of Social Services that records the employee’s productive capacity and agreed wage rate

C.3 **Eligibility criteria**

C.3.1 Employees covered by this schedule will be those who are unable to perform the range of duties to the competence level required within the class of work for which the employee is engaged under this award, because of the effects of a disability on their productive capacity and who meet the impairment criteria for receipt of a disability support pension.

C.3.2 This schedule does not apply to any existing employee who has a claim against the employer which is subject to the provisions of workers compensation legislation or any provision of this award relating to the rehabilitation of employees who are injured in the course of their employment.
C.4  Supported wage rates

C.4.1 Employees to whom this schedule applies will be paid the applicable percentage of the relevant minimum wage according to the following schedule:

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[C.4.2 varied by PR998748, PR510670, PR525068, PR537893, PR551831, PR568050, PR58152, PR5926898, PR606630 ppc 01Jul18]

C.4.2 Provided that the minimum amount payable must be not less than $86 per week.

C.4.3 Where an employee’s assessed capacity is 10%, they must receive a high degree of assistance and support.

C.5  Assessment of capacity

C.5.1 For the purpose of establishing the percentage of the relevant minimum wage, the productive capacity of the employee will be assessed in accordance with the Supported Wage System by an approved assessor, having consulted the employer and employee and, if the employee so desires, a union which the employee is eligible to join.

C.5.2 All assessments made under this schedule must be documented in an SWS wage assessment agreement, and retained by the employer as a time and wages record in accordance with the Act.

C.6  Lodgement of SWS wage assessment agreement

[C.6.1 varied by PR542235 ppc 04Dec13]

C.6.1 All SWS wage assessment agreements under the conditions of this schedule, including the appropriate percentage of the relevant minimum wage to be paid to the employee, must be lodged by the employer with the Fair Work Commission.
C.6.2 All SWS wage assessment agreements must be agreed and signed by the employee and employer parties to the assessment. Where a union which has an interest in the award is not a party to the assessment, the assessment will be referred by the Fair Work Commission to the union by certified mail and the agreement will take effect unless an objection is notified to the Fair Work Commission within 10 working days.

C.7 Review of assessment

The assessment of the applicable percentage should be subject to annual or more frequent review on the basis of a reasonable request for such a review. The process of review must be in accordance with the procedures for assessing capacity under the supported wage system.

C.8 Other terms and conditions of employment

Where an assessment has been made, the applicable percentage will apply to the relevant minimum wage only. Employees covered by the provisions of this schedule will be entitled to the same terms and conditions of employment as other workers covered by this award on a pro rata basis.

C.9 Workplace adjustment

An employer wishing to employ a person under the provisions of this schedule must take reasonable steps to make changes in the workplace to enhance the employee’s capacity to do the job. Changes may involve re-design of job duties, working time arrangements and work organisation in consultation with other workers in the area.

C.10 Trial period

C.10.1 In order for an adequate assessment of the employee’s capacity to be made, an employer may employ a person under the provisions of this schedule for a trial period not exceeding 12 weeks, except that in some cases additional work adjustment time (not exceeding four weeks) may be needed.

C.10.2 During that trial period the assessment of capacity will be undertaken and the percentage of the relevant minimum wage for a continuing employment relationship will be determined.

C.10.3 The minimum amount payable to the employee during the trial period must be no less than $86 per week.

C.10.4 Work trials should include induction or training as appropriate to the job being trialled.

C.10.5 Where the employer and employee wish to establish a continuing employment relationship following the completion of the trial period, a further contract of
employment will be entered into based on the outcome of assessment under clause C.5.
Schedule D—National Training Wage

[Varied by PR998015, PR509146, PR522977, PR536780, PR545787, PR551703, PR566795, PR579907; deleted by PR593883 ppc 01Ju17]
Schedule E—Part-day Public Holidays

[Sched E inserted by PR532630 ppc 23Nov12; renamed and varied by PR544519 ppc 21Nov13; renamed and varied by PR557581, PR573679, PR580863, PR598110, PR701683 ppc 21Nov18]

This schedule operates where this award otherwise contains provisions dealing with public holidays that supplement the NES.

E.1 Where a part-day public holiday is declared or prescribed between 7.00 pm and midnight on Christmas Eve (24 December in each year) or New Year’s Eve (31 December in each year) the following will apply on Christmas Eve and New Year’s Eve and will override any provision in this award relating to public holidays to the extent of the inconsistency:

(a) All employees will have the right to refuse to work on the part-day public holiday if the request to work is not reasonable or the refusal is reasonable as provided for in the NES.

(b) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight but as a result of exercising their right under the NES does not work, they will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours not worked.

(c) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight but as a result of being on annual leave does not work, they will be taken not to be on annual leave between those hours of 7.00 pm and midnight that they would have usually been rostered to work and will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours.

(d) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight, but as a result of having a rostered day off (RDO) provided under this award, does not work, the employee will be taken to be on a public holiday for such hours and paid their ordinary rate of pay for those hours.

(e) Excluding annualised salaried employees to whom clause E.1(f) applies, where an employee works any hours between 7.00 pm and midnight they will be entitled to the appropriate public holiday penalty rate (if any) in this award for those hours worked.

(f) Where an employee is paid an annualised salary under the provisions of this award and is entitled under this award to time off in lieu or additional annual leave for work on a public holiday, they will be entitled to time off in lieu or pro-rata annual leave equivalent to the time worked between 7.00 pm and midnight.
(g) An employee not rostered to work between 7.00 pm and midnight, other than an employee who has exercised their right in accordance with clause E.1(a), will not be entitled to another day off, another day’s pay or another day of annual leave as a result of the part-day public holiday.

This schedule is not intended to detract from or supplement the NES.
Schedule F—Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance

[Schedule F inserted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul16]

Link to PDF copy of Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance.

Name of employee: _____________________________________________

Name of employer: _____________________________________________

The employer and employee agree that the employee will take a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave:

The amount of leave to be taken in advance is: ____ hours/days

The leave in advance will commence on: ___/___/20___

Signature of employee: ________________________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___

Name of employer representative: _________________________________

Signature of employer representative: _____________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___

[If the employee is under 18 years of age - include:]

I agree that:

if, on termination of the employee’s employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken under this agreement, then the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.

Name of parent/guardian: _______________________________________

Signature of parent/guardian: _______________________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___
Schedule G—Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave

[Schedule G inserted by PR582951 ppc 29Jul16]

Name of employee: _____________________________________________

Name of employer: _____________________________________________

The employer and employee agree to the employee cashing out a particular amount of the employee’s accrued paid annual leave:

The amount of leave to be cashed out is: ____ hours/days

The payment to be made to the employee for the leave is: $_______ subject to deduction of income tax/after deduction of income tax (strike out where not applicable)

The payment will be made to the employee on: ___/___/20___

Signature of employee: ________________________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___

Name of employer representative: ________________________________

Signature of employer representative: ____________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___

Include if the employee is under 18 years of age:

Name of parent/guardian: _______________________________________

Signature of parent/guardian: _________________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___
Schedule H—Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime

[Sch H inserted by PR584065 ppc 22Aug16]

Link to PDF copy of Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime.

Name of employee: _____________________________________________

Name of employer: _____________________________________________

The employer and employee agree that the employee may take time off instead of being paid for the following amount of overtime that has been worked by the employee:

Date and time overtime started: ___/___/20___ ____ am/pm

Date and time overtime ended: ___/___/20___ ____ am/pm

Amount of overtime worked: _______ hours and ______ minutes

The employer and employee further agree that, if requested by the employee at any time, the employer must pay the employee for overtime covered by this agreement but not taken as time off. Payment must be made at the overtime rate applying to the overtime when worked and must be made in the next pay period following the request.

Signature of employee: ________________________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___

Name of employer representative: ______________________________________

Signature of employer representative: ______________________________________

Date signed: ___/___/20___