**Ports, Harbours and Enclosed Water Vessels Award 2010**

This Fair Work Commission consolidated modern award incorporates all amendments up to and including 24 March 2020 ([PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm)).

Clause(s) affected by the most recent variation(s):

4—Coverage

Current review matter(s): [AM2014/47](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am201447-annual-leave); [AM2014/190](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014190-transitional); [AM2014/196](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014196-part-time); [AM2014/197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014197-casual); [AM2014/241](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-and-agreements/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/award-stage/award-review-documents/MA000052?m=AM2014/241); [AM2014/300](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014300-award); [AM2014/301](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014301-public); [AM2015/1](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am20151-family-and); [AM2015/2](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-and-agreements/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/am20152-family-friendly-work-arrangemen-0); [AM2016/5](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-and-agreements/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/award-stage/award-review-documents/MA000052?m=AM2014/241); [AM2016/8](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am20168-payment-wages); [AM2016/15](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am201615-plain-language)

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1. Application and Operation
2. Title

This award is the *Ports, Harbours and Enclosed Water Vessels Award 2010*.

1. Commencement and transitional

[Varied by [PR991560](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR991560.htm), [PR542172](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542172.htm)]

* 1. This award commences on 1 January 2010.
	2. The monetary obligations imposed on employers by this award may be absorbed into overaward payments. Nothing in this award requires an employer to maintain or increase any overaward payment.
	3. This award contains transitional arrangements which specify when particular parts of the award come into effect. Some of the transitional arrangements are in clauses in the main part of the award. There are also transitional arrangements in Schedule A. The arrangements in Schedule A deal with:
* minimum wages and piecework rates;
* casual or part-time loadings;
* Saturday, Sunday, public holiday, evening or other penalties; and
* shift allowances/penalties.

[2.4 varied by [PR542172](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542172.htm) ppc 04Dec13]

* 1. Neither the making of this award nor the operation of any transitional arrangements is intended to result in a reduction in the take-home pay of employees covered by the award. On application by or on behalf of an employee who suffers a reduction in take-home pay as a result of the making of this award or the operation of any transitional arrangements, the Fair Work Commission may make any order it considers appropriate to remedy the situation.

[2.5 varied by [PR542172](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542172.htm) ppc 04Dec13]

* 1. The Fair Work Commission may review the transitional arrangements in this award and make a determination varying the award.

[2.6 varied by [PR542172](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542172.htm) ppc 04Dec13]

* 1. The Fair Work Commission may review the transitional arrangements:
		1. on its own initiative; or
		2. on application by an employer, employee, organisation or outworker entity covered by the modern award; or
		3. on application by an organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of one or more employers or employees that are covered by the modern award; or
		4. in relation to outworker arrangements, on application by an organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of one or more outworkers to whom the arrangements relate.
1. Definitions and interpretation

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), [PR997772](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997772.htm), [PR503671](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503671.htm), [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm), [PR598705](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598705.htm)]

* 1. In this award, unless the contrary intention appears:

**Act** means the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **agreement-based transitional instrument** inserted by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

**agreement-based transitional instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

**award-based transitional instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **default** **fund employee** inserted by [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**default** **fund employee** means an employee who has no chosen fund within the meaning of the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth)

[Definition of **defined benefit member** inserted by [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**d**e**fined benefit member** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth)

[Definition of **Division 2B State award** inserted by [PR503671](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503671.htm) ppc 01Jan11]

**Division 2B State award** has the meaning in Schedule 3A of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **Division 2B State employment agreement** inserted by [PR503671](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503671.htm) ppc 01Jan11]

**Division 2B State employment agreement** has the meaning in Schedule 3A of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **employee** substituted by [PR997772](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997772.htm) from 01Jan10]

**employee** means national system employee within the meaning of the Act

[Definition of **employer** substituted by [PR997772](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997772.htm) from 01Jan10]

**employer** means national system employer within the meaning of the Act

**enterprise** **award-based instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **exempt public sector superannuation scheme** inserted by [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**exempt public sector superannuation scheme** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth)

[Definition of **MySuper product** inserted by [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**MySuper product** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth)

**NES** means the National Employment Standards as contained in [sections 59 to 131](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf) of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **on-hire** inserted by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

**on-hire** means the on-hire of an employee by their employer to a client, where such employee works under the general guidance and instruction of the client or a representative of the client

**standard rate** means the minimum weekly rate for a General Purpose Hand in clause 13

[Definition of **transitional minimum wage instrument** inserted by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

**transitional minimum wage instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **wild catch fishing industry** inserted by [PR598705](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598705.htm) ppc 31Jan18]

**wild catch fishing industry** means the commercial operation of an employer to catch fish and other seafood that has grown to maturity in its natural environment. It does not include operations covered by the *Aquaculture Industry Award 2010*.

* 1. Where this award refers to a condition of employment provided for in the NES, the NES definition applies.
1. Coverage

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), [PR529165](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR529165.htm), [PR598705](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598705.htm), [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm)]

[4.1 varied by [PR529165](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR529165.htm), substituted by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. This award covers employers throughout Australia in respect of their operations in the ports, harbours and enclosed water vessels industry and their employees in the classifications listed in clause 13 to the exclusion of any other modern award.

[New 4.2 inserted by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. For the purpose of clause 4.1, **ports, harbours and enclosed water vessels industry** means the operation of vessels of any type wholly or substantially within a port, harbour or other body of water within the Australian coastline or at sea on activities not covered by the awards listed in clauses 4.3 and 4.4.

[New 4.3 inserted by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. This award does not cover employers or employees wholly or substantially covered by the following awards:
		1. the *Dredging Industry Award 2010*;
		2. the *Marine Tourism and Charter Vessels Award 2010*;
		3. the *Maritime Offshore Oil and Gas Award 2020*;
		4. the *Port Authorities Award 2010*; or
		5. the *Stevedoring Industry Award 2020*.

[New 4.4 inserted by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. This award does not cover employers in respect of their operations covered by the *Marine Towage Award 2010*.

[4.2 renumbered as 4.5 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. The award does not cover maintenance contractors covered by the following awards:
		1. the *Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010*; or
		2. the *Electrical, Electronic and Communications Contracting Award 2010*.

[4.3 renumbered as 4.6 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. The award does not cover employees of a local government covered by another award.

[4.4 renumbered as 4.7 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. The award does not cover an employee excluded from award coverage by the Act.

[4.5 renumbered as 4.8 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. The award does not cover employees who are covered by a modern enterprise award, or an enterprise instrument (within the meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees.

[New 4.6 and 4.7 inserted by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10; 4.6 renumbered as 4.9 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. The award does not cover employees who are covered by a State reference public sector modern award, or a State reference public sector transitional award (within the meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees.

[New 4.7 inserted by [PR598705](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598705.htm) ppc 31Jan18; 4.7 renumbered as 4.10 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. This award does not cover employees in the wild catch fishing industry (as defined in clause 3 of this award).

[4.7 renumbered as 4.8 by [PR598705](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598705.htm), 4.8 renumbered as 4.11 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. This award covers any employer which supplies labour on an on-hire basis in the industry set out in clause 4.1 in respect of on-hire employees in classifications covered by this award, and those on-hire employees, while engaged in the performance of work for a business in that industry. This subclause operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.

[4.6 renumbered as 4.8 by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), 4.8 renumbered as 4.9 by [PR598705](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598705.htm), 4.9 renumbered as 4.12 by [PR717597](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr717597.htm) ppc 01May20]

* 1. Where an employer is covered by more than one award, an employee of that employer is covered by the award classification which is most appropriate to the work performed by the employee and to the environment in which the employee normally performs the work.

NOTE: Where there is no classification for a particular employee in this award it is possible that the employer and that employee are covered by an award with occupational coverage.

1. Access to the award and the National Employment Standards

The employer must ensure that copies of this award and the NES are available to all employees to whom they apply either on a noticeboard which is conveniently located at or near the workplace or through electronic means, whichever makes them more accessible.

1. The National Employment Standards and this award

The [NES](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf) and this award contain the minimum conditions of employment for employees covered by this award.

1. Individual flexibility arrangements

[Varied by [PR542172](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542172.htm); 7—Award flexibility renamed and substituted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* 1. Despite anything else in this award, an employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of the terms of this award relating to any of the following in order to meet the genuine needs of both the employee and the employer:
		1. arrangements for when work is performed; or
		2. overtime rates; or
		3. penalty rates; or
		4. allowances; or
		5. annual leave loading.
	2. An agreement must be one that is genuinely made by the employer and the individual employee without coercion or duress.
	3. An agreement may only be made after the individual employee has commenced employment with the employer.
	4. An employer who wishes to initiate the making of an agreement must:
		1. give the employee a written proposal; and
		2. if the employer is aware that the employee has, or reasonably should be aware that the employee may have, limited understanding of written English, take reasonable steps (including providing a translation in an appropriate language) to ensure that the employee understands the proposal.
	5. An agreement must result in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made.
	6. An agreement must do all of the following:
		1. state the names of the employer and the employee; and
		2. identify the award term, or award terms, the application of which is to be varied; and
		3. set out how the application of the award term, or each award term, is varied; and
		4. set out how the agreement results in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made; and
		5. state the date the agreement is to start.
	7. An agreement must be:
		1. in writing; and
		2. signed by the employer and the employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.
	8. Except as provided in clause 7.7(b), an agreement must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the employee.
	9. The employer must keep the agreement as a time and wages record and give a copy to the employee.
	10. The employer and the employee must genuinely agree, without duress or coercion to any variation of an award provided for by an agreement.
	11. An agreement may be terminated:
		1. at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the employee; or
		2. by the employer or employee giving 13 weeks’ written notice to the other party (reduced to 4 weeks if the agreement was entered into before the first full pay period starting on or after 4 December 2013).

Note: If an employer and employee agree to an arrangement that purports to be an individual flexibility arrangement under this award term and the arrangement does not meet a requirement set out in s.144 then the employee or the employer may terminate the arrangement by giving written notice of not more than 28 days (see s.145 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028)).

* 1. An agreement terminated as mentioned in clause 7.11(b) ceases to have effect at the end of the period of notice required under that clause.
	2. The right to make an agreement under clause 7 is additional to, and does not affect, any other term of this award that provides for an agreement between an employer and an individual employee.
1. Consultation and Dispute Resolution
2. Consultation about major workplace change

[8—Consultation regarding major workplace change renamed and substituted by [PR546288](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr546288.htm), 8—Consultation renamed and substituted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* 1. If an employer makes a definite decision to make major changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer must:
		1. give notice of the changes to all employees who may be affected by them and their representatives (if any); and
		2. discuss with affected employees and their representatives (if any):
			1. the introduction of the changes; and
			2. their likely effect on employees; and
			3. measures to avoid or reduce the adverse effects of the changes on employees; and
		3. commence discussions as soon as practicable after a definite decision has been made.
	2. For the purposes of the discussion under clause 8.1(b), the employer must give in writing to the affected employees and their representatives (if any) all relevant information about the changes including:
		1. their nature; and
		2. their expected effect on employees; and
		3. any other matters likely to affect employees.
	3. Clause 8.2 does not require an employer to disclose any confidential information if its disclosure would be contrary to the employer’s interests.
	4. The employer must promptly consider any matters raised by the employees or their representatives about the changes in the course of the discussion under clause 8.1(b).
	5. In clause 8:

**significant effects**, on employees, includes any of the following:

* + 1. termination of employment; or
		2. major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer’s workforce or in the skills required; or
		3. loss of, or reduction in, job or promotion opportunities; or
		4. loss of, or reduction in, job tenure; or
		5. alteration of hours of work; or
		6. the need for employees to be retrained or transferred to other work or locations; or
		7. job restructuring.
	1. Where this award makes provision for alteration of any of the matters defined at clause 8.5, such alteration is taken not to have significant effect.

8A. Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work

[8A inserted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

**8A.1** Clause 8A applies if an employer proposes to change the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of an employee, other than an employee whose working hours are irregular, sporadic or unpredictable.

**8A.2** The employer must consult with any employees affected by the proposed change and their representatives (if any).

**8A.3** For the purpose of the consultation, the employer must:

* + 1. provide to the employees and representatives mentioned in clause 8A.2 information about the proposed change (for example, information about the nature of the change and when it is to begin); and
		2. invite the employees to give their views about the impact of the proposed change on them (including any impact on their family or caring responsibilities) and also invite their representative (if any) to give their views about that impact.

**8A.4** The employer must consider any views given under clause 8A.3(b).

**8A.5** Clause 8A is to be read in conjunction with any other provisions of this award concerning the scheduling of work or the giving of notice.

1. Dispute resolution

[Varied by [PR542172](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542172.htm); substituted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) 01Nov18]

* 1. Clause 9 sets out the procedures to be followed if a dispute arises about a matter under this award or in relation to the [NES](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardmod/download/nes.pdf).
	2. The parties to the dispute must first try to resolve the dispute at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and the relevant supervisor.
	3. If the dispute is not resolved through discussion as mentioned in clause 9.2, the parties to the dispute must then try to resolve it in a timely manner at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and more senior levels of management, as appropriate.
	4. If the dispute is unable to be resolved at the workplace and all appropriate steps have been taken under clauses 9.2 and 9.3, a party to the dispute may refer it to the Fair Work Commission.
	5. The parties may agree on the process to be followed by the Fair Work Commission in dealing with the dispute, including mediation, conciliation and consent arbitration.
	6. If the dispute remains unresolved, the Fair Work Commission may use any method of dispute resolution that it is permitted by the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) to use and that it considers appropriate for resolving the dispute.
	7. A party to the dispute may appoint a person, organisation or association to support and/or represent them in any discussion or process under clause 9.
	8. While procedures are being followed under clause 9 in relation to a dispute:
		1. work must continue in accordance with this award and the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028); and
		2. an employee must not unreasonably fail to comply with any direction given by the employer about performing work, whether at the same or another workplace, that is safe and appropriate for the employee to perform.
	9. Clause 9.8 is subject to any applicable work health and safety legislation.
1. Types of Employment and Termination of Employment
2. Types of employment

[Varied by [PR529165](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR529165.htm), [PR700598](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr700598.htm)]

General

* + 1. Employees will be employed in one of the following categories:
			1. full-time employees;
			2. part-time employees; or
			3. casual employees.
		2. At the time of engagement an employer will inform each employee of the terms of their engagement and in particular whether they are to be full-time, part-time or casual employees.

Full-time employment

An employer may employ an employee on a full-time basis of 38 hours per week.

Casual employment

* + 1. A casual employee is an employee engaged as such.

[10.3(b) varied by [PR529165](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR529165.htm) ppc 27Sep12]

* + 1. A casual employee working within the ordinary hours of work pursuant to clause 18 will be paid per hour for the work performed plus 25% loading which incorporates the casual employees’ entitlements to annual leave, annual leave loading and any other rates and allowances contained in this award except overtime and shift allowances.
		2. Casual employees must be paid at the termination of each engagement, but may agree to be paid weekly or fortnightly.
		3. On each occasion a casual employee is required to attend work they are entitled to a minimum payment for three hours work.

Right to request casual conversion

[New 10.4 inserted by [PR700598](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr700598.htm) ppc 01Oct18]

* + 1. A person engaged by a particular employer as a regular casual employee may request that their employment be converted to full-time or part-time employment.
		2. A **regular casual employee** is a casual employee who has in the preceding period of 12 months worked a pattern of hours on an ongoing basis which, without significant adjustment, the employee could continue to perform as a full-time employee or part-time employee under the provisions of this award.
		3. A regular casual employee who has worked equivalent full-time hours over the preceding period of 12 months’ casual employment may request to have their employment converted to full-time employment.
		4. A regular casual employee who has worked less than equivalent full-time hours over the preceding period of 12 months’ casual employment may request to have their employment converted to part-time employment consistent with the pattern of hours previously worked.
		5. Any request under this subclause must be in writing and provided to the employer.
		6. Where a regular casual employee seeks to convert to full-time or part-time employment, the employer may agree to or refuse the request, but the request may only be refused on reasonable grounds and after there has been consultation with the employee.
		7. Reasonable grounds for refusal include that:
			1. it would require a significant adjustment to the casual employee’s hours of work in order for the employee to be engaged as a full-time or part-time employee in accordance with the provisions of this award – that is, the casual employee is not truly a regular casual employee as defined in paragraph (b);
			2. it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the regular casual employee’s position will cease to exist within the next 12 months;
			3. it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the hours of work which the regular casual employee is required to perform will be significantly reduced in the next 12 months; or
			4. it is known or reasonably foreseeable that there will be a significant change in the days and/or times at which the employee’s hours of work are required to be performed in the next 12 months which cannot be accommodated within the days and/or hours during which the employee is available to work.
		8. For any ground of refusal to be reasonable, it must be based on facts which are known or reasonably foreseeable.
		9. Where the employer refuses a regular casual employee’s request to convert, the employer must provide the casual employee with the employer’s reasons for refusal in writing within 21 days of the request being made. If the employee does not accept the employer’s refusal, this will constitute a dispute that will be dealt with under the dispute resolution procedure in clause 9. Under that procedure, the employee or the employer may refer the matter to the Fair Work Commission if the dispute cannot be resolved at the workplace level.
		10. Where it is agreed that a casual employee will have their employment converted to full-time or part-time employment as provided for in this clause, the employer and employee must discuss and record in writing:
			1. the form of employment to which the employee will convert – that is, full-time or part-time employment; and
			2. if it is agreed that the employee will become a part-time employee, the matters referred to in clause 10.5(c).
		11. The conversion will take effect from the start of the next pay cycle following such agreement being reached unless otherwise agreed.
		12. Once a casual employee has converted to full-time or part-time employment, the employee may only revert to casual employment with the written agreement of the employer.
		13. A casual employee must not be engaged and re-engaged (which includes a refusal to re-engage), or have their hours reduced or varied, in order to avoid any right or obligation under this clause.
		14. Nothing in this clause obliges a regular casual employee to convert to full-time or part-time employment, nor permits an employer to require a regular casual employee to so convert.
		15. Nothing in this clause requires an employer to increase the hours of a regular casual employee seeking conversion to full-time or part-time employment.
		16. An employer must provide a casual employee, whether a regular casual employee or not, with a copy of the provisions of this subclause within the first 12 months of the employee’s first engagement to perform work. In respect of casual employees already employed as at 1 October 2018, an employer must provide such employees with a copy of the provisions of this subclause by 1 January 2019.
		17. A casual employee’s right to request to convert is not affected if the employer fails to comply with the notice requirements in paragraph (p).

Part-time employees

[10.4 renumbered as 10.5 by [PR700598](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr700598.htm) ppc 01Oct18]

* + 1. An employer may employ part-time employees in any classification in this award.
		2. A part-time employee is an employee who:
			1. has reasonably predictable hours of work; and
			2. receives on a pro rata basis equivalent pay and conditions to those of full‑time employees who do the same kind of work.
		3. At the time of engagement the employer and the part-time employee will agree in writing, on a regular pattern of work, specifying at least the hours worked each day, which days of the week the employee will work and the actual starting and finishing times each day.
		4. Any agreed variation to the regular pattern of work will be recorded in writing.
		5. An employee is required to roster a regular part-time employee for a minimum of two consecutive hours on any shift.
		6. An employee who does not meet the definition of a regular part-time employee and who is not a full-time employee will be paid as a casual employee.
		7. All time worked in excess of the hours as mutually arranged, excluding any additional hours, will be overtime.
		8. A regular part-time employee employed under the provisions of this clause must be paid for ordinary hours worked on a pro rata basis of the full-time employee at the full-time employee rate.
		9. All leave accruals and separation entitlements of part-time employees will be calculated and paid on a pro rata basis of the full-time employee at the full-time rate of pay.
		10. Where an employee and their employer agree in writing, part-time employment may be converted to full-time and vice versa. If such an employee transfers from full-time to part-time (or vice versa), all accrued award and legislative entitlements will be maintained. Following transfer to part-time employment accrual will occur in accordance with the provisions relevant to part-time employment.
1. Termination of employment

[Varied by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm)]

[Note inserted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

Note: The [NES](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardmod/download/nes.pdf) sets out requirements for notice of termination by an employer. See ss.117 and 123 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Notice of termination by an employee

[11.1 substituted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* + 1. This clause applies to all employees except those identified in ss.123(1) and 123(3) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).
		2. An employee must give the employer notice of termination in accordance with **Table 1—Period of notice** of at least the period specified in column 2 according to the period of continuous service of the employee specified in column 1.

**Table 1—Period of notice**

| **Column 1Employee’s period of continuous service with the employer at the end of the day the notice is given** | **Column 2Period of notice** |
| --- | --- |
| Not more than 1 year | 1 week |
| More than 1 year but not more than 3 years | 2 weeks |
| More than 3 years but not more than 5 years | 3 weeks |
| More than 5 years | 4 weeks |

Note: The notice of termination required to be given by an employee is the same as that required of an employer except that the employee does not have to give additional notice based on the age of the employee.

* + 1. In paragraph (b) **continuous service** has the same meaning as in s.117 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).
		2. If an employee who is at least 18 years old does not give the period of notice required under paragraph (b), then the employer may deduct from wages due to the employee under this award an amount that is no more than one week’s wages for the employee.
		3. If the employer has agreed to a shorter period of notice than that required under paragraph (b), then no deduction can be made under paragraph (d).
		4. Any deduction made under paragraph (d) must not be unreasonable in the circumstances.

Job search entitlement

[11.2 substituted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee, the employee must be allowed time off without loss of pay of up to one day for the purpose of seeking other employment.

[11.3 substituted by [PR610215](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610215.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* 1. The time off under clause 11.2 is to be taken at times that are convenient to the employee after consultation with the employer.

Return to place of engagement

If the employment of any employee is terminated by the employer elsewhere than at the place of engagement, for any reason other than misconduct, the employer will be responsible for conveying the employee to the place of engagement.

1. Redundancy

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), [PR503671](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503671.htm), [PR561478](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR561478.htm); substituted by [PR707011](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707011.htm) ppc 03May19]

NOTE: Redundancy pay is provided for in the [NES](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardmod/download/nes.pdf). See sections 119–123 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Transfer to lower paid duties on redundancy

* + 1. Clause 12.1 applies if, because of redundancy, an employee is transferred to new duties to which a lower ordinary rate of pay applies.
		2. The employer may:
			1. give the employee notice of the transfer of at least the same length as the employee would be entitled to under section 117 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) as if it were a notice of termination given by the employer; or
			2. transfer the employee to the new duties without giving notice of transfer or before the expiry of a notice of transfer, provided that the employer pays the employee as set out in paragraph (c).
		3. If the employer acts as mentioned in paragraph (b)(ii), the employee is entitled to a payment of an amount equal to the difference between the ordinary rate of pay of the employee (inclusive of all-purpose allowances, shift rates and penalty rates applicable to ordinary hours) for the hours of work the employee would have worked in the first role, and the ordinary rate of pay (also inclusive of all-purpose allowances, shift rates and penalty rates applicable to ordinary hours) of the employee in the second role for the period for which notice was not given.

Employee leaving during redundancy notice period

* + 1. An employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy may terminate their employment during the minimum period of notice prescribed by section 117(3) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).
		2. The employee is entitled to receive the benefits and payments they would have received under clause 12 or under sections 119–123 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) had they remained in employment until the expiry of the notice.
		3. However, the employee is not entitled to be paid for any part of the period of notice remaining after the employee ceased to be employed.

Job search entitlement

* + 1. Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee in circumstances of redundancy, the employee must be allowed time off without loss of pay of up to one day each week of the minimum period of notice prescribed by section 117(3) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) for the purpose of seeking other employment.
		2. If an employee is allowed time off without loss of pay of more than one day under paragraph (a), the employee must, at the request of the employer, produce proof of attendance at an interview.
		3. A statutory declaration is sufficient for the purpose of paragraph (b).
		4. An employee who fails to produce proof when required under paragraph (b) is not entitled to be paid for the time off.
		5. This entitlement applies instead of clauses 11.2 and 11.3.
1. Minimum Wages and Related Matters
2. Minimum wages

[Varied by [PR997945](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997945.htm), [PR509083](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509083.htm), [PR522914](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR522914.htm), [PR536717](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536717.htm), [PR551640](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551640.htm), [PR566726](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566726.htm), [PR579822](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579822.htm), [PR592150](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR592150.htm), [PR606377](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606377.htm), [PR707464](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707464.htm)]

[13.1 varied by [PR997945](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997945.htm), [PR509083](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509083.htm), [PR522914](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR522914.htm), [PR536717](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536717.htm), [PR551640](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551640.htm), [PR566726](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566726.htm), [PR579822](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579822.htm), [PR592150](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR592150.htm), [PR606377](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606377.htm), [PR707464](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707464.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

* 1. The minimum rates for each classification will be:

| **Classification**  | **Minimum weekly rate$** |
| --- | --- |
| Master | 1010.30 |
| Mate | 962.20 |
| Engineer | 962.20 |
| General Purpose Hand, Deckhand, Greaser, Passenger Attendant, Turnstile Attendant, Boating Attendant, Host, Fireman, Trimmer, Linesman, Cook, Sailor, Able Seaman, Leading Hand  | 910.60 |
| Shipkeeper | 834.80 |
| Crane Driver (under 20 tonnes) | 849.60 |
| Crane Driver (over 20 tonnes) | 935.40 |

1. Allowances

To view the current monetary amounts of work-related allowances refer to the [Allowances Sheet](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/allowances/MA000052-all.pdf).

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), [PR998176](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998176.htm), [PR509205](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509205.htm), [PR523035](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523035.htm), [PR529165](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR529165.htm), [PR536838](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536838.htm), [[PR551761](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551761.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566862](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566862.htm), [PR579556](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579556.htm), [PR592312](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr592312.htm), [PR606532](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606532.htm), [PR704190](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704190.htm), [PR707664](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707664.htm)]

Bedding and other utensils

* + 1. When vessels are away during the night, the employer will supply a mattress, two blankets, two sheets, one pillow, one pillow slip, towel, soap, eating utensils, washing cloths and drying towels. Laundering to be the responsibility of the employer.
		2. On termination of employment an employee will be required to return to the employer all articles on issue to them.

Charge hands

Charge hands will be paid an allowance of 3.26% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per week. Charge hands not directly supervised by a foreman in the allocation of duties to employees will be paid an allowance of 4.85% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per week.

Distant work

* + 1. A relieving employee other than a casual employee who is required to work at a place away from their normal place of work will be paid all additional fares involved and additional travelling time involved at the rate of single time; provided that no employee will be paid more than their ordinary day’s wages for any time not exceeding 24 hours spent travelling.
		2. A relieving employee including a casual employee who is temporarily transferred to a locality to carry out relieving duties, where it is necessary to sleep away from their home, will be provided with reasonable board and lodging or paid an allowance of 56.23% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per week of seven days. In the case of broken parts of a week, the allowance will be all living expenses actually and reasonably incurred but not exceeding the rate of 8.00% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per day.

Dual capacity allowance

An employee who is a holder of a Certificate of Competency as a Marine Motor Engineer will be paid an allowance of 0.58% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) for each day or part of a day during which they are required to use such a certificate. The allowance prescribed by this subclause will, when paid, be deemed to be part of the ordinary rate of wages for the purpose of calculating overtime, annual leave, sick leave and long service leave.

Protective clothing

On request an employee will be supplied by the employer with an oilskin, sou’wester, sea boots, overalls, gloves, hard hats, sunscreen lotion, safety glasses, safety shoes, sunglasses and ear protection devices for their own use when it is reasonably necessary to wear such protective clothing.

Uniforms

[14.6 varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

Where employees are required to wear uniforms, these will be provided by the employer at no cost to the employee or, instead thereof, the employer will pay to the employee the sum of 2.01% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per week. Such uniforms will be laundered by the employer.

Compensation for loss of personal effects

If in the course of employment an employee should sustain damage to or loss of their personal effects by fire, explosion, foundering, shipwreck, collision, stranding or accident and where such damage was not caused by the employee’s own wilful neglect or fault or where such articles are lost through breaking or entering whilst securely stored at the employer’s direction in a room or building on the employer’s premises, vessel or work shop, the employer will compensate the employee to the extent of the damage or loss to a maximum of 210.30% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate).

Dirty work

* + 1. An employee called upon to perform work which is more dirty or offensive than would normally apply will be paid an additional 0.07% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour for the time spent on such work.

[14.8(b) varied by [PR529165](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR529165.htm) ppc 27Sep12]

* + 1. Provided that, instead of the above allowance, for all work an employee is required to perform alongside vessels in discharging alumina, petroleum, coke, sulphur, anhydrous ammonia and all phosphates, the employee will be paid an allowance of 0.18% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour. Such employee will be eligible for this payment from the time the barge ties up to the vessel until the time it returns to its berth at the completion of the bunker.

Wet work

* + 1. Any employee working in water or wet places will be paid an extra allowance of 0.03% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour.

[14.9(b) varied by [PR529165](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR529165.htm) ppc 27Sep12]

* + 1. **Wet places** mean places where, in the performance of the work, the splashing of water or mud saturates the employee’s clothing, or where protection is not provided to prevent splashing or dripping sufficient to saturate their clothing, and will include wet material or wet ground in which it is impracticable for the employee wearing ordinary working boots to work without getting wet feet. Provided this clause will not apply to employees working on natural surfaces made wet by rain.

Unloading and loading garbage allowance

An employee called upon to work at loading or unloading garbage and or ashes or other like material will be paid an allowance of 0.07% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour.

Slipway etc. allowance

A junior employee called to work on slipways, cleaning, scraping, painting or overhauling launches, barges, punts or any other floating plant will be paid an allowance of 0.08% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour.

Bilge allowance

An employee required to work in the bilges will be paid an allowance of 0.11% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour.

Chipping hammers

Employees using electric or pneumatic chipping hammers, wire brushing machine and sandblasting machine will be paid at the rate of 0.01% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour in addition to any other ordinary or overtime rate for the time so occupied. Where a chipping hammer is being used in a confined space, suitable ventilation will be installed, if practicable, before work commences.

Expenses

The employer will reimburse an employee any expenses reasonably incurred by them in the service or interest of the employer, provided the employee is able to prove such expense by way of receipts.

First aid

An employee on becoming qualified as the holder of appropriate first aid qualifications such as a certificate from the St John Ambulance or its equivalent, and who is required by the employer to perform first aid duty will be paid an allowance of 1.70% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per week.

Loading and discharge of cargo and supplies

An employee directed by the employer to load or discharge cargo including personal belongings of passengers, foodstuffs, beverages, or laundry, will be paid allowances as set out below when so engaged.

* + 1. On vessels including barges and landing craft transporting passengers and cargo including fuel and or water and roll on/roll off cargoes between the mainland and island resorts:
			1. 2.99% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per week of five working days; and
			2. where an employee is so engaged in any week in excess of five days they will be paid an additional 0.61% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per day.
		2. On vessels (including barges and landing craft) transporting cargo only between the mainland and island resorts or between island resorts 5.23% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per trip.
		3. On vessels engaged in overnight cruises one to six nights 2.01% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per trip.
		4. On vessels engaged in overnight cruises over six nights 3.00% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per trip.
		5. Provided that:
			1. an additional amount will not be payable where the loading or discharge is restricted to ships stores, fuel and or water cargoes, incidental personal belongings of passengers, or other items required on board exclusively for a day cruise; and
			2. an employee may be required to supervise the loading or discharge (including roll on/roll off cargoes) where such work is part of their normal duties, without additional payment.

Meal allowances

[14.17 varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) ppc 01Jan10, [PR998176](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998176.htm), [PR509205](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509205.htm), [PR523035](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523035.htm), [PR536838](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536838.htm), [[PR551761](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551761.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566862](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566862.htm), [PR579556](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579556.html), [PR592312](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr592312.htm), [PR606532](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606532.htm), [PR704190](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704190.htm), [PR707664](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707664.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

When an employee is required to work overtime in excess of one and a half hours after the usual ceasing time, without being notified the previous day, the employee will be provided with a suitable meal or be paid $17.15 instead. Should such overtime work continue for a further four hours, the employee will be provided with a second meal or be paid $17.15.

Waiting orders

An employee who is required by their employer to telephone for orders will:

* + 1. if an employee has a telephone installed at their home, be paid the annual rental of such telephone plus 16.51% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per year for calls necessarily incurred by the employee for ringing for such orders. If the employee is required by their employer to have a phone installed, the installation fee will be paid by the employer; or
		2. an off-duty employee required to ring for orders other than on a phone provided totally or in part by the employer, will receive an allowance of 0.42% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) for each call.

Tools

Where employees are required to provide and use their own tools the employer will be responsible for the replacement of such tools broken, worn out, lost or stolen in the course of employment.

Towing

* + 1. Employees on any vessel either towing or carrying explosives will be paid an additional 0.29% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) for each day or part thereof while so engaged. This rate will be treated as part of the wages for all purposes of this award. For the purposes of this subclause, **explosives** means any material used as an explosive, such as gunpowder, blasting powder or materials, or any other material of like nature, but does not include petroleum products.
		2. Masters engaged in towing non self-propelled bunker barges having a carrying capacity of 400 tonnes or more, will be paid an additional amount of 0.27% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) for each day or part thereof while so engaged. Provided that moving such bunker barges at terminal points is not regarded as towing within this provision. This rate will be treated as part of the wages for all purposes of this award.
		3. Employees on vessels proceeding beyond the limits of a harbour, river or bay will whilst so engaged be paid their normal wage plus an allowance of 25% of their normal wage for each day with a minimum payment for four hours.

Ships stranded or wrecked or on fire

* + 1. If a ship in the course of a voyage becomes wrecked or stranded and the employees are called on for special efforts while the ship is still wrecked or stranded they will, for the time during which they so assist, be paid 1.71% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per hour.
		2. For the purposes of this clause a ship will be deemed to be wrecked if, while at sea, it is so disabled it becomes a dangerous crisis and unable for the time being to continue its voyage in the ordinary course of its operations.
		3. Where a ship grounds in a tidal river or harbour and is refloated by ordinary means, with or without cargo, and without special work such as laying out anchors and handling hawsers being required of the employees, it will not be deemed to be wrecked or stranded within the meaning of clause 14.21(b).

Transport

* + 1. Where an employee commences or finishes work or is required for call-out between the hours of 11.00 pm and 6.00 am the employer will:
			1. supply them with a conveyance to or from their home whichever is appropriate;
			2. pay them for time spent in reaching their home or travelling there from at the employee’s minimum weekly rate with a minimum of half an hour and a maximum of one hour; or

[14.22(a)(iii) varied by [PR523035](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523035.htm), [PR536838](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536838.htm), [[PR551761](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551761.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm) ppc 01Jul14]

* + - 1. if by arrangement with their employer the employee uses their own motor vehicle they will receive an allowance of not less than $0.78 per kilometre.

[14.22(b) varied by [PR523035](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523035.htm), [PR536838](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536838.htm), [[PR551761](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551761.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm) ppc 01Jul14]

* + 1. An employee required to use their own vehicle to travel to or from a starting or finishing point other than their regular starting or finishing point will be paid for the distance and time in excess of the distance or time involved in getting to their normal starting or finishing point, $0.78 per kilometre for the excess distance travelled and will be paid at their minimum weekly rate for the excess time occupied in travelling with a minimum of half an hour and a maximum of one hour.
		2. An employee not required to use their own motor vehicle and should in the ordinary course of employment begin their work for the day at a particular place, is required to finish work at a place other than that particular place will be paid any reasonable travelling expenses and will also be paid at overtime rates of pay for any travelling time occasioned beyond their ordinary travelling time.

Travelling to another port

* + 1. When an employee is required to travel from their home port to another port, time spent outside of their ordinary hours will be paid for as travelling time.
		2. The rate of pay for travelling time will be ordinary rates, except on Sundays and public holidays when it will be time and a half.
		3. The maximum travelling time to be paid for will be eight hours on any one day.

Travelling expenses

Where an employee is required to join or leave a vessel at a place other than their place of engagement, they will be entitled to a free passage and to be reimbursed all out of pocket expenses reasonably incurred by them. The free passage if by rail will be first class and will include a sleeping berth when the train includes sleeping berth accommodation. The free passage if by air is to be in commercial aircraft, first class if available.

Loading for duties outside normal work

An amount of 0.55% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per day will be paid in excess of other wages and allowances to employees, for each day they are required to perform the duties of diving to clean glass bottom boats or to clear obstructions from boats propellers.

Living away from home

* + 1. Whilst away from the vessel’s home port, an employer will provide the employee with proper meals and accommodation and be responsible for payment of reasonable expenses actually incurred for such meals and accommodation ashore.
		2. Whilst at sea, every employee will be provided with proper meals, attendance, bedding and soap, and be supplied once a week with clean bed linen and twice a week with clean towels. The employer will be responsible for the laundering of linen and towels.
		3. Where it is the employer’s responsibility to provide the employee with proper meals and accommodation ashore, and the employer fails to do so, the employer will reimburse the employee for all costs incurred in relation to normal meals and charges incurred for a good standard of accommodation.
		4. Tea, sugar, milk and coffee will be provided on all vessels for employees at the employer’s expense.

Higher duties

An employee engaged for more than two hours during one day on duties carrying a higher rate than their ordinary classification will be paid the higher rate for such day. If engaged for two hours or less during one day they will be paid the higher rate for the time so worked.

Adjustment of expense related allowances

* + 1. At the time of any adjustment to the [standard rate](#standard_rate), each expense related allowance will be increased by the relevant adjustment factor. The relevant adjustment factor for this purpose is the percentage movement in the applicable index figure most recently published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics since the allowance was last adjusted.
		2. The applicable index figure is the index figure published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics for the Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index (Cat No. 6401.0), as follows:

| **Allowance** | **Applicable Consumer Price Index figure** |
| --- | --- |
| Meal allowance | Take away and fast foods sub-group |
| Vehicle allowance | Private motoring sub-group |

1. Accident pay

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), [PR503671](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503671.htm); deleted by [PR561478](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR561478.htm) ppc 05Mar15]

1. Payment of wages

[Varied by [PR610078](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610078.htm)]

[Paragraph numbered as 16.1 by [PR610078](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610078.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* 1. Wages will be paid weekly or fortnightly. Wages may be paid by cash or electronic funds transfer (EFT).

Payment on termination of employment

[16.2 inserted by [PR610078](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610078.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* + 1. The employer must pay an employee no later than 7 days after the day on which the employee’s employment terminates:
			1. the employee’s wages under this award for any complete or incomplete pay period up to the end of the day of termination; and
			2. all other amounts that are due to the employee under this award and the [NES](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf).
		2. The requirement to pay wages and other amounts under paragraph (a) is subject to further order of the Commission and the employer making deductions authorised by this award or the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Note 1: Section 117(2) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) provides that an employer must not terminate an employee’s employment unless the employer has given the employee the required minimum period of notice or “has paid” to the employee payment instead of giving notice.

Note 2: Paragraph (b) allows the Commission to make an order delaying the requirement to make a payment under this clause. For example, the Commission could make an order delaying the requirement to pay redundancy pay if an employer makes an application under s.120 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) for the Commission to reduce the amount of redundancy pay an employee is entitled to under the [NES](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf).

Note 3: State and Territory long service leave laws or long service leave entitlements under s.113 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028), may require an employer to pay an employee for accrued long service leave on the day on which the employee’s employment terminates or shortly after.

1. Superannuation

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm)]

Superannuation legislation

* + 1. Superannuation legislation, including the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth) and the *Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993* (Cth), deals with the superannuation rights and obligations of employers and employees. Under superannuation legislation individual employees generally have the opportunity to choose their own superannuation fund. If an employee does not choose a superannuation fund, any superannuation fund nominated in the award covering the employee applies.
		2. The rights and obligations in these clauses supplement those in superannuation legislation.

Employer contributions

An employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an employee as will avoid the employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under superannuation legislation with respect to that employee.

Voluntary employee contributions

* + 1. Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, an employee may, in writing, authorise their employer to pay on behalf of the employee a specified amount from the post-taxation wages of the employee into the same superannuation fund as the employer makes the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 17.2.
		2. An employee may adjust the amount the employee has authorised their employer to pay from the wages of the employee from the first of the month following the giving of three months’ written notice to their employer.
		3. The employer must pay the amount authorised under clauses 17.3(a) or (b) no later than 28 days after the end of the month in which the deduction authorised under clauses 17.3(a) or (b) was made.

Superannuation fund

[17.4 varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

Unless, to comply with superannuation legislation, the employer is required to make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 17.2 to another superannuation fund that is chosen by the employee, the employer must make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 17.2 and pay the amount authorised under clauses 17.3(a) or (b) to one of the following superannuation funds or its successor:

* + 1. Maritime Super;
		2. AMP Superannuation Savings Trust;

[17.4(c) varied by [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

* + 1. any superannuation fund to which the employer was making superannuation contributions for the benefit of its employees before 12 September 2008, provided the superannuation fund is an eligible choice fund and is a fund that offers a MySuper product or is an exempt public sector scheme; or

[17.4(d) inserted by [PR546026](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546026.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

* + 1. a superannuation fund or scheme which the employee is a defined benefit member of.
1. Hours of Work and Related Matters
2. Ordinary hours of work and rostering
	1. This clause supplements Division 3 of the NES which deals with maximum weekly hours.

Span of hours

Ordinary hours may be worked between 6.00 am and 6.00 pm for up to eight hours per day, Monday to Friday inclusive.

Rostering

Rostered days off will be so arranged that in each week two of such days will be consecutive except where the employer and the employee agree otherwise.

Avoidance of physical exhaustion

* + 1. An employee who has been on duty continuously, including meal breaks, for more than 18 hours will not be required by their employer to continue duty until they have had, for the purpose of rest, a period of 10 hours off duty.
		2. Should an employee work at the request of the employer after they have been on duty continuously, including meal breaks for more than 18 hours, they will be entitled to be paid at the rate of double time for the period of such duty in addition to any other payment due to them until such time as the 10 hours’ respite from duty commences.
		3. Employees will receive their full weekly rate notwithstanding any rest period occurring in ordinary working hours.
1. Breaks

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm)]

* 1. An employee will not be required to work for more than five hours without a break for a meal.

Breakfast

[19.1(a) varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

Breakfast is the hour preceding the usual starting time. The breakfast break will not be taken when employees are required to commence at 7.00 am or after, and preceding the usual starting time.

* + - 1. By mutual agreement between the employer and employees concerned, a 20 minutes rest period may be taken without deduction of pay instead of the prescribed hour for breakfast. This rest period will commence 20 minutes before the usual starting time unless otherwise mutually agreed.
			2. Employees ordered in to dock or shift a vessel at 7.00 am will not be entitled to a meal break before noon, but if ordered in at any time before 7.00 am they will have an hour for breakfast not later than 8.00 am or a rest period of 20 minutes as provided above.

Lunch

Lunch is from noon to 12.45 pm or such period as is the usual custom of the establishment at which the employees are employed.

Tea

[19.1(c) substituted by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

* + - 1. Tea is from 5.00 pm to 6.00 pm or according to the usual custom of the establishment at which the employees are employed. Provided that by mutual agreement between the employer and employee concerned a rest period may be taken.
			2. The times prescribed above may be altered by mutual agreement between the employer and employee concerned.
	1. Double time will be paid for all work done during the breakfast, lunch and tea breaks specified above, such double time to continue until the employees are granted a meal break or are released from duty. This provision has no application to establishments or jobs where, in accordance with this clause, it is customary for paid rest periods to be taken instead of the breakfast and or tea breaks, and such rest periods are allowed and taken.
1. Overtime and penalty rates

[Varied by [PR585481](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR585481.htm)]

* 1. Employees will be entitled to be paid:
		1. a loading of 50% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay for the first three hours, and 100% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay thereafter for any time worked outside of ordinary hours on a Monday to Friday, except for public holidays;
		2. a loading of 50% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay for all ordinary hours and overtime worked between midnight Friday and midnight Saturday; and
		3. a minimum of four hours if recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer’s premises.

Time off instead of payment for overtime

[20.2 substituted by [PR585481](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR585481.htm) ppc 16Sep16]

* + 1. An employee and employer may agree in writing to the employee taking time off instead of being paid for a particular amount of overtime that has been worked by the employee.
		2. Any amount of overtime that has been worked by an employee in a particular pay period and that is to be taken as time off instead of the employee being paid for it must be the subject of a separate agreement under clause 20.2.
		3. An agreement must state each of the following:
			1. the number of overtime hours to which it applies and when those hours were worked;
			2. that the employer and employee agree that the employee may take time off instead of being paid for the overtime;
			3. that, if the employee requests at any time, the employer must pay the employee, for overtime covered by the agreement but not taken as time off, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked;
			4. that any payment mentioned in subparagraph (iii) must be made in the next pay period following the request.

Note: An example of the type of agreement required by this clause is set out at Schedule C. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule C. An agreement under clause 20.2 can also be made by an exchange of emails between the employee and employer, or by other electronic means.

* + 1. The period of time off that an employee is entitled to take is the same as the number of overtime hours worked.

EXAMPLE: By making an agreement under clause 20.2 an employee who worked 2 overtime hours is entitled to 2 hours’ time off.

* + 1. Time off must be taken:
			1. within the period of 6 months after the overtime is worked; and
			2. at a time or times within that period of 6 months agreed by the employee and employer.
		2. If the employee requests at any time, to be paid for overtime covered by an agreement under clause 20.2 but not taken as time off, the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following the request, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.
		3. If time off for overtime that has been worked is not taken within the period of 6 months mentioned in paragraph (e), the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following those 6 months, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.
		4. The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 20.2 as an employee record.
		5. An employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee in relation to a decision by the employee to make, or not make, an agreement to take time off instead of payment for overtime.
		6. An employee may, under section 65 of the Act, request to take time off, at a time or times specified in the request or to be subsequently agreed by the employer and the employee, instead of being paid for overtime worked by the employee. If the employer agrees to the request then clause 20.2 will apply, including the requirement for separate written agreements under paragraph (b) for overtime that has been worked.

Note: If an employee makes a request under section 65 of the Act for a change in working arrangements, the employer may only refuse that request on reasonable business grounds (see section 65(5) of the Act).

* + 1. If, on the termination of the employee’s employment, time off for overtime worked by the employee to which clause 20.2 applies has not been taken, the employer must pay the employee for the overtime at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

Note: Under section 345(1) of the Act, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 20.2.

Sunday work

An employee will be paid a loading of 100% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay for any hours, ordinary and overtime, worked on a Sunday.

Public holidays

An employee will be paid a loading of 150% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay, or any hours, ordinary and overtime, worked on a public holiday.

1. Shiftwork

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm)]

* 1. The following shifts may be worked:
		1. **afternoon shift** means any shift finishing after 6.00 pm and at or before midnight;
		2. **continuous work** means work carried on with consecutive shifts of employees throughout the 24 hours of each of at least six consecutive days without interruption except during breakdowns or meal breaks or due to unavoidable causes beyond the control of the employer;
		3. **night shift** means any shift finishing subsequent to midnight and at or before 8.00 am;
		4. **permanent night shift** employee means an employee who:
			1. during a period of engagement on shift, works night shift only;
			2. remains on night shift for a period longer than four consecutive weeks; or

[21.1(d)(iii) varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm) from 01Jan10]

* + - 1. works on a night shift which does not rotate or alternate with another shift or with day work so as to give them at least one third of their working time off night shift in each shift cycle during such engagement period or cycle.

Shiftwork rates

| **Type of shift** | **Percentage of the ordinary time rate** |
| --- | --- |
|  | **%** |
| Afternoon shift | 115 |
| Night shift | 115 |
| Permanent night shift | 130 |

21A. Requests for flexible working arrangements

[21A inserted by [PR701454](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr701454.htm) ppc 01Dec18]

21A.1 Employee may request change in working arrangements

Clause 21A applies where an employee has made a request for a change in working arrangements under s.65 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Note 1: Section 65 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) provides for certain employees to request a change in their working arrangements because of their circumstances, as set out in s.65(1A).

Note 2: An employer may only refuse a s.65 request for a change in working arrangements on ‘reasonable business grounds’ (see s.65(5) and (5A)).

Note 3: Clause 21A is an addition to s.65.

21A.2 Responding to the request

Before responding to a request made under s.65, the employer must discuss the request with the employee and genuinely try to reach agreement on a change in working arrangements that will reasonably accommodate the employee’s circumstances having regard to:

* + 1. the needs of the employee arising from their circumstances;
		2. the consequences for the employee if changes in working arrangements are not made; and
		3. any reasonable business grounds for refusing the request.

Note 1: The employer must give the employee a written response to an employee’s s.65 request within 21 days, stating whether the employer grants or refuses the request (s.65(4)).

Note 2: If the employer refuses the request, the written response must include details of the reasons for the refusal (s.65(6)).

21A.3 What the written response must include if the employer refuses the request

Clause 21A.3 applies if the employer refuses the request and has not reached an agreement with the employee under clause 21A.2.

* + 1. The written response under s.65(4) must include details of the reasons for the refusal, including the business ground or grounds for the refusal and how the ground or grounds apply.
		2. If the employer and employee could not agree on a change in working arrangements under clause 21A.2, the written response under s.65(4) must:
			1. state whether or not there are any changes in working arrangements that the employer can offer the employee so as to better accommodate the employee’s circumstances; and
			2. if the employer can offer the employee such changes in working arrangements, set out those changes in working arrangements.

21A.4 What the written response must include if a different change in working arrangements is agreed

If the employer and the employee reached an agreement under clause 21A.2 on a change in working arrangements that differs from that initially requested by the employee, the employer must provide the employee with a written response to their request setting out the agreed change(s) in working arrangements.

21A.5 Dispute resolution

Disputes about whether the employer has discussed the request with the employee and responded to the request in the way required by clause 21A, can be dealt with under clause 9—Dispute resolution.

1. Leave and Public Holidays
2. Annual leave

[Varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm), [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm)]

* 1. The following provisions supplement the NES.

Annual leave loading

A loading of 17.5% (20% for shiftworkers) is payable in addition to the payment for the leave.

Shiftworkers

For the purpose of Division 6 of the NES a shiftworker is an employee employed on shiftwork where three shifts per day are worked over a period of seven days per week or an employee regularly rostered to work on Sundays and public holidays.

Requirement to take annual leave

[22.4 varied by [PR994513](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR994513.htm); deleted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

Annual leave in advance

[22.5 inserted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

* + 1. An employer and employee may agree in writing to the employee taking a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave.
		2. An agreement must:
			1. state the amount of leave to be taken in advance and the date on which leave is to commence; and
			2. be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.

Note: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 22.5 is set out at Schedule D. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule D.

* + 1. The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 22.5 as an employee record.
		2. If, on the termination of the employee’s employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken in accordance with an agreement under clause 22.5, the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.

Cashing out of annual leave

[22.6 inserted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

* + 1. Paid annual leave must not be cashed out except in accordance with an agreement under clause 22.6.
		2. Each cashing out of a particular amount of paid annual leave must be the subject of a separate agreement under clause 22.6.
		3. An employer and an employee may agree in writing to the cashing out of a particular amount of accrued paid annual leave by the employee.
		4. An agreement under clause 22.6 must state:
			1. the amount of leave to be cashed out and the payment to be made to the employee for it; and
			2. the date on which the payment is to be made.
		5. An agreement under clause 22.6 must be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.
		6. The payment must not be less than the amount that would have been payable had the employee taken the leave at the time the payment is made.
		7. An agreement must not result in the employee’s remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 4 weeks.
		8. The maximum amount of accrued paid annual leave that may be cashed out in any period of 12 months is 2 weeks.
		9. The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 22.6 as an employee record.

Note 1: Under section 344 of the Fair Work Act, an employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee to make, or not make, an agreement under clause 22.6.

Note 2: Under section 345(1) of the Fair Work Act, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 22.6.

Note 3: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 22.6 is set out at Schedule E. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule E.

Excessive leave accruals: general provision

[22.7 inserted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

Note: Clauses 22.7 to 22.9 contain provisions, additional to the National Employment Standards, about the taking of paid annual leave as a way of dealing with the accrual of excessive paid annual leave. See Part 2.2, Division 6 of the Fair Work Act.

* + 1. An employee has an **excessive leave accrual** if the employee has accrued more than 8 weeks’ paid annual leave (or 10 weeks’ paid annual leave for a shiftworker, as defined by clause 22.3).
		2. If an employee has an excessive leave accrual, the employer or the employee may seek to confer with the other and genuinely try to reach agreement on how to reduce or eliminate the excessive leave accrual.
		3. Clause 22.8 sets out how an employer may direct an employee who has an excessive leave accrual to take paid annual leave.
		4. Clause 22.9 sets out how an employee who has an excessive leave accrual may require an employer to grant paid annual leave requested by the employee.

Excessive leave accruals: direction by employer that leave be taken

[22.8 inserted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

* + 1. If an employer has genuinely tried to reach agreement with an employee under clause 22.7(b) but agreement is not reached (including because the employee refuses to confer), the employer may direct the employee in writing to take one or more periods of paid annual leave.
		2. However, a direction by the employer under paragraph (a):
			1. is of no effect if it would result at any time in the employee’s remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 6 weeks when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 22.7, 22.8 or 22.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account; and
			2. must not require the employee to take any period of paid annual leave of less than one week; and
			3. must not require the employee to take a period of paid annual leave beginning less than 8 weeks, or more than 12 months, after the direction is given; and
			4. must not be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed by the employer and employee.
		3. The employee must take paid annual leave in accordance with a direction under paragraph (a) that is in effect.
		4. An employee to whom a direction has been given under paragraph (a) may request to take a period of paid annual leave as if the direction had not been given.

Note 1: Paid annual leave arising from a request mentioned in paragraph (d) may result in the direction ceasing to have effect. See clause 22.8(b)(i).

Note 2: Under section 88(2) of the Fair Work Act, the employer must not unreasonably refuse to agree to a request by the employee to take paid annual leave.

Excessive leave accruals: request by employee for leave

[22.9 inserted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm); substituted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec17]

* + 1. If an employee has genuinely tried to reach agreement with an employer under clause 22.7(b) but agreement is not reached (including because the employer refuses to confer), the employee may give a written notice to the employer requesting to take one or more periods of paid annual leave.
		2. However, an employee may only give a notice to the employer under paragraph (a) if:
			1. the employee has had an excessive leave accrual for more than 6 months at the time of giving the notice; and
			2. the employee has not been given a direction under clause 22.8(a) that, when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 22.7, 22.8 or 22.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account, would eliminate the employee’s excessive leave accrual.
		3. A notice given by an employee under paragraph (a) must not:
			1. if granted, result in the employee’s remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being at any time less than 6 weeks when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 22.7, 22.8 or 22.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account; or
			2. provide for the employee to take any period of paid annual leave of less than one week; or
			3. provide for the employee to take a period of paid annual leave beginning less than 8 weeks, or more than 12 months, after the notice is given; or
			4. be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed by the employer and employee.
		4. An employee is not entitled to request by a notice under paragraph (a) more than 4 weeks’ paid annual leave (or 5 weeks’ paid annual leave for a shiftworker, as defined by clause 22.3) in any period of 12 months.
		5. The employer must grant paid annual leave requested by a notice under paragraph (a).
1. Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave

Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave are provided for in the NES.

1. Community service leave

Community service leave is provided for in the NES.

1. Public holidays
	1. Public holidays are provided for in the NES.
	2. An employee will be paid at the rate of double time and a half with a minimum of four hours work when required to work on a public holiday.
2. Leave to deal with Family and Domestic Violence

[26 inserted by [PR609370](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr609370.htm) ppc 01Aug18]

* 1. This clause applies to all employees, including casuals.

Definitions

* + 1. In this clause:

***family and domestic violence*** means violent, threatening or other abusive behaviour by a family member of an employee that seeks to coerce or control the employee and that causes them harm or to be fearful.

***family member*** means:

* + - 1. a spouse, de facto partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee; or
			2. a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the employee; or
			3. a person related to the employee according to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander kinship rules.
		1. A reference to a spouse or de facto partner in the definition of family member in clause 26.2(a) includes a former spouse or de facto partner.

Entitlement to unpaid leave

An employee is entitled to 5 days’ unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence, as follows:

* + 1. the leave is available in full at the start of each 12 month period of the employee’s employment; and
		2. the leave does not accumulate from year to year; and
		3. is available in full to part-time and casual employees.

Note: 1. A period of leave to deal with family and domestic violence may be less than a day by agreement between the employee and the employer.

2. The employer and employee may agree that the employee may take more than 5 days’ unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence.

Taking unpaid leave

An employee may take unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence if the employee:

* + 1. is experiencing family and domestic violence; and
		2. needs to do something to deal with the impact of the family and domestic violence and it is impractical for the employee to do that thing outside their ordinary hours of work.

Note: The reasons for which an employee may take leave include making arrangements for their safety or the safety of a family member (including relocation), attending urgent court hearings, or accessing police services.

Service and continuity

The time an employee is on unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence does not count as service but does not break the employee’s continuity of service.

Notice and evidence requirements

Notice

An employee must give their employer notice of the taking of leave by the employee under clause 26. The notice:

* + - 1. must be given to the employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the leave has started); and
			2. must advise the employer of the period, or expected period, of the leave.

Evidence

An employee who has given their employer notice of the taking of leave under clause 26 must, if required by the employer, give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that the leave is taken for the purpose specified in clause 26.4.

Note: Depending on the circumstances such evidence may include a document issued by the police service, a court or a family violence support service, or a statutory declaration.

Confidentiality

* + 1. Employers must take steps to ensure information concerning any notice an employee has given, or evidence an employee has provided under clause 26.6 is treated confidentially, as far as it is reasonably practicable to do so.
		2. Nothing in clause 26 prevents an employer from disclosing information provided by an employee if the disclosure is required by an Australian law or is necessary to protect the life, health or safety of the employee or another person.

Note: Information concerning an employee’s experience of family and domestic violence is sensitive and if mishandled can have adverse consequences for the employee. Employers should consult with such employees regarding the handling of this information.

Compliance

An employee is not entitled to take leave under clause 26 unless the employee complies with clause 26.

1. —Transitional Provisions

[Varied by [PR991560](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR991560.htm), [PR503671](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503671.htm)]

General

* + 1. The provisions of this schedule deal with minimum obligations only.
		2. The provisions of this schedule are to be applied:
			1. when there is a difference, in money or percentage terms, between a provision in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument (including the transitional default casual loading) or award-based transitional instrument on the one hand and an equivalent provision in this award on the other;
			2. when a loading or penalty in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument has no equivalent provision in this award;
			3. when a loading or penalty in this award has no equivalent provision in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument; or
			4. when there is a loading or penalty in this award but there is no relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument.

Minimum wages - existing minimum wage lower

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by a transitional minimum wage instrument and/or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a minimum wage lower than that in this award for any classification of employee.

* + 1. In this clause minimum wage includes:
			1. a minimum wage for a junior employee, an employee to whom training arrangements apply and an employee with a disability;
			2. a piecework rate; and
			3. any applicable industry allowance.
		2. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument and/or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.
		3. The difference between the minimum wage for the classification in this award and the minimum wage in clause A.2.3 is referred to as the transitional amount.
		4. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage for the classification in this award minus the specified proportion of the transitional amount:

| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. The employer must apply any increase in minimum wages in this award resulting from an annual wage review.
		2. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Minimum wages - existing minimum wage higher

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by a transitional minimum wage instrument and/or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a minimum wage higher than that in this award for any classification of employee.

* + 1. In this clause minimum wage includes:
			1. a minimum wage for a junior employee, an employee to whom training arrangements apply and an employee with a disability;
			2. a piecework rate; and
			3. any applicable industry allowance.
		2. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument and/or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.
		3. The difference between the minimum wage for the classification in this award and the minimum wage in clause A.3.3 is referred to as the transitional amount.
		4. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage for the classification in this award plus the specified proportion of the transitional amount:

| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. The employer must apply any increase in minimum wages in this award resulting from an annual wage review. If the transitional amount is equal to or less than any increase in minimum wages resulting from the 2010 annual wage review the transitional amount is to be set off against the increase and the other provisions of this clause will not apply.
		2. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Loadings and penalty rates

For the purposes of this schedule loading or penalty means a:

* casual or part-time loading;
* Saturday, Sunday, public holiday, evening or other penalty;
* shift allowance/penalty.

Loadings and penalty rates - existing loading or penalty rate lower

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by the terms of a transitional minimum wage instrument or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a particular loading or penalty at a lower rate than the equivalent loading or penalty in this award for any classification of employee.

* + 1. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.
		2. The difference between the loading or penalty in this award and the rate in clause A.5.2 is referred to as the transitional percentage.
		3. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in this award minus the specified proportion of the transitional percentage:

| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Loadings and penalty rates - existing loading or penalty rate higher

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by the terms of a transitional minimum wage instrument or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a particular loading or penalty at a higher rate than the equivalent loading or penalty in this award, or to pay a particular loading or penalty and there is no equivalent loading or penalty in this award, for any classification of employee.

* + 1. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument.
		2. The difference between the loading or penalty in this award and the rate in clause A.6.2 is referred to as the transitional percentage. Where there is no equivalent loading or penalty in this award, the transitional percentage is the rate in A.6.2.
		3. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in this award plus the specified proportion of the transitional percentage:

| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Loadings and penalty rates - no existing loading or penalty rate

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer not covered by clause A.5 or A.6 in relation to a particular loading or penalty in this award.
		2. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer need not pay the loading or penalty in this award.
		3. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the following percentage of the loading or penalty in this award:

| **First full pay period on or after** | **%** |
| --- | --- |
| 1 July 2010 | 20 |
| 1 July 2011 | 40 |
| 1 July 2012 | 60 |
| 1 July 2013 | 80 |

* + 1. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Former Division 2B employers

[A.8 inserted by [PR503671](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503671.htm) ppc 01Jan11]

* + 1. This clause applies to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2011, was covered by a Division 2B State award.
		2. All of the terms of a Division 2B State award applying to a Division 2B employer are continued in effect until the end of the full pay period commencing before 1 February 2011.
		3. Subject to this clause, from the first full pay period commencing on or after 1 February 2011 a Division 2B employer must pay no less than the minimum wages, loadings and penalty rates which it would be required to pay under this Schedule if it had been a national system employer immediately prior to 1 January 2010.
		4. Despite clause A.8.3, where a minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in a Division 2B State award immediately prior to 1 February 2011 was lower than the corresponding minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award, nothing in this Schedule requires a Division 2B employer to pay more than the minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award.
		5. Despite clause A.8.3, where a minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in a Division 2B State award immediately prior to 1 February 2011 was higher than the corresponding minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award, nothing in this Schedule requires a Division 2B employer to pay less than the minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award.
		6. In relation to a Division 2B employer this Schedule commences to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 January 2011 and ceases to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.
1. —Part-day Public Holidays

[Sched B inserted by [PR532631](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr532631.htm) ppc 23Nov12; renamed and varied by [PR544519](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr544519.htm) ppc 21Nov13; renamed and varied by [PR557581](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR557581.htm), [PR573679](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR573679.htm), [PR580863](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR580863.htm), [PR598110](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598110.htm), [PR701683](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr701683.htm) ppc 21Nov18; varied by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm)]

This schedule operates in conjunction with award provisions dealing with public holidays.

[B.1 varied by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* 1. Where a part-day public holiday is declared or prescribed between 6.00 pm and midnight, or 7.00 pm and midnight on Christmas Eve (24 December in each year) or New Year’s Eve (31 December in each year) the following will apply on Christmas Eve and New Year’s Eve and will override any provision in this award relating to public holidays to the extent of the inconsistency:
		+ 1. All employees will have the right to refuse to work on the part-day public holiday if the request to work is not reasonable or the refusal is reasonable as provided for in the NES.

[B.1(b) varied by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday but as a result of exercising their right under the NES does not work, they will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours not worked.

[B.1(c) substituted by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday but as a result of being on annual leave does not work, they will be taken not to be on annual leave during the hours of the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday that they would have usually been rostered to work and will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours.

[B.1(d) varied by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday, but as a result of having a rostered day off (RDO) provided under this award, does not work, the employee will be taken to be on a public holiday for such hours and paid their ordinary rate of pay for those hours.

[B.1(e) varied by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Excluding annualised salaried employees to whom clause B.1(f) applies, where an employee works any hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday they will be entitled to the appropriate public holiday penalty rate (if any) in this award for those hours worked.

[B.1(f) varied by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where an employee is paid an annualised salary under the provisions of this award and is entitled under this award to time off in lieu or additional annual leave for work on a public holiday, they will be entitled to time off in lieu or pro-rata annual leave equivalent to the time worked on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday.

[B.1(g) varied by [PR715194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715194.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. An employee not rostered to work on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday, other than an employee who has exercised their right in accordance with clause B.1(a), will not be entitled to another day off, another day’s pay or another day of annual leave as a result of the part-day public holiday.
			2. Nothing in this schedule affects the right of an employee and employer to agree to substitute public holidays.

This schedule is not intended to detract from or supplement the NES.

1. —Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime

[Sched C inserted by [PR585481](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR585481.htm) ppc 16Sep16]

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/toil-agreement.pdf).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree that the employee may take time off instead of being paid for the following amount of overtime that has been worked by the employee:**

Date and time overtime started: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ am/pm

Date and time overtime ended: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ am/pm

Amount of overtime worked: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hours and \_\_\_\_\_\_ minutes

**The employer and employee further agree that, if requested by the employee at any time, the employer must pay the employee for overtime covered by this agreement but not taken as time off. Payment must be made at the overtime rate applying to the overtime when worked and must be made in the next pay period following the request.**

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Name of employer
representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer
representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

1. —Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance

[Sched D inserted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/leave-in-advance-agreement.pdf).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree that the employee will take a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave:**

The amount of leave to be taken in advance is: \_\_\_\_ hours/days

The leave in advance will commence on: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Name of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

|  |
| --- |
| *[If the employee is under 18 years of age - include:]***I agree that:****if, on termination of the employee’s employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken under this agreement, then the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.**Name of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ |

1. —Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave

[Sched E inserted by [PR588737](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588737.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/cash-out-agreement.pdf).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree to the employee cashing out a particular amount of the employee’s accrued paid annual leave:**

The amount of leave to be cashed out is: \_\_\_\_ hours/days

The payment to be made to the employee for the leave is: $\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subject to deduction of income tax/after deduction of income tax (strike out where not applicable)

The payment will be made to the employee on: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Name of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

|  |
| --- |
| *Include if the employee is under 18 years of age:*Name of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ |