**Professional Diving Industry (Industrial) Award 2010**

This Fair Work Commission consolidated modern award incorporates all amendments up to and including 19 December 2019 ([PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm)).

Clause(s) affected by the most recent variation(s):

Schedule C—Part-day Public Holidays

Current review matter(s): [AM2014/47](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am201447-annual-leave); [AM2014/84](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-and-agreements/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/award-stage/award-review-documents/MA000108?m=AM2014/84); [AM2014/190](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014190-transitional); [AM2014/196](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014196-part-time); [AM2014/197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014197-casual); [AM2014/300](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014300-award); [AM2014/301](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am2014301-public); [AM2015/1](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am20151-family-and); [AM2015/2](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-and-agreements/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/am20152-family-friendly-work-arrangemen-0); [AM2016/8](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am20168-payment-wages); [AM2016/15](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awards-agreements/awards/modern-award-reviews/4-yearly-review/common-issues/am201615-plain-language)

**Table of Contents**

[Varied by [PR532631](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr532631.htm), [PR544519](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR544519.htm), [PR546288](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr546288.htm), [PR557581](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR557581.htm), [PR573679](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR573679.htm), [PR585482](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR585482.htm), [PR588750](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588750.htm), [PR609438](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr609438.htm), [PR610274](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610274.htm), [PR701511](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr701511.htm)]

[Part 1— Application and Operation 3](#_Toc31982802)

[1. Title 3](#_Toc31982803)

[2. Commencement and transitional 3](#_Toc31982804)

[3. Definitions and interpretation 4](#_Toc31982805)

[4. Coverage 6](#_Toc31982806)

[5. Access to the award and the National Employment Standards 6](#_Toc31982807)

[6. The National Employment Standards and this award 7](#_Toc31982808)

[7. Individual flexibility arrangements 7](#_Toc31982809)

[Part 2— Consultation and Dispute Resolution 8](#_Toc31982810)

[8. Consultation about major workplace change 8](#_Toc31982811)

[8A. Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work 9](#_Toc31982812)

[9. Dispute resolution 10](#_Toc31982813)

[Part 3— Types of Employment and Termination of Employment 11](#_Toc31982814)

[10. Types of employment 11](#_Toc31982815)

[11. Termination of employment 13](#_Toc31982816)

[12. Redundancy 14](#_Toc31982817)

[Part 4— Minimum Wages and Related Matters 16](#_Toc31982818)

[13. Classifications and minimum wages 16](#_Toc31982819)

[14. Allowances—offshore divers 17](#_Toc31982820)

[15. Allowances—inshore divers 20](#_Toc31982821)

[16. Adjustment of expense related allowances 23](#_Toc31982822)

[17. Accident pay 24](#_Toc31982823)

[18. Higher duties 25](#_Toc31982824)

[19. Payment of wages 26](#_Toc31982825)

[20. Superannuation 27](#_Toc31982826)

[Part 5— Hours of Work and Related Matters 28](#_Toc31982827)

[21. Ordinary hours of work 28](#_Toc31982828)

[22. Rostering—offshore divers 28](#_Toc31982829)

[23. Breaks 30](#_Toc31982830)

[24. Overtime and penalty rates—inshore divers 31](#_Toc31982831)

[24A. Requests for flexible working arrangements 32](#_Toc31982832)

[Part 6— Leave and Public Holidays 34](#_Toc31982833)

[25. Annual leave 34](#_Toc31982834)

[26. Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave 36](#_Toc31982835)

[27. Community service leave 36](#_Toc31982836)

[28. Public holidays 36](#_Toc31982837)

[29. Leave to deal with Family and Domestic Violence 36](#_Toc31982838)

[Schedule A —Transitional Provisions 39](#_Toc31982839)

[Schedule B —Classification Structure 44](#_Toc31982840)

[Schedule C —Part-day Public Holidays 46](#_Toc31982841)

[Schedule D —Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime 48](#_Toc31982842)

[Schedule E —Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance 49](#_Toc31982843)

[Schedule F —Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave 50](#_Toc31982844)

1. Application and Operation
2. Title

This award is the *Professional Diving Industry (Industrial) Award 2010*.

1. Commencement and transitional

[Varied by [PR542228](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542228.htm)]

* 1. This award commences on 1 January 2010.
	2. The monetary obligations imposed on employers by this award may be absorbed into overaward payments. Nothing in this award requires an employer to maintain or increase any overaward payment.
	3. This award contains transitional arrangements which specify when particular parts of the award come into effect. Some of the transitional arrangements are in clauses in the main part of the award. There are also transitional arrangements in Schedule A. The arrangements in Schedule A deal with:
* minimum wages and piecework rates
* casual or part-time loadings
* Saturday, Sunday, public holiday, evening or other penalties
* shift allowances/penalties.

[2.4 varied by [PR542228](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542228.htm) ppc 04Dec13]

* 1. Neither the making of this award nor the operation of any transitional arrangements is intended to result in a reduction in the take-home pay of employees covered by the award. On application by or on behalf of an employee who suffers a reduction in take-home pay as a result of the making of this award or the operation of any transitional arrangements, the Fair Work Commission may make any order it considers appropriate to remedy the situation.

[2.5 varied by [PR542228](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542228.htm) ppc 04Dec13]

* 1. The Fair Work Commission may review the transitional arrangements in this award and make a determination varying the award.

[2.6 varied by [PR542228](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542228.htm) ppc 04Dec13]

* 1. The Fair Work Commission may review the transitional arrangements:
		1. on its own initiative; or
		2. on application by an employer, employee, organisation or outworker entity covered by the modern award; or
		3. on application by an organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of one or more employers or employees that are covered by the modern award; or
		4. in relation to outworker arrangements, on application by an organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of one or more outworkers to whom the arrangements relate.
1. Definitions and interpretation

[Varied by [PR997772](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997772.htm), [PR503682](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503682.htm), [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm)]

* 1. In this award, unless the contrary intention appears:

**Act** means the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

**agreement-based transitional instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

**atmospheric diving systems (ADS)** means a manned diving system such as OMB, ARMS, MOB, JIM, WASP and similar systems which allow an operator to work underwater without being subjected to greater than atmospheric pressure

**award-based transitional instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **default** **fund employee** inserted by [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**default** **fund employee** means an employee who has no chosen fund within the meaning of the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth)

[Definition of **defined benefit member** inserted by [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**d**e**fined benefit member** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth)

**designated assembly point** means the point from which the employer provides transport to the designated point of embarkation

**designated point of embarkation** means the point from which transport to the offshore location is provided

[Definition of **Division 2B State award** inserted by [[PR503682](http://www.fwa.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503682.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503625.htm) ppc 01Jan11]

**Division 2B State award** has the meaning in Schedule 3A of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **Division 2B State employment agreement** inserted by [[PR503682](http://www.fwa.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503682.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503625.htm) ppc 01Jan11]

**Division 2B State employment agreement** has the meaning in Schedule 3A of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **employee** substituted by [PR997772](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997772.htm) from 01Jan10]

**employee** means national system employee within the meaning of the Act

[Definition of **employer** substituted by [PR997772](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR997772.htm) from 01Jan10]

**employer** means national system employer within the meaning of the Act

**enterprise** **award-based instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

[Definition of **exempt public sector superannuation scheme** inserted by [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**exempt public sector superannuation scheme** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth)

**inshore divers** means employees qualified as ADS divers (parts 1, 2, 3 trained to the appropriate level of AS 2815.1, 2815.2, 2815.3) who undertake diving operations in coastal or inland waters under the jurisdiction of Australian State or Territory legislation and in keeping with the provisions of the operational standard AS/NZS 2299.1:2007

[Definition of **MySuper product** inserted by [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

**MySuper product** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth)

**NES** means the National Employment Standards as contained in [sections 59 to 131](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf) of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

**offshore divers** means employees qualified as ADS divers (parts 3, 4 trained to the appropriate level of AS 2815.3 or 2815.4) who undertake an offshore petroleum diving operation conducted outside the State or Territory boundaries but within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth

**offshore exploration and development diving** means and includes all diving from oil drilling rigs, hydrocarbons exploration vessels or platforms and diving in or in connection with the construction and maintenance of platforms and associated submarine pipelines

**on-hire** means the on-hire of an employee by their employer to a client, where such employee works under the general guidance and instruction of the client or a representative of the client

**saturation techniques** means procedures in accordance with which a diver is continuously subjected to an ambient pressure greater than atmospheric pressure so that the body tissues and blood become saturated with the inert element of the breathing mixture

**short term project** will be a continuous project not exceeding 56 days

**standard rate** means the minimum weekly wage for an offshore or inshore Diver, as the case may be, in clause 13—Classifications and minimum wages

**transitional minimum wage instrument** has the meaning in the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)

**underwater inspector** means an employee engaged in or in connection with the inspection of underwater structures

* 1. Where this award refers to a condition of employment provided for in the NES, the NES definition applies.
1. Coverage
	1. This industry award covers employers throughout Australia engaged in the provision of underwater services to industry, including offshore exploration and development diving and related shipboard services, and their employees in the classifications listed in Schedule B—Classification Structure to the exclusion of any other modern award.
	2. In this clause Australia means all areas within the Commonwealth of Australia or within the adjacent areas as defined in the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Acts (State or Federal) and/or such areas that fall within the territorial jurisdiction of the Commonwealth of Australia.
	3. The award does not cover employers and employees covered by the classifications listed in the *Professional Diving Industry (Recreational) Award 2010*.
	4. The award does not cover an employee excluded from award coverage by the Act.
	5. The award does not cover employees who are covered by a modern enterprise award, or an enterprise instrument (within the meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees.
	6. The award does not cover employees who are covered by a State reference public sector modern award, or a State reference public sector transitional award (within the meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees.
	7. This award covers any employer which supplies labour on an on-hire basis in the industry set out in clause 4.1 in respect of on-hire employees in classifications covered by this award, and those on-hire employees, while engaged in the performance of work for a business in that industry. This subclause operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.
	8. Where an employer is covered by more than one award, an employee of that employer is covered by the award classification which is most appropriate to the work performed by the employee and to the environment in which the employee normally performs the work.

NOTE: Where there is no classification for a particular employee in this award it is possible that the employer and that employee are covered by an award with occupational coverage.

1. Access to the award and the National Employment Standards

The employer must ensure that copies of this award and the NES are available to all employees to whom they apply either on a noticeboard which is conveniently located at or near the workplace or through electronic means, whichever makes them more accessible.

1. The National Employment Standards and this award

The [NES](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf) and this award contain the minimum conditions of employment for employees covered by this award.

1. Individual flexibility arrangements

[Varied by [PR542228](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542228.htm); 7—Award flexibility renamed and substituted by [PR610274](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610274.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* 1. Despite anything else in this award, an employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of the terms of this award relating to any of the following in order to meet the genuine needs of both the employee and the employer:
		1. arrangements for when work is performed; or
		2. overtime rates; or
		3. penalty rates; or
		4. allowances; or
		5. annual leave loading.
	2. An agreement must be one that is genuinely made by the employer and the individual employee without coercion or duress.
	3. An agreement may only be made after the individual employee has commenced employment with the employer.
	4. An employer who wishes to initiate the making of an agreement must:
		1. give the employee a written proposal; and
		2. if the employer is aware that the employee has, or reasonably should be aware that the employee may have, limited understanding of written English, take reasonable steps (including providing a translation in an appropriate language) to ensure that the employee understands the proposal.
	5. An agreement must result in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made.
	6. An agreement must do all of the following:
		1. state the names of the employer and the employee; and
		2. identify the award term, or award terms, the application of which is to be varied; and
		3. set out how the application of the award term, or each award term, is varied; and
		4. set out how the agreement results in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made; and
		5. state the date the agreement is to start.
	7. An agreement must be:
		1. in writing; and
		2. signed by the employer and the employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.
	8. Except as provided in clause 7.7(b), an agreement must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the employee.
	9. The employer must keep the agreement as a time and wages record and give a copy to the employee.
	10. The employer and the employee must genuinely agree, without duress or coercion to any variation of an award provided for by an agreement.
	11. An agreement may be terminated:
		1. at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the employee; or
		2. by the employer or employee giving 13 weeks’ written notice to the other party (reduced to 4 weeks if the agreement was entered into before the first full pay period starting on or after 4 December 2013).

Note: If an employer and employee agree to an arrangement that purports to be an individual flexibility arrangement under this award term and the arrangement does not meet a requirement set out in s.144 then the employee or the employer may terminate the arrangement by giving written notice of not more than 28 days (see s.145 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028)).

* 1. An agreement terminated as mentioned in clause 7.11(b) ceases to have effect at the end of the period of notice required under that clause.
	2. The right to make an agreement under clause 7 is additional to, and does not affect, any other term of this award that provides for an agreement between an employer and an individual employee.
1. Consultation and Dispute Resolution
2. Consultation about major workplace change

[8—Consultation regarding major workplace change renamed and substituted by [PR546288](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr546288.htm), 8—Consultation renamed and substituted by [PR610274](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610274.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* 1. If an employer makes a definite decision to make major changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer must:
		1. give notice of the changes to all employees who may be affected by them and their representatives (if any); and
		2. discuss with affected employees and their representatives (if any):
			1. the introduction of the changes; and
			2. their likely effect on employees; and
			3. measures to avoid or reduce the adverse effects of the changes on employees; and
		3. commence discussions as soon as practicable after a definite decision has been made.
	2. For the purposes of the discussion under clause 8.1(b), the employer must give in writing to the affected employees and their representatives (if any) all relevant information about the changes including:
		1. their nature; and
		2. their expected effect on employees; and
		3. any other matters likely to affect employees.
	3. Clause 8.2 does not require an employer to disclose any confidential information if its disclosure would be contrary to the employer’s interests.
	4. The employer must promptly consider any matters raised by the employees or their representatives about the changes in the course of the discussion under clause 8.1(b).
	5. In clause 8:

**significant effects**, on employees, includes any of the following:

* + 1. termination of employment; or
		2. major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer’s workforce or in the skills required; or
		3. loss of, or reduction in, job or promotion opportunities; or
		4. loss of, or reduction in, job tenure; or
		5. alteration of hours of work; or
		6. the need for employees to be retrained or transferred to other work or locations; or
		7. job restructuring.
	1. Where this award makes provision for alteration of any of the matters defined at clause 8.5, such alteration is taken not to have significant effect.

8A. Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work

[8A inserted by [PR610274](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610274.htm) 01Nov18]

**8A.1** Clause 8A applies if an employer proposes to change the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of an employee, other than an employee whose working hours are irregular, sporadic or unpredictable.

**8A.2** The employer must consult with any employees affected by the proposed change and their representatives (if any).

**8A.3** For the purpose of the consultation, the employer must:

* + 1. provide to the employees and representatives mentioned in clause 8A.2 information about the proposed change (for example, information about the nature of the change and when it is to begin); and
		2. invite the employees to give their views about the impact of the proposed change on them (including any impact on their family or caring responsibilities) and also invite their representative (if any) to give their views about that impact.

**8A.4** The employer must consider any views given under clause 8A.3(b).

**8A.5** Clause 8A is to be read in conjunction with any other provisions of this award concerning the scheduling of work or the giving of notice.

1. Dispute resolution

[Varied by [PR542228](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR542228.htm); substituted by [PR610274](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610274.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* 1. Clause 9 sets out the procedures to be followed if a dispute arises about a matter under this award or in relation to the [NES](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardmod/download/nes.pdf).
	2. The parties to the dispute must first try to resolve the dispute at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and the relevant supervisor.
	3. If the dispute is not resolved through discussion as mentioned in clause 9.2, the parties to the dispute must then try to resolve it in a timely manner at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and more senior levels of management, as appropriate.
	4. If the dispute is unable to be resolved at the workplace and all appropriate steps have been taken under clauses 9.2 and 9.3, a party to the dispute may refer it to the Fair Work Commission.
	5. The parties may agree on the process to be followed by the Fair Work Commission in dealing with the dispute, including mediation, conciliation and consent arbitration.
	6. If the dispute remains unresolved, the Fair Work Commission may use any method of dispute resolution that it is permitted by the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) to use and that it considers appropriate for resolving the dispute.
	7. A party to the dispute may appoint a person, organisation or association to support and/or represent them in any discussion or process under clause 9.
	8. While procedures are being followed under clause 9 in relation to a dispute:
		1. work must continue in accordance with this award and the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028); and
		2. an employee must not unreasonably fail to comply with any direction given by the employer about performing work, whether at the same or another workplace, that is safe and appropriate for the employee to perform.
	9. Clause 9.8 is subject to any applicable work health and safety legislation.
1. Types of Employment and Termination of Employment
2. Types of employment

[Varied by [PR700600](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr700600.htm)]

* 1. Employees under this award will be employed in one of the following categories:
		1. full-time employees; or
		2. casual employees.

Full-time employees

* + 1. Inshore divers must be employed by the week.
		2. For offshore divers, employment for the first four weeks will be on a weekly basis and thereafter will be on a calendar month basis.
		3. A full-time employee is an employee who is engaged to work an average of 38 ordinary hours per week.
		4. Where employment is of less than four weeks’ duration, employees will be paid casual rates.

Casual employees

* + 1. A casual employee is one engaged and paid as such.
		2. A casual employee will be paid an hourly rate with a minimum payment of eight hours, except as provided for in clause 10.3(e).
		3. A casual employee will be paid per hour 1/38th of the relevant minimum wage in clause 13—Classifications and minimum wages, plus a loading of 25%.
		4. The casual loading is paid instead of annual leave, personal/carer’s leave, notice of termination, redundancy benefits and the other entitlements of full‑time or part-time employment provided for in this award. The loading constitutes part of the casual employee’s all purpose rate.
		5. Where casual employees are required to attend for work at the usual starting time and are not required to start work, they must be paid four hours’ pay plus fares and travelling time in accordance with clause 15.6.
		6. Casual employment is to be terminated by four hours’ notice on either side, or by the payment or forfeiture of four hours’ wages as the case may be.

Right to request casual conversion

[10.4 inserted by [PR700600](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr700600.htm) ppc 01Oct18]

* + 1. A person engaged by a particular employer as a regular casual employee may request that their employment be converted to full-time employment.
		2. A **regular casual employee** is a casual employee who has in the preceding period of 12 months worked a pattern of hours on an ongoing basis which, without significant adjustment, the employee could continue to perform as a full-time employee under the provisions of this award.
		3. A regular casual employee who has worked equivalent full-time hours over the preceding period of 12 months’ casual employment may request to have their employment converted to full-time employment.
		4. Any request under this subclause must be in writing and provided to the employer.
		5. Where a regular casual employee seeks to convert to full-time employment, the employer may agree to or refuse the request, but the request may only be refused on reasonable grounds and after there has been consultation with the employee.
		6. Reasonable grounds for refusal include that:
			1. it would require a significant adjustment to the casual employee’s hours of work in order for the employee to be engaged as a full-time employee in accordance with the provisions of this award – that is, the casual employee is not truly a regular casual employee as defined in paragraph (b);
			2. it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the regular casual employee’s position will cease to exist within the next 12 months;
			3. it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the hours of work which the regular casual employee is required to perform will be significantly reduced in the next 12 months; or
			4. it is known or reasonably foreseeable that there will be a significant change in the days and/or times at which the employee’s hours of work are required to be performed in the next 12 months which cannot be accommodated within the days and/or hours during which the employee is available to work.
		7. For any ground of refusal to be reasonable, it must be based on facts which are known or reasonably foreseeable.
		8. Where the employer refuses a regular casual employee’s request to convert, the employer must provide the casual employee with the employer’s reasons for refusal in writing within 21 days of the request being made. If the employee does not accept the employer’s refusal, this will constitute a dispute that will be dealt with under the dispute resolution procedure in clause 9. Under that procedure, the employee or the employer may refer the matter to the Fair Work Commission if the dispute cannot be resolved at the workplace level.
		9. Where it is agreed that a casual employee will have their employment converted to full-time employment as provided for in this clause, the employer and employee must discuss and record in writing that the employee will convert to full-time employment.
		10. The conversion will take effect from the start of the next pay cycle following such agreement being reached unless otherwise agreed.
		11. Once a casual employee has converted to full-time employment, the employee may only revert to casual employment with the written agreement of the employer.
		12. A casual employee must not be engaged and re-engaged (which includes a refusal to re-engage), or have their hours reduced or varied, in order to avoid any right or obligation under this clause.
		13. Nothing in this clause obliges a regular casual employee to convert to full-time employment, nor permits an employer to require a regular casual employee to so convert.
		14. Nothing in this clause requires an employer to increase the hours of a regular casual employee seeking conversion to full-time employment.
		15. An employer must provide a casual employee, whether a regular casual employee or not, with a copy of the provisions of this subclause within the first 12 months of the employee’s first engagement to perform work. In respect of casual employees already employed as at 1 October 2018, an employer must provide such employees with a copy of the provisions of this subclause by 1 January 2019.
		16. A casual employee’s right to request to convert is not affected if the employer fails to comply with the notice requirements in paragraph (o).
1. Termination of employment

[11 substituted by [PR610274](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr610274.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

Note: The [NES](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardmod/download/nes.pdf) sets out requirements for notice of termination by an employer. See ss.117 and 123 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Notice of termination by an employee

* + 1. This clause applies to all employees except those identified in ss.123(1) and 123(3) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).
		2. An employee must give the employer notice of termination in accordance with **Table 1—Period of notice** of at least the period specified in column 2 according to the period of continuous service of the employee specified in column 1.

**Table 1—Period of notice**

| **Column 1Employee’s period of continuous service with the employer at the end of the day the notice is given** | **Column 2Period of notice** |
| --- | --- |
| Not more than 1 year | 1 week |
| More than 1 year but not more than 3 years | 2 weeks |
| More than 3 years but not more than 5 years | 3 weeks |
| More than 5 years | 4 weeks |

Note: The notice of termination required to be given by an employee is the same as that required of an employer except that the employee does not have to give additional notice based on the age of the employee.

* + 1. In paragraph (b) **continuous service** has the same meaning as in s.117 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).
		2. If an employee who is at least 18 years old does not give the period of notice required under paragraph (b), then the employer may deduct from wages due to the employee under this award an amount that is no more than one week’s wages for the employee.
		3. If the employer has agreed to a shorter period of notice than that required under paragraph (b), then no deduction can be made under paragraph (d).
		4. Any deduction made under paragraph (d) must not be unreasonable in the circumstances.

Job search entitlement

Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee, the employee must be allowed time off without loss of pay of up to one day for the purpose of seeking other employment.

* 1. The time off under clause 11.2 is to be taken at times that are convenient to the employee after consultation with the employer.
1. Redundancy

[Varied by [PR503682](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503682.htm), [PR561478](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR561478.htm); substituted by [PR707014](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707014.htm) ppc 03May19]

NOTE: Redundancy pay is provided for in the [NES](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardmod/download/nes.pdf). See sections 119–123 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Transfer to lower paid duties on redundancy

* + 1. Clause 12.1 applies if, because of redundancy, an employee is transferred to new duties to which a lower ordinary rate of pay applies.
		2. The employer may:
			1. give the employee notice of the transfer of at least the same length as the employee would be entitled to under section 117 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) as if it were a notice of termination given by the employer; or
			2. transfer the employee to the new duties without giving notice of transfer or before the expiry of a notice of transfer, provided that the employer pays the employee as set out in paragraph (c).
		3. If the employer acts as mentioned in paragraph (b)(ii), the employee is entitled to a payment of an amount equal to the difference between the ordinary rate of pay of the employee (inclusive of all-purpose allowances and penalty rates applicable to ordinary hours) for the hours of work the employee would have worked in the first role, and the ordinary rate of pay (also inclusive of all-purpose allowances and penalty rates applicable to ordinary hours) of the employee in the second role for the period for which notice was not given.

Employee leaving during redundancy notice period

* + 1. An employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy may terminate their employment during the minimum period of notice prescribed by section 117(3) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).
		2. The employee is entitled to receive the benefits and payments they would have received under clause 12 or under sections 119–123 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) had they remained in employment until the expiry of the notice.
		3. However, the employee is not entitled to be paid for any part of the period of notice remaining after the employee ceased to be employed.

Job search entitlement

* + 1. Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee in circumstances of redundancy, the employee must be allowed time off without loss of pay of up to one day each week of the minimum period of notice prescribed by section 117(3) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) for the purpose of seeking other employment.
		2. If an employee is allowed time off without loss of pay of more than one day under paragraph (a), the employee must, at the request of the employer, produce proof of attendance at an interview.
		3. A statutory declaration is sufficient for the purpose of paragraph (b).
		4. An employee who fails to produce proof when required under paragraph (b) is not entitled to be paid for the time off.
		5. This entitlement applies instead of clauses 11.2 and 11.3.
1. Minimum Wages and Related Matters
2. Classifications and minimum wages

[Varied by [PR998008](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998008.htm); [PR509139](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509139.htm), [PR522970](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR522970.htm), [PR536773](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536773.htm), [PR551696](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551696.htm), [PR566788](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566788.htm), [PR579899](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579899.htm), [PR592210](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr592210.htm), [PR606434](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606434.htm), [PR707526](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707526.htm)]

Offshore divers

[13.1 varied by [PR998008](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998008.htm), [PR509139](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509139.htm), [PR522970](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR522970.htm), [PR536773](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536773.htm), [PR551696](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551696.htm), [PR566788](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566788.htm), [PR579899](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579899.htm), [PR592210](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr592210.htm), [PR606434](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606434.htm), [PR707526](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707526.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

A full-time adult employee engaged in offshore diving must be paid the total weekly wage in Column C (the minimum wage in Column A plus the aggregate weekly factor in Column B) as set out below:

|  | **Column A** | **Column B** | **Column C** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Classification**  | **Minimum weekly wage** | **Aggregate weekly factor** | **Total weekly wage** |
|  | **$** | **Percentage of minimum weekly wage** | **$** |
| Diving Superintendent  | 1138.70 | 117% | 2470.98 |
| Diving Supervisor  | 1064.10 | 116% | 2298.46 |
| Supervisor(ADS Operations) | 1064.10 | 116% | 2298.46 |
| Hyperbaric Welder | 1027.10 | 116% | 2218.54 |
| Life Support Technician | 973.80 | 114% | 2083.93 |
| Senior Operator (OMB Operations) | 973.80 | 114% | 2083.93 |
| Systems Maintenance Technician | 911.70 | 113% | 1941.92 |
| Diver | 857.00 | 111% | 1808.27 |
| Operator(ADS Operations) | 857.00 | 111% | 1808.27 |
| Diver’s Attendant | 745.50 | 108% | 1550.64 |

* 1. The aggregate weekly factor specified in Column B of clause 13.1 includes payment for the various rosters that may be worked, overtime, the nature of the industry and penalties and conditions of employment applicable to the work performed.
	2. Minimum monthly wages are calculated by multiplying the relevant weekly wage derived from clause 13.1 by 4.35.

Inshore divers

[13.4 varied by [PR998008](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998008.htm), [PR509139](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509139.htm), [PR522970](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR522970.htm), [PR536773](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536773.htm), [PR551696](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551696.htm), [PR566788](https://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566788.htm), [PR579899](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579899.htm), [PR592210](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr592210.htm), [PR606434](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606434.htm), [PR707526](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707526.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

A full-time adult employee engaged in inshore diving must be paid a minimum weekly wage as set out below:

| **Classification** | **Minimum weekly wage** |
| --- | --- |
|  | **$** |
| Diving Supervisor | 1396.90 |
| Hyperbaric Welder | 1083.80 |
| Diver | 1036.10 |
| Diver’s Attendant | 851.90 |

* 1. The classification structure and definitions for the above classifications are contained in Schedule B—Classification Structure.
1. Allowances—offshore divers

To view the current monetary amounts of work-related allowances refer to the [Allowances Sheet](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/allowances/MA000108-all.pdf).

[Varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR509260](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509260.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [PR579613](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579613.htm), [PR592361](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr592361.htm), [PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm)]

Disability allowance

Employees will receive an additional payment of 8% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) for each on‑duty day (or in the case of casual employees 9.49% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per on-duty day) on a support vessel whether dynamically positioned or anchor moored in recognition of all disabilities and work requirements associated with living and working from such a vessel. The amounts shown reflect payment for the on-duty and off-duty period.

Diving allowances

Diving other than ADS Operations

* + - 1. In addition to the minimum wage set out in clause 13.1, a Diver will be paid a diving allowance of 0.47% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per metre or 0.14% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per foot or equivalent pressure. The minimum payment will be calculated as 50 times the diving allowance per foot, except where a Diver is engaged in a dive using saturation techniques in which case the minimum allowance will be calculated as 250 times the diving allowance per foot.
			2. Such allowance will be payable once in respect of the greatest depth or equivalent pressure incurred in each period worked. For the purposes of this clause, a period worked will begin from the time the Diver enters the water or is subject to greater than atmospheric pressure and will end 12 hours later. Further periods worked will begin again each 12 hours if at the end of a period worked, or a further period worked, a Diver is still subject to greater than atmospheric pressure.

ADS Operations

In addition to the minimum wage set out in clause 13.1, a Senior Operator (OMB Operations) and Operator (ADS Operations) will be paid a diving allowance of 0.23% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per metre or 0.07% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per foot. The minimum payment will be calculated as 250 times the diving allowance per foot. Such allowance will be payable only once in respect of dives commenced within a 12 hour period.

Practice or training dives

The diving allowances in clauses 14.2(a) and (b) must not be paid to persons performing practice or training dives or to an Operator (ADS Operations) during the first 12 month period of training. Underwater services must not be performed for the employer during practice or training dives.

Diving Superintendents, Diving Supervisors, Supervisors (ADS Operations) and Life Support Technicians

* + - 1. Diving Superintendents, Diving Supervisors and Supervisors (ADS Operations) will receive 20% and Life Support Technicians will receive 15% of the average diving allowance paid to Divers or Operators (ADS Operations) under their control. Average diving allowance will be calculated daily by dividing the total diving allowance earned in each day or part thereof by Divers or Operators (ADS Operations) under the control of a Diving Superintendent, Diving Supervisor or Supervisor (ADS Operations) by the number of Divers or Operators (ADS Operations) who earned a diving allowance in that day.
			2. Surface oriented dives made in conjunction with saturation diving operations must be calculated separately for the purpose of calculating the average diving allowance.

Non-destructive testing allowance

Employees engaged in non-destructive testing of structures by the methods of magnetic particle testing, ultrasonic testing and radiography will, in addition to the minimum wage applicable to their classification, be paid an allowance for each day or part thereof on which they are engaged in such duties. The allowance will be 7.04% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per day.

Hyperbaric welding allowance

* + 1. The minimum wage for a Hyperbaric Welder as specified in clause 13.1 will apply from the date an employee is required to carry out such duties. The payment will cease when the employee is no longer required by the employer to carry out those duties.
		2. A Hyperbaric Welder will be entitled to a payment of 0.58% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per linear millimetre for a successfully completed weld. For the purpose of this clause, **successfully completed** means a weld which has been accepted by the client without the necessity for repair.
		3. Provided that instead of clause 14.4(b) a Hyperbaric Welder will be entitled to payment of 0.39% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per linear millimetre for a weld which requires repair prior to being accepted by the client.
		4. The payments prescribed in clauses 14.4(b) and (c) will apply only to members of the nominated hyperbaric welding team who have been coded for that particular hyperbaric welding task.

Loss of personal effects reimbursement

[14.5 varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR509260](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509260.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [PR592361](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr592361.htm), [[PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

An employee will be reimbursed up to $2552 for the loss of personal effects normally required while offshore, which are lost due to fire, explosion, collision, foundering or collapse of a fixed platform, vessel or work barge. Provided that no payment will be made where the employee’s loss is made good by any insurance policy or other claim on the employer or any third party.

Living away from home allowance

[14.6 varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [[PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

An allowance of $54.37 per day will be paid to each employee for each day or part thereof of their duty period offshore or in circumstances where employees would normally be working offshore and are temporarily accommodated onshore away from their home. With the exception of annual leave the allowance will not be payable during periods of leave or authorised absences nor during periods in which the employee is specifically engaged on shore‑based duties including equipment mobilisation or demobilisation where the employee is able to live at home.

Transportation and accommodation allowances

* + 1. At the beginning and end of each on-duty period, the employer must provide transport between the designated assembly point and the designated point of embarkation. Employees are required to present themselves at the designated point of embarkation by use of the transport provided by the employer or otherwise at their own expense. If the transport provided is in the form of a hired vehicle the employee will be responsible for the care of the vehicle and if an accident occurs while the employee is in charge of the vehicle and is proven to be under the influence of illegal drugs or alcohol, the employer will have the right to recover from the employee any cost incurred by the employer resulting from such accident.
		2. During the period of duty, employees who cannot reasonably return to their usual residence will be reimbursed the cost of reasonable accommodation and meals. Where such accommodation and meals are provided by the employer the provisions of clause 14.7 do not apply.
		3. The employer will notify the employees of the designated assembly point and designated point of embarkation for each job.

Clothing and equipment allowances

* + 1. Employees will be reimbursed for the purchase of clothing and equipment required for the performance of duties. The provisions of clause 14.8 do not apply if the employer provides such clothing and equipment.
		2. Where a full-time employee is required to supply and maintain their own wetsuit and approved safety footwear, they will be paid an allowance of $108.61 per calendar month.
		3. In the case of a casual employee, the allowance will be $8.75 per day.

Medical examination allowance

* + 1. Where the employer requests that a prospective employee undertake a pre‑employment medical examination, the employee will be reimbursed for the costs of attending such examination.
		2. Where Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation requires that employees bound by this award must submit to medical examination, then upon employees complying with such Act or Regulation, the employer will reimburse the employee for all costs associated with such examination.

Insurance policy reimbursement

[14.10 varied by [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [PR592361](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr592361.htm), [[PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

Where the employee elects to obtain insurance cover against death from any cause with a sum insured of $129,489 to apply during the period of the employee’s employment, then upon presentation of verifiable evidence of the purchase of such insurance policy, the employer will reimburse the employee for the cost of the policy. The provisions of this clause do not apply if the employer provides such insurance coverage directly.

1. Allowances—inshore divers

[Varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR509260](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509260.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [PR579613](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR579613.htm), [PR592361](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr592361.htm), [[PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm)]

Diving allowance

* + 1. A Diver will be paid a diving allowance of 0.43% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per metre or 0.13% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per foot of water or equivalent pressure. Such allowance will be payable once in respect of the greatest depth or equivalent pressure incurred each day.
		2. Provided that the diving allowance specified herein will only apply to dives made in excess of 50 feet or 15 metres of water or equivalent pressure or when decompression is necessary whichever will occur first and will be calculated from the surface to the maximum depth or equivalent pressure attained during the dive.
		3. The diving allowance referred to above will not be paid to persons performing practice or training dives. Underwater services will not be performed for the employer during practice or training dives.
		4. Diving Supervisors will receive 20% of the average diving allowance paid to Divers under their control. Average diving allowance will be calculated daily by dividing the total diving allowance earned by divers whilst under the control of a Diving Supervisor by the number of divers who earned a diving allowance on that day.

Non-destructive testing allowance

Employees engaged in non-destructive testing of structures by the methods of magnetic particle testing, ultrasonic testing and radiography will, in addition to the minimum wage applicable to their classification, be paid an allowance for each day or part thereof on which they are engaged in such duties. The allowance will be 6.51% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per day.

Hyperbaric welding allowance

* + 1. The Hyperbaric Welder rate as specified in clause 15.3(b) will apply from the date an employee is required to carry out such duties. The payment will cease when the employee is no longer required by the employer to carry out those duties.
		2. A Hyperbaric Welder will be entitled to a payment of 0.49% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per linear millimetre for a successfully completed weld. For the purpose of this clause, **successfully completed** means a weld which has been accepted by the client without the necessity for repair.
		3. Provided that instead of clause 15.3(b) a Hyperbaric Welder will be entitled to payment of 0.33% of the [standard rate](#standard_rate) per linear millimetre for a weld which requires repair prior to being accepted by the client.
		4. The payments prescribed in clauses 15.3(b) and (c) will apply only to members of the nominated hyperbaric welding team who have been coded for the particular hyperbaric welding task.

Annual medical exam allowance

Employees who are subjected to greater than atmospheric pressure will be reimbursed the cost of an annual medical examination which will include, but not be limited to, the requirement set out in Appendix A of the Standards Association of Australia Underwater Air Breathing Operations Standard AS 2299. The provisions of clause 15.4 do not apply where the employer provides for the service.

Meal allowance

[15.5 varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR509260](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR509260.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [PR592361](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr592361.htm), [[PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

Employees who are required to work overtime for more than two hours on any day after the usual finishing time will be entitled to a meal allowance of $9.08 unless they are notified the previous day that their services are required or a hot meal is provided by the employer. Provided that where employees are notified that they will be required to work overtime the following day and such order is cancelled after they have left work on the day on which they were notified they will be paid the meal allowance of $9.08.

Fares and travelling time allowance

[15.6(a) varied by [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm) ppc 01Jul14]

* + 1. Employees who commence and finish work within a 50 km radius of the General Post Office in the city or town in which the employer’s business address is situated will receive a fare allowance of $11.63 per day.
		2. Where employees commence and finish work beyond the 50 km radius referred to in clause 15.6(a) they will be reimbursed for the actual fares incurred and all time spent travelling beyond this radius will be paid at ordinary rates.

Distant work allowance

* + 1. For the purpose of this clause distant work is that in which the distances, or the travelling facilities to and from such places of work, make it reasonably necessary that employees will live and sleep at some place other than their usual place of residence at the time of commencing such work. Provided that if employees, whilst employed on distant work, change their usual place of residence such new place of residence or any further change thereof (if made whilst employed on distant work) will be their usual place of residence for determination of whether the work is distant work within the meaning of this clause.
		2. Employees engaged on distant work will be conveyed with equipment to and from work at their employer’s expense. Such conveyance will be made each time the employee is recalled and sent again to the place of work. Provided that return fares and travelling time need not be paid to employees who:
			1. leave the employment of their own free will before the completion of the job or before being three months in such employment, whichever happens first; or
			2. are discharged for incompetence within one week of engagement; or
			3. are discharged for misconduct.

[15.7(c) varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [[PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

* + 1. The rate of pay for time occupied in travelling to and from distant work will be ordinary rates, except on Sundays and public holidays when it will be time and a half. Employees will also be paid an amount of $6.70 to cover the expenses, if any, of reaching home and of transporting their personal diving equipment.
		2. The maximum travelling time to be paid for will be 12 hours out of every 24 hours, or when a sleeping berth is provided by the employer for all night travel, eight hours out of every 24 hours.

[15.7(e) varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm), [PR566917](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR566917.htm), [PR606584](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr606584.htm), [PR704194](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr704194.htm), [PR707753](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr707753.htm) ppc 01Jul19]

* + 1. On distant work employees may be paid, by agreement with the employer, an allowance of $350.47 per week, or such greater amount as may be agreed upon, in return for which employees will be responsible for securing their own accommodation and meals. In the case of broken parts of the week occurring at the beginning or ending of the employment on a distant job the allowance will be $50.11 per day or one seventh of any other weekly amount agreed upon. The provisions of this clause do not apply if the employer provides reasonable board and lodging.

[15.7(f) varied by [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm), [PR536893](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr536893.htm), [[PR551816](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR551816.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR000000.htm) ppc 01Jul14]

* + 1. Employees who consent to use their own vehicle in the course of their employment will be paid an allowance of $0.78 per kilometre. This allowance is for the use of the vehicle by the employee for transporting the employee and the employee’s personal diving equipment.

Diving clothing and equipment allowance

Employees who supply their own wet suits and personal diving equipment including weightbelt and diving knife will be paid, in addition to the ordinary rate, an allowance of $7.08 per day on each day on which the equipment is used.

Protective clothing, footwear and equipment allowance

* + 1. Employees will be reimbursed for the cost of all required industrial protective clothing, footwear and safety equipment other than that prescribed in clause 15.8. This provision does not apply if the clothing and the equipment is supplied by the employer.
		2. Casual employees may, instead of the provision of footwear by the employer, be paid an amount of $2.53 per day of employment for the purchase of approved safety footwear. This allowance will not be payable where safety footwear is not required to be worn.
1. Adjustment of expense related allowances

[Varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm), [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm)]

* 1. At the time of any adjustment to the [standard rate](#standard_rate), each expense related allowance will be increased by the relevant adjustment factor. The relevant adjustment factor for this purpose is the percentage movement in the applicable index figure most recently published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics since the allowance was last adjusted.

[16.2 varied by [PR998129](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR998129.htm) ppc 01Jul10; [PR523090](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR523090.htm) ppc 01Jul12]

* 1. The applicable index figure is the index figure published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics for the Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index (Cat No. 6401.0), as follows:

| **Allowance** | **Applicable Consumer Price Index figure** |
| --- | --- |
| Clothing, footwear and equipment allowances | Clothing and footwear group |
| Distant work allowance | Domestic holiday travel and accommodation sub-group |
| Fares allowance | Transport group |
| Insurance policy reimbursement | Insurance and financial services group |
| Living away from home allowance | Domestic holiday travel and accommodation sub-group |
| Loss of personal effects reimbursement | Consumer price index |
| Meal allowance | Take away and fast foods sub-group |
| Vehicle allowance | Private motoring sub-group |

1. Accident pay

[Varied by [PR503682](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503682.htm); deleted by [PR561478](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR561478.htm) ppc 05Mar15; new 17 inserted by [PR571842](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR571842.htm) ppc 15Oct15]

Definitions

For the purposes of this clause, the following definitions will apply:

* + 1. **Accident pay** means a weekly payment made to an employee by the employer that is the difference between the weekly amount of compensation paid to an employee pursuant to the applicable workers’ compensation legislation and the weekly amount that would have been received had the employee been on paid personal leave at the date of the injury (not including over award payments) provided the latter amount is greater than the former amount.
		2. **Injury** will be given the same meaning and application as applying under the applicable workers’ compensation legislation covering the employer.

Entitlement to accident pay

The employer must pay accident pay where an employee suffers an injury and weekly payments of compensation are paid to the employee under the applicable workers’ compensation legislation for a maximum period of 52 weeks.

Calculation of the period

* + 1. The 52 week period commences from the date of injury. In the event of more than one absence arising from one injury, such absences are to be cumulative in the assessment of the 52 week period.
		2. The termination by the employer of the employee’s employment within the 52 week period will not affect the employee’s entitlement to accident pay.
		3. For a period of less than one week, accident pay (as defined) will be calculated on a pro rata basis.

When not entitled to payment

An employee will not be entitled to any payment under this clause in respect of any period of paid annual leave or long service leave, or for any paid public holiday.

Return to work

If an employee entitled to accident pay under this clause returns to work on reduced hours or modified duties, the amount of accident pay due will be reduced by any amounts paid for the performance of such work.

Redemptions

In the event that an employee receives a lump sum payment in lieu of weekly payments under the applicable workers compensation legislation, the liability of the employer to pay accident pay as herein provided will cease from the date the employee receives that payment.

Damages independent of the Acts

Where the employee recovers damages from the employer or from a third party in respect of the said injury independently of the applicable workers compensation legislation, such employee will be liable to repay to the employer the amount of accident pay which the employer has paid under this clause and the employee will not be entitled to any further accident pay thereafter.

Casual employees

For a casual employee, the weekly payment referred to in clause 17.1(a) will be calculated using the employee’s average weekly ordinary hours with the employer over the previous 12 months or, if the employee has been employed for less than 12 months by the employer, the employee’s average weekly ordinary hours over the period of employment with the employer. The weekly payment will include casual loading but will not include over award payments.

1. Higher duties
	1. Where employees perform the duties of a higher paid classification for a day or part thereof they will be paid at the higher rate for that day and paid at the higher rate for an equivalent day in their off-duty period.
	2. For the purposes of this clause a higher paid classification means a classification which with salary and allowances is a higher paid classification than the employee’s current classification.
2. Payment of wages

[Varied by [PR588655](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588655.htm), [PR610142](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/PR610142.htm)]

* 1. Wages will be paid weekly or fortnightly unless otherwise agreed between the employer and the employee.
	2. Wages will be paid by cash, bank cheque or electronic funds transfer (EFT).

[19.3 substituted by [PR588655](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588655.htm) ppc 16Dec16]

* 1. Where an employee is paid by cash or cheque and the employee is kept waiting for their wages on pay day for more than 15 minutes after the usual time for ceasing work, the employee must be paid overtime rates after that 15 minutes for the duration spent waiting at the workplace.

Payment on termination of employment

[19.4 substituted by [PR610142](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/PR610142.htm) ppc 01Nov18]

* + 1. The employer must pay an employee no later than 7 days after the day on which the employee’s employment terminates:
			1. the employee’s wages under this award for any complete or incomplete pay period up to the end of the day of termination; and
			2. all other amounts that are due to the employee under this award and the [NES](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf).
		2. The requirement to pay wages and other amounts under paragraph (a) is subject to further order of the Commission and the employer making deductions authorised by this award or the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Note 1: Section 117(2) of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) provides that an employer must not terminate an employee’s employment unless the employer has given the employee the required minimum period of notice or “has paid” to the employee payment instead of giving notice.

Note 2: Paragraph (b) allows the Commission to make an order delaying the requirement to make a payment under this clause. For example, the Commission could make an order delaying the requirement to pay redundancy pay if an employer makes an application under s.120 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) for the Commission to reduce the amount of redundancy pay an employee is entitled to under the [NES](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardmod/download/nes.pdf).

Note 3: State and Territory long service leave laws or long service leave entitlements under s.113 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028), may require an employer to pay an employee for accrued long service leave on the day on which the employee’s employment terminates or shortly after.

1. Superannuation

[Varied by [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm)]

Superannuation legislation

* + 1. Superannuation legislation, including the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth) and the *Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993* (Cth), deals with the superannuation rights and obligations of employers and employees. Under superannuation legislation individual employees generally have the opportunity to choose their own superannuation fund. If an employee does not choose a superannuation fund, any superannuation fund nominated in the award covering the employee applies.
		2. The rights and obligations in these clauses supplement those in superannuation legislation.

Employer contributions

An employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an employee as will avoid the employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under superannuation legislation with respect to that employee.

Voluntary employee contributions

* + 1. Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, an employee may, in writing, authorise their employer to pay on behalf of the employee a specified amount from the post-taxation wages of the employee into the same superannuation fund as the employer makes the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 20.2.
		2. An employee may adjust the amount the employee has authorised their employer to pay from the wages of the employee from the first of the month following the giving of three months’ written notice to their employer.
		3. The employer must pay the amount authorised under clauses 20.3(a) or (b) no later than 28 days after the end of the month in which the deduction authorised under clauses 20.3(a) or (b) was made.

Superannuation fund

Unless, to comply with superannuation legislation, the employer is required to make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 20.2 to another superannuation fund that is chosen by the employee, the employer must make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 20.2 and pay the amount authorised under clauses 20.3(a) or (b) to one of the following superannuation funds or its successor:

* + 1. Maritime Super;
		2. AMP Superannuation Savings Trust;

[20.4(c) varied by [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

* + 1. any superannuation fund to which the employer was making superannuation contributions for the benefit of its employees before 12 September 2008, provided the superannuation fund is an eligible choice fund and is a fund that offers a MySuper product or is an exempt public sector scheme; or

[20.4(d) inserted by [PR546104](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR546104.htm) ppc 01Jan14]

* + 1. a superannuation fund or scheme which the employee is a defined benefit member of.
1. Hours of Work and Related Matters
2. Ordinary hours of work

[Varied by [PR593669](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr593669.htm)]

Inshore divers

[21.1(a) varied by [PR593669](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr593669.htm) ppc 13Jun17]

* + 1. The ordinary hours of work will not exceed 38 hours per week which may be worked between 6.00 am and 6.00 pm Monday to Friday.
		2. Work undertaken prior to the spread of hours provided by clause 21.1(a) for which overtime rates are payable will be deemed for the purposes of this clause to be part of the ordinary hours of work.
		3. The spread of hours provided by clause 21.1(a) may be altered by up to one hour by mutual agreement between the employer and employees.

[21.1(a) varied by [PR593669](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr593669.htm) ppc 13Jun17]

* + 1. Where employees are not employed on diving operations as such during their ordinary hours, the employer will have the right to usetheir services on other work for any time remaining.

Offshore divers

With the exception of employees engaged in operations rendering them subject to greater than atmospheric pressure, the average daily hours of work will be no greater than 12 hours. Starting and finishing times will be in accordance with a nominated regularly recurrent roster schedule.

1. Rostering—offshore divers

[Varied by [PR561478](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR561478.htm)]

Leave accrual

For each on-duty day worked employees, other than casual employees, will receive one paid off-duty leave day.

Rosters

The employer will establish a regularly recurring roster of equal on-duty and off-duty periods for each work site. The on-duty and off-duty periods will each be of 14 days’ duration, provided that other equal periods may be worked by agreement between the parties.

On-duty period

The on-duty period for employees, other than casual employees, will commence on the day of arrival at the designated point of embarkation to the work site.

Off-duty period

The off-duty period for employees, other than casual employees, will commence on the day of departure from the work site. Provided that if the employee is held over beyond midnight on their crew change day and/or subsequent days, they will be paid one day’s pay at the Column A rate in clause 13.1 but they will not accrue a subsequent leave day.

Not attending for duty

Employees not attending for duty in a rostered on-duty period other than as provided for elsewhere in this clause will not receive payment nor accrue off-duty leave days in respect of such period.

Authorised paid leave

[22.6 varied by [PR561478](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR561478.htm) ppc 05Mar15]

Employees who are absent during a rostered on-duty period, for reasons provided for in clause 26—Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave, will be paid as if on-duty for the period of such absence.

Authorised unpaid leave

At the request of an employee the employer may grant authorised unpaid leave to that employee. The employee will not receive payment nor accrue or use paid off‑duty leave days in respect of such period of absence. The granting of authorised unpaid leave will be at the sole discretion of the employer.

Roster changes by the employer

Where a roster is changed by the employer and the commencement of an employee’s on-duty period is brought forward, the employee will be considered to be on duty from the day of arrival at the designated point of embarkation.

Roster changes by the employee

Where a roster is changed at the request of an employee, the employee will be either on duty and accruing off-duty leave days or off-duty and using off-duty leave days as provided in clauses 22.3 and 22.4.

Returning to work early

Where an employee commences duty prior to the commencement of the employee’s rostered on-duty period, the employee will be considered to be on-duty from the day of arrival at the designated point of embarkation.

Prevented from commencing an on-duty period

Where an employee reports for duty at a designated assembly point but cannot be transported to the offshore work site due to weather conditions, insufficient work or other circumstances beyond the employer’s control, the period of such delay will be regarded as an on-duty period provided that the employer may gainfully employ the employee onshore.

Prevented from remaining on duty

Where during an on-duty period an employee cannot remain at the offshore work due to circumstances beyond the employer’s control, such days will be considered to be on-duty days provided that the employer may gainfully employ the employee onshore.

Prevented from commencing off-duty period

Where due to weather conditions or other circumstances an employee is delayed offshore and prevented from commencing a rostered off-duty period the employee will be on duty and accruing off-duty leave days until the employee actually commences an off-duty period.

Imbalance of off-duty leave days owed and actually taken

* + 1. Subject to clause 22, an employee may accrue more off-duty leave days than are taken or take more off-duty leave days than have been accrued.
		2. Where the employee accrues more off-duty leave days than are taken the balance will be recorded and taken at another time.
		3. Where the employee takes more off-duty leave days than are accrued they will be deducted from any balance of off-duty days yet to be taken. Where that results in a negative balance of off-duty leave days that number of days will be subtracted from the employee’s pay for that month.
		4. A positive balance of off-duty days owed to the employee on termination will be paid to the employee at that time.

Work on first day of off-duty period

To allow a smooth change over of on-duty and off-duty crews, employees will normally be required to work for some period of the first day of their off-duty period on the understanding that they will on average not work a corresponding period on the first day of their on-duty period.

1. Breaks

Inshore divers will be entitled to a meal break of a duration and at a time fixed by agreement provided that no employee will work more than three hours without such a break.

1. Overtime and penalty rates—inshore divers

[Varied by [PR585482](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR585482.htm)]

* 1. An employee will be paid the following rates for all work done in addition to their ordinary hours:
		1. time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter, for overtime worked from Monday to Saturday;
		2. double time for overtime worked on a Sunday; and
		3. double time and a half for overtime worked on a public holiday.
	2. An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer’s premises (whether notified before or after leaving the premises) will be engaged to work for a minimum of four hours or will be paid for a minimum of four hours’ work in circumstances where the employee is engaged for a lesser period.

Time off instead of payment for overtime—Inshore Divers only

[24.3 inserted by [PR585482](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR585482.htm) ppc 16Sep16]

* + 1. An employee and employer may agree in writing to the employee taking time off instead of being paid for a particular amount of overtime that has been worked by the employee.
		2. Any amount of overtime that has been worked by an employee in a particular pay period and that is to be taken as time off instead of the employee being paid for it must be the subject of a separate agreement under clause 24.3.
		3. An agreement must state each of the following:
			1. the number of overtime hours to which it applies and when those hours were worked;
			2. that the employer and employee agree that the employee may take time off instead of being paid for the overtime;
			3. that, if the employee requests at any time, the employer must pay the employee, for overtime covered by the agreement but not taken as time off, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked;
			4. that any payment mentioned in subparagraph (iii) must be made in the next pay period following the request.

Note: An example of the type of agreement required by this clause is set out at Schedule D. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule D. An agreement under clause 24.3 can also be made by an exchange of emails between the employee and employer, or by other electronic means.

* + 1. The period of time off that an employee is entitled to take is the same as the number of overtime hours worked.

EXAMPLE: By making an agreement under clause 24.3 an employee who worked 2 overtime hours is entitled to 2 hours’ time off.

* + 1. Time off must be taken:
			1. within the period of 6 months after the overtime is worked; and
			2. at a time or times within that period of 6 months agreed by the employee and employer.
		2. If the employee requests at any time, to be paid for overtime covered by an agreement under clause 24.3 but not taken as time off, the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following the request, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.
		3. If time off for overtime that has been worked is not taken within the period of 6 months mentioned in paragraph (e), the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following those 6 months, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.
		4. The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 24.3 as an employee record.
		5. An employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee in relation to a decision by the employee to make, or not make, an agreement to take time off instead of payment for overtime.
		6. An employee may, under section 65 of the Act, request to take time off, at a time or times specified in the request or to be subsequently agreed by the employer and the employee, instead of being paid for overtime worked by the employee. If the employer agrees to the request then clause 24.3 will apply, including the requirement for separate written agreements under paragraph (b) for overtime that has been worked.

Note: If an employee makes a request under section 65 of the Act for a change in working arrangements, the employer may only refuse that request on reasonable business grounds (see section 65(5) of the Act).

* + 1. If, on the termination of the employee’s employment, time off for overtime worked by the employee to which clause 24.3 applies has not been taken, the employer must pay the employee for the overtime at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

Note: Under section 345(1) of the Act, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 24.3.

24A. Requests for flexible working arrangements

[24A inserted by [PR701511](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr701511.htm) ppc 01Dec18]

24A.1 Employee may request change in working arrangements

Clause 24A applies where an employee has made a request for a change in working arrangements under s.65 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028).

Note 1: Section 65 of the [Act](http://www.legislation.gov.au/Series/C2009A00028) provides for certain employees to request a change in their working arrangements because of their circumstances, as set out in s.65(1A).

Note 2: An employer may only refuse a s.65 request for a change in working arrangements on ‘reasonable business grounds’ (see s.65(5) and (5A)).

Note 3: Clause 24A is an addition to s.65.

24A.2 Responding to the request

Before responding to a request made under s.65, the employer must discuss the request with the employee and genuinely try to reach agreement on a change in working arrangements that will reasonably accommodate the employee’s circumstances having regard to:

* + 1. the needs of the employee arising from their circumstances;
		2. the consequences for the employee if changes in working arrangements are not made; and
		3. any reasonable business grounds for refusing the request.

Note 1: The employer must give the employee a written response to an employee’s s.65 request within 21 days, stating whether the employer grants or refuses the request (s.65(4)).

Note 2: If the employer refuses the request, the written response must include details of the reasons for the refusal (s.65(6)).

24A.3 What the written response must include if the employer refuses the request

Clause 24A.3 applies if the employer refuses the request and has not reached an agreement with the employee under clause 24A.2.

* + 1. The written response under s.65(4) must include details of the reasons for the refusal, including the business ground or grounds for the refusal and how the ground or grounds apply.
		2. If the employer and employee could not agree on a change in working arrangements under clause 24A.2, the written response under s.65(4) must:
			1. state whether or not there are any changes in working arrangements that the employer can offer the employee so as to better accommodate the employee’s circumstances; and
			2. if the employer can offer the employee such changes in working arrangements, set out those changes in working arrangements.

24A.4 What the written response must include if a different change in working arrangements is agreed

If the employer and the employee reached an agreement under clause 24A.2 on a change in working arrangements that differs from that initially requested by the employee, the employer must provide the employee with a written response to their request setting out the agreed change(s) in working arrangements.

24A.5 Dispute resolution

Disputes about whether the employer has discussed the request with the employee and responded to the request in the way required by clause 24A, can be dealt with under clause 9—Dispute resolution.

1. Leave and Public Holidays
2. Annual leave

[Varied by [PR583053](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR583053.htm), P[R588750](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588750.htm)]

* 1. Annual leave is provided for in the NES.

Payment for annual leave

The amount to be paid to an employee prior to going on leave must be the amount the employee would have been paid for working ordinary hours during the period of annual leave in accordance with clause 21—Ordinary hours of work.

Electronic funds transfer (EFT) payment of annual leave

[New 25.3 inserted by [PR583053](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR583053.htm) ppc 29Jul16]

Despite anything else in this clause, an employee paid by electronic funds transfer (EFT) may be paid in accordance with their usual pay cycle while on paid annual leave.

[25.3 renumbered as 25.4 by [PR583053](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR583053.htm) ppc 29Jul16]

* 1. Leave for offshore divers is provided for in clause 22—Rostering—offshore divers.

[25.4 renumbered as 25.5 by [PR583053](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR583053.htm) ppc 29Jul16]

* 1. Inshore diversin addition to the payment required to be made under clause 25.2, will be paid an annual leave loading of 17.5%.

Annual leave in advance

[25.6 inserted by P[R588750](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588750.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

* + 1. An employer and employee may agree in writing to the employee taking a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave.
		2. An agreement must:
			1. state the amount of leave to be taken in advance and the date on which leave is to commence; and
			2. be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.

Note: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 25.6 is set out at Schedule E. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule E.

* + 1. The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 25.6 as an employee record.
		2. If, on the termination of the employee’s employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken in accordance with an agreement under clause 25.6, the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.

Cashing out of annual leave

[25.7 inserted by P[R588750](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588750.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

* + 1. Paid annual leave must not be cashed out except in accordance with an agreement under clause 25.7.
		2. Each cashing out of a particular amount of paid annual leave must be the subject of a separate agreement under clause 25.7.
		3. An employer and an employee may agree in writing to the cashing out of a particular amount of accrued paid annual leave by the employee.
		4. An agreement under clause 25.7 must state:
			1. the amount of leave to be cashed out and the payment to be made to the employee for it; and
			2. the date on which the payment is to be made.
		5. An agreement under clause 25.7 must be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee’s parent or guardian.
		6. The payment must not be less than the amount that would have been payable had the employee taken the leave at the time the payment is made.
		7. An agreement must not result in the employee’s remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 4 weeks.
		8. The maximum amount of accrued paid annual leave that may be cashed out in any period of 12 months is 2 weeks.
		9. The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 25.7 as an employee record.

Note 1: Under section 344 of the Fair Work Act, an employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee to make, or not make, an agreement under clause 25.7.

Note 2: Under section 345(1) of the Fair Work Act, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 25.7.

Note 3: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 25.7 is set out at Schedule F. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule F.

1. Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave
	1. Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave are provided for in the NES.
2. Community service leave

Community service leave is provided for in the NES.

1. Public holidays
	1. Public holidays are provided for in the NES.
	2. An inshore diver will be paid at the rate of double time and a half with a minimum payment for four hours’ work when required to work on a public holiday.
2. Leave to deal with Family and Domestic Violence

[29 inserted by [PR609438](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr609438.htm) ppc 01Aug18]

* 1. This clause applies to all employees, including casuals.

Definitions

* + 1. In this clause:

***family and domestic violence*** means violent, threatening or other abusive behaviour by a family member of an employee that seeks to coerce or control the employee and that causes them harm or to be fearful.

***family member*** means:

* + - 1. a spouse, de facto partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee; or
			2. a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the employee; or
			3. a person related to the employee according to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander kinship rules.
		1. A reference to a spouse or de facto partner in the definition of family member in clause 29.2(a) includes a former spouse or de facto partner.

Entitlement to unpaid leave

An employee is entitled to 5 days’ unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence, as follows:

* + 1. the leave is available in full at the start of each 12 month period of the employee’s employment; and
		2. the leave does not accumulate from year to year; and
		3. is available in full to part-time and casual employees.

Note: 1. A period of leave to deal with family and domestic violence may be less than a day by agreement between the employee and the employer.

2. The employer and employee may agree that the employee may take more than 5 days’ unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence.

Taking unpaid leave

An employee may take unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence if the employee:

* + 1. is experiencing family and domestic violence; and
		2. needs to do something to deal with the impact of the family and domestic violence and it is impractical for the employee to do that thing outside their ordinary hours of work.

Note: The reasons for which an employee may take leave include making arrangements for their safety or the safety of a family member (including relocation), attending urgent court hearings, or accessing police services.

Service and continuity

The time an employee is on unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence does not count as service but does not break the employee’s continuity of service.

Notice and evidence requirements

Notice

An employee must give their employer notice of the taking of leave by the employee under clause 29. The notice:

* + - 1. must be given to the employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the leave has started); and
			2. must advise the employer of the period, or expected period, of the leave.

Evidence

An employee who has given their employer notice of the taking of leave under clause 29 must, if required by the employer, give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that the leave is taken for the purpose specified in clause 29.4.

Note: Depending on the circumstances such evidence may include a document issued by the police service, a court or a family violence support service, or a statutory declaration.

Confidentiality

* + 1. Employers must take steps to ensure information concerning any notice an employee has given, or evidence an employee has provided under clause 29.6 is treated confidentially, as far as it is reasonably practicable to do so.
		2. Nothing in clause 29 prevents an employer from disclosing information provided by an employee if the disclosure is required by an Australian law or is necessary to protect the life, health or safety of the employee or another person.

Note: Information concerning an employee’s experience of family and domestic violence is sensitive and if mishandled can have adverse consequences for the employee. Employers should consult with such employees regarding the handling of this information.

Compliance

An employee is not entitled to take leave under clause 29 unless the employee complies with clause 29.

1. —Transitional Provisions

[Varied by [PR503682](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503682.htm)]

General

* + 1. The provisions of this schedule deal with minimum obligations only.
		2. The provisions of this schedule are to be applied:
			1. when there is a difference, in money or percentage terms, between a provision in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument (including the transitional default casual loading) or award-based transitional instrument on the one hand and an equivalent provision in this award on the other;
			2. when a loading or penalty in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument has no equivalent provision in this award;
			3. when a loading or penalty in this award has no equivalent provision in a relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument; or
			4. when there is a loading or penalty in this award but there is no relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument.

Minimum wages – existing minimum wage lower

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by a transitional minimum wage instrument and/or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a minimum wage lower than that in this award for any classification of employee.

* + 1. In this clause minimum wage includes:
			1. a minimum wage for a junior employee, an employee to whom training arrangements apply and an employee with a disability;
			2. a piecework rate; and
			3. any applicable industry allowance.
		2. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument and/or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.
		3. The difference between the minimum wage for the classification in this award and the minimum wage in clause A.2.3 is referred to as the transitional amount.
		4. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage for the classification in this award minus the specified proportion of the transitional amount:

| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. The employer must apply any increase in minimum wages in this award resulting from an annual wage review.
		2. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Minimum wages – existing minimum wage higher

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by a transitional minimum wage instrument and/or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a minimum wage higher than that in this award for any classification of employee.

* + 1. In this clause minimum wage includes:
			1. a minimum wage for a junior employee, an employee to whom training arrangements apply and an employee with a disability;
			2. a piecework rate; and
			3. any applicable industry allowance.
		2. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument and/or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.
		3. The difference between the minimum wage for the classification in this award and the minimum wage in clause A.3.3 is referred to as the transitional amount.
		4. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the minimum wage for the classification in this award plus the specified proportion of the transitional amount:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. The employer must apply any increase in minimum wages in this award resulting from an annual wage review. If the transitional amount is equal to or less than any increase in minimum wages resulting from the 2010 annual wage review the transitional amount is to be set off against the increase and the other provisions of this clause will not apply.
		2. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Loadings and penalty rates

For the purposes of this schedule loading or penalty means a:

* casual or part-time loading;
* Saturday, Sunday, public holiday, evening or other penalty;
* shift allowance/penalty.

Loadings and penalty rates – existing loading or penalty rate lower

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by the terms of a transitional minimum wage instrument or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a particular loading or penalty at a lower rate than the equivalent loading or penalty in this award for any classification of employee.

* + 1. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument for the classification concerned.
		2. The difference between the loading or penalty in this award and the rate in clause A.5.2 is referred to as the transitional percentage.
		3. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in this award minus the specified proportion of the transitional percentage:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Loadings and penalty rates – existing loading or penalty rate higher

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2010:
			1. was obliged,
			2. but for the operation of an agreement-based transitional instrument or an enterprise agreement would have been obliged, or
			3. if it had been an employer in the industry or of the occupations covered by this award would have been obliged

by the terms of a transitional minimum wage instrument or an award-based transitional instrument to pay a particular loading or penalty at a higher rate than the equivalent loading or penalty in this award, or to pay a particular loading or penalty and there is no equivalent loading or penalty in this award, for any classification of employee.

* + 1. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in the relevant transitional minimum wage instrument or award-based transitional instrument.
		2. The difference between the loading or penalty in this award and the rate in clause A.6.2 is referred to as the transitional percentage. Where there is no equivalent loading or penalty in this award, the transitional percentage is the rate in A.6.2.
		3. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the loading or penalty in this award plus the specified proportion of the transitional percentage:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| 1 July 2010 | 80% |
| 1 July 2011 | 60% |
| 1 July 2012 | 40% |
| 1 July 2013 | 20% |

* + 1. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Loadings and penalty rates – no existing loading or penalty rate

* + 1. The following transitional arrangements apply to an employer not covered by clause A.5 or A.6 in relation to a particular loading or penalty in this award.
		2. Prior to the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2010 the employer need not pay the loading or penalty in this award.
		3. From the following dates the employer must pay no less than the following percentage of the loading or penalty in this award:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **First full pay period on or after** |  |
| 1 July 2010 | 20% |
| 1 July 2011 | 40% |
| 1 July 2012 | 60% |
| 1 July 2013 | 80% |

* + 1. These provisions cease to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.

Former Division 2B employers

[A.8 inserted by [[PR503682](http://www.fwa.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503682.htm)](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR503625.htm) ppc 01Jan11]

* + 1. This clause applies to an employer which, immediately prior to 1 January 2011, was covered by a Division 2B State award.
		2. All of the terms of a Division 2B State award applying to a Division 2B employer are continued in effect until the end of the full pay period commencing before 1 February 2011.
		3. Subject to this clause, from the first full pay period commencing on or after 1 February 2011 a Division 2B employer must pay no less than the minimum wages, loadings and penalty rates which it would be required to pay under this Schedule if it had been a national system employer immediately prior to 1 January 2010.
		4. Despite clause A.8.3, where a minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in a Division 2B State award immediately prior to 1 February 2011 was lower than the corresponding minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award, nothing in this Schedule requires a Division 2B employer to pay more than the minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award.
		5. Despite clause A.8.3, where a minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in a Division 2B State award immediately prior to 1 February 2011 was higher than the corresponding minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award, nothing in this Schedule requires a Division 2B employer to pay less than the minimum wage, loading or penalty rate in this award.
		6. In relation to a Division 2B employer this Schedule commences to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 January 2011 and ceases to operate from the beginning of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2014.
1. —Classification Structure

An employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties that are within the limits of the employee’s skill, competence and training, consistent with the respective classification.

* 1. **Diver** means an employee trained and certified in accordance with AS 2815 Parts 1-3 and experienced in the use of Self-Contained Underwater Breathing Apparatus (SCUBA) and/or Surface Supplied Breathing Apparatus (SSBA) equipment, the physics and physiology of diving, underwater communication systems, use, inspection and maintenance of compressed air supplies, operation and maintenance of underwater tools, preparation and operation of compression chambers (Parts 1 and 2 under supervision), the performance of underwater work, first aid and the relevant legislation.
	2. **Diver’s Attendant** means an employee who has adequate knowledge of underwater work, the signals and communication devices used in diving operations, decompression procedures and equipment used in diving operations. The Diver’s Attendant will carry out the functions of attending to a diver, including assisting the diver to dress and undress, handling hoses and/or lifelines and such other duties as may be assigned by the diving supervisor but will not be required to perform underwater services.
	3. **Diving Superintendent** means an employee placed in charge of a 24 hour diving operation to co-ordinate the diving work and to relieve Diving Supervisors engaged in that operation where and when necessary.
	4. **Diving Supervisor** means a diver experienced in diving and diving techniques, appointed by the employer in writing to supervise diving operations, to instruct other divers and to be responsible for safe diving practices. The diving supervisor will also be competent to supervise all classes of hydrocarbon exploration and development diving applicable to and appropriate to the particular operation which may include using helium/oxygen or similar mixtures, using submarine observation chambers and operating from submarine working chambers. In addition, the diving supervisor is responsible to the employer for other on-site supervisory functions relating to matters within the scope of this award, including liaison with other companies, supervision of employees, keeping of appropriate records and reports ensuring that all equipment is kept and properly maintained to comply with all rules and regulations and that all expendable items are maintained at an acceptable stock level. An employee must have worked as a diver for a period of not less than six months before being designated as a diving supervisor.
	5. **Hyperbaric Welder** means an employee who is a trained and certified diver and is a qualified welder appointed to perform work in such capacity by the employer.
	6. **Life Support Technician** means an employee who will, under the supervision of a diving supervisor, control and monitor all the systems and functions which relate to the life support, safety and health of any person inside hyperbaric chambers used in saturation diving.
	7. **Operator (ADS Operations)** means an operator in relation to ADS Operations as defined in clause 3.1.
	8. **Senior Operator (OMB Operations)** means an employee appointed as such to operate an observation manipulator bell as OMB, ARMS or MOB.
	9. **Supervisor (ADS Operations)** means a supervisor in relation to ADS Operations as defined in clause 3.1.
	10. **Systems Maintenance Technician** means an employee engaged specifically to perform maintenance and repair tasks on diving and ancillary equipment. Such an employee will typically have a relevant trade qualification and be familiar with diving operations.
1. —Part-day Public Holidays

[Sched C inserted by [PR532631](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr532631.htm) ppc 23Nov12; renamed and varied by [PR544519](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/pr544519.htm) ppc 21Nov13; renamed and varied by [PR557581](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR557581.htm), [PR573679](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR573679.htm), [PR580863](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR580863.htm), [PR598110](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr598110.htm), [PR701683](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr701683.htm) ppc 21Nov18, varied by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm)]

This schedule operates in conjunction with award provisions dealing with public holidays.

[C.1 varied by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* 1. Where a part-day public holiday is declared or prescribed between 6.00 pm and midnight, or 7.00 pm and midnight on Christmas Eve (24 December in each year) or New Year’s Eve (31 December in each year) the following will apply on Christmas Eve and New Year’s Eve and will override any provision in this award relating to public holidays to the extent of the inconsistency:
		+ 1. All employees will have the right to refuse to work on the part-day public holiday if the request to work is not reasonable or the refusal is reasonable as provided for in the NES.

[C.1(b) varied by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday but as a result of exercising their right under the NES does not work, they will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours not worked.

[C.1(c) substituted by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday but as a result of being on annual leave does not work, they will be taken not to be on annual leave during the hours of the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday that they would have usually been rostered to work and will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours.

[C.1(d) varied by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday, but as a result of having a rostered day off (RDO) provided under this award, does not work, the employee will be taken to be on a public holiday for such hours and paid their ordinary rate of pay for those hours.

[C.1(e) varied by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Excluding annualised salaried employees to whom clause C.1(f) applies, where an employee works any hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday they will be entitled to the appropriate public holiday penalty rate (if any) in this award for those hours worked.

[C.1(f) varied by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. Where an employee is paid an annualised salary under the provisions of this award and is entitled under this award to time off in lieu or additional annual leave for work on a public holiday, they will be entitled to time off in lieu or pro-rata annual leave equivalent to the time worked on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday.

[C.1(g) varied by [PR715197](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr715197.htm) ppc 18Nov19]

* + - 1. An employee not rostered to work on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday, other than an employee who has exercised their right in accordance with clause C.1(a), will not be entitled to another day off, another day’s pay or another day of annual leave as a result of the part-day public holiday.
			2. Nothing in this schedule affects the right of an employee and employer to agree to substitute public holidays.

This schedule is not intended to detract from or supplement the NES.

1. —Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime

[Sched D inserted by [PR585482](http://www.fwc.gov.au/awardsandorders/html/PR585482.htm) ppc 16Sep16]

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/toil-agreement.pdf).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree that the employee may take time off instead of being paid for the following amount of overtime that has been worked by the employee:**

Date and time overtime started: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ am/pm

Date and time overtime ended: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ am/pm

Amount of overtime worked: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hours and \_\_\_\_\_\_ minutes

**The employer and employee further agree that, if requested by the employee at any time, the employer must pay the employee for overtime covered by this agreement but not taken as time off. Payment must be made at the overtime rate applying to the overtime when worked and must be made in the next pay period following the request.**

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Name of employer
representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer
representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

1. —Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance

[Sched E inserted by [PR588750](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588750.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/leave-in-advance-agreement.pdf).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree that the employee will take a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave:**

The amount of leave to be taken in advance is: \_\_\_\_ hours/days

The leave in advance will commence on: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Name of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

|  |
| --- |
| *[If the employee is under 18 years of age - include:]***I agree that:****if, on termination of the employee’s employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken under this agreement, then the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.**Name of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ |

1. —Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave

[Sched F inserted by [PR588750](https://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/awardsandorders/html/pr588750.htm) ppc 20Dec16]

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave](http://www.fwc.gov.au/documents/documents/modern_awards/cash-out-agreement.pdf).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree to the employee cashing out a particular amount of the employee’s accrued paid annual leave:**

The amount of leave to be cashed out is: \_\_\_\_ hours/days

The payment to be made to the employee for the leave is: $\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subject to deduction of income tax/after deduction of income tax (strike out where not applicable)

The payment will be made to the employee on: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Name of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

|  |
| --- |
| *Include if the employee is under 18 years of age:*Name of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ |