# **EXPOSURE DRAFT**

# Vehicle Repair, Services and Retail Award 2016

This exposure draft is based on the *Vehicle Manufacturing, Repair, Services and Retail Award 2010* (the Vehicle award) as at 16 November 2015. Sections of the award relating to manufacturing are coloured red and struck through. These provisions are proposed to be incorporated into the Manufacturing and Associated Industries Award 2014. This draft has been amended to take into account the positions put by the parties, formatting and wording suggestions and recent Full Bench conclusions

The review of this award in accordance with s.156 of the *Fair Work Act 2009* is being dealt with in matter <u>AM2014/93</u>. Additionally a number of common issues are being dealt with by the Commission which may affect this award.

This draft does <u>not</u> represent the concluded view of the Commission in this matter.

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# Part 1—Application and Operation of Award

### 1. Title and commencement

- **1.1** This award is the Vehicle Manufacturing, Repair, Services and Retail Award 2015 2016.
- **1.2** This modern award, as varied, commenced operation on 1 January 2010. A variation to this award does not affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability that a person acquired, accrued or incurred under the award as it existed prior to that variation.
- 1.3 Schedule H Definitions sets out definitions that apply in this award.

Neither the making of this award nor the operation of any transitional arrangements is intended to result in a reduction in the take-home pay of employees covered by the award. On application by or on behalf of an employee who suffers a reduction in take-home pay as a result of the making of this award or the operation of any transitional arrangements, the Fair Work Commission may make any order it considers appropriate to remedy the situation.

1.3 The monetary obligations imposed on employers by this award may be absorbed into overaward payments. Nothing in this award requires an employer to maintain or increase any overaward payment.

# 2. The National Employment Standards and this award

- 2.1 The <u>National Employment Standards</u> (NES) and this award contain the minimum conditions of employment for employees covered by this award.
- Where this award refers to a condition of employment provided for in the NES, the NES definition applies.
- 2.3 The employer must ensure that copies of this award and the NES are available to all employees to whom they apply, either on a notice board which is conveniently located at or near the workplace or through accessible electronic means.

# 3. Coverage

- This award covers employers throughout Australia of employees engaged in vehicle manufacturing and/or vehicle industry repair, services and retail, as defined in this clause to the exclusion of any other modern award and where the employer's establishment, plant or undertaking is principally connected or concerned with:
  - (a) the selling, distributing, dismantling/wrecking/restoring, recycling, preparing for sale, storage, repairing, maintaining, towing, servicing, and/or parking of motor vehicles of all kinds, including caravans, trailers or the like and equipment or parts or components or accessories thereof including the establishments concerned for such vehicles and the like:

- (b) operations or allied businesses concerned with selling, distributing or supplying running requirements for vehicles (including motor fuels, gas and oils);
- (c) the selling and/or handling and/or retreading and/or storing/distribution and/or fitting and/or repairing of tyres or the like made of any material;
- (d) the repair and servicing of motor vehicles in the establishment of an employer not falling within clauses 3.1(a), (b) and (c) but who is engaged in the motor vehicle rental business;
- (e) the manufacturing, assembling or repairing of carriages, carts, wagons, trucks, motor cars, bodies, motorcycles, railway cars, tram cars, side cars or other vehicles or parts or components or accessories in wood, metal and/or other materials;
- (f) manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, installing, servicing, maintaining, reconditioning or repairing of engines or vehicle servicing equipment and agricultural machinery or implements or the like where such employer immediately prior to 31 December 2009 was bound by clause 1.5.4(a) of the *Vehicle Industry Award* 2000 [AP801818CRV];
- (e) any operation concerned with roadside/mobile service; or
- **(f)** driving school instruction.

### 3.2 For the purposes of coverage of this award:

- (a) employees engaged in vehicle industry repair, services and retail means employees covered by the classifications at clause 31 and for whom Section 1—Vehicle RS&R Employees applies; and
- (b) employees engaged in vehicle manufacturing means employees covered by the classifications at clause 31 and for whom Section 2, Section 3 and Section 4 applies.

#### 3.2 Exclusions

This award does not cover:

- (a) an employee in a car park where the employee's undertaking does not provide repairs and service and/or servicing facilities of motor vehicles other than supplying petrol and oil;
- (b) employees excluded from award coverage by the Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth) (the Act);
- (c) employees who are covered by a modern enterprise award or an enterprise instrument (within the meaning of the Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009 (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees; or
- (d) employees who are covered by a State reference public sector modern award or a State reference public sector transitional award (within the meaning of the Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009 (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees.; or

- (e) an employer who, on 31 December 2009 was engaged in the manufacture and/or assembly of metal parts or accessories and was bound to observe the Metal, Engineering and Associated Industries Award 1998.
- 3.4 This award covers any employer which supplies labour on an on hire basis in the industry set out in clause 3.1 in respect of on hire employees in classifications covered by this award, and those on hire employees, while engaged in the performance of work for a business in that industry. This subclause operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.
- 3.5 This award covers employers which provide group training services for apprentices and/or trainees engaged in the industry and/or parts of industry set out at clause 3.1 and those apprentices and/or trainees engaged by a group training service hosted by a company to perform work at a location where the activities described herein are being performed. This subclause operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.
- 3.3 Subject to the exclusions from coverage set out above, this award covers any employer which supplies labour on an on-hire basis in the industry set out in clause 3.1 in respect of on-hire employees in classifications covered by this award, and those on-hire employees, while engaged in the performance of work for a business in that industry. Subject to the exclusions in clause 3.2, this award covers employers which provide group training services for apprentices and/or trainees engaged in the industry and/or parts of industry set out at clause 3.1 and those apprentices and/or trainees engaged by a group training service hosted by a company to perform work at a location where the activities described herein are being performed.
- 3.4 Where an employer is covered by more than one award, an employee of that employer is covered by the award classification which is most appropriate to the work performed by the employee and to the environment in which the employee normally performs the work.

NOTE: Where there is no classification for a particular employee in this award it is possible that the employer and that employee are covered by an award with occupational coverage.

# 4. Award flexibility

# This provision is being reviewed as a common issue

- 4.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this award, an employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of certain terms of this award to meet the genuine individual needs of the employer and the individual employee. The terms the employer and the individual employee may agree to vary the application of, are those concerning:
  - (a) arrangements for when work is performed;
  - **(b)** overtime rates;
  - (c) penalty rates;
  - (d) allowances; and

- (e) leave loading.
- 4.2 The employer and the individual employee must have genuinely made the agreement without coercion or duress. An agreement under this clause can only be entered into after the individual employee has commenced employment with the employer.
- 4.3 The agreement between the employer and the individual employee must:
  - (a) be confined to a variation in the application of one or more of the terms listed in clause 4.1; and
  - (b) result in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than the employee would have been if no individual flexibility agreement had been agreed to.
- **4.4** The agreement between the employer and the individual employee must also:
  - (a) be in writing, name the parties to the agreement and be signed by the employer and the individual employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, the employee's parent or guardian;
  - (b) state each term of this award that the employer and the individual employee have agreed to vary;
  - (c) detail how the application of each term has been varied by agreement between the employer and the individual employee;
  - (d) detail how the agreement results in the individual employee being better off overall in relation to the individual employee's terms and conditions of employment; and
  - (e) state the date the agreement commences to operate.
- **4.5** The employer must give the individual employee a copy of the agreement and keep the agreement as a time and wages record.
- **4.6** Except as provided in clause 4.4(a) the agreement must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the individual employee.
- 4.7 An employer seeking to enter into an agreement must provide a written proposal to the employee. Where the employee's understanding of written English is limited the employer must take measures, including translation into an appropriate language, to ensure the employee understands the proposal.
- **4.8** The agreement may be terminated:
  - (a) by the employer or the individual employee giving 13 weeks' notice of termination, in writing, to the other party and the agreement ceasing to operate at the end of the notice period; or
  - (b) at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the individual employee.

NOTE: If any of the requirements of  $\underline{s.144(4)}$ , which are reflected in the requirements of this clause, are not met then the agreement may be terminated by either the employee or the employer, giving written notice of not more than 28 days (see s.145 of the Act).

- 4.9 The notice provisions in clause 4.8(a) only apply to an agreement entered into from the first full pay period commencing on or after 4 December 2013. An agreement entered into before that date may be terminated in accordance with clause 4.8(a) subject to four weeks' notice of termination.
- 4.10 The right to make an agreement pursuant to this clause is in addition to, and is not intended to otherwise affect, any provision for an agreement between an employer and an individual employee contained in any other term of this award.

# 5. Facilitative provisions

- A facilitative provision provides that the standard approach in an award provision may be departed from by agreement between an employer and an individual employee, or the majority of employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned.
- **5.2** Facilitative provisions in this award are contained in the following clauses:
  - (a) clause 6.6(c)(iii) full-time or part time conversion;
  - (b) clause 6.6(e) variation of casual conversion 6 month eligibility period;
  - (c) clause 11.1(c) Meal breaks;
  - (d) clause 11.3 Overtime crib breaks;
  - (e) clause 13.1 Payment of wages frequency;
  - (f) clause 13.2 Payment of wages other than cash;
  - (g) clause 13.7 Make-up time after stand-down;
  - (h) clause 16.17(b) boiler house employees provision of overalls;
  - (i) clause 21.6(b) Time off instead of overtime payment;
  - (j) clause 22.7(d) Close down; and
  - (k) clause 25.2 Substitution of public holidays by agreement.
- 5.3 Facilitative provisions relating to Vehicle Industry RS&R employees are contained in the following clauses:
  - (a) clause 33.2(e) Ordinary hours length of work cycle;
  - (b) clause 33.4 Twelve hour shifts; and
  - (c) clause 38.1(a) Persons employed principally to sell vehicles—days off per week.
- 5.2 The following facilitative provisions can be utilised by agreement between an employer and an individual employee:

Clause	Provision
6.7(c)(iii)	Full-time or part-time conversion

Clause	Provision	
6.7(e)	Variation of casual conversion 6 month eligibility period	
12.2	Payment of wages—other than cash	
<del>16.17(b)</del>	Boiler house employees provision of overalls	
20.6(b)	Time off instead of overtime payment	
22.3	Overtime crib breaks	
24.1(a)	Persons employed principally to sell vehicles—days off per week	

5.3 The following facilitative provisions can be utilised by agreement between an employer and a majority of employees:

Clause	Provision
12.1	Payment of wages—frequency
18.5	Twelve hour shifts
22.1(c)	Meal breaks
25.7(d)	Close down

The following facilitative provisions can be utilised by agreement between an employer and an individual employee or a majority of employees:

Clause	Provision	
12.7	Make-up time after stand-down	
18.2(e)	Ordinary hours—length of work cycle	
28.2	Substitution of public holidays by agreement	

- **5.4** Facilitative provisions relating to Vehicle Manufacturing employees are contained in the following clauses:
  - (a) clause 40.1(c) Ordinary hours spread of hours;
  - (b) clause 40.2 Maximum daily hours;
  - (c) clause 40.3—Methods of arranging ordinary working hours;
  - (d) clause 40.5—Substitute rostered day off;
  - (e) clause 43.1(e) Ordinary hours of work—continuous shiftworkers;
  - (f) clause 43.2(c) Ordinary hours of work non-continuous shiftworkers; and
  - (g) clause 44.1(c) Crib break.
- 5.5 Facilitative provisions relating to Drafting, Planning and Technical employees are contained in the following clauses:
  - (a) clause 48.1 Meal breaks;
  - (b) clause 49.1 Minimum wages casual employees;

- (c) clause 51.1(b)—Sunday work;
- (d) clause 51.2(b) Public holiday work;
- (e) clause 52—Annual leave—deferment of annual leave;
- 5.6 A facilitative provision relating to Supervisory employees is contained in clause 53.5(b)—Time off instead of payment for overtime.

# Part 2—Types of Employment and Classifications

# 6. Types of employment

- **6.1** Employees under this award will be employed in one of the following categories:
  - (a) full-time;
  - **(b)** part-time; or
  - (c) casual.
- The employer shall specify whether an employee is engaged on a full-time, part-time or casual basis at the commencement of employment.
- An employee who does not attend for duty will not be paid for the non-attendance, except as provided for elsewhere in this award.

### 6.4 Full-time employees

A full-time employee is engaged to work no less than an average of 38 ordinary hours per week.

## 6.5 Part-time employees

- (a) A part-time employee may be employed in any classification in this award. This clause 6.5 does not apply to a person principally employed as a vehicle salesperson.
- **(b)** A part-time employee:
  - (i) is engaged to work less than 38 ordinary hours per week;
  - (ii) has reasonably predictable hours of work; and
  - (iii) receives, on a pro rata basis, equivalent pay and conditions to those of full-time employees who do the same kind of work.
- (c) At the time of engagement, the employer and the part-time employee will agree in writing on the following:
  - (i) the hours worked each day;
  - (ii) which days of the week the employee will work;
  - (iii) the actual starting and finishing times each day;

- (iv) that any variation must be in writing;
- (v) all time worked in excess of agreed hours is paid at overtime rates; and
- (vi) the times of taking and the duration of meal breaks.
- (d) Any agreed variation to the hours of work will be recorded in writing.
- (e) All time worked in excess of the hours agreed under clause 6.5(c) or varied under clause 6.5(d) will be paid as overtime.
- (f) For each ordinary hour worked, a part-time employee must be paid the minimum hourly rate for the class of work performed and is entitled, on a prorata basis, to shift premiums where applicable.
- (g) Award provisions applicable to full time employees also apply to part-time employees except that a part-time employee is entitled to payment in respect of annual leave, public holidays, personal/carer's leave and jury service, arising from this award on a proportionate basis calculated on the normal, ordinary hours the employee would have worked.
- (h) Subject to the provisions contained in this clause, all other provisions of the award relevant to full time employees will apply to part time employees.
- (h) No part-time employee may be employed on more than five days per week other than at the request in writing of the employee concerned.
- (j) An employee who does not attend for duty will not be paid for the non-attendance, except as provided for elsewhere in this award.

## 6.6 Casual employees

- (a) A casual employee is an employee who is engaged and paid as a casual employee.
- (b) At the time of engagement, an employer will inform the employee that they are employed as a casual, stating the identity of the employer, the employee's classification level and rate of pay and the likely number of hours required to be worked.

### (c) Casual loading

Casual employees, except for casual employees referred to in clause 6.4(d), will be paid at the minimum hourly rate prescribed by clause 11—Minimum wages for the work they perform plus a loading as set out in the following table:

Day or time worked	% loading
Monday to Friday between 6.00 am and 6.00 pm	25%
Monday to Friday between 6.00 pm and 6.00 am	50%
Saturdays at any time	75%
Sundays at any time	125%
Public holidays at any time	175%

Overtime	% loading
First 3 hours	75%
After 3 hours	125%

The loadings prescribed above will not be cumulative and will operate to the exclusion of any other loading in respect of hours of work within this award. Where more than one loading is prescribed above the employee will be entitled to the highest applicable rates.

### (c) Casual loading

Casual employees are entitled to payment in accordance with:

- clause 36.2 Vehicle RS&R employees;
- clause 37.4 Casual rates for driveway attendants, roadhouse attendants and console operators;
- clause 38.2 Casual vehicle salespersons;
- clause 41.7 Vehicle Manufacturing employees;
- clause 49.1—Drafting, Planning and Technical employees; and
- clause 53.6 Supervisory employees.
- (d) Clause 6.6(c) does not apply to casual employees employed as follows:
  - (i) driveway attendant, console operator, roadhouse attendant (for casuals doing this type of work see clause 23); or
  - (ii) those principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties (for casuals doing this type of work see clause 24.2).

## 6.7 Casual conversion to full-time or part-time employment

### (a) Eligible casual employee

An eligible casual employee is a casual employee:

- (i) who works on a regular and systematic basis;
- (ii) who is employed for a sequence of periods of six months; and
- (iii) whose employment is to continue beyond the period of six months.

An eligible casual employee has the right, after six months, to elect to have their contract of employment converted to full-time or part-time employment.

- **(b)** Notice and election of casual conversion
  - (i) An employer of an eligible casual employee must give the employee notice in writing of the provisions of clause 6.7 within four weeks of the employee having reached the six month period.

- (ii) The eligible casual employee retains their right of election under clause 6.7 if the employer fails to comply with clause 6.7(b)(i).
- (iii) An eligible casual employee may give four weeks' notice in writing to the employer that they seek to elect to convert their contract of employment to full-time or part-time employment either:
  - upon receiving notice under clause 6.7(b)(i); or
  - after the expiry of the time for giving notice.
- (iv) An eligible casual employee who does not elect to convert their contract of employment to full-time or part-time employment within four weeks of receiving written notice is deemed to have elected against any conversion.

### (c) Full-time or part-time conversion

- (i) An eligible casual employee who has worked on a full-time basis throughout their period of employment has the right to elect to convert their contract of employment to full-time employment.
- (ii) An eligible casual employee who has worked on a part-time basis during the period of casual employment has the right to elect to convert their contract of employment to part-time employment, on the basis of the same number of hours and times of work as previously worked.
- (iii) However, the employer and the employee may agree on an alternative arrangement.
- (iv) If an eligible casual employee has elected to have their contract of employment converted to full-time or part-time employment in accordance with clause 6.7(b)(iii), the employer and employee must, subject to clause 5, discuss and agree on:
  - which form of employment the employee will convert to, being full-time or part-time; and
  - if the employee will become a part-time employee, the number of hours and the pattern of hours that will be worked, as set out in clause 6.5(c).
- (v) Following agreement being reached, the employee converts to full-time or part-time employment.

### (d) Employer consent or refusal to casual conversion

- (i) The employer must consent or refuse the election within four weeks of receiving notice of the eligible casual employee's election. The employer must not unreasonably refuse consent to the election.
- (ii) Where an employer refuses an election to convert, the reasons for doing so must be fully stated to and discussed with the employee concerned and a genuine attempt made to reach agreement.

(iii) After an employee has converted to a full-time or part-time employee, they may only revert to casual employment by written agreement with the employer.

# (e) Variation of the casual conversion six-month eligibility period

- (i) Clause 6.7(a) may be varied as if the reference to six months is a reference to 12 months by agreement between the employer and:
  - the majority of the employees in the workplace;
  - the majority of the employees in a section or sections of the workplace; or
  - the casual employee concerned.
- (ii) An agreement to vary the six-month period with an individual employee must be reached within the two months before the period of six months referred to in clause 6.7(a).
- (iii) The employer may only make an agreement with an individual employee or group of employees who are currently engaged.
- (iv) Any agreement reached must be kept by the employer as a time and wages record.
- (f) An employee must not be dismissed or ceased to be engaged and re-engaged to avoid any obligation under this award.

## 7. Juniors

**7.1** Except as provided for in clauses 7.2(a) to (f), unapprenticed juniors may be employed in any occupation covered by this award.

## 7.2 Prohibited work

- (a) An unapprenticed junior employee (other than a probationer for apprenticeship) will not be employed in any apprenticeship trade listed in Federal, State or Territory training legislation.
- (b) However minors other than apprentices or probationers for apprenticeship may be employed in all aspects of the work described in the definition of automotive parts interpreter in this award.
- (c) A junior employee under the age of 16 years will not be employed on oil or gas burners or fires used for heating of small articles, or using electric arc or oxy acetylene blow pipe.
- (d) A junior employee under the age of 18 years will not be employed as a furnace person, assistant furnace person or as an operator of a power-driven guillotine or on die-setting work on a power press.
- (e) A junior employee under the age of 18 years will not work unsupervised between the hours of 7.00 pm and 9.00 pm and must not be employed between the hours of 9.00 pm and 6.30 am.

(f) No employee under the age of 16 years will be required or permitted to work on afternoon or night shift.

# 7.3 Proof of age

If an employer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an employee is under the age of 21 years, the employee will, if required, provide evidence of the employee's age by means of a birth certificate, other proof satisfactory to the employer or a statutory declaration by the employee's parent or guardian. The employer will be entitled to rely on such proof.

# 8. Apprentices (including adult and school-based apprentices) and trainees

This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/93

Note: agreement was reached between parties at conference regarding removal of state based words

- 8.1 The terms of this award will apply to apprentices whether full-time or part-time, including adult apprentices, school-based apprentices and trainees, subject to the provisions of the applicable contract of apprenticeship or training contract operating under Federal, State or Territory apprenticeship or training legislation.
- 8.2 The following will be the apprenticeship trades for the purposes of this award:
  - (a) Automotive electrician
  - **(b)** Automotive engine reconditioner
  - (c) Automotive parts interpreter (specialist)
  - (d) Bodymaker—1st class and/or wheelmaker and wheel-right in wood and/or metal and/or substitutes
  - (e) Boilermaker and/or structural steel tradesperson
  - (e) Brake mechanic
  - **(f)** Electrical fitter and/or armature winder (auto)
  - (g) Electroplater—1st class
  - (h) Electrical mechanic
  - **(h)** Fitter and/or turner
  - (i) Machinist (metal)—1st class
  - (j) Motorcycle or motor scooter mechanic
  - (k) Motor mechanic
  - (1) Painter—tradesperson
  - (m) Panel beater

- (n) Moulder and/or coremaker (jobbing)
- (n) Plant mechanic
- (o) Signwriter
- (**p**) Smith, including coachsmith, springmaker and spring fitter, wheelwright smith and general smith
- (q) Trimmer—tradesperson
- (r) Welder—tradesperson
- (s) Wheel aligner.
- (w) Wood machinist—1st class

## 8.3 Training fees—apprentices and trainees

- (a) Any costs associated with all fees for prescribed courses and prescribed textbooks (excluding those textbooks which are available in the employer's technical library) incurred by an employee in connection with training specified in, or associated with, the training contract must be reimbursed to the apprentice within 6 months from the commencement of the apprenticeship or the relevant stage of the apprenticeship, or within 3 months of the registered training organisation commencing training, whichever is the later, unless there is unsatisfactory progress;
- (b) Direct payment of the fees and textbooks, within 6 months from the commencement of the apprenticeship or the relevant stage of the apprenticeship, by an employer to the training provider satisfies the requirement for reimbursement in clause 8.3(a) above.

### 8.4 Travel costs—apprentices and trainees

- (a) Where an apprentice is required to attend block release training for training identified in or associated with their training contract, and such training requires an overnight stay, the employer must pay for the excess reasonable travel costs in attending such training. Provided that this clause will not apply where the apprentice could attend an alternate Registered Training Organisation (RTO) and the use of the more distant RTO is not agreed between the employer and the apprentice.
- (b) For the purposes of this clause 8.4, excess reasonable travel costs includes the total cost of reasonable transportation (including transportation of tools where required), accommodation costs incurred while travelling (where necessary) and reasonable expenses incurred while travelling, including meals, which exceed those incurred in travelling to and from work.
- (c) Excess travel costs payable under this clause may be offset by any amount the apprentice is eligible to receive for travel costs under a Government apprentice assistance scheme. Provided that an offset only applies where the employer has confirmed in writing to the apprentice their eligibility to claim the assistance under a specified scheme/s within one month before the apprentice attends the block release training.

### 8.5 Minimum wages

The minimum wages applying to junior and adult apprentices are dealt with in clauses 32.9 and 32.10 in Section 1 and clauses 41.8 and 41.10 in Section 2. Traineeship minimum wages are dealt with in Schedule F.

# 8.5 No payment by results

An apprentice will not work under any system of payment by results. This does not preclude an apprentice receiving an above award bonus payment.

### 8.6 Overtime and shiftwork

No apprentice, except in an emergency, is to work or be required to work overtime or shiftwork at times which would prevent their attendance in training consistent with their training contract.

### 8.7 Recognition of training and conditions of employment

- (a) An apprentice is entitled to be released from work without loss of continuity of employment and to payment of the appropriate wages to attend any training and assessment specified in, or associated with, the training contract.
- (b) Time spent by an apprentice, other than an apprentice undertaking a school-based apprenticeship, in attending any training and assessment specified in, or associated with, the training contract is to be regarded as time worked for the employer for the purposes of calculating the apprentice's wages and determining the apprentice's employment conditions.
- (c) The notice of termination provisions of the NES apply to apprentices. The redundancy provisions of the NES do not apply to apprentices.

# 9. School-based apprentices

For school-based apprentices, see Schedule E—School-based Apprentices

# Part 3 Ordinary Hours of Work

# 10. Ordinary hours of work and rostering

10.1 Ordinary hours of work and rostering for employees covered by this award are set out in the following clauses:

<b>Employees</b>	Ordinary hours and rostering clause
Vehicle Industry RS&R employees	33
— Driveway attendant, console operator and roadhouse attendant	37.1
— Persons employed principally to sell vehicles	38.1

Exposure draft - Vehicle Manufacturing, Repair, Services and Retail Award 2016

<b>Employees</b>	Ordinary hours and rostering clause
Vehicle Manufacturing employees	40
Drafting, Planning and Technical employees	47

### 31. Classifications

- All adult employees (other than adult apprentices) covered by this section must be classified according to the structure set out in clause 32—Minimum wages according to the skill levels and duties required to be exercised by the employee in order to carry out the principal function of the employment as determined by the employer. The skill level definitions, according to which employees are to be classified, are set out Schedule A—Vehicle Industry RS&R—Skill Level Definitions.
- 31.2 Employers must advise each employee in writing of their classification and of any subsequent changes in their classification.
- Employees must perform all work within their skill and competence consistent with the classification structure and the skill level definitions including work which is incidental or peripheral to their main tasks or functions, provided that such duties are not designed to promote de-skilling.

### 10. Classifications

## This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/93

- All adult employees (other than adult apprentices) covered by this award must be classified according to the structure set out in clause 11.2 or 11.3, as applicable, to recognise the principal employment function as determined by the employer. Employers must advise each employee in writing of their classification and of any subsequent changes in their classification.
- 10.2 Employees must perform all work within their skill and competence consistent with the classification structure, including work which is incidental or peripheral to their main tasks or functions, provided that such duties are not designed to promote deskilling.

# Part 3—Wages and Allowances

# 11. Minimum wages

12.1 Minimum wages for employees covered by this award are set out at:

<b>Employees</b>	Clause
Vehicle Industry RS&R Employees	<del>32</del>

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<b>Employees</b>	Clause
Casual driveway attendant, console operator and roadhouse attendant	<del>37.4</del>
Persons employed principally to sell vehicles	<del>32</del>
Vehicle Manufacturing Employees	41
Drafting, Planning and Technical Employees	4 <del>9</del>
Supervisory employees	<del>53.6</del>

### **12.2** Calculation of hourly rates

The minimum hourly rate where it appears in this award is calculated by dividing the specified minimum weekly rate by 38 and rounding to the nearest cent. The casual hourly rate is calculated by applying the casual loading to the minimum hourly rate and then rounding to the nearest cent.

- 11.1 Minimum wages for employees covered by this award are set out in this clause, except that:
  - (a) the minimum hourly rates for casual driveway attendants, console operators and roadhouse attendants are set out in Schedule B:
  - (b) additional provisions concerning minimum wages for persons employed principally to sell vehicles are set out in clauses 24.4 and 24.5.
- An adult employee in the classification (wage group level) specified in the table below will be paid the following rates for ordinary hours worked by the employee:

<b>Employee classification</b>	Wage group level	Minimum weekly rate	Minimum hourly rate
		\$	\$
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 1	R1	656.90	17.29
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 2	R2	675.90	17.79
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 3	R3	701.80	18.47
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 4	R4	725.90	19.10
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 5	R5	743.80	19.57
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level I	R6	764.90	20.13

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Employee classification	Wage group level	Minimum weekly rate	Minimum hourly rate
		\$	\$
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level II	R7	836.70	22.02

32.2 Any wage increases arising from the implementation of the new classification Vehicle industry RS&R—tradesperson or equivalent Level II R7 are subject to absorption into existing over award payments.

# 11.3 Driver classifications—minimum wages

	Minimum weekly rate	Minimum hourly rate
	\$	\$
Driver—forklift:		
<ul> <li>Lifting capacity up to 4500 kg</li> </ul>	725.80	19.10
• Lifting capacity in excess of 4500kg	725.80	19.10
Driver—mobile crane:		
• Lifting capacity up to 10 tonnes	725.80	19.10
• Lifting capacity in excess of 10 tonnes	725.80	19.10
Driver—commercial vehicle used in the course of the employer's business:		
Makers capacity of 3 tonnes or less	725.80	19.10
<ul> <li>Makers capacity of over 3 tonnes but under 8 tonnes</li> </ul>	725.80	19.10
Driver—articulated vehicle		
• Makers capacity up to and including 10 tonnes	753.50	19.83
Driver—tow truck		
• Class 1	725.80	19.10
• Class 2 and 3	725.80	19.10
• Class 4	764.90	20.13
NOTE: Casual loadings are set out at clause 3	<del>6.</del>	

See Schedule B for a summary of hourly rates of pay including casual loadings.

## 11.4 Wage related allowances

### (a) Driver—commercial vehicle used in the course of the employer's business

The following allowances are payable to a driver of a commercial vehicle used in the course of the employer's business:

- (i) for each additional complete tonne over 8 tonnes an allowance of \$1.45 per week;
- (ii) employees engaged in driving a motor vehicle drawing an empty trailer will be paid an additional \$1.88 per day;
- (iii) employees engaged in driving a motor vehicle drawing a loaded trailer will be paid an additional \$3.41 per day.

## (b) Driver—articulated vehicle

An allowance of \$1.38 per week is payable for each additional complete tonne over 10 tonnes to a driver who is required to drive an articulated vehicle in the course of the employer's business.

### (c) Driver—tow truck

An allowance of \$19.28 per week is payable to a driver who is required to drive a tow truck. This allowance will stand alone and is not subject to penalty additions.

## 11.5 Higher duties

- (a) An employee required by the employer to perform duties carrying a higher rate than the employee's ordinary classification for more than two hours on one day or shift, will be paid the higher rate for such day or shift.
- (b) If the work at the higher rate is for two hours or less on one day or shift, the employee will be paid the higher rate for the actual time worked at the higher level.

## 11.6 Vehicle industry RS&R—unapprenticed juniors

(a) The minimum weekly rate for a junior employed in the classifications as set out in clause 32.6(b), will be the following:

Age	% of Level 1 rate	\$ per week
16 years and under	<del>47.5</del>	<del>312.03</del>
<del>17 years</del>	<del>50.0</del>	<del>328.45</del>
<del>18 years</del>	<del>62.5</del>	410.56
19 years	<del>75.0</del>	492.68
20 years	<del>87.5</del>	<del>574.79</del>

- (b) For the purpose of 32.6(a), the following classifications apply:
  - Battery repairer
  - Car cleaner and/or washer

- Car polisher—by hand
- Detailer
- Driver courtesy vehicle in relation to sales or sales promotion or in the course of registration or collection from or delivery to customer
- Driveway attendant
- Electroplater 2nd class
- Grinder and/or buffer metal using portable machine
- Lubritorium attendant
- Machinist (metal) 2nd class
- Office cleaner
- Painter brush and/or spray on mechanical and/or chassis components
- Painter's wet rubber
- Parking attendant
- Process worker
- Roadhouse attendant, required to cook takeaway foods
- Salesperson, first six months' experience
- Service receptionist (not being a tradesperson)
- Sewing machinist
- Spring service worker, spring coiling machinist and spring maker
- Steam cleaner and/or proof coater
- Tradesperson's assistant
- Tyre fitter
- Vehicle salesperson and/or agricultural vehicle salesperson up to six months' experience
- Welder electric spot and buff
- (a) The minimum weekly rate for an unapprenticed junior employed to perform any of the functions contained in the skill level definitions for the Levels 1, 2 and 3 classifications in Schedule A will be the following:

Age	% of Level 1 rate
16 years and under	47.5%
17 years	50.0%
18 years	62.5%

Age	% of Level 1 rate
19 years	75.0%
20 years	87.5%

(c) The minimum weekly rate for a junior employed in the classifications set out in clause 32.6(d) will be the following:

Age	% of Level 4 rate	\$ per week
16 years and under	<del>47.5</del>	<del>344.80</del>
<del>17 years</del>	<del>50.0</del>	<del>362.95</del>
<del>18 years</del>	62.5	<del>453.69</del>
<del>19 years</del>	75.0	544.43
20 years	<del>87.5</del>	635.16

- (d) For the purposes of clause 32.6(c), the following classifications apply:
  - Air hammer operator
  - Assembler—accessories
  - Assembler body shop
  - Assembler and/or wirer
  - Automotive serviceperson and/or checker
  - Bodymaker 2nd class
  - Brake serviceperson
  - Console operator
  - Dent knocker
  - Driver of commercial vehicle under 8 tonnes
  - Driver of courtesy car or vehicle in relation to sales or sales in the course of registration, collection from or delivery to customer—vehicle with maker's capacity over three tonnes
  - Exhaust repairer
  - Fork-lift driver and mobile crane driver
  - Metal finisher
  - Motorcycle assembler
  - Radiator repairer, as defined
  - Road house attendant, if engaged primarily to cook other than takeaway foods

- Salesperson, other
- Security person
- Spotter and/or toucher up
- Storeperson—more than 12 months' experience
- Storeperson and packer
- Trimmer sectional
- Vehicle salesperson and/or agricultural vehicle salesperson, after six months experience
- Welder other than trade using oxy, etc.
- Wheel aligner, other than a tradesperson
- Wheel builder and/or repairer
- Windscreen fitter and/or repairer
- Wrecker—automotive
- (b) The minimum weekly rate for an unapprenticed junior employed to perform any of the functions contained in the skill level definitions for the Level 4 classification in Schedule A will be the following:

Age	% of Level 4 rate
16 years and under	47.5%
17 years	50.0%
18 years	62.5%
19 years	75.0%
20 years	87.5%

# 11.7 Junior drivers

For drivers not covered by clause 11.6, the minimum weekly rate to be paid to junior drivers of commercial vehicles and/or tow trucks of this award is as follows:

Age	% of relevant adult driver rate
Under 19 years	70%
19 years	80%
20 years and over	100%

## 11.8 Apprentice wage rates and progression

A junior or adult apprentice undertaking a full-time or part-time course can advance through an apprenticeship either by completing each stage of the required competencies in accordance with an agreed training plan entered into by an employer, an employee and the required training provider and consistent with the regulations of the relevant State or Territory Apprenticeship training Authority, or by completing each year of service of an apprenticeship.

# 11.9 Junior apprentices

(a) A junior apprentice is an apprentice who is under 21 years of age.

# (b) Minimum wage rates for junior apprentices commencing or continuing an apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014

For apprentices who commenced their apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014 the minimum wages for a junior apprentice are as set out in the following table.

Year of apprenticeship	% of Level R6 rate
Stage 1 or 1st year	42%
Stage 2 or 2nd year	55%
Stage 3 or 3rd year	75%
Stage 4 or 4th year	88%

# (c) Minimum wage rate for apprentices commencing an apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014

From the first pay period commencing on or after 1 January 2015 the minimum wages for apprentices commencing an apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014, except as provided for in clause 11.10 (Adult Apprentices), are set out below.

Year of apprenticeship	Has not completed year 12 (% of Level R6 rate)	Has completed year 12 (% of Level R6 rate)
Stage 1 or 1st year	50%	55%
Stage 2 or 2nd year	60%	65%
Stage 3 or 3rd year	75%	75%
Stage 4 or 4th year	88%	88%

### 11.10 Adult apprentices

(a) An adult apprentice is an apprentice who is over 21 years of age when commencing an apprenticeship.

# (b) Minimum wage rates for adult apprentices commencing or continuing an apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014

For adult apprentices who commenced their apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014 the minimum wages are as set out in the following table:

Year of apprenticeship	Award reference	Weekly wage \$
Level 1 or 1st year	National Training Wage Award—Skill Level B	579.70

Year of apprenticeship	Award reference	Weekly wage \$
Level 2 or 2nd year	Vehicle industry RS&R employee—Level 1	656.90
Level 3 or 3rd year	Vehicle industry RS&R employee—Level 2	675.90
Level 4 or 4th year	Vehicle industry RS&R employee—Level 3	701.80
Thereafter	Vehicle industry RS&R employee–tradesperson or equivalent—Level R6	764.90

# (c) Minimum wage rates for adult apprentices commencing an apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014

From 1 January 2014 the minimum wages for adult apprentices commencing an apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014 are set out in the following table:

Year of apprenticeship	Award reference	Weekly wage
Stage 1 or 1st year	80% of Vehicle industry RS&R employee—tradesperson or equivalent—Level R6	611.90
Stage 2 or 2nd year	Vehicle industry RS&R employee—Level 1	656.90
Stage 3 or 3rd year	Vehicle industry RS&R employee—Level 2	675.90
Stage 4 or 4th year	Vehicle industry RS&R employee—Level 3	701.80
Thereafter	Vehicle industry RS&R employee—tradesperson or equivalent—Level R6	764.90

(d) Where a person was employed by an employer in the vehicle industry immediately prior to becoming an adult apprentice with that employer such person will not suffer a reduction in their rate of pay by virtue of becoming indentured.

## 11.11 School-based apprentices

For school-based apprentices, see Schedule E—School-based Apprentices.

## 11.12 National training wage

For employees undertaking a traineeship, see Schedule F—National Training Wage.

## 13. Payment of wages

- Wages will be paid weekly, or with the agreement of the majority of employees in a workplace working under the terms of this award, fortnightly or monthly.
- Wages will be paid in cash, or with the agreement of the majority of employees or an individual employee working under the terms of this award, by cheque or direct bank transfer into an account at a bank or financial institution nominated by the employee. Where wages are paid by direct transfer, the employer will pay any bank or other charges associated with that method of payment.

### 13.3 Wages will be paid as follows:

- (a) In the case of an employee whose ordinary hours of work are arranged so that the employee works up to 38 ordinary hours per week, wages will be paid weekly, fortnightly or monthly according to the actual ordinary hours worked each week.
- (b) In the case of an employee whose ordinary hours of work are so that the employee works up to an average of 38 ordinary hours each week during a work cycle, wages will be paid weekly, fortnightly or monthly according to a weekly average of ordinary hours worked even though more or less than 38 may be worked in a work cycle.
- (c) An established pay day and/or pay period will not be changed except by not less than four weeks' notice by the employer to their employees.
- (d) Wages will be paid in the employer's time not later than Thursday in any pay cycle, provided that wages will be paid if possible not later than Wednesday in a week in which a public holiday falls on the Thursday or Friday.
- (e) Where wages are paid after 1.30 pm on pay day the employer will not keep more pay in hand than has accrued to an employee in respect of work performed by the employee on such pay day and the previous day. Where wages are paid before 1.30 pm on pay day the employer will not keep more pay in hand than has accrued to an employee in respect of work performed by the employee on such pay day and the two previous days.
- (f) On or prior to pay day an employer will state to each employee in writing the total amount of wages to which the employee is entitled, the amount of overtime included, details of any deductions made and the net amount being paid.

NOTE: Regulations 3.33(3) and 3.46(1)(g) of Fair Work Regulations 2009 set out the requirements for pay records and the content of payslips including the requirement to separately identify any allowance paid.

### 13.4 Payment of wages on termination of employment

- (a) Upon termination of employment, the employer will pay wages due to an employee:
  - (i) on the day of termination;
  - (ii) by forwarding such wages to the employee on the next working day; or

- (iii) at the employer's place of business on a stated day not later than seven days after such termination. If the employer requires the employee to visit such place of business to collect wages then, in addition to the amount of moneys due, the employer will pay the employee an additional four hours' ordinary pay.
- (b) Except that where an employee abandons his or her employment or the employee's employment is terminated without notice for serious and wilful misconduct the employer will pay the wages due to the employee within two business days (not including a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday) of the termination.
- (e) An employer may deduct from monies due to an employee such amount as is authorised in writing by the employee for a lawful purpose specified in the authority.

### 13.5 Absence from duty

An employee failing to attend for duty will not be entitled to pay for the time of such non-attendance except as provided for in the case of annual leave, public holidays, personal/carer's leave and compassionate leave or any other absences from work without loss of pay permitted by this award.

### 13.6 Make-up time

An employee on day work or shiftwork may elect, with the consent of their employer, to work make up time, where the employee takes time off during ordinary hours and works those at a later time, at the rate which would have been applicable to the hours taken off.

### 13.7 Make-up time after stand-down

- (a) In the event of a stand down situation arising, an employer and employee(s) may agree that each employee may work make up time, up to the number of hours of work lost as a result of the stand-down, at the rate which would have been applicable to the hours lost. Such make up time must be worked within seven days of the end of the stand-down period or during the stand-down period if such hours are worked by agreement outside normal hours of work.
- (b) For the purpose of this provision the hours of work may be worked at such time as is agreed despite any other provisions of this award.
- (c) No employee may be required by an employer to agree to work such make-up time and, in the absence of an agreement by an employee to do so the usual overtime and penalty rates applicable under this award will apply to work required to be performed by such employees.
- (d) Provided that an employee who is required to attend for work on any day but for whom, for the reason abovementioned, no work is provided will be entitled to two hours' pay. Provided further that where an employee commences work, the employee will be entitled to be provided with four hours' employment or be entitled to be paid as for four hours' work.

# 12. Payment of wages

## 12.1 Frequency of payment

- (a) Except as provided in clause 12.1(b), wages must be paid weekly or fortnightly, either:
  - (i) according to the actual ordinary hours worked each week or fortnight; or
  - (ii) according to the average number of ordinary hours worked each week or fortnight.
- (b) By agreement between the employer and the majority of employees in the relevant enterprise, wages may be paid three weekly, four weekly or monthly. Agreement in this respect may also be reached between the employer and an individual employee.

# 12.2 Method of payment

- (a) Wages must be paid by cash, cheque or electronic funds transfer into the employee's bank or other recognised financial institution account.
- (b) In the case of an employee paid by cheque, if the employee requires it, the employer is to have a facility available during ordinary hours for the encashment of the cheque.

NOTE: Regulations 3.33(3) and 3.46(1)(g) of *Fair Work Regulations 2009* set out the requirements for pay records and the content of payslips including the requirement to separately identify any allowance paid.

# 12.3 Payment of wages on termination of employment

On termination of employment, wages due to an employee must be paid on the day of termination or forwarded to the employee by post on the next working day.

### 12.4 Day off coinciding with pay day

Where an employee is paid wages by cash or cheque and the employee is, by virtue of the arrangement of their ordinary hours, to take a day off on a day which coincides with pay day, such employee must be paid no later than the working day immediately following pay day. However, if the employer is able to make suitable arrangements, wages may be paid on the working day preceding pay day.

## **12.5** Wages to be paid during working hours

- (a) Where an employee is paid wages by cash or cheque such wages are to be paid during ordinary working hours.
- (b) If an employee is paid wages by cash and is kept waiting for their wages on pay day, after the usual time for ceasing work, the employee is to be paid at overtime rates for the period they are kept waiting.

### 12.6 Absences from duty under an averaging system

(a) Where an employee's ordinary hours in a week are greater or less than 38 hours and such employee's pay is averaged to avoid fluctuating wage payments, the following is to apply:

- (i) The employee will accrue a credit for each day they work ordinary hours in excess of the daily average.
- (ii) The employee will not accrue a credit for each day of absence from duty, other than on annual leave, long service leave, public holidays, paid personal/carer's leave, workers compensation, paid compassionate leave, paid training leave or jury service.

# 12.7 Make-up time after stand-down

- (a) In the event of a stand-down situation arising, an employer and employee(s) may agree that each employee may work make-up time, up to the number of hours of work lost as a result of the stand-down, at the rate which would have been applicable to the hours lost. Such make-up time must be worked within seven days of the end of the stand-down period or during the stand-down period if such hours are worked by agreement outside normal hours of work.
- **(b)** For the purpose of this provision the hours of work may be worked at such time as is agreed despite any other provisions of this award.
- (c) No employee may be required by an employer to agree to work such make-up time and, in the absence of an agreement by an employee to do so the usual overtime and penalty rates applicable under this award will apply to work required to be performed by such employees.
- (d) Provided that an employee who is required to attend for work on any day but for whom, for the reason abovementioned, no work is provided will be entitled to two hours' pay. Provided further that where an employee commences work, the employee will be entitled to be provided with four hours' employment or be entitled to be paid as for four hours' work.
- 12.8 Clause 24 deals with additional requirements for Vehicle Salespersons.

# 13. Supported wage system

For employees who because of the effects of a disability are eligible for a supported wage, see Schedule D—Supported Wage System.

# 15. National training wage

For employees undertaking a traineeship, see Schedule F—National Training Wage.

## 14. Wage related allowances

## 14.1 Allowances and special rates

(a) Employers must pay to an employee the allowances and special rates the employee is entitled to under this clause. See Schedule B for a summary of monetary allowances and method of adjustment.

(b) The allowances and special rates prescribed by this clause will be paid irrespective of the times at which the work is performed and will not be subject to any premium or penalty additions.

## 14.2 Leading hand's allowance

In addition to the rates prescribed elsewhere, a leading hand's allowance will be paid to leading hands as follows:

In charge of	\$ per week
Not less than 3 and not more than 10 employees	33.20
More than 10 and not more than 20 employees	50.02
More than 20 employees	63.56

### 16.3 Inspector's allowance

Inspectors will be paid \$31.21 per week in excess of the wage payable to the employee whose work an inspector is required to inspect.

## 16.4 Carpenters' allowance

A carpenters' allowance of \$0.25 per hour is payable to a carpenter engaged on large structural alterations to buildings, whether external or internal.

### 14.3 First aid allowance

A first aid allowance of \$15.30 per week is payable to an employee holding first aid qualifications and appointed by the employer to perform first aid duty.

### 14.4 Driver handling money allowance

(a) **Driver handling money** means an employee covered by clause 11.2 or clause 11.3 including a junior employee employed in either class of work and who collects and/or pays out money and who is responsible for the safe custody of the amounts so collected or carried to be paid out.

**(b)** The following amounts are payable to a driver handling money:

Amount handled	\$ per week
Up to \$20	1.55
Over \$20 but not exceeding \$200	2.83
Over \$200 but not exceeding \$600	5.36
Over \$600 but not exceeding \$1000	6.80
Over \$1000	9.62

### 14.5 Confined spaces

(a) A confined space allowance of \$0.74 per hour is payable to an employee working a confined space, i.e. a compartment, space or place, the dimensions of which necessitate the employee working in a stooped or otherwise cramped position or without proper ventilation.

(b) Clause 14.5 applies to work on the inside of tanks or tanker type vehicles such as those used in carrying petrol, milk, flour, cement and the like, but will not apply to other work on vehicles.

## 14.6 Dirty work

- (a) A dirty work allowance of \$0.58 per hour is payable to an employee doing work which a foreperson and the employee agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature.
- (b) A minimum payment of \$2.25 per day or shift applies to dirty work, provided that this amount will not be paid in respect of a specific job when other higher special rates are payable for that job on the same day or shift, and those higher rates exceed \$2.25 on the particular day or shift.
- (c) Where there is a disagreement between the foreperson and the employee, the employee or a shop steward on the employee's behalf is entitled, within 24 hours, to ask for a decision on the employee's claim by the employer's industrial officer (if there is one), or otherwise by the employer or executive officer responsible for management or superintendence of the plant concerned. A decision will be made within 48 hours of the decision being requested (unless that time expires on a non-working day, in which case it will be given during the next working day), or the allowance will be paid.
- (d) Where a union alleges that an employer or the employer's representative is unreasonable or capricious in relation to such a claim, it can refer the question via the steps within the dispute resolution procedure at clause 33.

### 14.7 Hot places

- (a) An employee working for more than one hour in the shade will be paid as follows:
  - an allowance of \$0.58 per hour in places where the temperature is raised by artificial means to between 46 and 54 degrees Celsius; or
  - (ii) an allowance of \$0.74 per hour in places where the temperature exceeds 54 degrees Celsius.
- (b) Where work continues for more than two hours in temperatures exceeding 54 degrees Celsius, an employee will also be entitled to a paid 20 minute rest break after every two hours' work.
- (c) The temperature will be decided by the foreperson after consultation with the employee who claims the allowance.

### 14.8 Wet places

- (a) A wet places allowance of \$0.52 per hour is payable to an employee who is required to work in any place where the employee's boots or clothing become saturated, whether by water, oil or otherwise, for the part of the day or shift when required to work in wet clothing or boots.
- **(b)** The wet places allowance is not payable to an employee supplied with protective clothing in accordance with clauses 15.6(f) and 15.12.

## 14.9 Glass or slag wool

An allowance of \$0.74 per hour is payable to an employee handling loose slag wool, loose insulwool or other loose material of a like nature used for providing insulation against heat, cold or noise.

## 14.10 Handling garbage

An allowance **\$0.58** per hour is payable to an employee employed as a driver or driver's assistant on a vehicle handling garbage.

# 14.11 Livestock transport

An allowance of \$0.58 per hour is payable to an employee working on the underside or the body of the stock compartment of a vehicle which has been regularly used in the carriage of livestock and which has not been cleaned down immediately before service.

## 14.12 Slicking with carbon black and hand spraying tyres

An allowance of \$0.86 per day is payable to an employee principally employed to fit tyres (as defined in Schedule H), and/or employed in tyre repairing and retreading processes as defined who is:

- (a) engaged in slicking and carbon black based slick or hand spraying motor and/or motorcycle tyres or earthmover tyres or tractor tyres or truck tyres; or
- **(b)** actually working on acid vats in reclaiming.

### 16.15 Height money

An allowance of \$0.44 per hour is payable to an employee (other than a rigger and splicer) engaged in the erection, repair and/or maintenance of steel frame buildings and similar structures at a height of 15 metres or more directly above the nearest horizontal plane.

### 14.13 Large tyre fitting—offsite

An allowance of **\$0.85** per day is payable to an employee required to fit earthmover, grader, truck or tractor tyres away from the employer's place of business.

### 16.17 Boiler house employees

- (a) An allowance of \$1.16 per hour is payable to an employee engaged in a boiler house inside the gas or water space of any boiler, flue or economiser in cleaning or scraping work.
- (b) The allowance will not be payable where, by agreement between the employer and employee, the employer provides the employee with overalls that are acceptable to the employee.

### 16.18 Electric generators or dynamos

An allowance of \$30.67 per week is payable to a boiler attendant or fireperson to an electric generator or dynamo exceeding 10 kilowatt capacity.

### 14.14 Fork-lifts or cranes

An allowance of \$2.22 per day is payable to the drivers of a fork-lift or crane, where two or more fork-lifts or cranes are involved in any one lift.

## 16.20 Foundry allowance

### Foundry work means:

- (a) any operation in the production of casting metal in moulds made of sand, loam, metal, moulding composition or other material or mixture of materials, or by shell moulding, centrifugal casting or continuous casting; and
- (b) where carried on as an incidental process in connection with and in the course of production to which this definition applies, the preparation of moulds and cores (but not in the making of patterns and dies in a separate room), and knock out processes, but will not include any operation performed in connection with:
  - (i) non-ferrous die casting (including gravity and pressure);
  - (ii) casting of billets and/or ingots in metal moulds;
  - (iii) continuous casting of metal into billets;
  - (iv) melting of metal for use in printing; and
  - (v) refining of metal.
- (c) A foundry allowance of \$0.45 per hour is payable to an employee engaged in foundry work to compensate for all disagreeable features associated with foundry work including heat, fumes, atmospheric conditions, sparks, dampness, confined spaces and noise.
- (d) An employee will not be paid the foundry allowance for any work in the foundry during any period that foundry production is not being carried out, with the exception of any work during a period up to eight hours immediately following the cessation of foundry production. During any period in which the foundry allowance is not applicable, the appropriate disability provisions of this clause will apply.
- (e) This allowance is payable instead of any disability allowance otherwise payable under clause 16.

### 14.15 Combined disabilities

Where two or more disabilities for which special rates prescribed in this clause occur at the same time such rates will accumulate except as to combinations of dirty work, handling garbage and livestock transport in which case the highest rate will be payable.

# 14.16 Tyre fitting or tyre repairing and retreading—Thursday and Friday work

A weekly employee, principally employed to fit tyres as defined, and or employed in tyre repairing and retreading process as defined in tyre retailing establishments working ordinary hours between the hours of 8.00 pm and 9.30 pm on a Thursday and/or Friday will receive an additional amount per hour calculated at one quarter of the minimum hourly rate based on the minimum weekly rate.

## 15. Expense related allowances

Employers must pay to an employee the allowances and special rates the employee is entitled to under this clause. See Schedule B for a summary of monetary allowances and method of adjustment.

### 15.1 Meal allowance

This sub-clause 15.1 does not apply to a person principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties.

- (a) A meal allowance of \$13.18 per meal is payable to an employee who is required to work overtime for more than one and a half hours and was not notified of the requirement to work overtime on the previous day or earlier.
- (b) The meal allowance is not payable if the employer supplies the employee with a meal, or if the employee lives in the same locality as the workplace and can reasonably return home for meals.
- (c) Unless an employer advises an employee on the previous day or earlier that the amount of overtime will include more than one meal, the employer will provide a second meal and/or subsequent meal or pay a meal allowance to the employee for the second and/or subsequent meal.
- (d) If an employee has been notified that they will be working overtime and has provided a meal or meals but is not required to work overtime or is required to work less overtime than the amount advised, the employee will still be paid the meal allowance.
- (e) Clause 15.1 will not apply to an employee working overtime on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the employee is rostered to work any of their ordinary hours on that day.

### 15.2 Travelling time, accommodation and meals

### This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/93

- (a) This sub-clause does not apply to a person principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties.
- (b) Where an employee is required on any day to perform ordinary work away from a location where the employee normally works, the employee will:
  - (i) if required to work normal working hours be paid at the minimum hourly rate for extra time spent when travelling, except on Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays which will be paid at 150% of the minimum hourly rate;
  - (ii) if travelling in the employer's business time, do so without loss of wages;
  - (iii) if using their own means of transport with the approval of the employer for travelling to or from outside jobs or venues, be paid the amount of excess fares which the employee would have incurred using public transport unless there has been an arrangement with the employer for a regular allowance; and

- (iv) if required by an employer to use their own vehicle on the employer's business, be paid an allowance of \$0.78 per kilometre travelled.
- (c) The maximum travelling time to be paid will be 12 hours out of any period of 24 hours, or when a sleeping berth is provided by the employer for all night travel, eight hours out of every 24 hours.

### 15.3 Transfer of employment

An employee, other than a person principally employed to perform vehicles sales related duties, who is:

- (a) engaged in one locality to work in another; or
- (b) sent other than at their own request from their usual locality to another for employment which can reasonably be regarded as permanent, involving a change of residence,

will be paid for time spent travelling between such localities and expenses for a period not exceeding three months, provided that the payment of expenses will cease after the employee has taken up permanent residence or found alternative accommodation at the new location.

### 15.4 Accommodation and meals

- (a) Where an employee, other than a person principally employed to perform vehicles sales related duties, is required to travel in circumstances requiring the employee to stay away from home overnight the employee, except to the extent that arrangements may be made for expenses to be charged to the employer, will be reimbursed for expenses reasonably incurred for accommodation and meals.
- **(b)** Expenses for the purpose of this clause means:
  - (i) All reasonable fares and expenses incurred whilst travelling including a meal allowance of \$13.18 per meal.
  - (ii) A reasonable allowance to cover the cost incurred for board and lodging.

### 15.5 Tool allowance—tradespersons, carpenters and apprentices

- (a) A tool allowance of \$11.38 per week is payable to a tradesperson employed in any of the RS&R classifications who is required by an employer to provide their own hand tools, for supplying and maintaining tools ordinary required in the performance of their work as a tradesperson.
- (b) A tool allowance of \$14.71 per week is payable to a tradesperson employed in any of the vehicle industry classifications in Section 2 Vehicle Manufacturing Employees who is required by an employer to provide their own hand tools.
- (c) A carpenter will be paid a tool allowance of \$15.03 per week.
- (b) A tool allowance is payable to apprentices employed under the classifications referred to in clause 11.8 to 11.10 where the apprentice is required by an employer to provide their own tools as follows:

Year of apprenticeship	\$ per week
Level 1 or 1st year	4.83
Level 2 or 2nd year	6.23
Level 3 or 3rd year	8.59
Level 4 or 4th year	9.98

(e) A tool allowance is payable to apprentices paid the minimum wage prescribed in clauses 41.8 and 41.10 in Section 2—Vehicle Manufacturing Employees where the apprentice is required by an employer to provide their own tools.

Year of apprenticeship	<del>\$ per week</del>
Level 1 or 1st year	6.23
Level 2 or 2nd year	<del>8.05</del>
Level 3 or 3rd year	<del>11.06</del>
Level 4 or 4th year	12.99

(c) Notwithstanding anything else contained in this award, the tool allowance is not subject to overtime, shift premium or other penalty additions or annual leave loading.

### 15.6 Clothing, equipment and tools—tyre fitting and retreading

Clause 15.6 will apply solely to persons employed principally to fit tyres as defined and/or a person employed in tyre retreading processes as defined.

#### (a) Provision of tools

Where the employer requires persons who are employed either principally to fit tyres and/or in the tyre repairing and retreading process to use tools in the performance of their work, the employer will reimburse the employee for the cost of purchasing such tools.

- (b) Employees will be paid a tool allowance in accordance with clause 15.5 where required by the employer to supply and maintain tools of trade necessary for the performance of their duties.
- (c) The tool allowance under clause 15.6 will not apply where the tools are supplied to the employee at the employer's expense.
- (d) An employer may require any employee to sign a receipt for any tools issued to an employee by the employer.
- (e) An employee who has been provided by the employer with facilities to lock up tools at the end of each shift will be held responsible for the safe custody of the tools issued and will replace or pay for any tools so provided if lost through the employee's negligence.

#### (f) Protective clothing

Where an employer requires an employee to work on acid vats or reclaiming or washing raw rubber or in wet places the employer will reimburse an employee for the cost of purchasing an apron or overalls and rubber or other suitable boots.

(g) Clause 15.6(f) will not apply where protective clothing is supplied to the employee by the employer.

#### 15.7 Clothing, equipment and tools—other than tyre fitting and retreading

Clause 15.7 will apply to other employees, where applicable, not covered under clause 15.6.

#### (a) Provision of tools

Tradespersons or apprentices will be paid a tool allowance specified in clause 15.1 where they are required by the employer to supply and maintain tools necessary for the performance of their duties.

- (b) Notwithstanding the payment of a tool allowance under clause 15.7(a) where the employer requires an employee, in the performance of their work, to use tools as set out in this sub-clause, the employer must reimburse the employee for the cost of purchasing all necessary power tools, special purpose tools, precision measuring instruments and snips used in the cutting of stainless steel and similar hard metals.
- (c) Tradespersons or their apprentices will replace or pay for any tools so supplied by their employer if lost through the employee's negligence.

#### 15.8 Damage to clothing and tools

- (a) The employer must reimburse an employee of the cost of replacing the employee's tools or work clothing where:
  - (i) the employee is required to use their own tools or wear their own work clothing in the course of employment; and
  - (ii) the clothing or tools are damaged or destroyed by fire or molten metal or through the use of corrosive substances.
- **(b)** Clause 15.8(a) does not apply where:
  - (i) the employee uses tools that are not ordinarily required in the performance of the employee's duties; or
  - (ii) the work clothing and tools are supplied to the employee at the employer's expense.

#### **15.9 Gloves**

(a) The employer will reimburse the employee for the cost of purchasing suitable canvas or leather gloves where the employee is required to use such gloves in the performance of their duties.

- (b) Reimbursement for the cost of suitable gloves will apply to operating a pneumatic percussion tool used for chiselling, hammering or riveting or where by reason of the material or tackle being used it is necessary for slingers to wear leather gloves.
- (c) Clause 15.9 does not apply where the gloves are supplied to the employee at the employer's expense. Where such gloves are supplied without cost to the employee they will remain the property of the employer.

# 15.10 Goggles

- (a) The employer will reimburse the employee for the cost of purchasing goggles where the employee is required to wear suitable mica or other goggles when using an emery wheel or rotary wire brushes.
- **(b)** Clause 15.10(a) does not apply where protective equipment is fitted to a machine or where the goggles are supplied to the employee at the employer's expense.
- (c) Where such goggles are supplied without cost to the employee, they will remain the property of the employer.

# 15.11 Protective clothing

- (a) The employer will reimburse an employee for the cost of purchasing protective clothing such as boots, rubber aprons and rubber boots where the employee is required to wear adequate protective clothing when working with acids or other substances of a like nature, engaged in wet rubbing or when working in the rain, car laundry, washing bay or in steam cleaning or proof coating operations.
- (b) The employer will not be required to reimburse the employee where such suitable protective clothing is supplied to the employee at the employer's expense.
- (c) Where protective clothing is supplied without cost to the employee, it will remain the property of the employer.

#### 15.12 Protective equipment—welding

- (a) The employer will reimburse an employee for the cost of purchasing protective equipment when the employee is either required to wear suitable, sufficient and adequate protection when performing welding operations and, where necessary, for employees when working in close proximity to such operations.
- (b) Clause 15.12(a) does not apply where the protective equipment is supplied to the employee at the employer's expense.
- (c) Where protective equipment is supplied without cost to the employee, it will remain the property of the employer.

#### 15.13 Uniforms

(a) Where an employer requires an employee to wear a special uniform as a condition of employment, the employer must reimburse the employee for the cost of purchasing and cleaning the uniform.

- **(b)** Clause 15.13(a) does not apply where the uniform is supplied and cleaned free of cost by the employer.
- (c) Where the uniform is supplied by the employer without cost and cleaned free of cost to the employee, the uniform will remain the property of the employer.

# 16. Accident pay

#### 16.1 Definitions

For the purpose of this clause, the following definitions will apply.

- (a) Accident pay means a weekly payment made to an employee by the employer that is the difference between the weekly amount of compensation paid to an employee pursuant to the applicable workers' compensation legislation and the weekly amount that would have been received had the employee been on paid personal leave at the date of injury (not including over award payments).
- **(b)** Injury will be given the same meaning and application as applying under the applicable workers' compensation legislation covering the employer.

#### 16.2 Entitlement to accident pay

- (a) The employer must pay accident pay where an employee suffers an injury and weekly payments of compensation are paid to the employee under the applicable workers' compensation legislation.
- (b) An employee will only be entitled to payment under this clause while the employee remains in employment of the employer. However, an employer must not terminate the employment of the employee to avoid any payment under this clause.

# 16.3 Notice of injury

(a) When an employee receives an injury for which the employee claims to be entitled to payment under this clause, the employee shall give notice in writing of the injury to the employer as soon as reasonably practicable after receiving the injury. Notice can be given by a representative of the employee.

#### 16.4 Maximum period

The maximum period or aggregate of periods of accident pay to be made by an employer shall be 26 weeks for any one injury. The 26 week period commences from the first day of incapacity for work, which may be subsequent to the date of injury.

# 16.5 Pro rata payments

For a period of less than one week, accident pay (as defined) will be calculated on a pro rata basis.

#### 16.6 Return to work

If an employee entitled to accident pay under this clause returns to work on reduced hours or to perform modified duties, the amount of accident pay due will be reduced by any amounts paid for the performance of such work.

# 16.7 When not entitled to payment

- (a) An employee will not be entitled to
- (b) any payment under this clause in respect of any period of paid annual leave or long service leave, or for any paid public holiday.
- (c) An employee will not be entitled to any payment under this clause in respect of any injury during the first five normal working days of incapacity.
- (d) An employee will not be entitled to any payment under this clause for any incapacity occurring during the first three weeks of employment, unless such incapacity continues beyond the first three weeks of employment. If the incapacity continues beyond the first three weeks of employment then the provisions of this clause (clause 16) will apply to the period of incapacity after the first three weeks.
- (e) An employee will not be entitled to any payment under this clause for industrial diseases contracted by gradual process, or injuries subject to recurrence, aggravation or acceleration unless the employee has been employed with the employer at the time of the incapacity for a minimum period of one month.

#### 16.8 Medical examination

- (a) In order to receive accident pay an employee shall conform to the requirements of the applicable workers' compensation legislation relating to medical examination.
- **(b)** If:
  - (i) a medical referee gives a certificate in accordance with the applicable workers' compensation legislation as to the condition of the employee and fitness for work, or specifies work for which the employee is fit; and
  - (ii) this work is made available by the employer; and
  - (iii) the employee refuses the work or fails to commence the work;

the provisions of this clause (clause 16) will cease to apply to the employee from the date of refusal or failure to commence the work.

# 16.9 Redemptions

In the event that an employee receives a lump sum payment in lieu of weekly payments under the applicable workers' compensation legislation, the liability of the employer to pay accident pay will cease from the date the employee receives that payment.

#### 16.10 Damages independent of the Acts

Where the employee recovers damages from the employer or from a third party in respect of the said injury independently of the applicable workers' compensation legislation, such employee will be liable to repay to the employer the amount of accident pay which the employer has paid under this clause and the employee will not be entitled to any further accident pay thereafter.

# 16.11 When payments cease

All rights to payment under this clause will cease on the death of an employee.

# 16.12 Changes to rates in workers' compensation legislation

The amount of accident pay payable under this clause shall not increase in the event that there are any changes to compensation rates under the applicable workers' compensation legislation.

#### 16.13 Engagement of employee

Upon commencement of employment, an employee may be required to declare all workers' compensation claims made in the previous five years. In the event of false or inaccurate information being deliberately and knowingly declared the employer may require the employee to forfeit entitlement to payment under this clause.

#### 16.14 Casual employees

For a casual employee the weekly payment referred to in clause 16.1(a) will be calculated using the employee's average weekly ordinary hours with the employer over the previous 12 months or, if the employee has been employed for less than 12 months by the employer, the employee's average weekly ordinary hours over the period of employment with the employer. The weekly payment will include casual loading but will not include over award payments.

#### 16.15 No obligation to take out insurance

Nothing in this clause requires an employer to insure against liability for the payment of benefits under this clause.

# 17. Superannuation

#### 17.1 Superannuation legislation

- (a) Superannuation legislation, including the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 (Cth), the Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992 (Cth), the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cth) and the Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993 (Cth), deals with the superannuation rights and obligations of employers and employees. Under superannuation legislation individual employees generally have the opportunity to choose their own superannuation fund. If an employee does not choose a superannuation fund, any superannuation fund nominated in the award covering the employee applies.
- **(b)** The rights and obligations in these clauses supplement those in superannuation legislation.

#### 17.2 Employer contributions

An employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an employee as will avoid the employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under superannuation legislation with respect to that employee.

# 17.3 Voluntary employee contributions

- (a) Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, an employee may, in writing, authorise their employer to pay on their behalf a specified amount from the post-taxation wages of the employee into the same superannuation fund as the employer makes the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 17.2.
- (b) An employee may adjust the amount the employee has authorised their employer to pay from their wages from the first of the month following the giving of three months' written notice to their employer.
- (c) The employer must pay the amount authorised under clauses 17.3(a) or 17.3(b) no later than 28 days after the end of the month in which the deduction authorised under clauses 17.3(a) or 17.3(b) was made.

# 17.4 Superannuation fund

Unless, to comply with superannuation legislation, the employer is required to make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 17.2 to another superannuation fund that is chosen by the employee, the employer must make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 17.2, and pay the amount authorised under clauses 17.3(a) or 17.3(b), to one of the following superannuation funds or its successor:

- (a) MTAA Superannuation Fund;
- **(b)** AustralianSuper;
- (c) Labour Union Cooperative Retirement Fund;
- (d) TWUSUPER;
- (e) CareSuper;
- (f) Statewide Superannuation Trust;
- (g) Tasplan Ltd;
- (h) Retail Employees Superannuation Trust (REST);
- (i) any superannuation fund to which the employer was making superannuation contributions for the benefit of its employees before 12 September 2008, provided the superannuation fund is an eligible choice fund and is a fund that offers a MySuper product or is an exempt public sector superannuation scheme; or
- (j) a superannuation fund or scheme which the employee is a defined benefit member of.

#### 17.5 Absence from work

Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, the employer must also make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 17.2 and pay the amounts authorised under clauses 17.3(a) or 17.3(b):

(a) Paid leave—while the employee is on any paid leave;

- **(b) Work related injury or illness**—for the period of absence from work (subject to a maximum of 52 weeks) of the employee due to work-related injury or work-related illness provided that:
- (c) the employee is receiving workers compensation payments or is receiving regular payments directly from the employer in accordance with the statutory requirements; and
- (d) the employee remains employed by the employer.

# Part 4—Ordinary Hours of Work

# 18. Ordinary hours of work, breaks and rostering

- 33.1 This clause will not apply to a person principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties.
- 18.1 This clause specifies minimum working hours arrangements for all employees covered by this award. Additional provisions concerning ordinary hours of work in relation to driveway attendants, console operators and roadhouse attendants are contained in clause 23.1. Additional provisions concerning ordinary hours of work in relation to persons employed principally to sell vehicles are contained in clause 24.
- Subject to the other provisions of this clause, ordinary hours of work of an employee will be an average of 38 hours per week, worked on not more than five days in any week, calculated on the following basis:
  - (a) 38 hours within a work cycle not exceeding seven consecutive days;
  - **(b)** 76 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 14 consecutive days;
  - (c) 114 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 21 consecutive days;
  - (d) 152 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 28 consecutive days; or
  - (e) Any other work cycle during which a weekly average of 38 ordinary hours is worked or may be determined by agreement between the employer and an employee or employees.
- 18.3 Employees may be required to work up to a maximum of 10 ordinary hours per day.
- 18.4 The commencing time of any permanent employee's daily hours once fixed may vary from day to day in a week but not by more than two hours.

#### 18.5 Twelve hour shifts

- (a) By agreement between an employer and the majority of employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise, 12 hour days or shifts may be introduced subject to:
  - (i) proper health monitoring procedures being introduced;
  - (ii) suitable roster arrangement being made;
  - (iii) proper supervision being provided;

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- (iv) adequate breaks being provided; and
- (v) a trial or review process being jointly implemented by the employer and the employees or their representatives.
- (b) At any enterprise or section of an enterprise where 12 hour days or shifts were rostered on a regular basis prior to 1 January 2016, 12 hour days or shifts may continue to be worked notwithstanding clauses 18.3 and 18.5(a)

#### 18.6 Crib breaks

- (a) Employees on continuous work will work the ordinary hours prescribed in clause 18.1 on a daily basis continuously and will be allowed a paid break of 20 minutes each shift for crib, counted as time worked during these hours.
- (b) For the purposes of clause 18.6(a), continuous work is work which is carried on with consecutive shifts of employees throughout 24 hours of each of at least five consecutive days without interruption, except during breakdowns or meal breaks or due to unavoidable causes beyond the control of the employer.

# 19. Saturday, Sunday and public holiday work

- 19.1 Clause 19.1 does not apply to any of the following employees who work any of their rostered hours on a Saturday or Sunday or a Public Holiday:
  - (a) casual employees, including casuals principally employed to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or a roadhouse attendant (see clause 23); or
  - (b) a person engaged as a permanent to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or roadhouse attendant (see clause 23).
  - (c) a person principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties (see clause 24);
- An employee who works any of their ordinary hours on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday will be paid at the following rates:
  - (i) Saturday—150% of the minimum hourly rate;
  - (ii) Sunday—200% of the minimum hourly rate; or
  - (iii) Public holiday—250% of the minimum hourly rate.
- An employee who works outside rostered hours on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday will be paid at the overtime rates prescribed by clause 20—Overtime.
- 19.4 Payments for Saturday, Sunday or public holiday work will stand alone and will not be included for any other purpose of this award.

#### 34.2 Public holiday work

(a) The public holiday penalty rates do not apply to the following employees who work any of their ordinary hours on a public holiday:

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- (i) persons principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties (see clause 38.3); or
- (ii) casual employees and persons principally employed to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or road house attendant (see clause 37.4).
- (b) An employee who works any of their ordinary hours on a public holiday will be paid 250% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (c) An employee who works outside their rostered hours on a public holiday will be paid for the hours so worked at the overtime rate prescribed by clause 21—Overtime.
- (d) Payments for public holiday work will stand alone and will not be included for any other purposes of this award.

# **20.** Penalty rates

**20.1** Penalty rates for employees covered by this award are set out at:

Employees	Clause
Vehicle Industry RS&R Employees	<del>34 &amp; 35</del>
Casual driveway attendant, console operator and roadhouse attendant	37.4
Other than casual driveway attendant, console operator and roadhouse attendant	37.5
Persons employed principally to sell vehicles	<del>38.3</del>
Vehicle Manufacturing Employees	4 <del>3, 44 and 45</del>
Drafting, Planning and Technical Employees	51

20.2 Penalty rates are not payable for overtime hours worked by the employee.

### 20. Overtime

This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/93

- **20.1** This clause does not apply to:
  - (a) a person principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties; or
  - (b) permanent and casual employees employed as driveway attendants, roadhouse attendants and console operators (for overtime rates, see clause 23.4).

- (b) casual employees covered by clause 36 Vehicle Industry RS&R Casual employees or clause 37.4 Casual rates for driveway attendants, roadhouse attendants and console operators; or
- (c) employees working at fuel retailing establishments.

#### **20.2** Definition of overtime

- (a) For a full-time employee, overtime is any time worked outside the ordinary hours prescribed by clause 17.
- (b) For a part-time employee, hours worked in excess the employee's ordinary hours (agreed in accordance with clauses 6.5(c) and 6.5(d)) will be paid at the appropriate overtime rate.

#### 20.3 Overtime rates

An employee required to work outside the ordinary hours as prescribed by the award will be paid as follows:

- (a) on a Sunday—at the rate of 200% of the minimum hourly rate;
- (b) on a public holiday—at the rate of 250% of the minimum hourly rate; and
- (c) on any other day:
  - (i) 150% of the minimum hourly rate for the first three hours; and
  - (ii) 200% of the minimum hourly rate after three hours.
  - (iii) Payment at 200% of the minimum hourly rate is to continue until the completion of the overtime work.
- (d) Clause 20.3 will not apply when the time is worked:
  - (i) by arrangement between the employees themselves;
  - (ii) for the purposes of effecting the customary rotation of shifts; or
  - (iii) in accordance with clause 12.7—Make-up time after stand-down.

#### 20.4 Extra rates not cumulative

The extra rates prescribed by clause 20.3 are in substitution for and not cumulative upon the shiftwork allowance prescribed by clause 21.2.

#### 20.5 Minimum overtime payment on a Sunday or public holiday

- (a) An employee required to work overtime on a Sunday or public holiday in connection with maintaining the continuity of electric light or power, will be paid for:
  - (i) a minimum of one hour at the appropriate rate; and
  - (ii) time reasonably occupied getting to and from work, which will be counted as time worked, except where the work occupies more than two hours.

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- (a) For work other than that referred to in clause 20.9, an employee required to work overtime on a Sunday or a public holiday must be provided with at least four hours' work, or paid for four hours at the appropriate rate.
- (b) Clause 20.5 does not apply where work is continuous with overtime or work commenced on the previous day or completed on the following day.

# 20.6 Time off instead of overtime payment

This provision may be affected by AM2014/300 – see draft determination

- (a) An employee may elect to take time off instead of payment for overtime with the consent of the employer.
- (b) Time off instead of payment for overtime must be taken at a mutually convenient time within four weeks of the overtime being worked. However, with the agreement of the employer, an employee may elect to bank up to eight hours of time off instead of overtime to be taken no later than eight weeks after the overtime was worked.
- (c) An agreement reached in accordance with clause 20.6(b) should be placed in writing and recorded with the employee's wage records and for file. Any hours banked and cleared must be recorded in the employee's wage record.
- (d) Time off instead of payment for overtime must equate to the overtime rate, i.e. if the employee works one hour of overtime at the rate of 150% and elects to claim time off instead of payment the time off would be equal to one and a half hours.
- (e) Provided that where an employee's employment is terminated or the employee resigns or the entitlement has not been taken, the entitlement will be paid out at the rate at which it was accrued.

#### 20.7 Standing by

- (a) Subject to clause 20.7(b) where an employee is required regularly to hold themselves in readiness for a call-back, an employee directed by an employer to hold themselves in readiness to work outside their ordinary working hours will for this period be paid standing by time at their ordinary time rate of pay commencing from the time an employee is required to hold themselves in readiness for a call-back.
- (b) Clause 20.7 will not apply to an employee in a garage and/or to an employee engaged as the driver of a tow and/or repair vehicle and/or to the assistant to such a driver.

#### 20.8 Call back (general)

(a) An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer's business premises (whether notified before or after leaving the premises) will be paid for a minimum of three hours' work at the appropriate rate for each time recalled; provided that, except in the case of unforeseen circumstances arising, the employee will not be required to work the full three hours if the employee was recalled to perform work which is completed within a shorter period.

- **(b)** Clause 20.8 will not apply where:
  - (i) it is customary for an employee to return to an employer's premises for periods not exceeding 30 minutes each to perform a specific job outside the ordinary working hours in which case the employee will be paid for a minimum of one hour's work at the appropriate rate for each time recalled; or
  - (ii) where the overtime is continuous (subject to a reasonable meal break) with the commencement of ordinary working time.
- (c) Where the actual time worked is less than three hours on such recall or each of such recalls, overtime worked in the circumstances specified in this subclause will not be regarded as overtime for the purposes of clause 22.4(a).
- (d) Clause 20.8 will not apply to an employee in a garage and/or to an employee engaged as the driver of a tow and/or repair vehicle and/or to the assistant to such a driver.

#### 20.9 Call-back (breakdowns etc.)

- (a) An employee in a garage and/or an employee engaged as the driver of a tow and/or repair vehicle and/or the assistant to such a driver recalled outside normal working hours for breakdown, accident or other emergency work will be paid at the rate of 200% of the minimum hourly rate for the period of time recalled.
- (b) The calculation of the period of time of duty will include only the time reasonably occupied in travel or work between the time of the employee's departure from the normal place of residence and the time of return to such place after the performance of the work provided that:
  - (i) in the case of the first call-back in any one day an employee will be paid as for at least a period of two hours at 200% of the minimum hourly rate; and
  - (ii) in the case of each subsequent call-back in the same day as for at least a period of one hour at **200%** of the minimum hourly rate whether occurring within two hours of the first call-back or not.
- (c) Notwithstanding clause 20.9(a) where by mutual agreement, evidence of which will be recorded and maintained at the employer's premises, an employee who is rostered to make themselves available outside normal working hours to be called upon for breakdown, accident or roadside service work will be paid at the rate of 200% of the minimum hourly rate for the period so recalled provided that in the case of each call-back the employee will be paid for at least a period of one hour at 200% of the minimum hourly rate.
  - (i) The calculation of the period of work will include only the time reasonably occupied in travel or work between the time of the employee's departure from the normal place of residence or other starting point and the time of return to the employee's residence.

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- (ii) An employee entitled to payment under this clause will make and tender to the employer on their next ordinary working day a record of work performed showing starting and finishing times.
- (d) Where the actual time worked is less than three hours for a recall or on each of the recalls, overtime worked in the circumstances specified in this subclause will not be regarded as overtime for the purposes of clause 22.4(a).

# **20.10** Transport of employees

Where an employee normally uses public transport and is required to commence and/or conclude overtime or shiftwork between 8.30 pm and 6.00 am at a time when public transport is not available, the employer will provide the employee with a conveyance to and/or from the employee's residence, or pay the employee's current wage for the time reasonably occupied in travelling to and/or from the residence.

# 20.11 Breaks during and after overtime

An employee is entitled to breaks during and after overtime in accordance with clauses 22.3 and 22.4.

# 21. Shiftwork penalties

- 21.1 Shiftwork penalties in this clause are not payable to:
  - (a) a casual employee principally employed to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator, or a roadhouse attendant; or
  - (b) a person employed principally to perform vehicle sales related duties.
- An employee working on afternoon or night shift will except on a Saturday, Sunday or a public holiday be paid an amount equal to the following relevant percentage of the minimum hourly rate:

Shift	% of minimum hourly rate
Night shift only	130%
Afternoon shift only	118%
Alternating afternoon and night shifts	120%
Alternating day and night shifts—rate for the night shift	112.5%
Alternating day, afternoon and night shifts—rate for the afternoon and night shift	112.5%
Alternating day and afternoon shifts—rate for the afternoon shift	112.5%

An employee engaged on an afternoon or night shift which does not continue for at least five successive working days or such shorter work cycle as may be worked pursuant to clause 18—Ordinary hours of work, breaks and rostering will be paid at 150% of the minimum hourly rate for each such shift.

- **21.4** Except at regular changeover of shift, an employee will not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours.
- 21.5 For the purposes of this clause:
  - (a) afternoon shift means a shift commencing after noon and not later than 6.00 pm
  - (b) **night shift** means a shift commencing after 6.00 pm and not later than 4.00 am

Payments prescribed by this clause will stand alone and will not be included for any other purpose of this award.

#### 21.6 Daylight saving

For work performed which spans the start or finish of a system of daylight saving as prescribed by relevant State or territory legislation, an employee will be paid according to adjusted time (i.e. the time on the clock at the beginning of work and the time on the clock at the end of work).

#### 22. Breaks

#### 22.1 Meal and rest breaks

- (a) Clause 22.1 will not apply to a person principally employed to perform vehicle sales related duties, console operators or to employees on continuous shiftwork.
- (b) Unpaid meal breaks will be not less than 30 minutes and not more than 60 minutes.
- (c) Subject to the exceptions below, in clause 22.2, an employee will not be required to work for more than five hours without a meal break. The employer and the majority of employees in an establishment may agree that all employees in the establishment can be required to work up to six hours without a meal break.
- (d) An employer may in appropriate circumstances reasonably require an employee to change the timing of a scheduled meal break or rest break to meet operational requirements.
- (e) In addition to a meal break, an employer may provide to an employee either a morning or afternoon tea break not exceeding 15 minutes. Where a break is unpaid it must not exceed 15 minutes duration. Where both a morning and an afternoon tea break are provided on the same day or shift, at least one of these breaks must be paid.

# 22.2 Working during or without a meal break

- (a) Subject to clause 22.2(b), an employee who works:
  - (i) beyond five hours without a meal break (or beyond six hours where agreed in accordance with clause 22.1(c)); or
  - (ii) during a meal break,

- will be paid at **150%** of the minimum hourly rate for the time worked until a meal break is allowed.
- (b) Where an employer directs an employee to perform regular maintenance for the purposes of making good breakdowns of plant or upon routine maintenance of plant which can only be done while such plant is idle, the employee will be paid at the minimum hourly rate for any such work performed during a meal break.

#### 22.3 Overtime crib breaks

- (a) An employee required to work overtime for more than one and a half hours after working ordinary hours will be allowed a crib break of 20 minutes before starting such overtime. The crib break will be paid at the minimum hourly rate.
- (b) An employee required to work overtime will be allowed a crib break of 20 minutes without deduction of pay after each four hours of overtime worked provided work continues after the crib break.
- (c) Where a day worker is required to work overtime on a Saturday, the first prescribed crib break if occurring between 10.00 am and 1.00 pm will be paid at the minimum hourly rate.
- (d) An employer and employee may agree to any variation of clause 22.3 to meet the circumstances of the work in hand, provided that the employer will not be required to make any payment in respect of any time allowed in excess of 20 minutes.
- (e) Clause 22.3 will not apply to an employee working overtime on a Sunday or public holiday unless the employee is rostered to work any of their ordinary hours on that day.

#### 22.4 Minimum break between shifts

- (a) When overtime work, including work on a rostered day off or work on a Sunday or a public holiday is necessary, it will wherever reasonably practicable be arranged so that an employee works not more than 14 hours in any period of 24 consecutive hours and so that each employee may have at least 10 consecutive hours off duty in each such 24 consecutive hours.
- (b) Subject to the exceptions referred to in clauses 20.8 and 20.9, on the completion of a period of work an employee is required to have a period of 10 consecutive hours off duty from their ordinary working time without loss of pay until recommencing work.
- (c) If on the direction of the employer such an employee resumes or continues work without having had 10 consecutive hours off duty, the employee must be paid at 200% of the minimum hourly rate until released from duty. The employee will then be entitled to be absent for 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for any ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

# 23. Special provisions—driveway attendant, console operator and roadhouse attendant

# 37.1 Ordinary hours of work and rostering

For a person employed on a weekly, part time or casual basis to principally perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or a roadhouse attendant as defined, the ordinary hours prescribed by clause 33.2 will be worked at the option of the employer in either of the following ways:

- (i) continuously, on a daily basis except for meal and morning or afternoon tea breaks at the discretion of the employer; or
- (ii) continuously, on a daily basis, with 20 minutes during such hours each day or shift for crib, whilst maintaining customer service. The 20 minute crib break will be counted as time worked.

#### 23.1 Hours of work

- (a) Ordinary hours of work for driveway attendants, console operators and roadhouse attendants will be worked at the option of the employer in either of the following ways provided the time worked on any day has exceeded five hours:
  - (i) continuously, on a daily basis, except for meal and morning or afternoon tea breaks taken at times determined at the employer's discretion; or
  - (ii) continuously, on a daily basis, with 20 minutes during such hours each day or shift for crib, whilst maintaining customer service. The 20 minute crib break will be counted as time worked.
- **(b)** A driveway attendant or console operator who is working alone is entitled to close and secure the work site so as to attend the toilet.
- (c) A junior employee under the age of 18 years will not work unsupervised between the hours of 7.00 pm and 9.00 pm and must not be employed between the hours of 9.00 pm and 6.30 am.

#### 37.2 Prohibited employees

A junior employee under the age of 18 years will not work unsupervised between the hours of 7.00 pm and 9.00 pm and must not be employed between the hours of 9.00 pm and 6.30 am.

#### 23.2 Casual rates

A casual employed as a driveway attendant, roadhouse attendant, console operator or roadhouse attendant engaged primarily to cook other than takeaway meals will be paid by the hour in accordance with the casual rates prescribed below:

# This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/93

(a) An adult employed on a casual basis principally to perform the following duties will be paid:

	Monday to Friday	Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays
	% of ordinary hourly rate	
Duties of a driveway attendant	131.75%	170%
Duties of a roadhouse attendant required to cook takeaway foods	131.75%	170%
Duties of a console operator, or roadhouse attendant if engaged to primarily cook other than takeaway meals	130.35%	167%

### (b) Junior employees

A junior employed on a casual basis in the duties in clause 23.2(a) will be paid as follows:

Age	% of adult rate	
16 years and under	47.5%	
17 years	50.0%	
18 years	62.5%	
19 years	75.0%	
20 years	87.5%	

See Schedule B for a summary of hourly rates of pay including overtime and penalties.

# 23.3 Ordinary hours on Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays

- (a) A permanent employee principally engaged to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or a roadhouse attendant will be paid the following penalty rates for all ordinary hours worked by the employee during the following periods:
  - (i) Saturday work until noon—100% of the minimum hourly rate;
  - (ii) Saturday work after noon—150% of the minimum hourly rate;
  - (iii) Sunday work—150% of the minimum hourly rate; and
  - (iv) public holidays—200% of the minimum hourly rate.

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- (b) Payments prescribed by this clause will stand alone and will not be included for any other purpose of this award.
- (c) Despite the provisions of clause 23.3(a), where an employee covered by this sub-clause works a night shift which finishes on Saturday morning, the relevant night shift penalty in clause 21.2 will continue to apply for that portion of the shift falling on Saturday morning. If that Saturday is a public holiday then the public holiday rate in clause 23.3(a)(iv) will apply instead of the relevant night shift penalty rate in clause 21.2 for that portion of the shift falling on the public holiday.

#### 23.4 Overtime

#### (a) Definition of overtime

For a permanent employee principally engaged to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or a roadhouse attendant, overtime is any time worked outside their ordinary hours.

# (b) Overtime rates—permanent employees

A permanent employee principally engaged to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or a roadhouse attendant who works overtime must be paid the overtime rates as follows:

For overtime worked on	% of minimum hourly rate
Monday to Saturday—first 3 hours	150%
Monday to Saturday—after 3 hours	200%
Sunday all day	200%
Public holiday all day	200%

#### (c) Overtime rates—casual employees

A casual employee principally engaged to perform duties of a driveway attendant, console operator or a roadhouse attendant who works in excess of 10 hours per day or 38 hours per week will be paid **170%** of the minimum hourly rate for any overtime hours worked.

#### (d) Minimum payment for overtime on a Sunday or a public holiday

An employee required to work overtime on a Sunday or on a public holiday must be paid for a minimum of three hours' work at the appropriate rate.

# 24. Special provisions—persons employed principally to sell vehicles

# 24.1 Ordinary hours of work and rostering

This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/93

#### (a) Full-time employees

A full-time vehicle salesperson will be allowed one and a half days free of duty per week or, by mutual agreement, three full days per fortnight.

#### (b) Part-time employees

- (i) A part-time vehicle salesperson:
  - will work a regular number of days not less than two per week; and
  - will be paid a proportion of the weekly wage on a pro-rata basis.
- (ii) A part-time vehicle salesperson will be entitled to the same pro rata entitlements as a full-time salesperson in respect of annual leave, public holidays, personal/carer's leave and make-up pay on a proportionate basis calculated on the number of hours worked.

# 24.2 Casual employees

- (a) An adult casual vehicle salesperson will be paid the minimum hourly rate in clause 11.2 plus a 25% casual loading.
- (b) A junior casual vehicle salesperson will be paid the minimum hourly rate in clause 11.6 plus a 25% casual loading.
- (c) Work performed on a Sunday will be paid at 200% of the minimum hourly rate per hour.
- (d) Work on a public holiday will be paid at 275% of the relevant minimum hourly rate per hour.

# 24.3 Penalty rates

#### (a) Payment for work on days off

All work done by a vehicle salesperson on the instruction of an employer on a nominated rostered day or half-day off will be paid for at the rate of double time.

#### double time will mean:

if more than half a day is worked, two fifths of the salesperson's minimum weekly rate prescribed in clause 11.2 (adult rates) or clause 11.6 (junior rates); and

if half a day or less is worked, one fifth of the salesperson's minimum weekly rate prescribed in clauses 11.2 and 11.6.

#### (b) Payment for work on public holidays

- (i) All work done by a vehicle salesperson on the instruction of an employer on a public holiday will be paid for at the rate of double time and a half.
- (ii) For the purpose of this subclause, **double time and a half** will mean:
  - if more than half a day is worked, half of the salesperson's minimum weekly rate prescribed by clauses 11.2 and 11.6 of this award; and
  - if half a day or less is worked, one quarter of the salesperson's minimum weekly rate prescribed by clauses 11.2 and 11.6 of this award.

#### (c) Payment for work on a Sunday

A vehicle salesperson required by an employer to work on a Sunday, other than a Sunday which is the normal rostered day off or a public holiday, will be paid the following amounts in addition to the minimum weekly rate:

- (i) if more than half a day is worked—\$152.98 (20% of the standard weekly rate); or
- (ii) half a day or less is worked—\$76.49 (10% of the standard weekly rate).

# 24.4 Payment of commission

Any commission payments negotiated between a vehicle salesperson and his or her employer are subject to the following provisions:

- (a) the basis on which commission will be paid will be committed to writing and a copy given to a vehicle salesperson within 21 days of them commencing employment and such basis will not be altered except by mutual consent or by a week's notice in writing from the employer to a salesperson;
  - (b) an employer will comply with clause 38.4(a) within 21 days of such date;
- (b) an employer will within 21 days after the last day of each month provide a vehicle salesperson with all relevant details of vehicles delivered and commission earned during the preceding month, then this commission or any commission outstanding will be payable;
- (c) commission will be deemed to accrue upon the delivery of a vehicle to the customer:
- (d) where a sale is effected as a result of the efforts of two or more vehicle salespersons, the commission payable in respect of such sale will be divided between them in such proportion as they may mutually agree;
- (e) where the employment of a vehicle salesperson terminates prior to the delivery of a vehicle for which they would otherwise be entitled to commission, provided the vehicle is delivered within three months of the termination they will be paid two thirds of the commission they would otherwise have received;
- (f) where the employment of a vehicle salesperson terminates, the commission to which the vehicle salesperson is entitled in respect of vehicles which have already been delivered will be paid to them within 14 days of such termination; and
- (g) any sum payable under an agreement made pursuant to clause 24.4 will be deemed to be payable under this award.

#### 38.5 Calculation of wages

For the purpose only of determining payment for personal leave, compassionate leave, deduction for unauthorised absences, wage calculation on termination of employment and casual rates, the hourly rate will be either the adult or junior minimum hourly rate as the case may be.

#### 24.5 Minimum remuneration and calculation of wages

- (a) A vehicle salesperson is entitled to be paid the minimum hourly rate under clause 11.2 or 11.6, as applicable, for all hours worked and the penalty rates in clause 24.3 (provided that the payments for work on a Sunday under clause 24.3(c) are in substitution for and not in addition to the minimum hourly rates in clause 11.2 or clause 11.6).
- (b) A vehicle salesperson who is paid commission in accordance with clause 24.4 must be paid the minimum remuneration required under clause 24.5(a) in at least each successive three month period subject to the following:
  - (i) Any amount of commission paid during the three month period may be offset against the amount required to be paid under clause 24.5(a).
  - (ii) An employer will conduct a reconciliation of total payments made to a vehicle salesperson against the minimum remuneration amount required by clause 24.5(a) at least every three months, and will pay any shortfall to the employee within 21 days of that reconciliation.

# 24.6 Expense related allowances

Employers must pay to an employee the allowances the employee is entitled to under clause 24.6. See Schedule B for a summary of monetary allowances and method of adjustment.

# (a) Travelling expenses

A vehicle salesperson whose duties require them to stay overnight away from their usual residence will be reimbursed expenses reasonably incurred in performing duties associated with the role.

#### (b) Meal allowance

- (i) A meal allowance of \$15.64 per meal is payable to a vehicle salesperson:
  - required to be on duty at a motor show, agricultural show or similar exhibition over the evening meal period;
  - required to be on duty at a motor show, agricultural show or similar exhibition on a public holiday over the evening meal period or for the midday meal;
  - required to work at a showroom or car yard for more than two hours after 6.00 pm on any day without being notified on the previous day or earlier that they would be required to work.
- (ii) The meal allowance is not payable if:
  - the employee is supplied with a meal by the employer; or
  - the employee lives in the same locality as their workplace and can reasonably return home for meals.

#### (c) Use of motor vehicles

- (i) Where a vehicle salesperson is provided with a motor vehicle for use in the performance of duties associated with the role, the employer cannot deduct any amount from the employee's minimum wages on account of such use.
- (ii) A vehicle salesperson engaged on terms which require use of their own vehicle will be reimbursed on a basis not less favourable to the salesperson as follows:
  - for motor vehicles up to and including 20 hp an overhead cost allowance of \$173.51 per week, plus a weekly amount calculated at the rate of \$0.20 per kilometre for the actual distance travelled by the employee's car each week in connection with their employment;
  - for motor vehicles over 20 hp an overhead cost allowance of \$192.81 per week, plus a weekly amount calculated at the rate of \$0.23 per kilometre for the actual distance travelled by the employee's car each week in connection with their employment,
- (iii) For the purpose of calculating the per km allowance in clause 24.6(c)(ii), distance travelled to and from the place where the vehicle is customarily housed will be included.
- (iv) The weekly vehicle allowance in clause 24.6(c)(ii) is payable each week of the calendar year except in respect of periods:
  - when a vehicle salesperson is absent from duty without the consent of the employer;
  - in excess of three consecutive weeks when the vehicle is unavailable due to accident or mechanical defect; or
  - in excess of a total of three complete weeks in any one year due to personal illness or incapacity of the salesperson, provided that any such claim for any period of less than one week will not be taken into account for the purpose of this clause.
- (v) Other than in cases of termination of employment, four weeks' notice will be given to a salesperson by the employer that the salesperson is no longer required to provide their own vehicle.
- (vi) In the cases of casual use by any vehicle salesperson of their own vehicle in the course of their duties and by agreement with their employer, the salesperson will be reimbursed at the rate of not less than \$0.78 per kilometre.

# Part 5—Leave, Public Holidays and Other NES Entitlements

#### 25. Annual leave

This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/47

- **25.1** Annual leave is provided for in the NES. Annual leave does not apply to a casual employee.
- An employee for each year of service with an employer and subject to clauses 25.3 and 25.4, is entitled to four weeks of paid annual leave
- 25.3 An employee's entitlement to annual leave accrues progressively during a year of service according to the employee's ordinary hours of work.

#### 25.4 Seven day shiftworkers

For the purpose of the additional week of annual leave provided for in s.87(1)(b) of the Act, a **shiftworker** is a seven day shiftworker who is regularly rostered to work on Sundays and public holidays.

#### 25.5 Payment for annual leave

(a) Instead of the base rate of pay as referred to in <u>s.90(1)</u> of the Act, an employee under this award, before going on annual leave, must be paid the wages they would have received in respect of the ordinary hours the employee would have worked had the employee not been on leave during the relevant period. During a period of annual leave an employee will also receive a loading as follows:

#### (i) Day workers

Employees who would have worked on day work only had they not been on leave—17.5% loading.

#### (ii) Shiftworkers

Employees who would have worked on shiftwork had they not been on leave—17.5% loading or the shift loading, whichever is the greater but not both.

- (b) Subject to clause 25.5(c), the wages to be paid must be worked out on the basis of what the employee would have been paid under this award for working ordinary hours during the period of annual leave, including allowances, loadings and penalties paid for all purposes of the award, first aid allowance and any other wages payable under the employee's contract of employment including any over award payment.
- (c) The employee is not entitled to payments in respect of overtime, special rates or any other payment which might have been payable to the employee as a reimbursement for expenses incurred.

NOTE: Where an employee is receiving overaward payments such that the employee's base rate of pay is higher than the rate specified under this award, the employee is entitled to receive the higher rate while on a period of paid annual leave (see ss.16 and 90 of the Act).

#### 25.6 Excessive annual leave

Notwithstanding s.88 of the Act, if the employer has genuinely tried to reach agreement with an employee as to the timing of taking annual leave, the employer can require the employee to take annual leave by giving not less than four weeks' notice of the time when such leave is to be taken if:

- (a) at the time the direction is given, the employee has eight weeks or more of annual leave accrued; and
- (b) the amount of annual leave the employee is directed to take is less than or equal to a quarter of the amount of leave accrued.

#### 25.7 Annual close down

Where an employer closes down a plant, or a section or sections of the plant, for the purpose of allowing annual leave to all or the bulk of the employees in the workplace or section or sections of the workplace, the following provisions apply:

- (a) An employer may by giving not less than four weeks' notice of their intention to do so, stand off for the duration of the close down all employees in the workplace or section or sections of the workplace. In such event the employer may allow to those who are not qualified for the full entitlement to annual leave for the total close down period paid leave up to the total amount of leave accrued as at the commencement of the close down. Such leave will be at the appropriate wage rate as prescribed in clause 25.5. The balance of the close down for which the employee does not have sufficient accrued leave to cover such period will be leave without pay.
- (b) An employee who has accrued enough leave for the close down period must be allowed the leave, and be paid at the appropriate wage rate in clause 25.5.
- (c) An employer may close down for one or two separate periods for the purpose of granting annual leave in accordance with this subclause. If the employer closes down in two separate periods one of those periods must be for a period of at least 21 consecutive days.
- (d) Where the majority of the employees in the workplace or section or sections of the workplace agree, the employer may close down in accordance with this subclause in two separate periods neither of which is of at least 21 consecutive days or in three separate periods. In such cases the employer must advise the employees concerned of the proposed dates of each close down before asking them for their agreement.

# 25.8 Paid leave in advance of accrual

- (a) An employer may allow an employee to take annual leave either wholly or partly in advance before the right has accrued. In such case the employee will not receive any annual leave to their credit until the period of service is such as to cover the annual leave provided in advance.
- **(b)** The employer will be entitled to deduct the amount of excess from any remuneration payable to the employee upon the termination of employment where:
  - (i) annual leave or part thereof has been granted in advance before the right thereto has accrued; and
  - (ii) the employee subsequently leaves or is discharged from the service of the employer with a negative accrual.

# 25.9 Payment of accrued annual leave on termination of employment

Subject to clause 25.8(b), where an employee has outstanding or untaken annual leave upon termination of employment, they will be paid the amount that would have been payable under clause 25.5. The employee will not be paid the leave loading or shift loading set out in clause 25.5.

# 26. Personal/carer's leave and compassionate leave

**26.1** Personal/carer's leave and compassionate leave are provided for in the NES.

#### 27. Parental leave and related entitlements

Parental leave and related entitlements are provided for in the NES.

# 28. Public holidays

**28.1** Public holidays are provided for in the NES.

# 28.2 Substitution of public holidays by agreement

By agreement between the employer and the majority of employees in an enterprise, or between the employer and an individual employee, another day may be substituted for a public holiday.

# 28.3 Rostered day off or accumulated time off falling on a public holiday

Where an employee whose ordinary hours of work are arranged in a way that the employee is entitled to a rostered day off, the weekday to be taken off will not coincide with a public holiday. In the event that a public holiday is prescribed after a roster is arranged the employer will allow the employee to take an alternative weekday off instead of the public holiday.

# 28.4 Part-day public holidays

For provisions relating to part-day public holidays see Schedule G—201415 Part-day Public Holidays.

# 29. Community service leave

Community service leave is provided for in the NES.

# **30.** Termination of employment

**30.1** Notice of termination is provided for in the NES.

#### 30.2 Notice of termination by an employee

The notice of termination required to be given by an employee is the same as that required of an employer, except that there is no requirement on the employee to give additional notice based on the age of the employee concerned. If an employee fails to

give the required notice, the employer may withhold from any monies due to the employee on termination under this award or the NES, an amount not exceeding the amount the employee would have been paid under this award in respect of the period of notice required by this clause, less any period of notice actually given by the employee.

#### 30.3 Job search entitlement

Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee, an employee must be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay for the purpose of seeking other employment. The time off is to be taken at times that are convenient to the employee after consultation with the employer

# 31. Redundancy

**31.1** Redundancy pay is provided for in the NES.

### 31.2 Transfer to lower paid duties

Where an employee is transferred to lower paid duties by reason of redundancy, the same period of notice must be given as if the employment had been terminated and the employer may, at the employer's option, make payment instead. The payment will be equal to the difference between the former ordinary time rate of pay and the ordinary time rate of pay for the number of weeks of notice still owing.

# 31.3 Employee leaving during notice period

An employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy may terminate their employment during the period of notice. The employee is entitled to receive the benefits and payments they would have received under this clause had they remained in employment until the expiry of the notice, but is not entitled to payment instead of notice.

#### 31.4 Job search entitlement

- (a) An employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy must be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay during each week of notice for the purpose of seeking other employment.
- (b) If the employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the employee must, at the request of the employer, produce proof of attendance at an interview or they will not be entitled to payment for the time absent. For this purpose a statutory declaration is sufficient.
- (c) This entitlement applies instead of clause 30.3.

# Part 6—Consultation and Dispute Resolution

#### 32. Consultation

**32.1** Consultation regarding major workplace change

#### (a) Employers to notify

- (i) Where an employer has made a definite decision to introduce major changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer must notify the employees who may be affected by the proposed changes and their representatives, if any.
- (ii) Significant effects include termination of employment; major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer's workforce or in the skills required; the elimination or diminution of job opportunities, promotion opportunities or job tenure; the alteration of hours of work; the need for retraining or transfer of employees to other work or locations; and the restructuring of jobs. Provided that where this award makes provision for alteration of any of these matters an alteration is deemed not to have significant effect.

#### (b) Employers to discuss change

- (i) The employer must discuss with the employees affected and their representatives, if any, the introduction of the changes referred to in clause 32.1(a), the effects the changes are likely to have on employees and measures to avert or mitigate the adverse effects of such changes on employees and must give prompt consideration to matters raised by the employees and/or their representatives in relation to the changes.
- (ii) The discussions must commence as early as practicable after a definite decision has been made by the employer to make the changes referred to in clause 32.1(a).
- (iii) For the purposes of such discussion, the employer must provide in writing to the employees concerned and their representatives, if any, all relevant information about the changes including the nature of the changes proposed, the expected effects of the changes on employees and any other matters likely to affect employees provided that no employer is required to disclose confidential information the disclosure of which would be contrary to the employer's interests.

### 32.2 Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work

(a) Where an employer proposes to change an employee's regular roster or ordinary hours of work, the employer must consult with the employee or employees affected and their representatives, if any, about the proposed change.

#### **(b)** The employer must:

- (i) provide to the employee or employees affected and their representatives, if any, information about the proposed change (for example, information about the nature of the change to the employee's regular roster or ordinary hours of work and when that change is proposed to commence);
- (ii) invite the employee or employees affected and their representatives, if any, to give their views about the impact of the proposed change

- (including any impact in relation to their family or caring responsibilities); and
- (iii) give consideration to any views about the impact of the proposed change that are given by the employee or employees concerned and/or their representatives.
- (c) The requirement to consult under this clause does not apply where an employee has irregular, sporadic or unpredictable working hours.
- (d) These provisions are to be read in conjunction with other award provisions concerning the scheduling of work and notice requirements.

# 33. Dispute resolution

- 33.1 In the event of a dispute about a matter under this award, or a dispute in relation to the NES, in the first instance the parties must attempt to resolve the matter at the workplace by discussions between the employee or employees concerned and the relevant supervisor. If such discussions do not resolve the dispute, the parties will endeavour to resolve the dispute in a timely manner by discussions between the employee or employees concerned and more senior levels of management as appropriate.
- 33.2 If a dispute about a matter arising under this award or a dispute in relation to the NES is unable to be resolved at the workplace, and all appropriate steps under clause 33.1 have been taken, a party to the dispute may refer the dispute to the Fair Work Commission.
- 33.3 The parties may agree on the process to be utilised by the Fair Work Commission including mediation, conciliation and consent arbitration.
- Where the matter in dispute remains unresolved, the Fair Work Commission may exercise any method of dispute resolution permitted by the Act that it considers appropriate to ensure the settlement of the dispute.
- An employer or employee may appoint another person, organisation or association to accompany and/or represent them for the purposes of this clause.
- While the dispute resolution procedure is being conducted, work must continue in accordance with this award and the Act. Subject to applicable occupational health and safety legislation, an employee must not unreasonably fail to comply with a direction by the employer to perform work, whether at the same or another workplace, that is safe and appropriate for the employee to perform.
- An employee representative and an employer may agree to negotiation skills training leave up to three days with pay, on each occasion, which is necessary to assist the employee representative in their dispute settlement role. The arrangements will be considered by the employer having regard to the normal staffing requirements in the employee representative work area. An employee representative taking such leave will be paid all ordinary time earnings which normally became due and payable during the period of leave, calculated in accordance with clause 25.5 of this award.

# **Section 2 Vehicle Manufacturing Employees**

# 39. Coverage and classifications

#### 39.1 Coverage under Section 2

Section 2 will have the coverage set out in clause 3.1(e) or 3.1(f) of clause 3—Coverage.

#### 39.2 Classifications

- (a) Adult employees, other than employees paid as casuals, apprentices and juniors, and under the supported wage will be entitled to receive the award rate of pay for the relevant classification as set out in this clause
- (b) All adult employees (other than apprentices) covered by this Section must be classified according to the structure set out in clause 41.1 and according to the skill levels and duties required to be exercised by the employer in order to carry out the principal functions of the employment as determined by the employer. The skill level definitions, according to which employees are to be classified, are set out in Schedule B.
- (e) Employers must advise each employee in writing of the classification and of any subsequent changes to their classification.

# 40. Ordinary hours of work, breaks and rostering

# 40.1 Ordinary hours of work—day workers

- (a) Subject to clause 40.3 the ordinary hours of work for day workers are an average of 38 per week but not exceeding 152 hours in 28 days.
- (b) Ordinary hours of work may be worked on any day Monday to Friday and between 7.00 am and noon on Saturday. In localities where the recognised half holiday is on a day other than Saturday, the day so recognised may be substituted for Saturday for all purposes of this award.
- (e) Ordinary hours of work are to be worked continuously, except for meal breaks, at the discretion of the employer between 6.00 am and 6.00 pm. The spread of hours (i.e. 6.00 am to 6.00 pm) may be altered by up to one hour at either end of the spread, by agreement between an employer and the majority of employees concerned, or, in appropriate circumstances, between the employer and an individual employee.
- (d) All work performed outside the spread of hours is to be paid at overtime rates and will be deemed, for the purposes of this subclause, to be part of the ordinary hours of work.

#### 40.2 Maximum daily ordinary hours

The ordinary hours of work in this Section will not exceed 10 on any day. In any arrangement of ordinary hours where the ordinary working hours are to exceed eight

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on any day, the arrangement of hours will be subject to agreement between an employer and the majority of employees.

#### 40.3 Methods of arranging ordinary working hours

- (a) Subject to the employer's right to fix the daily hours of work for day workers from time-to-time within the spread of hours referred to in clause 40.1(c) and the employer's right to fix the commencing and finishing time of shifts from time to time, the arrangement of ordinary working hours is to be by agreement between the employer and the majority of employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned.
- (b) Matters upon which agreement may be reached include:
  - (i) how the hours of work are to be averaged within a work cycle established in accordance with clauses 40.1 and 40.2;
  - (ii) the duration of the work cycle for day workers, provided that such duration will not exceed three months;
  - (iii) rosters which specify the starting and finishing times of working hours;
  - (iv) a period of notice of a rostered day off which is less than four weeks;
  - (v) a substitution of rostered days off;
  - (vi) accumulation of rostered days off;
  - (vii) arrangements which allow for flexibility in relation to the taking of rostered days off; and
  - (viii) any arrangements of ordinary hours which exceed eight hours in a day.

#### 40.4 Rostered days off

Except as provided in clause 40.5, in cases where, by virtue of arrangement of ordinary working hours an employee is entitled to a day off during the work cycle, such employee will be advised by the employer at least four weeks in advance of the weekday they are to take off. Provided that:

- (a) the parties agree to flexibility in the arrangement and operation of working hours; and
- (b) in any particular section, the rostered day off will be arranged such that they are to be taken on each of the Fridays or Mondays in the work cycle.

In such cases, the rostered day off can, subject to agreement between the parties involved, be taken before the next rostered day off becomes due.

# 40.5 Substitute day

(a) An employer, with the agreement of the majority of employees concerned, may substitute the day an employee is to take off for another day in the case of a breakdown in machinery or a failure or shortage of electric power or to meet the requirements of the business in the event of rush orders or some other emergency situation.

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(b) An individual employee, with the agreement of the employer, may substitute the day the employee is to take off for another day.

#### 40.6 Breaks rest breaks

- (a) Where rostered breaks are available such breaks may be staggered for particular work sections within one hour of the break being scheduled.
- (b) Crib breaks during work on a Sunday or public holiday are provided in clause 44.1.

# 41. Minimum wages

- 41.1 Employees will be paid the minimum rate assigned to the wage group as set out in this clause.
- 41.2 An adult employee in the classification (wage group level) specified in the table below will be paid the following rates for ordinary hours worked by the employee:

Employee classification	<del>Wage group</del> <del>level</del>	Minimum weekly rate	Minimum hourly rate
		\$	\$
Vehicle industry/production employee Level 1	V1	<del>656.90</del>	<del>17.29</del>
Vehicle industry/production employee Level 2	<del>V2</del>	675.90	<del>17.79</del>
Vehicle industry/production employee Level 3	₩3	701.80	<del>18.47</del>
Vehicle industry/production employee Level 4	V4	725.90	19.10
Vehicle industry tradesperson Level I	¥5	<del>764.90</del>	<del>20.13</del>
Vehicle industry tradesperson Level II	<del>V6</del>	<del>788.80</del>	<del>20.76</del>
Vehicle industry tradesperson Level III	<del>V7</del>	812.80	<del>21.39</del>
Vehicle industry tradesperson Level IV	₩8	<del>836.70</del>	22.02
Vehicle industry tradesperson Level V	<del>V9</del>	<del>876.90</del>	<del>23.08</del>
Vehicle industry tradesperson Level VI	<del>V10</del>	894.90	23.55
Vehicle industry engineering associate—Level I	<del>V11</del>	918.80	<del>24.18</del>

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Employee classification	<del>Wage group</del> <del>level</del>	Minimum weekly rate	Minimum hourly rate
		\$	\$
Vehicle industry engineering associate Level II	<del>V12</del>	966.90	25.44
Vehicle industry leading technical officer & Principal engineering trainer/supervisor/co-ordinato	<del>V13</del>	991.00	<del>26.08</del>
Vehicle industry principal technical officer	<del>V</del> 14	1,034.30	<del>27.22</del>
Driver classifications			
Vehicle industry driver Level I	<del>D1</del>	735.50	<del>19.36</del>
Vehicle industry driver— Level II	<del>D2</del>	744.40	<del>19.59</del>
Vehicle industry driver Level III	<del>D3</del>	753.40	19.83
Vehicle industry driver Level IV	<del>D</del> 4	764.10	<del>20.11</del>

41.3 The weekly wage rates for a Trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator Level I and Level II, as defined in Schedule B will be:

#### Trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator

- (a) Level I not less than 122% of the highest rate paid to those supervised.
- (b) Level II—not less than 115% of the highest rate paid to those supervised.

#### 41.4 Relationship of classification structure to definitions

The classification structure listed above will be read in conjunction with the definitions and classifications set out in Schedule B and have regard where relevant to the additional definitions listed in clause H.2 of Schedule H. Definitions.

#### 41.5 Phasing in of wage rate of employee without relevant work experience

(a) An employee who possesses the appropriate level of academic qualifications and who is without prior experience in the industry or other relevant work experience will be paid in accordance with the following formula:

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Qualification	Years of relevant work experience	% of relevant pay rate
National	0	77% of V10 rate
<del>Diploma</del>	1	85% of V10 rate
	2	96% of V10 rate
	3	<del>100% of V10 rate</del>
National	θ	72% of V12 rate
Advanced	1	79% of V12 rate
<del>Diploma</del>	2	89% of V12 rate
	3	93% of V12 rate
	4	100% of V12 rate

(b) An employee commencing work in technical fields who is without the appropriate qualification for V5 classifications or above (or who is undertaking training in the qualifications prescribed) and who has not met the equivalent standard in accordance with the classification structure but who otherwise meets the requirements of the relevant classification definition will be paid in accordance with the following formula:

Years of relevant % of V6 rate of	
work experience	70 of votate of pay
θ	83
1	88
2	95
3	100

(e) Employees not elsewhere provided for in this clause will receive the rate prescribed for the Vehicle industry/production Level 1 prescribed in clause 41.2.

#### 41.6 Part-time rates

A part-time employee will be paid the minimum hourly rate prescribed by clause 41.2 for the classification in which the employee is engaged.

#### 41.7 Casual rates

A casual employee employed under this Section and working ordinary hours will be paid at the minimum hourly rate prescribed by the relevant classification in clause 41.2 for the work so performed plus 25% which will be a part of the employee's all purpose rate.

#### 41.8 Apprentice wage rates

# (a) Minimum wage rates for apprentices other than adult apprentices commencing or continuing an apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014

The minimum wages for an apprentice other than an adult apprentice who commenced their apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014 is as set out in the following table, provided that progression through the stages set out in this table is in accordance with clause 41.8(d).

Year of apprenticeship	% of Level V5 rate	
Stage 1 or 1st year	<del>42</del>	
Stage 2 or 2nd year	<del>55</del>	
Stage 3 or 3rd year	<del>75</del>	
Stage 4 or 4th year	88	

(b) Minimum wage rates for apprentices other than adult apprentices commencing an apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014

The minimum wages for apprentices commencing an apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014, other than an adult apprentice, are set out below, provided that progression through the stages set out in this table is in accordance with clause 41.8(d) (Conditions for progression through each stage).

Year of apprenticeship	Has not completed year 12	Has completed year 12
	% of Level	V5 rate
Stage 1 or 1st year	<del>50</del>	<del>55</del>
Stage 2 or 2nd year	<del>60</del>	<del>65</del>
Stage 3 or 3rd year	75	75
Stage 4 or 4th year	88	88

(c) An employee who is under 21 years of age at the expiration of their apprenticeship and then works as a junior in the occupation in which they have been apprenticed will be paid not less than the adult rate prescribed by this award for that classification.

#### (d) Apprentice wage rates and progression

A junior or adult apprentice undertaking a full time or part time course can advance through an apprenticeship either by completing each stage of the required competencies in accordance with an agreed training plan entered into by an employer, an employee and the required training provider and consistent with the regulations of the relevant State or Territory Apprenticeship training Authority, or by completing each year of service of an apprenticeship.

#### 41.9 Higher engineering tradesperson

For the trade of higher engineering tradesperson, the following will apply:

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- (a) the period of the apprenticeship will be four years or such other period as is approved by an apprenticeship authority on the basis of an approved competency based training program;
- (b) apprentices in their first, second and third years are to be paid at a rate equivalent to that applying to an apprentice engineering tradesperson;
- (c) apprentice higher engineering tradespersons in their fourth year are to be paid a rate of 88% of the V7 rate;
- (d) the classification on completion of apprenticeship will be as a minimum V5. Where the apprentice is offered employment at the completion of their apprenticeship and such employment is in the area of the apprenticeship training, such that they are exercising or will be required to exercise the skills and knowledge gained during their apprenticeship necessary for a V7 level of work they will be classified at V7; and
- (e) the training program for each apprentice is to be consistent with the minimum training requirement for the classification of V7 special class tradesperson and is to have an off the job training structure of six core modules, 10 stream modules and 14 elective modules.

#### 41.10 Adult apprentice wage rates

- (a) A person employed by an employer under this award in the vehicle industry immediately prior to entering into a training contract as an adult apprentice with that employer, will not suffer a reduction in their rate of pay by virtue of entering into the training contract.
- (b) For the purposes only of fixing a rate of pay the adult apprentice will continue to receive the rate of pay that is from time to time applicable to the skill level classification or class of work specified in this clause, in which the adult apprentice was engaged immediately prior to becoming indentured.
- (c) Minimum wage rates for adult apprentices commencing or continuing an apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014

Subject to clauses 41.10(a) and 41.10(b), the minimum rate of pay for an adult apprentice who commenced their apprenticeship prior to 1 January 2014 will be as follows:

Year of apprenticeship	Award reference	Total weekly rate payable \$
Stage 1 or 1st year	National Training Wage Award Skill Level B exit rate	<del>579.70</del>
Stage 2 or 2nd year	Vehicle industry/production employee Level 1—V1	656.90
Stage 3 or 3rd year	Vehicle industry/production employee Level 2—V2	675.90
Stage 4 or 4th year	Vehicle industry/production employee Level 3 V3	701.80

(d) Minimum wages for adult apprentices commencing on apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014

The minimum wages for adult apprentices commencing an apprenticeship on and from 1 January 2014 are set out in the following table:

Year of apprenticeship	Award reference	Total weekly rate payable \$
Stage 1 or 1st year	80% of Vehicle industry tradesperson Level 1 (V5)	611.90
Stage 2 or 2nd year	Vehicle industry/production employee Level 1 V1	656.90
Stage 3 or 3rd year	Vehicle industry/production employee Level 2 V2	<del>675.90</del>
Stage 4 or 4th year	Vehicle industry/production employee Level 3 V3	701.80

(e) The rates prescribed in clause 41.10 are based on the classification and wage structure specified in clause 41.2 as varied from time to time, except for 1st year/Level 1 as outlined above.

#### 41.11 Junior wage rates

(a) The minimum weekly rate for an unapprenticed junior employee will be an amount equal to the following percentage of the minimum weekly rate prescribed by this award for the Vehicle industry/production employee Level 1 (V1) in clause 41.2.

Age	% of Level V1 rate
Under 16 years	<del>35.0</del>
At 16 years	45.0
At 17 years	<del>55.0</del>
At 18 years	<del>65.0</del>
At 19 years	<del>78.5</del>
At 20 years	<del>95.0</del>

(b) Except as provided at clause 7.2, unapprenticed junior workers may be employed in any occupation covered by this award.

# 42. Expense related allowances

**42.1** Employers must pay to an employee the allowances the employee is entitled to under this clause. See Schedule C for a summary of monetary allowances and method of adjustment.

### 42.2 Travelling, transport and fares

- (a) Where an employee is required to work at a job away from their usual workshop or depot at the direction of the employer and who presents for work at such job at the usual starting time will:
  - (i) be paid travelling time for all time reasonably spent in reaching and returning from such job (in excess of the time normally spent in travelling from home to such workshop or depot and returning); and
  - (ii) any fares reasonably incurred in excess of those normally incurred in travelling between home and such workshop or depot.
- (b) An employee who, with the approval of the employer, uses their own means of transport for travelling to or from outside jobs will be paid the amount of excess fares which would have been incurred in using public transport unless there is an arrangement with the employer for a regular allowance.

### 42.3 Transfers involving change of residence

- (a) An employee:
  - (i) engaged in one locality to work in another; or
  - (ii) sent, other than at the employee's own request, from the usual locality to another for employment which can reasonably be regarded as permanent, involving a change of residence,
  - will be paid travelling time whilst necessarily travelling between such localities and, for a period not exceeding three months, expenses.
- (b) Provided that such expenses will cease after taking up permanent residence or abode at the new location.
- (e) An employee sent from the usual locality to another (in circumstances other than those prescribed above) and required to remain away from the usual place of abode will be paid travelling time whilst necessarily travelling between such localities and expenses whilst so absent from the usual locality.
- (d) The rate of pay for travelling time will be minimum hourly rates except on a Sunday or any public holiday prescribed in this award when it will be 150% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (e) The maximum travelling time to be paid for will be 12 hours out of every 24 hours or, when a sleeping berth is provided by the employer for all night travel, eight hours out of every 24 hours.

### 42.4 Expenses

(a) Expenses for the purpose of clause 42 means all fares reasonably incurred. For boat travel the fares allowed will be first class on coastal boats and on interstate boats where there is no second class as distinct from steerage, and for rail travel second class except where all night travelling is involved when they will be first class with sleeping berth where available.

(b) Reasonable expenses incurred while travelling include \$12.16 for each meal taken.

### 43. Shiftwork and rates

### 43.1 Ordinary hours of work—continuous work shifts

- (a) For the purposes of clause 43.1 and clause 43.3, **continuous work** means work carried out on consecutive shifts throughout the 24 hours of each of at least five consecutive days without interruption except during breakdowns or meal breaks (if any).
- (b) An employee working on continuous work shifts will work up to six shifts per week, as may be required.
- (c) The ordinary hours of shiftworkers on continuous work will average 38 per week, inclusive of crib time, and will not exceed 152 hours in 28 consecutive days. Where the employer and the majority of employees agree, a roster system may operate on the basis that the weekly average of 38 hours is achieved over a period which exceeds 28 consecutive days.
- (d) Subject to clause 43.1(e), continuous shiftworkers will work such times as the employer may require.
- (e) A shift will consist of not more than 10 hours, inclusive of crib time. Provided that:
  - (i) in any arrangement of ordinary working hours where the ordinary working hours are to exceed eight on any shift the arrangement of hours will be subject to agreement between the employer and the majority of employees in the plant or work section or sections concerned;
  - (ii) except at the regular change over of shifts an employee will not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours;
  - (iii) 20 minutes will be allowed to shiftworkers each shift for crib which will be counted as time worked; and
  - (iv) the ordinary hours will be worked continuously except for meal breaks.

### 43.2 Ordinary hours of work—other than continuous work shifts

- (a) This clause applies to shiftworkers not on continuous work as defined in clause 43.1(a).
- (b) Subject to clause 40.3, the ordinary hours of work will be an average of 38 per week but not exceeding 152 days within a period not exceeding 28 consecutive days.
- (c) Provided that where the employer and the majority of employees agree a roster system may operate on the basis that the weekly average of 38 ordinary hours is achieved over a period which exceeds 28 consecutive days.

- (d) The ordinary hours will be worked continuously except for meal breaks at the discretion of the employer. An employee will not be required to work for more than five hours without a break for a meal.
- (e) Except at regular changeover of shifts, an employee will not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours provided that:
  - (i) the ordinary hours of work prescribed above will not exceed 10 hours on any day; and
  - (ii) in any arrangement of ordinary working hours where the ordinary working hours are to exceed eight on any shift the arrangement of hours will be subject to agreement between the employer and the majority of employees in the plant or work station or sections concerned.

### 43.3 Penalty rates for shiftworkers

- (a) For the purposes of this Section:
  - (i) afternoon shift means a shift commencing not later than 6.00 pm on any day.
  - (ii) night shift means a shift commencing at any time after 6.00 pm on any day.
- (b) The shift premiums in clause 43.3(b) are only payable to an employee who works an afternoon or night shift (other than a continuous work shift) that:
  - (i) does not continue for five successive working afternoons or nights or more in a five day workshop or six successive afternoons or nights or more in a six day workshop or for at least the number of ordinary hours prescribed by one of the alternative arrangements in clauses 43.1(c) and 43.1(e)(iv); or
  - (ii) which has been in operation for five successive afternoons or nights or more in a five day workshop or six successive afternoons or nights or more in a six day workshop will be paid the following amounts:

Shift (non-continuous)	% of minimum hourly rate
Night shift only	<del>130%</del>
Alternating night and afternoon shifts	<del>118%</del>
Alternating day and night shifts—rate for the night shift	<del>112.5%</del>
Afternoon shift only	<del>118%</del>
Alternating day and afternoon shifts—rate for the afternoon shift	<del>112.5%</del>
Alternating day, afternoon and night shifts—rate for the afternoon and night shift	<del>112.5%</del>

(c) The extra rates prescribed above will be payable only when shifts are changed once in every three weeks or shift cycle agreed pursuant to clause 43.1(c) or

clause 43.2(c), otherwise the extra rates prescribed for night shifts and afternoon shifts will apply.

- (d) An employee working continuous work shifts will whilst on an afternoon or night shift be paid at the rate of 112.5% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (e) The minimum rate to be paid to a shiftworker for work performed between midnight on Friday and midnight on a Saturday will be 125% of the minimum hourly rate. This rate will be in substitution for and not cumulative upon the shift premiums prescribed in clauses 43.3(b)(ii) and 43.3(d).

### 43.4 Payments stand alone

Payments prescribed by clause 43.3 will stand alone and will not be included for any other purposes of this award.

# 44. Sundays and public holidays

# 44.1 Crib break

- (a) An employee working on a Sunday or a public holiday for more than nine and a half hours will at the end of eight hours be allowed a crib break of 20 minutes which will be paid for at the minimum rate.
- (b) An employee working on a Sunday or a public holiday for more than eight hours will be allowed a crib break of 20 minutes without deduction of pay after each four hours worked beyond eight hours providing the employee continues work after such crib break.
- (c) An employer and employee may agree to a variation of this subclause to meet the circumstances of the work in hand; provided that the employer will not be required to make any payment in respect of any time allowed in excess of 20 minutes.

#### 44.2 Minimum break between shifts

An employee (other than a casual employee) not engaged on continuous work who works on a Sunday or a public holiday and (except for meal breaks) immediately thereafter continues such work will, on being relieved from duty, be entitled to be absent until the employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty, without deduction of pay for ordinary time of duty occurring during such absence.

## 44.3 Payments to stand alone

Payments prescribed by clause 44 will stand alone and will not be included for any other purposes of this award.

### 44.4 Sunday work

- (a) Where an employee works on a Sunday, the work done will be paid for at the rate of 200% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (b) A shift commencing before 10.45 pm on a Sunday will be regarded as a Sunday shift and all work done during that shift will be paid for at the rate of 200% of the minimum hourly rate.

- (c) A shift commencing at 10.45 pm or between 10.45 pm and midnight on a Sunday will not be regarded as a Sunday shift and work done during that shift will not entitle an employee to the Sunday rate.
- (d) A shift commencing before midnight on the day preceding a Sunday and extending into the Sunday will be regarded as Sunday shift and all work done during that shift will be paid for at the rate of 200% of the minimum hourly rate.

## 44.5 Public holiday work

- (a) An employee who works on a public holiday will be paid for that work at the rate of 250% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (b) A shift commencing before 10.45 pm on a public holiday will be regarded as a public holiday shift and all work done during that shift will be paid for at the rate of 250% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (c) Except as provided in clause 44.5(e) a shift commencing at 10.45 pm or between 10:45 pm and midnight on a public holiday will not be regarded as a public holiday shift and work done during that shift will not entitle an employee to the public holiday rate.
- (d) Except as provided in clause 44.5(e) a shift commencing before midnight on the day preceding a public holiday and extending into the public holiday will be regarded as a public holiday shift and all work done during that shift will be paid for at the rate of 250% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (e) Notwithstanding clauses 44.5(c) and 44.5(d) where an employee is rostered for a shift which terminates on a public holiday and a shift which commences on the same public holiday, one shift only will be regarded as the public holiday shift and such shift will be the one, the major portion of which falls on the public holiday.
- (f) For the purpose of this clause 44.5 **public holiday** means a day provided for in clause 25—Public holidays.

### 44.6 Minimum payment maintenance employees

- (a) An employee, other than one on shiftwork, or other than one engaged in maintaining the continuity of electric light or power, required to work on a public holiday will be paid for a minimum of four hours work at the appropriate rate.
- (b) An employee required to work on a public holiday in connection with the maintenance of the continuity of electric light or power will be paid for a minimum of one hour at the appropriate rate in addition to the time reasonably occupied in getting to and from work which will be counted as time worked except where the work occupies more than two hours. This subclause will not apply in cases where by mutual consent it is customary for an employee to return to the employer's premises to perform a specific job outside the employee's ordinary working hours, nor where such work is continuous with overtime commenced on the previous day.

# 45. Security staff—Special conditions

# 45.1 Application

Clause 45 Security staff Special conditions will apply instead of the rates prescribed in the following clauses:

- (a) Shiftwork (clause 43.3);
- (b) Sunday and public holiday work (clause 44);
- (c) penalty rates for Sunday work (clause 44.4);
- (d) penalty rates for public holiday work (clause 44.5); and
- (e) higher duties (clause 32.5).

# 45.2 Shiftwork rates

- (a) Except as provided in clauses 45.2(b) and (c), security staff whilst on afternoon or night shift as defined in clause 43.3 will be paid at the rate of 115% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (b) Except as provided in clauses 45.2(a) and (c), security staff employed on an afternoon or night shift which does not continue for at least five successive afternoons or nights in a five day workshop or for at least six successive afternoons or nights in a six day workshop will be paid at the rate of 150% of the minimum hourly rate.
- (e) Except as provided in clauses 45.2(a) and (b), security staff engaged on shiftwork who:
  - (i) during a period of engagement on shift, work night shift only;
  - (ii) remain on night shift for a longer period of four consecutive weeks; or
  - (iii) work on a night shift which does not rotate or alternate with another shift or with day work so as to give the employee at least one third of the working time off night shift in each shift cycle,

will be paid, for all time worked during ordinary hours in each such night shift during such engagement period or cycle, at the rate 130% of the minimum hourly rate.

## 45.3 Saturday and Sunday work

The following rates will be paid to security staff in respect of work done by them on a shift the major part of which falls on a Saturday or Sunday:

- (a) Saturday shift—150% of the minimum hourly rate; and
- (b) Sunday shift 175% of the minimum hourly rate for the first eight hours and 200% of the minimum hourly rate thereafter.

The rates prescribed in clause 45.3(a) and (b) will be in substitution for and not in addition to the rates prescribed in clause 45.2—Shiftwork rates.

# Section 3 Drafting, Planning and Technical Employees

# 46. Coverage of Section 3

Section 3 will have the coverage set out in clause 3.1(e) or 3.1(f) of clause 3—Coverage in respect to employees engaged in the technical field according to the following definitions.

### 46.1 Definitions

### (a) Technical field means:

- (i) production planning, including scheduling, work study and estimating materials, handling systems and like work.
- (ii) technical including inspection, quality control, supplier evaluation, laboratory, non-destructive testing, technical purchasing, and design and development work (prototypes, models, specifications) in both product and process areas and like work.
- (iii) design and drafting and like work.

### (b) Or equivalent means:

- (i) any training which a registered provider (e.g. TAFE), or by a State Recognition authority which has been recognised as equivalent to an accredited course for this level. This can include advanced standing through recognition of prior learning and/or overseas qualifications; or
- (ii) where competencies meet the requirements as agreed by the parties for the level.
- (c) Work within the scope of this level means for an employee who does not hold a qualification listed as a minimum training requirement, the employee will apply skills within the enterprise selected in accordance with the competencies agreed by the parties for this level.
- (d) Engineering associate is a generic term which includes engineering associates; technical officers in a wide range of disciplines including laboratories and quality assurance; drafting officers, planners and other paraprofessionals.
- (e) Engineering streams means the electrical/electronic; fabrication; and mechanical engineers stream. The streams are defined as:
  - (i) electrical/electronic stream including the design, assembly, manufacture, installation, modification, testing, fault finding, commissioning, maintenance and service of all electrical and electronic devices systems, equipment and controls, e.g. electrical wiring, motors, generators, PLCs and other electronic controls, instruments, refrigeration, telecommunications, radio and television, communication and information processing;
  - (ii) mechanical stream including the design, assembly, manufacture, installation, modification, testing, fault finding, commissioning,

maintenance and service of all mechanical equipment, machinery, fluid power systems, automotive mechanics, instruments, refrigeration and the use of related computer controlled equipment, e.g. Computer Numeric Controlled machine tools; or

(iii) fabrication stream—including fabrication, forging, carpentry, plumbing, founding, structural steel erection, electroplating, metal spinning, metal polishing, sheet metal work and the use of related computer controlled equipment. This includes fabrication in all metals, plastics, carbon fibre, composite materials, ceramics and other materials.

Subject to the exemptions and exceptions prescribed in clause 46.2 of this Section, this Section applies to all employees who are engaged in any of the classifications, occupations, industry or calling specified in this award in Schedule B—Vehicle Manufacturing Employees—Skill Level Definitions—Trades, Non trades and Posttrades.

### 46.2 Exemptions from this Section

Persons mainly engaged in the supervision of employees where such employees are outside the coverage of this award.

### 46.3 Relationship with Section 2

The provisions of Section 2 do not apply to employees covered by Section 3, except where specified otherwise in Section 3.

# 47. Hours of work and rostering

- 47.1 The following provisions apply to employees covered by Section 3:
  - (a) clause 11 Breaks;
  - (b) clause 21—Overtime;
  - (c) clause 40 Ordinary hours of work, breaks and rostering;
  - (d) clause 40.6—Breaks—rest breaks;
  - (e) clause 43 Shiftwork and rates; and
  - (f) clause 44—Sundays and public holidays;

### 48. Breaks

### 48.1 Meal breaks

In respect of employees covered under Section 3, the meal break must be not less than 30 minutes or more than one hour and must be between the hours of 11.30 am and 2.00 pm Monday to Friday for day workers. The time will be as agreed between the employer and the majority of employees.

### 48.2 Morning and afternoon tea

- (a) Employees are entitled to a 10 minute morning tea rest period at a time fixed by the employer.
- (b) Employees will be permitted without ceasing work to partake of refreshment in the afternoon Employees are permitted to partake of a refreshment in the afternoon without interrupting work.

# 49. Minimum wages and related matters

### 49.1 Casual employment

- (a) Clause 41.7 of Section 2 applies to employees covered by Section 3 except that casual employees under Section 3 are entitled to a casual loading of 17.5% and, in addition, are entitled to annual leave and annual leave loading on a pro rata basis, provided that a casual loading of 25% may apply instead of these entitlements.
- (b) An employer, must on engagement settle with the employee whether the alternative entitlement of a casual loading of 25% will apply to the employee and record this decision. Any change to the original entitlement should only be by mutual agreement and placed on the employee's record.

# 49.2 Wages, classifications and related matters

The following provisions of this award apply to employees covered under Section 3:

- (a) clause 12.2 Calculation of hourly rates
- (b) clause 16.5 First aid allowance;
- (c) clause 17.2 Meal allowance
- (d) clause 19 Superannuation
- (e) clause 41.2—Minimum wage rates table;
- (f) clause 41.6 Part-time rates;
- (g) clause 41.7—Casual rates;
- (h) clause 42.2 Travelling, transport and fares;
- (i) clause 42.3—Transfers involving change of residence;
- (j) clause 42.4 Expenses;

- (k) Schedule B Vehicle Manufacturing Employees Skill Level Definitions— Trades, Non-trades and Post-trades;
- (I) Schedule D—Supported Wage System;
- (m) clause H.2—Additional definitions—non-trades, trades and post-trades.

### 49.3 Classifications—notification of classification

- (a) The employer will advise an employee of their classification within two weeks of being engaged under Section 3 or being promoted to a position within the scope of Section 3.
- (b) A person may acquire a relevant qualification for employment:
  - (i) whilst already employed and appropriately classified under this award, as provided in clauses 39—Coverage and classifications and 41.1 to 41.5; or
  - (ii) prior to being employed and appropriately classified under this award, as provided in clauses 39—Coverage and classifications and 41.1 to 41.5:
    - as a trainee, as set out in clause 49.7;
    - as a trainee under the National Training Wage as set out in Schedule F; or
    - as a cadet, as provided for in clause 49.9.

### 49.4 Phasing in of wages for employees without relevant work experience

- (a) The provisions below apply in addition to clause 41.2 of Section 2.
- (b) An employee commencing work in technical fields who is without the appropriate qualification for V5 classifications or above (or who is undertaking training in the qualifications prescribed) and who has not met the equivalent standard in accordance with clause 41.2 of the award but who otherwise meets the requirements of the relevant classification definition will be paid in accordance with the following table:

Years of relevant work experience	% of V6 rate
0	<del>83</del>
4	88
2	<del>95</del>
3	<del>100</del>

### 49.5 Lower grade and higher grade duty

- (a) An employee who is called upon to perform work of a lower grade than that in which they are normally engaged, will suffer no reduction of salary on that account.
- (b) An employee who is called upon to perform work of a higher grade than that in which they are normally engaged, will be paid for the time so employed at the

rate of the first year of the grading of the employee whose duties they are performing.

### 49.6 Trainees

### (a) Definition

A trainee is an employee of less than 21 years of age who is undergoing, and proves to the satisfaction of the employer when requested that they are continuing, a certificate course appropriate to their work prescribed by the appropriate education department in each State or Territory or any at least equivalent course.

### (b) Rates of pay

Trainees will receive, as minimum rates of pay, the following percentages of the minimum weekly rate for classification V6 level in the area where employed, as prescribed in clause 41.2 of Section 2:

Years of age	% of V6 rate
17 years and under	52.5
18 years of age	62.6
19 years of age	75.7
20 years of age	88.8

### (c) Payment of fees

- (i) A trainee who attends in any one year not less than 80% of the maximum possible attendances of the approved course at the training institution at which they are pursuing a course of study, and passes the annual examinations in that year, or if there is no examination, receives a satisfactory report, will be reimbursed by the employer all fees paid by the employee for that course during that year. In the case of a trainee who complies with the foregoing requirement for attendances and who passes or receives a satisfactory report in a proportion of the subjects taken by the employee in any year, the employer will reimburse a like proportion of fees.
- (ii) The employer will not, however, be required to reimburse fees or a proportion thereof for more than one year in excess of the period prescribed by the training institution for the approved course.
- (iii) Provided that, where a trainee is in the employ of more than one employer in any school year, then the last such employer will be liable only for the payment of fees pro rata to the period of employment with that employer.

### (d) Daytime schooling

Trainces will be allowed reasonable time (not exceeding an average of eight hours per week during a school term) for the purpose of attending classes in connection with the appropriate certificate course on the same basis as apprentices in the establishment are allowed time off for day time schooling.

### 49.7 Junior tracers

Years of age	% of V3 rate
16 years and under	<del>5</del> 4
<del>17 years</del>	<del>59</del>
18 years	<del>67</del>
19 years	<del>76</del>
20 years	83

### 49.8 Cadets

A cadet is a person without prior experience in the metal and engineering industry or other relevant experience who is employed under a contract of training with an employer to complete the training qualification for the V12 classification that is an associate diploma or equivalent. The cadet must have achieved 50% of the modules required for the qualification as a full-time or part-time student.

## (a) Minimum weekly rate

A cadet is entitled to be paid as follows:

Year of training	% of V12 rate
1st year of contract of training	40
2nd year of contract of training	<del>55</del>
3rd year of contract of training	<del>70</del>

(b) The cadet is not entitled to be classified at V12 and paid 100% of the V12 rate, notwithstanding the fact that the qualification may have been obtained, until the three year program is completed and the requirements of the V12 classification definition are met.

# 50. Allowances

Employers must pay to an employee the allowances and special rates the employee is entitled to under this clause. See Schedule C for a summary of monetary allowances and method of adjustment.

# 50.1 Wage related allowance—application of technical computing equipment

(a) An allowance of \$39.55 per week is payable to an employee who is required to use technical computing equipment to perform work of a complex nature.

# (b) Work of a complex nature includes:

- (i) the application of new concepts in their field of work, including the use of three dimensional projections;
- (ii) the development of specialised programs for technical computing applications;

- (iii) system development, including the evaluation of existing and alternative systems ancillary software and/or hardware; or
- (iv) the provision of training on the system for users, including the development and evaluation of self learn and/or teaching methods or software packages.
- (c) Technical computing equipment is defined as computer hardware, (including personal computers, micro computers, mini computers or mainframe computers) using software and/or engineering applications (including design, engineering, planning or data base programs) which are used for drafting, planning, quality control, machine programming, NC programming and engineering analysis.
- (d) This allowance is not payable for routine or repetitive functions, or where the system is used merely as an aid.

### **50.2** Expense related allowances

### (a) Overtime meal allowance

- (i) An allowance \$12.16 per meal is payable to an employee on each occasion that the employee is entitled to a crib break in accordance with clause 11.3 when working overtime.
- (ii) The allowance is not payable where the employee is provided with an adequate meal or where the employer has cooking and dining facilities.
- (iii) This rate also applies for the purpose of meal allowances on public holidays in accordance with clause 17.2.

### (b) Clothing and equipment

- (i) Where an employee as a result of performing any duty required by the employer, and as a result of negligence of the employer, suffers any damage to or soiling of clothing or other personal equipment, including spectacles and hearing aids, the employer will be liable for the replacement, repair or cleaning of such clothing or personal equipment including spectacles and hearing aids.
- (ii) An employee will not be required to provide more than the following items of equipment compasses two set squares, protractor, a 30 centimetre scale and a slide rule.
- (iii) Where an employee is required to work in abnormal conditions as to temperature, height, dirt, oil, wetness, danger, and the like, such reasonable precautions must be taken by the employer as may be necessary to facilitate the employee carrying out their duties with a maximum of safety and the employer will reimburse the employee for the cost of purchasing the special clothing that is required for the abnormal conditions. The provisions of this clause do not apply where the special clothing required for the abnormal conditions is paid for by the employer.

# (c) Travelling expenses

(i) This clause applies in addition to clause 42.2.

- (ii) If an employee is directed to work at a place other than their usual place of employment and the means of transport by which the employee is directed to travel offers travellers' accommodation of more than one class, the fares which will be payable under this clause will be such as to enable the employee to travel first class.
- (iii) An employee, should they so desire it, will be reimbursed by the employer to the extent of a first class return fare to their usual place of residence in respect of their normal place of employment after each period of four weeks on distant work (as defined) unless such work is inherent in the normal work of the establishment in which the employee is employed.
- (iv) Distant work means work which makes it necessary for an employee to sleep at a place other than their usual place of residence in respect of the employee's usual place of employment.
- (v) Air travel will be either first or economy class, to be determined in accordance with the usual policy for company personnel including management. In the case of economy air travel, an allowance of \$10.88 will be paid for each meal period that occurs during the duration of the travel, provided that the employee did not receive a meal in flight for each period concerned.

# 51. Penalty rates

# 51.1 Sunday work

Penalty rates for Sunday work set out in clause 44 will apply with the following amendments:

- (a) a four hour minimum payment applies to employees covered under this Section; and
- (b) by mutual agreement between the employer and the employee concerned, one day may be given for each public holiday worked and the day worked will be paid at normal rates instead of the penalty rates for public holidays specified in clause 44.5.

### 51.2 Public holiday work

Penalty rates for public holiday work set out in clause 44.5 will apply with the following amendments:

- (a) a four hour minimum payment applies to employees covered under this Section; and
- (b) by mutual agreement between the employer and the employee concerned, one day may be given for each public holiday worked and the day worked will be paid at ordinary rates instead of the penalty rates for public holidays specified in clause 44.5.

### 51.3 Transport of employees on Sundays and public holidays

The provisions of clause 21.10 will also apply to work on Sundays and public holidays for employees covered by this 21.10, except for continuous shiftworkers.

# 52. Annual leave—deferment of annual leave

An employee and employer may agree to defer payment of the annual leave loading in respect of annual leave taken in single days, until at least five consecutive annual leave days are taken.

# **Section 4 Supervisory Employees**

# 53. Coverage under Section 4

- (a) Section 4 will have the coverage set out in clause 3.1(e) or 3.1(f) of clause 3—Coverage.
- (b) Section 4 applies to all employees employed by employers bound by Section 4 within the coverage specified in clause 53.2 in the Supervisor/trainer/co-ordinator field as defined in clauses 53.2(a) and (b) but not (c).

# 53.2 Supervisor/trainer/co-ordinator field includes employees who are:

- (a) responsible for the work of other employees and/or provision of on the job training including coordination and/or technical guidance;
- (b) responsible for supervision and/or training of other supervisors or trainers; or
- (e) responsible primarily for the exercise of technical skills, as defined, up to the level of their skill and competence and who are additionally involved in the supervision/training of other employees.

# 53.3 Relationship with other provisions in the award

- (a) Parts 1 and 2 of this award apply to Section 4.
- (b) Other than the provisions of clauses 18.5 and 50.2(b)(i) the remaining provisions within this award do not apply to Section 4.

### 53.4 Contract of employment

- (a) The employer will in writing advise an employee covered by this part whether the contract of employment is on a weekly, fortnightly, bi monthly or monthly basis and the period as advised will resume as the frequency for payment of wages and the period of notice or payment instead of notice required to terminate the contract of employment.
- (b) Nothing in this section will detract from an employer's right to dismiss any employee without notice for neglect of duty or misconduct.

### 53.5 Conditions of employment

- (a) The conditions of employment to apply to employees covered by this Section will not be less favourable than those prescribed under the award.
- (b) However, where it has been the custom to do so and the employer and employee agree, time off with pay may be taken instead of payment for overtime work, shiftwork or work on Sundays or public holidays.
- (c) Within one month of commencement of employment as a Trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator Level 1 or 2 under this section, the employer will provide to an employee, details of classification, details of total remuneration and whether or not and over what period of time it includes any element compensating the employee in whole or in part for overtime work, shiftwork, or Sundays or public holidays.
- (d) Further upon request the employer will advise an employee of other details of the conditions of employment applicable to the employee.

## 53.6 Wages, classification and related matters

- (a) The following provisions of the award apply to employees covered under Section 4:
  - (i) clause 12.2 Calculation of hourly rates
  - (ii) clause 13 Payment of wages;
  - (iii) clause 19 Superannuation;
  - (iv) Clause 46.1—Definitions of engineering streams and technical field;
  - (v) Clause 41.2 Minimum wage rates table;
  - (vi) Clause 41.6—Part time rates;
  - (vii) Clause 41.7 Casual rates:
  - (iix) Schedule B—Vehicle Manufacturing Employees—Skill Level
    Definitions—Trades, Non-trades and Post-trades; and
  - (ix) Clause H.2—Additional definitions non-trades, trades and post-trades.
- (b) A Trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator Level 1 will be paid not less than 122% of the rate paid (excluding leading hand allowances) to the highest technically qualified employee supervised or trained as calculated in accordance with clause 53.8 for 38 ordinary hours of work including over award payments actually received. Provided that where the calculation is less than \$796.20 then the minimum weekly rate will be \$796.20. The minimum hourly rate to be paid will be \$20.95.
- (c) A Trainer/supervisor/co ordinator—Level 2 will be paid not less than 115% of the highest rate paid to persons supervised or trained as calculated in accordance with clause 53.8 below for 38 ordinary hours of work including over award payments actually received. Provided that where the calculation is less than \$860.90 then the minimum weekly rate will be \$860.90. The minimum hourly rate to be paid will be \$22.66.

### 53.7 Method of calculation

- (a) For the purpose of calculating the rates in clauses 53.7(b) and (c) above wages will be calculated each quarter on the basis of the average actually received by the adult employees during each of the weeks that 38 hours were worked during the previous quarter.
- (b) The wage rates will be recalculated on 1 November, 1 February, 1 May, 1 August each year or over some other consistent pattern each quarter which will not disadvantage the employees concerned. The new wage rates so determined will operate from the beginning of the first pay to commence on or after the date the recalculation is to be made.
- (c) For the purpose of calculating the rates in clauses 53.7(b) and (c) above, overtime payments and all allowances, loadings and penalty payments provided for under Section 2 will be excluded.
- (d) An employee covered under Section 4 may check the relevant payroll record(s), should they wish to, to ensure that the wage rate has been correctly calculated.

# Schedule A—Vehicle Industry RS&R—Skill Level Definitions

# A.1 Vehicle industry RS&R—employee—Level 1 R1 (entry)

An employee at Level 1 is an employee who has undertaken little or no formal or informal training. A Level 1 employee may be undertaking up to 38 hours of induction training. The induction training may include information on the enterprise, conditions of employment, introduction to supervisors and fellow workers, training and career path opportunities, plant layout, work and documentation procedures, occupational health and safety, equal employment opportunity and quality control/assurance.

An employee at this level would acquire/possess skills relevant to the performance of routine duties essentially of a manual nature and to the level of their training:

- performs general labouring and/or cleaning duties;
- has basic numeracy skills;
- exercises minimal judgment;
- works to defined procedures and under direct supervision; and
- may be undertaking structured training so as to enable the employee to progress to a higher level.

### Classifications contained within Level 1 R1

- Car cleaner/washer
- Workshop cleaner
- Car polisher—by hand
- Detailer—other
- Driveway attendant
- Office cleaner
- Parking attendant
- Process worker
- Tradesperson's assistant (see also Level 2)
- Employee not elsewhere prescribed

# A.2 Vehicle industry RS&R—employee—Level 2 R2

An employee at Level 2 is an employee who has completed up to three months structured training to enable an employee to attain/possess job skills relevant to tasks performed at this level and to the level of their training:

• works under direct supervision either individually or in a team environment;

- has some oral and written communication skills;
- can distinguish where a minor fault/error is made and undertake basic quality control of own work;
- is responsible for the quality of own work subject to routine supervision;
- has some input to job planning;
- can work from simple instructions;
- has some basic customer service skills;
- performs basic maintenance tasks;
- has basic knowledge of the range of services offered by the business;
- has simple numerical equipment skills; and
- may use selected hand tools.

### Classifications contained within Level 2 R2

- Battery repairer
- Brake servicer—first six months
- Driver of courtesy car or vehicle in relation to sales or sales promotion or in the course of registration, collection from or delivery to customer—vehicles up to and including maker's capacity of three tonnes
- Exhaust repairers—first six months
- Grinder and/or buffer metal—using a portable machine
- Lubritorium attendant
- Operator on warming mill
- Operator detreading, buffing, gouging, etc.
- Roadhouse attendant, when required to cook take away meals only
- Spring service worker
- Tradesperson's assistant (see also Level I)
- Tyre fitter

# A.3 Vehicle industry RS&R—employee—Level 3 R3

An employee at this level has completed eight modules of a nationally accredited RS&R Certificate or equivalent training and uses skills above that of an employee at Level R2.

A Level R3 employee would be expected to have the job skills relevant to the tasks performed and would work with only general supervision of daily duties and to the level of their training:

- where appropriate use a variety of power and hand tools and/or other equipment necessary to carry out the relevant tasks;
- possesses good oral and/or written communication skills;
- is responsible for quality of own work subject to routine supervision;
- plans own work in consultation with supervisor;
- requires only general job instruction;
- possesses customer service skills;
- performs basic maintenance tasks;
- acquires multiple manual skills;
- may use various materials handling equipment;
- has fault finding skills;
- maintains simple numerical records from computer equipment;
- can assist with on-the-job instruction in conjunction with general supervision;
- uses some basic negotiation skills in service areas;
- basic inventory controls; and
- receiving, despatching, distributing, sorting, checking, packing, (other than repetitive packing in a standard container or containers in which such goods are customarily sold), documenting and recording of goods, materials and components.

### Classifications contained within Level 3 R3

- Assembler—accessories
- Assembler—body shop
- Detailer (as defined)
- Machinist (metal)—2nd class
- Operator in charge of extruder
- Operator mainly engaged examining tyres prior to repairing, retreading, recapping or lugging
- Operator repairing and/or building up and/or retreading and/or recapping used in:
  - aeroplane tyres (for re-use on aeroplanes); and
  - tyres other than as referred to above
- Operator relugging earth mover and/or grader and/or tractor tyres by hand
- Operator engaged in moulding or curing of retreaded, rebuilt, recapped or relugged tyres in:

- unit heaters
- autoclaves
- Painter—brush and/or spray on mechanical chassis components
- Paint shop assistant
- Polisher/cutter using buff or wet and dry rubber
- Service receptionist—not being a tradesperson
- Steam cleaner and/or proof coater
- Storeperson—first 12 months
- Wheel aligner—not being a tradesperson but having up to six months experience
- Wheel builder and/or repairer—not being a tradesperson—first six months' experience
- Wrecker—automotive

# A.4 Vehicle industry RS&R—employee—Level 4 R4

An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at Level R3 and would normally have completed 16 modules of a nationally accredited RS&R Certificate or equivalent training.

A retail employee will be qualified to perform work within the duties and functions of an automotive parts salesperson other; motor vehicle and/or agricultural vehicle salesperson with less than six months' experience; salesperson other; and a console operator.

An employee required to work to the level of their training:

- works under general supervision, either individually or in a team environment;
- exercises discretion within their level of skills and training;
- understands and is responsible for quality of own work;
- possesses competent communications and written skills;
- intermediate key board skills;
- licensed and certified for lift driving;
- customer relation skills;
- inventory and store control including: licensed operation of all appropriate materials handling equipment; use of tools and equipment within the scope (basic non-trades maintenance); computer operation at a higher level than that of a Level 3 employee;
- assists in the provision of on-the-job training in conjunction with supervisor or trainer:

- possesses sales skills appropriate to this level;
- has cash register and console operation skills; and
- where applicable computer operation at a higher level than that of a Level R3 employee.

### Classifications contained within Level 4 R4

- Bodymaker—2nd class
- Brake servicer—after six months' experience
- Console Operator
- Driver of courtesy car or vehicle in relation to sales or sales promotion or in the course of registration, collection from or delivery to customer-vehicle with maker's capacity over 3 tonnes
- Exhaust repairer—after six months
- Motorcycle assembler
- Roadhouse attendant if engaged primarily to cook other than take away foods
- Radiator repairer—other
- Wheel aligner—other than a tradesperson, after six months
- Wheel builder, repairer—after six months
- Automotive parts salesperson—other
- Motor vehicle and/or agricultural vehicle salesperson—less than six months' experience
- Salesperson—other
- Storeperson—more than 12 months' experience
- Driveway attendant operating a console
- Storeperson and packer
- Windscreen fitter and/or repairer

# A.5 Vehicle industry RS&R—employee—Level 5 R5

A repair and service employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at Level R4 and would have 20 modules of a nationally accredited RS&R Certificate or equivalent training. A Level R5 employee is required to work to the level of their training.

A retail employee at this level will be qualified to perform work of an experienced automotive spare parts salesperson:

- requires minimum supervision;
- possesses technical job skills within the level of their training;

- works from detailed instructions and procedures;
- co-ordinates work in a team environment or works individually under limited supervision;
- exercises discretion within their level of skills and training;
- assists in the provision of on-the-job training in conjunction with tradespersons and supervisor/trainers;
- may prepare reports and interpret written information relevant to tasks performed;
- understands and is responsible for quality of own work;
- possesses competent communications and written skills;
- possesses technical job skills within their level of training;
- possesses customer contact skills to perform tasks at this level;
- undertakes specialist troubleshooting, problem solving and maintenance skills at this level;
- has multiple manual skills;
- can use relevant tools and equipment;
- can operate numerical/computer equipment supplied in sales, distribution, repair, servicing and relevant to tasks at this level; and
- has adequate negotiating skills in sales and services to perform tasks at this level.

### Classifications contained within Level 5 R5

- Automotive parts salesperson—experienced
- Automotive servicer or checker
- Radiator repairer—1st class

# A.6 Vehicle industry RS&R—tradesperson or equivalent Level I R6

An employee at this level is an employee who holds a Trade Certificate, Tradesperson's Rights Certificate or equivalent, nationally accredited training achieved through Australian apprenticeship arrangements as prescribed by the National Quality Council in the Australian Qualifications Framework Qualifications Issuance Policy.

An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at Level R5 and to the level of their training:

- assists in the provision of on-the-job training in conjunction with supervisors/trainers;
- works under limited supervision either individually or in a team environment;
- plans the work of others and solves the work planning problems;

- is responsible for the quality of their own work;
- exercises discretion within the scope of tasks performed at this level;
- possesses good communication skills;
- has keyboard skills relevant to the tasks performed at this level;
- understands and applies quality control techniques; and
- is able to inspect products and/or materials for conformity with established operational standards.

### Classifications contained with Level I R6

- Automotive electrician
- Automotive engine reconditioner
- Automotive parts interpreter
- Bodymaker—1st class
- Brake mechanic
- Electroplater—1st class
- Fitter and/or turner
- Instrument mechanic—automotive
- Machinist (metal)—1st class
- Motorcycle or motor scooter mechanic
- Motor mechanic
- Painter
- Panel beater
- Signwriter
- Trimmer
- Motor Vehicle and/or agricultural vehicle salesperson—more than six months experience.
- Welder
- Wheel aligner
- Wheel builder and/or repairer

# A.7 Vehicle Industry RS&R—tradesperson or equivalent Level II R7

An employee at this level is an employee who holds a Trade Certificate, Tradesperson's Rights Certificate or equivalent, nationally accredited training at the Certificate III qualification (Level R6 at B.6) achieved through Australian

apprenticeships arrangements as prescribed by the National Quality Council in the Australian Qualifications Framework Qualifications Issuance Policy.

In addition, the employee will hold a Certificate IV (AQF Level 4) automotive qualification from the National Automotive, Retail, Service and Repair Training Package qualifications:

- Automotive Mechanical Diagnosis
- Automotive Mechanical Overhauling
- Automotive Body Repair Technology
- Automotive Electrical Technology
- Automotive Motorsport Technology
- Automotive Performance Enhancement

An employee at this level is required by the employer, as the principal function of employment as determined by the employer, to perform technical duties above and beyond the skills of an employee at R6 to the level of their training, and will possess high level technical and theoretical knowledge and concepts of motor vehicle technology with in-depth knowledge and skill in some areas.

Typical tasks include but are not limited to:

- diagnosing and evaluating multiple complex vehicle faults;
- undertaking vehicle repair and fault finding actions to a defined standard;
- understanding, interpreting and communicating technical data;
- high level communications skills that enable effective communication across the business and externally;
- responsibility for own outputs and that of others where advice and direction is provided;
- assistance with coordinating work flows and resources allocations within a team environment;
- assistance in the mentoring of technical skills to service centre staff and apprentices; and
- providing a lead role in workforce training development.

### Classifications contained within Level II R7

- Master Technician
- Automotive Technical Advisor
- Performance Technical Advisor
- Automotive Workshop Technical Advisor
- Automotive Master Diagnostic Technician

• Workshop Technical Advisor for Panel and Paint

# Schedule B Vehicle Manufacturing Employees Skill Level Definitions Trades, Non-trades and Post-trades

# B.1 V1—Vehicle industry/production employee Level 1

- **B.1.1** A Vehicle industry/production employee Level 1 is an employee undertaking up to 38 hours' induction training which may include information on the enterprise, conditions of employment, introduction to supervisors and fellow workers, training and career path opportunities, plant layout, work and documentation procedures, occupational health and safety, equal employment opportunity and quality control/assurance.
- **B.1.2** An employee at this level performs routine duties essentially of a manual nature and to the level of their training:
  - (a) performs general labouring and cleaning duties;
  - (b) exercises minimal judgment;
  - (c) works under direct supervision; and
  - (d) is undertaking structured training so as to enable them to work at V2 Level.

### **Classifications at Level V1:**

- Assembler, cushion and squab including spring frame
- Dipper solder or tin
- Degreaser at liquid or vapour bath
- Electroplater 3rd class
- Garage attendant
- Greaser and/or oiler
- Grinder using fixed gear
- Heat treat attendant—first three months
- Janitor and/or convenience attendant
- Machinist (metal) 3rd class
- Packer other than as defined
- Paster trim
- Paintshop assistant
- Pickler
- Plastics developer (b) second class (2) first month's experience
- Pleat stuffer

- Press operators assistant
- Shot and/or sand blast operator
- Spring coil machinist not required to set up machine
- Washer using phenyl etc.

# **B.2** V2—Vehicle industry/production employee Level 2

- **B.2.1** A Vehicle industry/production employee Level 2 is an employee who has completed up to three months structured training so as to enable the employee to perform work within the scope of this level.
- **B.2.2** An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at Level V1 and to the level of their training:
  - (a) works under direct supervision either individually or in a team environment;
  - (b) understands and undertakes basic quality control/assurance procedures including the ability to recognise basic quality deviations/faults; and
  - (c) understands and utilises basic statistical process control procedures.
- **B.2.3** Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are the following:
  - (a) repetition work on automatic, semiautomatic or single purposes machines or equipment;
  - (b) assembles components using basic written, spoken and/or diagrammatic instructions in an assembly environment;
  - (c) basic soldering or butt and spot welding skills or cuts scrap with oxyacetylene blow pipe;
  - (d) uses selected hand tools;
  - (e) boiler cleaning; and
  - (f) maintains simple records.

### Classifications at Level V2:

- Assembler when not on line
- Concrete worker
- Case maker and/or repairer
- Dogman
- Drier
- Furnace person other than on cupola
- Grinder using portable machine foundry

- Guillotine machinist
- Packer as defined in clause Schedule G
- Press operator light
- Process Worker
- Sewing machinist
- Spring coiling machinist required to set up machine
- Spring maker required to set up machine
- Tradespersons assistant
- Welder electric spot and buff
- Vyceman
- Wood machinist 2nd class

# **B.3** V3—Vehicle industry/production employee Level 3

- **B.3.1** A Vehicle industry/production employee Level 3 is an employee who has completed 12 skill units and four knowledge units towards the vehicle industry certificate, or nationally accredited equivalent training so as to enable the employee to perform work within the scope of this level.
- **B.3.2** An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at V2 and to the level of their training.
  - (a) is responsible for the quality of their own work subject to routine supervision;
  - (b) works under routine supervision either individually or in a team environment;
  - (c) exercises discretion within their level of skills and training.
- **B.3.3** Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are the following:
  - (a) operates flexibly between assembly stations;
  - (b) operates machinery and equipment requiring the exercise of skill and knowledge beyond that of an employee at Level V2;
  - (c) non-trade vehicle industry skills;
  - (d) basic tracing and sketching skills;
  - (e) receiving, dispatching, distributing, sorting, checking, packing (other than repetitive packing in a standard container or containers in which such goods are ordinarily sold), documenting and recording of goods, materials and components;
  - (f) basic inventory control in the context of a production process;

- (g) basic keyboard skills;
- (h) advanced soldering techniques;
- (i) boiler attendant;
- (j) operation of mobile equipment including fork-lifts, hand trolleys, pallet trucks, (overhead cranes and winch operation);
- (k) ability to measure accurately;
- (1) assists one or more tradespersons; and
- (m) welding which requires the exercise of knowledge and skills above Level V2.

### **Classifications at Level V3:**

- Air hammer operator
- Assembler and/or wirer tractor and assembler etc.
- Band sawyer
- Boiler attendant or fireman
- Cold setter
- Dismantler
- Driller of body panels
- Electric machine cutter trim
- Electroplater second class
- Furnace person foundry
- Grinder other than in assembly plant
- Heat treatment attendant
- Machinist—2nd class
- Machine setter other
- Material chaser
- Moulder
- Painter on prime coats other than in assembly plant, on floors, chassis, etc.
- Painter's wet rubber
- Plastics developer—2nd class
- Polisher
- Press operator over 250 tonnes

- Slinger
- Solder other
- Spring maker by hand
- Stopper up
- Storeworker or packer

# B.4 V4 Vehicle industry/production employee Level 4

- **B.4.1** A Vehicle industry/production employee Level V4 is an employee who has completed 16 skill units and 14 knowledge units towards the vehicle industry certificate, or equivalent nationally accredited training so as to enable the employee to perform work within the scope of this level.
- **B.4.2** An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at V3 and to the level of their training:
  - (a) works from complex instructions and procedures;
  - (b) assists in the provisions of on the job training to a limited degree;
  - (c) co-ordinates work in a team environment or works individually under general supervision; and
  - (d) is responsible for assuring the quality of their own work.
- **B.4.3** Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are the following:
  - (a) uses precision measuring instruments;
  - (b) machine setting, loading and operation;
  - (c) rigging (certificated);
  - (d) inventory and store control including;
  - (e) licensed operation of all appropriate materials handling equipment including driver GVM up to eight tonnes;
  - (f) use of tools and equipment within the scope (basic non-trades) maintenance;
  - (g) computer operation at a level higher than that of an employee at Level V3;
  - (h) intermediate keyboard skills;
  - (i) basic vehicle industry and fault finding skills;
  - (j) performs basic quality checks on the work of others;
  - (k) licensed and certified for fork lift, engine driving and crane driving operations to a level higher than Level V3; and
  - (1) has a knowledge of the employer's operation as it relates to production process.

### Classifications at Level V4:

- Annealer and/or case hardener
- Assembler and/or wirer chassis
- Assembler of bodies or parts when on line
- Body maker 2nd class
- Boiler attendant
- Crane driver
- Dent knocker
- Die setter press
- Fork-lift driver, mobile crane driver and driver of motor vehicle up to eight tonnes.
- Grinder using portable machine assembly plant
- High stack operator
- Metal finisher
- Painter on prime coats vehicle assembly plants
- Rigger
- Solderer on the line
- Spotter and/or toucher up
- Squab or cushion maker
- Trimmer sectional
- Welder other than trade using oxy, etc.

# B.5 V5 Vehicle industry tradesperson Level 1 & Production systems employee Level 5

### **B.5.1** Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level 1

- (a) A Vehicle industry tradesperson Level 1 is an employee who holds a trade certificate or tradesperson's rights certificate in one of the electrical/electronic, mechanical or fabrication vehicle industry streams and is able to exercise the skills and knowledge of that trade.
- (b) An Vehicle industry tradesperson Level 1 works above and beyond an employee at V4 and to the level of their training:
  - (i) understands and applies quality control techniques;
  - (ii) exercises good interpersonal, communications skills;

- (iii) exercises keyboard skills higher than Level V4;
- (iv) exercises discretion within the scope of this grade;
- (v) performs work under limited supervision either individually or in a team environment;
- (vi) operates all lifting equipment incidental to their work;
- (vii) perform non-trade tasks incidental to their work; and
- (viii) performs work which, while primarily involving the skills of the employees trade, is incidental or peripheral to the primary tasks and facilitates the completion of the whole task. Such incidental or peripheral work would not require additional formal technical training.

### **B.5.2** Vehicle industry production system employee Level 5

- (a) A Vehicle industry production systems employee Level 5 is an employee who, while still being primarily engaged in vehicle industry/production work applies the skills acquired through the successful completion of a trade certificate level qualification in the production, distribution, or stores functions according to the needs of the enterprise.
- (b) A Vehicle industry production systems employee Level 5 works above and beyond an employee at V4 and to the level of their training:
  - (i) understand and applies quality control techniques;
  - (ii) exercises good interpersonal communications skills;
  - (iii) exercises discretion within the scope of this grade;
  - (iv) exercises keyboard skills at a level higher than V4; and
  - (v) performs work under general supervision either individually or in a team environment.
- (c) Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are as follows:
  - (i) approves and passes first off samples and maintains quality of product;
  - (ii) works from production drawings, prints and plans;
  - (iii) operates, sets up and adjusts all production machinery in a plant including production process welding to the extent of training;
  - (iv) can perform a range of vehicle industry maintenance functions including;
  - (v) removing equipment fastenings including use of destructive cutting equipment;
  - (vi) lubrication of production equipment;
  - (vii) running adjustments to production equipment;
  - (viii) operates all lifting equipment;

- (ix) basic production scheduling and materials handling within the scope of the production process or directly related functions within raw materials/finished goods locations in conjunction with technicians;
- (x) understands and applies computer techniques as they relate to production process operations;
- (xi) first class engine drivers' certificate;
- (xii) high level stores and inventory responsibility beyond the requirements of an employee at Level V4;
- (xiii) assists in the provision of on the job training in conjunction with tradespersons and trainers; and
- (xiv) has a good knowledge of the employers operations as it relates to the production process.

#### Classifications at Level V5:

- Automotive electrician
- Bodymaker 1st class
- Boilermaker
- Cabinet maker
- Carpenter
- Die setter when working on try outs
- Electrical fitter
- Electrician special class
- Electroplater 1st class
- Fitter and turner
- Heat treater
- Jigmaker
- Machinist -- 1st class
- Motor mechanic
- Motor tuner and tester
- Motor body developer
- Painter
- Patternmaker
- Plastics developer first class

- Plumber
- Refrigerator mechanic
- Signwriter
- Smith tradesperson
- Spring maker
- Tradesperson marker off
- Trouble chaser
- Trimmer
- Welder
- Wood machinist 1st class

# B.6 V6 Vehicle industry tradesperson Level II & Vehicle industry/technician Level I

# **B.6.1** Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level II

- (a) A Vehicle industry tradesperson Level II is a tradesperson who has completed the following training requirements:
  - (i) three appropriate modules in addition to the training requirements of the Level V5;
  - (ii) three appropriate modules towards a National Diploma;
  - (iii) three appropriate modules towards a National Advanced Diploma;
  - (iv) equivalent; or
  - (v) a nominal 120 hours training towards the above qualification.
- (b) A Vehicle industry tradesperson Level II works above and beyond a tradesperson at Level V5 and to the level of their skills and competence and training performs work within the scope of the level:
  - (i) exercises the skills attained through satisfactory completion of the training prescribed for this classification or equivalent;
  - (ii) exercises discretion within the scope of this grade;
  - (iii) works under general supervision either individually or in a team environment:
  - (iv) understands and implements quality control techniques;
  - (v) provides trades guidance and assistance as part of a work team; and
  - (vi) exercises trade skills relevant to the specific requirements of the enterprise at a level higher than Vehicle industry tradesperson Level I.

### **B.6.2** Vehicle industry/technician—Level I

- (a) An employee who has the equivalent level of training of a Level V6 tradesperson or equivalent so as to enable the employee to apply skills within the scope of this level. The skills exercised by the Technician—Level I are in the technical fields as defined by this award including drafting, planning or technical tasks requiring technical knowledge.
- (b) At this level the employee is engaged on routine tasks in the technical fields.

# B.7 V7—Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level III & Vehicle industry/technician Level II

# **B.7.1** Vehicle industry tradesperson Level III—special class

- (a) A Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level III means a special class engineering tradesperson or higher engineering tradesperson who has completed the following training requirement:
  - (i) six appropriate modules in addition to the training requirements of the Level V5:
  - (ii) six appropriate modules towards a National Diploma;
  - (iii) six appropriate modules towards a National Advanced Diploma;
  - (iv) a higher engineering tradesperson apprenticeship;
  - (v) equivalent; or
  - (vi) a nominal 240 hours training towards the above qualification.
- (b) A Vehicle industry tradesperson Level III works above and beyond a tradesperson at Level V6 and to the level of their skills, competence and training performs work within the scope of the level:
  - (i) is able to exercise the skills attained through satisfactory completion of the training prescribed for this classification or equivalent;
  - (ii) provides trade guidance and assistance as part of a work team;
  - (iii) assists in the provision of training, in conjunction with supervisors and trainers:
  - (iv) understands and implements quality control techniques; and
  - (v) works under limited supervision either individually or in a team environment.
- (c) Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are as follows:
  - (i) exercises high precision trade skills, using various materials and/or specialised techniques;
  - (ii) performs operations on a Computer Aided Design/Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAD/CAM) terminal in the performance of routine

modifications to Numeric Control/Computer Numeric Control (NC/CNC) programs; and

(iii) high voltage switching.

#### (d) Vehicle industry technician Level II

- (i) Vehicle industry technician Level II means an employee who has equivalent level of training to a V7 tradesperson or equivalent so as to enable the employee to apply skills within the scope of this level. The skills exercised by the Technician Level II are in the technical fields as defined by this award including drafting, planning or technical tasks requiring technical knowledge.
- (ii) At this level the employee is required to exercise judgment and skill in excess of that required at V6 under the supervision of technical or professional staff.

### B.8 V8 Vehicle industry tradesperson Level IV & Vehicle industry technician Level III

### **B.8.1** Vehicle industry tradesperson Level IV—special class

- (a) A Vehicle industry tradesperson Level IV means a special class tradesperson who has completed the following training requirement:
  - (i) three appropriate modules in addition to the requirements of the Level  $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$ ;
  - (ii) nine appropriate modules towards a National Diploma;
  - (iii) nine appropriate modules towards a National Advanced Diploma;
  - (iv) an AQF Level 4 National Certificate;
  - (v) equivalent; or
  - (vi) a nominal 360 hours training towards the above qualification.
- (b) A Vehicle industry tradesperson Level IV—special class works above and beyond an employee at Level V7 and to the level of their skills, competence and training performs work within the scope of the level:
  - (i) exercises the skills attained through satisfactory completion of the training prescribed for this classification or equivalent;
  - (ii) is able to provide trade guidance and assistance as part of a work team;
  - (iii) assists in the provision of training in conjunction with supervisors and trainers;
  - (iv) understands and implements quality control techniques; and
  - (v) works under limited supervision either individually or in a team environment.

- (c) Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are as follows:
  - (i) works in machines or equipment which utilise complex electric/electronic circuitry;
  - (ii) and/or hydraulic/pneumatic controls or a combination thereof;
  - (iii) works on instruments which make up a complex control system which utilises some combination of electrical, electronic, mechanical or fluid power principles;
  - (iv) applies advanced computer numerical control techniques in machining, cutting, welding or fabrication;
  - (v) exercises intermediate CAD/CAM skills in the performance of routine modifications to programs;
  - (vi) works on complex or intricate interconnected electrical circuits; and
  - (vii) works on complex radio/communication equipment.

### (d) Vehicle industry technician—Level III

- (i) Vehicle industry technician Level III means an employee who has equivalent level of training to a Level V8 Tradesperson or equivalent so as to enable the employee to apply skills within the scope of this level. The skills exercised by the Vehicle industry technician Level III are in the technical fields as defined by this award including drafting, planning or technical tasks requiring technical knowledge.
- (ii) At this level the employee is engaged in detailed drafting and/or planning or technical duties requiring judgment and skill in excess of a technician at Level V7 under the supervision of technical staff or professional staff.

### B.9 V9 Vehicle industry tradesperson Level V & Vehicle industry technician Level IV

#### **B.9.1** Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level V

- (a) A Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level V who has completed the following training requirement:
  - (i) 12 modules of a National Diploma;
  - (ii) 12 modules of a National Advanced Diploma; or
  - (iii) equivalent.
- (b) A Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level V works above and beyond a Tradesperson at Level V8 and to the level of their skills, competence and training performs work within the scope of the level:
  - (i) undertakes quality control and work organisation at a level higher than Level V8;
  - (ii) provides trade guidance and assistance as part of a work team;

- (iii) assists in the provision of training to employees in conjunction with supervisors/trainers;
- (iv) works under limited supervision either individually or in a team environment:
- (v) prepares reports of a technical nature on specific tasks or assignments as directed;
- (vi) exercises broad discretion within the scope of this level;
- (vii) operates lifting equipment incidental to their work; and
- (viii) performs non-trade tasks incidental to their work.
- (c) The following indicative tasks which an employee at this level may perform are subject to the employee having appropriate trade and post trade training to enable the employee to perform the particular indicative tasks:
  - (i) working on combinations of machines or equipment which utilise complex electrical, electronic, mechanical or fluid power principles;
  - (ii) working on instruments which make up a complex control system which utilises some combination of electrical, or electronic, mechanical or fluid power principles and electronic circuitry containing complex digital and/or analogue control systems utilising integrated circuitry;
  - (iii) applies computer integrated manufacturing techniques involving a higher level of computer operating and programming skills than for V8;
  - (iv) working on various forms of machinery and equipment which are electronically controlled by complex digital and/or analogue control systems using integrated circuitry;
  - (v) a Vehicle industry tradesperson Level V works above and beyond a tradesperson at Level V8 and the level of their skills, competencies and training performs work with the scope of this level;
  - (vi) provides technical guidance or advice within the scope of this level;
  - (vii) prepares reports of a technical nature on specific tasks or assignments within the employees skills and competencies;
  - (viii) has an overall knowledge and understanding of the operating principle of the systems and equipment on which the tradesperson is required to carry out their task;
  - (ix) assists in the provision of on-the-job training in conjunction with supervisors and trainers;
  - (x) operates lifting equipment incidental to their work; and
  - (xi) performs non-trade tasks incidental to their work.
- (d) The following indicative tasks which an employee at this level may perform are subject to the employee having appropriate trade and post trade training to enable the employee to perform the particular indicative tasks:

- (i) through a systems approach is able to exercise high level diagnostic skills on complex forms of machinery, equipment and instruments which utilise some combination of electrical, electronic, mechanical or fluid power principles;
- (ii) set up, commission, maintain and operate sophisticated maintenance, production and test equipment and/or systems involving the application of computer operating skills at a higher level than a Vehicle industry tradesperson. Level IV;
- (iii) works on various forms of machinery and equipment electronically controlled by complex digital and/or analogue control systems using integrated circuitry; and
- (iv) works on complex electronics, instruments, communications equipment or control systems which utilise electronic principles and electronics circuitry containing complex analogue and/or digital control systems using integrated circuitry.

### (e) Vehicle industry technician—Level IV

- (i) Vehicle industry technician Level IV means an employee who has the level of training of a V9 Vehicle industry tradesperson. Level V or equivalent so as to enable the employee to apply skills within the scope of this level.
- (ii) The skills exercised by the Vehicle industry technician Level IV are in the technical fields as defined by this award including drafting, planning or technical tasks requiring technical knowledge.
- (iii) At this level the employee is engaged in detail drafting and/or planning and/or technical duties requiring judgment and skill in excess of that required of a technician at V8 under the supervision of technical and/or professional staff.

### B.10 V10 Vehicle industry tradesperson Level VI & Vehicle industry technician Level V

#### **B.10.1** Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level VI

- (a) A Vehicle industry tradesperson Level VI means a tradesperson who has completed:
  - (i) a National Diploma;
  - (ii) 15 modules or 2nd year part time of an Advanced Diploma; or
  - (iii) equivalent.

### (b) Vehicle industry technician Level V

(i) A Vehicle industry technician Level V means an employee who has the level of training and skills of a V10 Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level VI or equivalent so as to enable the employee to apply skills within the scope of this level. The skills exercised by the Vehicle industry technician—Level V are in the technical fields as defined by this Award

- including drafting, planning or technical tasks requiring technical knowledge.
- (ii) At this level the employee is required to exercise judgment and skill in excess of that required at Level V9.

### **B.11** V11—Vehicle industry engineering associate—Level I

- **B.11.1** A Vehicle industry engineering associate—Level I means an employee who works above and beyond a technician at Level V10 and has successfully completed third year part time (or 22 modules) of an Advanced Diploma or equivalent and is engaged in:
  - (a) making of major design drawings or graphics or performing technical duties in a specific field of engineering, laboratory or scientific practice such as research design, testing, manufacture, assembly, construction, operation, diagnostics and maintenance or equipment facilities or products, including computer software, quality processes, occupational health and safety and/or standards and plant and material security processes and like work; or
  - (b) planning of operations and/or processes including the estimation of requirements of staffing, material cost and quantities and machinery requirements, purchasing materials or components, scheduling, work, study, industrial engineering and/or materials handling process.

### **B.12** V12—Vehicle industry engineering associate—Level II

- **B.12.1** A Vehicle industry engineering associate Level II means an employee who works above and beyond a Vehicle engineering associate Level I and has successfully completed an Advanced Diploma or equivalent and is engaged in:
  - (a) performing drafting, planning or technical duties which require the exercise of judgment and skill in excess of that required by a Vehicle engineering associate Level I; or
  - (b) possesses the skills of a Vehicle engineering associate Level I in a technical field and exercises additional skills in a different technical field as defined.

## B.13 V13 Vehicle industry leading technical officer & Principal engineering trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator

**B.13.1** A Vehicle industry leading technical officer means an employee who works above and beyond an Vehicle industry engineering associate—Level II at Level V12 and has successfully completed seven modules in addition to the Advanced Diploma or equivalent. An employee at Level V13 is able to perform or co-ordinate work in more than one engineering, scientific or technical field as defined, or performs duties in a technical, engineering or scientific field which requires the exercise of judgment and/or skill in excess of that required of a Vehicle industry engineering associate—Level II.

### (a) Principal engineering trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator

(i) A Vehicle industry principal trainer/supervisor/co ordinator means a trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator who has completed an Advanced Diploma

of which 15 modules are supervision/training modules or equivalent and who when engaged in this level:

- possesses a sound knowledge of occupational health and safety, industrial relations, and communications processes and is able to use this knowledge in training and leading work of others; and
- possesses a general knowledge and awareness of the administrative, business, and marketing strategies of the enterprise.
- (ii) Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are as follows:
  - plans, writes and delivers training programs for all engineering/production employees, apprentices, trainees, trade and lower technical levels; and
  - plans and directs the work of engineering/production employees especially in new work organisation environments e.g. group work arrangements, CIM production techniques.

### **B.14** V14 Vehicle industry principal technical officer

- **B.14.1** A Vehicle industry principal technical officer works above and beyond an employee at the V13 level and who has successfully completed 15 modules of accredited training in addition to an Advanced Diploma or equivalent. Within organisational policy guidelines and objectives a principal technical officer:
  - (a) performs work requiring mature technical knowledge involving a high degree of autonomy, originality and independent judgment;
  - (b) looks after and is responsible for projects and co-ordinating such projects with other areas of the organisation as required by the operation of the organisation;
  - (c) is responsible for the co-ordination of general and specialist employees engaged on projects requiring complex and specialised knowledge;
  - (d) plans and implements those programs necessary to achieve the objectives of a particular project;
  - (e) in the performance of the above functions, applies knowledge and/or guidance relevant in any or all of the fields of designing, planning and technical work as required by the company's operation; and
  - (f) operates within broad statements of objectives without requiring detailed instructions;

<del>OR</del>

- (g) performs work at the above level of skill in a particular technical field;
- (h) has as the overriding feature of their employment the ability to perform creative, original work of a highly complex and sophisticated nature; and
- (i) provides specialised technical guidance to other employees performing work within the same technical field.

### **B.14.2** Vehicle industry trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator—Level I

A trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator Level I is an employee who is responsible for the work of other employees and/or provision of structured on the job training. Such an employee has completed nine modules in supervision and/or training.

### **B.14.3** Vehicle industry trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator—Level II

A trainer/supervisor/co ordinator Level II is an employee who is responsible for supervision and/or training of trainer/supervisor/co-ordinator Level I. Such an employee has completed 15 modules appropriate to supervision and/or training.

### **B.15** Driver classifications

#### **B.15.1** Vehicle industry driver—Level I—D1

- (a) Vehicle industry driver Level I means an employee who is a driver Gross Vehicle Mass (GVM) 8 to 11 tonnes.
- (b) Existing classification—motor vehicle driver 8 to 11 tonnes.

### **B.15.2** Vehicle industry driver—Level II—D2

- (a) Vehicle industry driver Level II means an employee who is a driver GVM 12 tonnes or greater.
- (b) Existing classification motor vehicle driver 11 tonnes and above.

### **B.15.3** Vehicle Industry Driver Level III D3

- (a) Vehicle industry driver—Level III means an employee who is a driver of articulated vehicles up to 25 tonnes.
- (b) Existing classification—driver articulated vehicle 9 tonnes and over.

#### **B.15.4** Vehicle Industry Driver Level IV D4

(a) Vehicle industry driver Level IV means an employee who is a driver of articulated vehicles over 25 tonnes.

### Schedule B—Summary of Hourly Rates of Pay

### **B.1** Full-time and part-time RS&R employees

B.1.1 Full-time and part-time adult RS&R employees—ordinary and penalty rates

Employee classification	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays
		% of minimum	m hourly rate	
	100%	150%	200%	250%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 1	17.29	25.94	34.58	43.23
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 2	17.79	26.69	35.58	44.48
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 3	18.47	27.71	36.94	46.18
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 4	19.10	28.65	38.20	47.75
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 5	19.57	29.36	39.14	48.93
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level I	20.13	30.20	40.26	50.33
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level II	22.02	33.03	44.04	55.05
Driver				
Forklift				
Mobile crane	19.10	28.65	38.20	47.75
Commercial vehicle under 8 tonnes	17.10	20.03	30.20	71.13
Tow truck – Class 1, 2 & 3				
Driver				
Articulated vehicle – Makers capacity up to and including 10 tonnes	19.83	29.75	39.66	49.58
<b>Driver</b> Tow truck – Class 4	20.13	30.20	40.26	50.33

**B.1.2** Full-time and part-time adult RS&R employees—shiftwork rates

B.1.2 Full-time and part-time adult RS&R employees—shiftwork rates						
Employee classification	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts	
		% of	minimum hou	ırly rate		
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee— Level 1	20.40	22.48	20.75	19.45	25.94	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee— Level 2	20.99	23.13	21.35	20.01	26.69	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee— Level 3	21.79	24.01	22.16	20.78	27.71	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee— Level 4	22.54	24.83	22.92	21.49	28.65	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee— Level 5	23.09	25.44	23.48	22.02	29.36	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee— tradesperson or equivalent Level I	23.75	26.17	24.16	22.65	30.20	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee— tradesperson or equivalent Level II	25.98	28.63	26.42	24.77	33.03	

Employee classification	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of	minimum hou	ırly rate	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Driver					
Forklift					
Mobile crane					
Commercial vehicle under 8 tonnes	22.54	24.83	22.92	21.49	28.65
Tow truck – Class 1, 2 & 3					
Driver					
Articulated vehicle – Makers capacity up to and including 10 tonnes	23.40	25.78	23.80	22.31	29.75
Driver					
Tow truck – Class 4	23.75	26.17	24.16	22.65	30.20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

B.1.3 Full-time and part-time adult RS&R employees—overtime rates

Employee classification	Monday to	<b>Monday to Saturday</b>		Public	
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays	
	% of minimum hourly rate				
	150%	200%	200%	250%	
	\$ \$		\$	\$	
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 1	25.94	34.58	34.58	43.23	

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Employee classification	Monday to	o Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		nonuays
		% of minimum	n hourly rate	
	150%	200%	200%	250%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 2	26.69	35.58	35.58	44.48
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 3	27.71	36.94	36.94	46.18
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 4	28.65	38.20	38.20	47.75
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 5	29.36	39.14	39.14	48.93
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level I	30.20	40.26	40.26	50.33
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level II	33.03	44.04	44.04	55.05
Driver				
Forklift				
Mobile crane	28.65	38.20	38.20	47.75
Commercial vehicle under 8 tonnes			· <del>- •</del>	
Tow truck – Class 1, 2 & 3				
Driver				
Articulated vehicle – Makers capacity up to and including 10 tonnes	29.75	39.66	39.66	49.58
<b>Driver</b> Tow truck – Class 4	30.20	40.26	40.26	50.33

### B.1.5 Full-time and part-time junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 1 rate

The **junior hourly rate** (Level 1) is based on a percentage of the Level 1 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6(a).

### (a) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 1 rate—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays					
		% of junior hourly rate (Level 1)							
	100%	100% 150% 200%							
	\$	\$	\$	\$					
16 years or under	8.21	12.32	16.42	20.53					
17 years	8.64	12.96	17.28	21.60					
18 years	10.80	16.20	21.60	27.00					
19 year	12.97	19.46	25.94	32.43					
20 years	15.13	22.70	30.26	37.83					

### (b) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 1 rate—shiftwork rates

Age	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts		
	% of junior hourly rate (Level 1)						
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
16 years or under	9.69	10.67	9.85	9.24	12.32		
17 years	10.20	11.23	10.37	9.72	12.96		
18 years	12.74	14.04	12.96	12.15	16.20		
19 year	15.30	16.86	15.56	14.59	19.46		
20 years	17.85	19.67	18.16	17.02	22.70		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

### (c) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 1 rate—overtime

Age	Monday to	Saturday	Sunday	Public			
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays			
	% of junior hourly rate (Level 1)						
	150%	200%	200%	250% \$			
	\$	\$	\$				
16 years or under	12.32	16.42	16.42	20.53			
17 years	12.96	17.28	17.28	21.60			
18 years	16.20	21.60	21.60	27.00			
19 year	19.46	25.94	25.94	32.43			
20 years	22.70	30.26	30.26	37.83			

### **B.1.6** Junior employees—percentage of Level 4 rate

The **junior hourly rate** (Level 4) is based on a percentage of the Level 4 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6.

### (a) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 4 rate—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays			
	% of junior hourly rate (Level 4)						
	100%	150%	200%	250%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$			
16 years or under	9.07	13.61	18.14	22.68			
17 years	9.55	14.33	19.10	23.88			
18 years	11.94	17.91	23.88	29.85			
19 year	14.33	21.50	28.66	35.83			
20 years	16.71	25.07	33.42	41.78			

### (b) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 4 rate—shiftwork rates

Age	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts			
		% of junior hourly rate (Level 4)						
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
16 years or under	10.70	11.79	10.88	10.20	13.61			
17 years	11.27	12.42	11.46	10.74	14.33			
18 years	14.09	15.52	14.33	13.43	17.91			
19 year	16.91	18.63	17.20	16.12	21.50			
20 years	19.72	21.72	20.05	18.80	25.07			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

### (c) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 4 rate—overtime

Age	Monday to	o Saturday	Sunday	Public		
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays		
	% of junior hourly rate (Level 4)					
	150%	200%	200%	250% \$		
	\$	\$	\$			
16 years or under	13.61	18.14	18.14	22.68		
17 years	14.33	19.10	19.10	23.88		
18 years	17.91	23.88	23.88	29.85		
19 year	21.50	28.66	28.66	35.83		
20 years	25.07	33.42	33.42	41.78		

### **B.1.7** Full-time and part-time junior RS&R driver employees

The **junior hourly rate (drivers)** is based on a percentage of the Level 4 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.7.

### (a) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R driver employees—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays	
		% of junior hou	rly rate (driver	s)	
	100%	250%			
	\$ \$		\$	\$	
Drivers of commo	ercial vehicles u	inder 8 tonnes a	nd tow trucks -	- classes 1, 2 &	
Under 19 years	13.37	20.06	26.74	33.43	
19 years	15.28	22.92	30.56	38.20	
Drivers of tow tr	ucks – class 4				
Under 19 years	14.09	21.14	28.18	35.23	
19 years	16.10	24.15	32.20	40.25	

(b) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R driver employees—shiftwork rates

Age	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts				
		% of junior hourly rate (drivers)							
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%				
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				
Drivers of o	commercial ve	hicles unde	r 8 tonnes and	tow trucks –	classes 1, 2 & 3				
Under 19 years	15.78	17.38	16.04	15.04	20.06				
19 years	18.03	19.86	18.34	17.19	22.92				
Drivers of t	ow trucks – cl	ass 4							
Under 19 years	16.63	18.32	16.91	15.85	21.14				
19 years	19.00	20.93	19.32	18.11	24.15				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

(c) Full-time and part-time junior RS&R driver employees—overtime

Age	Monday to	Saturday	Sunday Pu			
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays		
	% of junior hourly rate (drivers)					
	150%	200%	200%	250%		
	\$	\$ \$		\$		
Drivers of comme	ercial vehicles und	er 8 tonnes and to	ow trucks – cla	asses 1, 2 & 3		
Under 19 years	20.06	26.74	26.74	33.43		
19 years	22.92	30.56	30.56	38.20		
Drivers of tow tru	ıcks – class 4					
Under 19 years	21.14	28.18	28.18	35.23		
19 years	24.15	32.20	32.20	40.25		

### **B.2** Casual RS&R employees

B.2.1 Casual adult RS&R employees—ordinary and penalty rates

Employee classification	Monday to Friday		Saturday	Sunday	Public
	6.00 am to 6.00 pm	6.00pm to 6.00 am			holidays
		% of mi	nimum hourl	y rate	
	125%	150%	175%	225%	275%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 1	21.61	25.94	30.26	38.90	47.55
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 2	22.24	26.69	31.13	40.03	48.92
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 3	23.09	27.71	32.32	41.56	50.79
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 4	23.88	28.65	33.43	42.98	52.53
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—Level 5	24.46	29.36	34.25	44.03	53.82
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level I	25.16	30.20	35.23	45.29	55.36
Vehicle RS&R industry employee—tradesperson or equivalent Level II	27.53	33.03	38.54	49.55	60.56
Driver					
Forklift					
Mobile crane	23.88	28.65	33.43	42.98	52.53
Commercial vehicle under 8 tonnes	23.00	20.03	33.73	12.70	32.33
Fow truck – Class 1, 2 & 3					
Driver					
Articulated vehicle – Makers capacity up to and including 10 tonnes	24.79	29.75	34.70	44.62	54.53
<b>Driver</b> Fow truck – Class 4	25.16	30.20	35.23	45.29	55.36

### B.2.2 Casual junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 1 rate

The **junior hourly rate** (Level 1) is based on a percentage of the Level 1 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6(a).

(a) Casual junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 1 rate—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Monday to Friday		Saturday	Sunday	Public			
	6.00 am to 6.00 pm	6.00pm to 6.00 am			holidays			
	% of junior hourly rate (Level 1)							
	125%	150%	175%	225%	275%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
16 years and under	10.26	12.32	14.37	18.47	22.58			
17 years	10.80	12.96	15.12	19.44	23.76			
18 years	13.50	16.20	18.90	24.30	29.70			
19 years	16.21	19.46	22.70	29.18	35.67			
20 years	18.91	22.70	26.48	34.04	41.61			

### B.2.3 Casual junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 4 rate

The **junior hourly rate** (Level 4) is based on a percentage of the Level 1 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6.

(a) Casual junior RS&R employees—percentage of Level 4 rate—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Monday to Friday		Saturday	Sunday	Public			
	6.00 am to 6.00 pm	6.00pm to 6.00 am			holidays			
	% of junior hourly rate (Level 4)							
	125%	150%	175%	225%	275%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
16 years and under	11.34	13.61	15.87	20.41	24.94			
17 years	11.94	14.33	16.71	21.49	26.26			
18 years	14.93	17.91	20.90	26.87	32.84			
19 years	17.91	21.50	25.08	32.24	39.41			
20 years	20.89	25.07	29.24	37.60	45.95			

### **B.2.4** Casual junior RS&R driver employees

The **junior hourly rate (drivers)** is based on a percentage of the Level 4 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.7.

(a) Casual junior RS&R drivers—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Ordinar	Ordinary hours		Sunday	Public holidays			
	6.00 am to 6.00 pm	6.00pm to 6.00 am			nonuays			
		% of junior hourly rate (drivers)						
	125%	150%	175%	225%	275%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Drivers of co	ommercial vehi	cles under 8 t	connes and to	w trucks – cl	asses 1, 2 & 3			
Under 19 years	16.71	20.06	23.40	30.08	36.77			
19 years	19.10	22.92	26.74	34.38	42.02			
Drivers of to	ow trucks – clas	s 4						
Under 19 years	17.61	21.14	24.66	31.70	38.75			
19 years	20.13	24.15	28.18	36.23	44.28			

## **B.3** Full-time and part-time console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants

**B.3.1** Full-time and part-time adult console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants—ordinary and penalty rates

Classification	Ordinary hours	Saturday after midday	Sunday	Public holidays		
	% of minimum hourly rate					
	100%	150%	150%	200%		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
RS&R Level 1 Driveway attendant	17.29	25.94	25.94	34.58		
RS&R Level 2 Roadhouse attendant (when required to cook takeaway)	17.79	26.69	26.69	35.58		
RS&R Level 4	19.10	28.65	28.65	38.20		

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Classification	Ordinary hours	Saturday after midday	Sunday	Public holidays			
	% of minimum hourly rate						
	100%	150%	150%	200%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Roadhouse attendant (engaged primarily to cook other than takeaway)							
Driveway attendant operating a console							
Console operator							

**B.3.2** Full-time and part-time adult console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants—shiftwork rates

ID1	A C4	NI: 1.4 1.164	A 14 4* :	A 14 4*	A P4
Employee classification	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of	minimum hou	ırly rate	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
RS&R Level 1					
Driveway attendant	20.40	22.48	20.75	19.45	25.94
RS&R Level 2					
Roadhouse attendant (when required to cook takeaway)	20.99	23.13	21.35	20.01	26.69
RS&R Level 4					
Roadhouse attendant (engaged primarily to cook other than takeaway)	22.54	24.83	22.92	21.49	28.65
Driveway attendant operating a console					
Console operator					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

**B.3.3** Full-time and part-time adult console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants—overtime rates

Employee classification	Monday to	o Saturday	Sundays	Public		
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays		
	% of minimum hourly rate					
	150% 200% 200% 20					
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
RS&R Level 1 Driveway attendant	25.94	34.58	34.58	34.58		
RS&R Level 2 Roadhouse attendant (when required to cook takeaway)	26.69	35.58	35.58	35.58		
RS&R Level 4						
Roadhouse attendant (engaged primarily to cook other than takeaway)	28.65	38.20	38.20	38.20		
Driveway attendant operating a console						
Console operator						

### **B.3.4** Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking takeaway food—percentage of Level 1 rate

The **junior hourly rate** (Level 1) is based on a percentage of the Level 1 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6(a).

(a) Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking takeaway food—percentage of Level 1 rate—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays
	•	1)		
	100%	150%	150%	200%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
16 years or under	8.21	12.32	12.32	16.42
17 years	8.64	12.96	12.96	17.28
18 years	10.80	16.20	16.20	21.60
19 year	12.97	19.46	19.46	25.94

Age	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays		
	% of junior hourly rate (Level 1)					
	100%	150%	150%	200%		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
20 years	15.13	22.70	22.70	30.26		

# (b) Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking takeaway food—percentage of Level 1 rate—shiftwork rates

Age	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of	junior hourly	rate (Level 1)	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
16 years or under	9.69	10.67	9.85	9.24	12.32
17 years	10.20	11.23	10.37	9.72	12.96
18 years	12.74	14.04	12.96	12.15	16.20
19 year	15.30	16.86	15.56	14.59	19.46
20 years	17.85	19.67	18.16	17.02	22.70

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking takeaway food—percentage of Level 1 rate—overtime

Age	Monday to	Saturday	Sunday Publi	
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays
	Q	% of junior hour		)
	150%	200%	200%	200%
	\$	\$	\$	\$

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Age	Monday to	y to Saturday Sunday		Public				
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays				
	0	% of junior hourly rate (Level 1)						
	150%	200%	200%	200%				
	\$	\$	\$	\$				
16 years or under	12.32	16.42	16.42	16.42				
17 years	12.96	17.28	17.28	17.28				
18 years	16.20	21.60	21.60	21.60				
19 year	19.46	25.94	25.94	25.94				
20 years	22.70	30.26	30.26	30.26				

# B.3.5 Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking other than takeaway food—percentage of Level 4 rate

The **junior hourly rate** (Level 4) is based on a percentage of the Level 4 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6.

(a) Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking other than takeaway food—percentage of Level 4 rate —ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays				
		% of junior hourly rate (Level 4)						
	100%	150%	150%	200%				
	\$	\$	\$	\$				
16 years or under	9.07	13.61	13.61	18.14				
17 years	9.55	14.33	14.33	19.10				
18 years	11.94	17.91	17.91	23.88				
19 year	14.33	21.50	21.50	28.66				
20 years	16.71	25.07	25.07	33.42				

# (b) Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking other than takeaway food—percentage of Level 4 rate—shiftwork rates

Age	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of	junior hourly	rate (Level 4)	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
16 years or under	10.70	11.79	10.88	10.20	13.61
17 years	11.27	12.42	11.46	10.74	14.33
18 years	14.09	15.52	14.33	13.43	17.91
19 year	16.91	18.63	17.20	16.12	21.50
20 years	19.72	21.72	20.05	18.80	25.07

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

# (c) Full-time and part-time junior console operators, driveway attendants and roadhouse attendants cooking other than takeaway food—percentage of Level 4 rate—overtime

Age	Monday to	o Saturday	Sunday	Public	
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays	
	0	% of junior hourl	y rate (Level 4	l)	
	150%	200% 200%		200%	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
16 years or under	13.61	18.14	18.14	18.14	
17 years	14.33	19.10	19.10	19.10	
18 years	17.91	23.88	23.88	23.88	
19 year	21.50	28.66	28.66	28.66	
20 years	25.07	33.42	33.42	33.42	

# B.4 Casual rates for driveway attendants, roadhouse attendants and console operators

**B.4.1** A person employed on a casual basis principally to perform the duties of a driveway attendant, will be paid as follows:

	20 years & over	19 years	18 years	17 years	16 years & under
		%	of adult ra	ite	
	100%	75%	62.5%	50%	47.5%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Monday to Friday	22.77	17.08	14.23	11.39	10.82
Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays	29.71	22.28	18.57	14.86	14.11
Overtime for any hours worked in excess of 10 hours per day or an average of 38 hours per week will be paid in addition	12.69	9.52	7.93	6.35	6.03

**B.4.2** A person employed on a casual basis principally to perform the duties of a roadhouse attendant (except as in clause) will be paid as follows:

	20 years & over	19 years	18 years	17 years	16 years & under
		9/	% of adult r	ate	
	100%	75%	62.5%	50%	47.5%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Monday to Friday	23.44	17.58	14.65	11.72	11.13
Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays	30.58	22.94	19.11	15.29	14.53
Overtime for any hours worked in excess of 10 hours per day or an average of 38 hours per week will be paid in addition	16.05	9.79	8.16	6.53	6.20

**B.4.3** A person employed on a casual basis principally to perform duties of a console operator, or roadhouse attendant if engaged to primarily cook other than takeaway meals, will be paid as follows:

	20 years & over	19 years	18 years	17 years	16 years & under
		9/	6 of adult r	ate	
	100%	75%	62.5%	50%	47.5%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Monday to Friday	25.05	18.79	15.66	12.53	11.90
Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays	32.56	24.42	20.35	16.28	15.47
Overtime for any hours worked in excess of 10 hours per day or an average of 38 hours per week will be paid in addition	14.21	10.66	8.88	7.11	6.75

## B.5 Junior apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014

The **junior apprentice hourly rate** is based on a percentage of the RS&R Level 6 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.9(b).

B.5.1 Junior apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014—ordinary and penalty rates

02 022 1 022								
Year	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays				
	9/	% of junior apprentice hourly rate						
	100%	150%	200%	250%				
	\$	\$	\$	\$				
Stage 1 or 1st year	8.45	12.68	16.90	21.13				
Stage 2 or 2nd year	11.07	16.61	22.14	27.68				
Stage 3 or 3rd year	15.10	22.65	30.20	37.75				
Stage 4 or 4th year	17.71	26.57	35.42	44.28				

B.5.2 Junior apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014—shiftwork rates

Year	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of jun	ior apprentice	hourly rate	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Stage 1 or 1st year	9.97	10.99	10.14	9.51	12.68
Stage 2 or 2nd year	13.06	14.39	13.28	12.45	16.61
Stage 3 or 3rd year	17.82	19.63	18.12	16.99	22.65
Stage 4 or 4th year	20.90	23.02	21.25	19.92	26.57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

B.5.3 Junior apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014—overtime rates

Year	Monday to	o Saturday	Sunday	Public			
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays			
	% of junior apprentice hourly rate						
	150%	200%	200%	250%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Stage 1 or 1st year	12.68	16.90	16.90	21.13			
Stage 2 or 2nd year	16.61	22.14	22.14	27.68			
Stage 3 or 3rd year	22.65	30.20	30.20	37.75			
Stage 4 or 4th year	26.57	35.42	35.42	44.28			

# B.6 Junior apprentice RS&R Employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014

The **junior apprentice hourly rate** is based on a percentage of the RS&R Level 6 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.9(c).

**B.6.1** Junior apprentice RS&R employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014—ordinary and penalty rates

Year	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays
	9/	of junior appro	entice hourly ra	ite
	100%	150%	200%	250%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Has not completed year	12	A		
Stage 1 or 1st year	10.07	15.11	20.14	25.18
Stage 2 or 2nd year	12.08	18.12	24.16	30.20
Stage 3 or 3rd year	15.10	22.65	30.20	37.75
Stage 4 or 4th year	17.71	26.57	35.42	44.28
Has completed year 12				
Stage 1 or 1st year	11.07	16.61	22.14	27.68
Stage 2 or 2nd year	13.08	19.62	26.16	32.70
Stage 3 or 3rd year	15.10	22.65	30.20	37.75
Stage 4 or 4th year	17.71	26.57	35.42	44.28

B.6.2 Junior apprentice RS&R employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014—shiftwork rates

Year	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of jun	ior apprentice	hourly rate	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Has not complete	ted year 12				
Stage 1 or 1st year	11.88	13.09	12.08	11.33	15.11
Stage 2 or 2nd	14.25	15.70	14.50	13.59	18.12

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Year	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of jun	ior apprentice	hourly rate	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
year					
Stage 3 or 3rd year	17.82	19.63	18.12	16.99	22.65
Stage 4 or 4th year	20.90	23.02	21.25	19.92	26.57
Has completed y	year 12				
Stage 1 or 1st year	13.06	14.39	13.28	12.45	16.61
Stage 2 or 2nd year	15.43	17.00	15.70	14.72	19.62
Stage 3 or 3rd year	17.82	19.63	18.12	16.99	22.65
Stage 4 or 4th year	20.90	23.02	21.25	19.92	26.57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

**B.6.3** Junior apprentice RS&R employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014—overtime rates

Year	Monday to	Saturday	Sunday	Public				
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays				
	9/	% of junior apprentice hourly rate						
	150%	150% 200% 200%						
	\$	\$	\$	\$				
Has not completed year	12							
Stage 1 or 1st year	15.11	20.14	20.14	25.18				
Stage 2 or 2nd year	18.12	24.16	24.16	30.20				
Stage 3 or 3rd year	22.65	30.20	30.20	37.75				
Stage 4 or 4th year	26.57	35.42	35.42	44.28				
Has completed year 12								
Stage 1 or 1st year	16.61	22.14	22.14	27.68				
Stage 2 or 2nd year	19.62	26.16	26.16	32.70				
Stage 3 or 3rd year	22.65	30.20	30.20	37.75				
Stage 4 or 4th year	26.57	35.42	35.42	44.28				

# B.7 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014

The **adult apprentice hourly rate** is based on a percentage of the RS&R Level 6 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.10(b).

B.7.1 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014—ordinary and penalty rates

Year	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays
	9,	% of adult appre	ntice hourly ra	te
	100%	150%	200%	250% \$
	\$	\$	\$	
Stage 1 or 1st year	15.26	22.89	30.52	38.15
Stage 2 or 2nd year	17.29	25.94	34.58	43.23
Stage 3 or 3rd year	17.79	26.69	35.58	44.48
Stage 4 or 4th year	18.47	27.71	36.94	46.18
Thereafter	20.13	30.20	40.26	50.33

### B.7.2 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014—shiftwork rates

Year	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of ad	ult apprentice	hourly rate	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Stage 1 or 1st year	18.01	19.84	18.31	17.17	22.89
Stage 2 or 2nd year	20.40	22.48	20.75	19.45	25.94
Stage 3 or 3rd year	20.99	23.13	21.35	20.01	26.69
Stage 4 or 4th year	21.79	24.01	22.16	20.78	27.71
Thereafter	23.75	26.17	24.16	22.65	30.20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

### B.7.3 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing prior to 1 January 2014—overtime rates

Year	Monday to	o Saturday	Sunday	Public			
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays			
	% of adult apprentice hourly rate						
	150%	200%	<b>200%</b>	250% \$			
	\$	\$					
Stage 1 or 1st year	22.89	30.52	30.52	38.15			
Stage 2 or 2nd year	25.94	34.58	34.58	43.23			
Stage 3 or 3rd year	26.69	35.58	35.58	44.48			
Stage 4 or 4th year	27.71	36.94	36.94	46.18			
Thereafter	30.20	40.26	40.26	50.33			

# B.8 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014

The **adult apprentice hourly rate** is based on a percentage of the RS&R Level 6 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.10(c).

B.8.1 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014—ordinary and penalty rates

Year	Ordinary hours	Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays
	9,	ntice hourly ra	te	
	100%	150%	200%	250%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Stage 1 or 1st year	16.10	24.15	32.20	40.25
Stage 2 or 2nd year	17.29	25.94	34.58	43.23
Stage 3 or 3rd year	17.79	26.69	35.58	44.48
Stage 4 or 4th year	18.47	27.71	36.94	46.18
Thereafter	20.13	30.20	40.26	50.33

B.8.2 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014—shiftwork rates

Year	Afternoon shift only	Night shift only	Alternating afternoon and night shifts	Alternating day shifts <sup>1</sup>	Afternoon or night shift that does not continue for at least 5 successive shifts
		% of ad	ult apprentice	hourly rate	
	118%	130%	120%	112.5%	150%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Stage 1 or 1st year	19.00	20.93	19.32	18.11	24.15
Stage 2 or 2nd year	20.40	22.48	20.75	19.45	25.94
Stage 3 or 3rd year	20.99	23.13	21.35	20.01	26.69
Stage 4 or 4th year	21.79	24.01	22.16	20.78	27.71
Thereafter	23.75	26.17	24.16	22.65	30.20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Alternating day and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for night shift); alternating day, afternoon and night shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon and night shifts); alternating day and afternoon shifts (for ordinary hours worked for afternoon shifts).

B.8.3 Adult apprentice RS&R employees commencing on or after 1 January 2014—overtime rates

Overtime races							
Year	Monday to	Monday to Saturday		Public			
	First 3 hours	After 3 hours		holidays			
	% of adult apprentice hourly rate						
	150%	200%	200%	250%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Stage 1 or 1st year	24.15	32.20	32.20	40.25			
Stage 2 or 2nd year	25.94	34.58	34.58	43.23			
Stage 3 or 3rd year	26.69	35.58	35.58	44.48			
Stage 4 or 4th year	27.71	36.94	36.94	46.18			
Thereafter	30.20	40.26	40.26	50.33			

### **B.9** RS&R Vehicle Sales Employees

### **B.9.1** Full-time, part-time and casual adult RS&R vehicle sales employees—ordinary and penalty rates

	Full-time and part-time employees	Casual employees		
	All hours <sup>2</sup>	Monday to Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays
		% of minimum	hourly rate	
	100%	125%	125% + 100% of standard hourly rate	275%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
RS&R Level 4 Vehicle salesperson (less than 6 months experience)	19.10	23.88	44.01	52.53
RS&R Level 6 Vehicle salesperson (more than 6 months experience)	20.13	25.16	45.29	55.36

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Full-time and part-time employees are entitled to the additional payments specified in clause 24.3 for work performed on Sundays, RDOs or half-days off, and public holidays.

### **B.9.2** Full-time, part-time and casual junior RS&R vehicle sales employees—ordinary and penalty rates

The **junior hourly rate** is based on a percentage of:

- for junior employees with less than six months experience—the Level 1 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6(a).; and
- for junior employees with more than six months experience—the Level 4 adult rate in accordance with clause 11.6.

Age	Full-time and part-time employees	Casual employees					
	All hours <sup>2</sup>	Monday to Saturday	Sunday	Public holidays			
	% of junior hourly rate						
	100%	125%	125% + 100% of standard hourly rate	275%			
	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Junior employees w	ith less than six m	onths experien	ce				
16 years and under	8.21	10.26	30.39	22.58			
17 years	8.64	10.80	30.93	23.76			
18 years	10.80	13.50	33.63	29.70			
19 years	12.97	16.21	36.34	35.67			
20 years	15.13	18.91	39.04	41.61			
Junior employees w	ith more than six	months experie	ence				
16 years and under	9.07	11.34	31.47	24.94			
17 years	9.55	11.94	32.07	26.26			
18 years	11.94	14.93	35.06	32.84			
19 years	14.33	17.91	38.04	39.41			
20 years	16.71	20.89	41.02	45.95			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Full-time and part-time employees are entitled to the additional payments specified in clause 24.3 for work performed on Sundays, RDOs or half-days off, and public holidays.

# **Schedule C—Summary of Monetary Allowances**

See clauses 11.4, 14, 15, and 24.6, 42, and 50 for full details of allowances payable under this award.

# C.1 All employees

The following allowances are payable to eligible employees employed under all sections of this award unless otherwise specified.

## C.1.1 Wage related allowances—all employees

The following wage-related allowances are based on the weekly or hourly standard rate as defined in Schedule A—Definitions as the minimum weekly or hourly rate for a Level R6—Vehicle Industry RS&R tradesperson (or equivalent) Level I (hourly = \$20.13 or weekly = \$764.90).

φ <b>20.13</b> 01 wcckly –φ/ <b>04.70</b> ).				
Allowance	Clause	% of hourly standard rate	% of weekly standard rate	\$ per week unless stated otherwise
		(\$20.13)	(\$764.90)	
Leading hand in charge of:	14.2			
3 to 10 employees	-	-	4.34	33.20
11 to 20 employees	-	-	6.54	50.02
More than 20 employees	-	-	8.31	63.56
Inspector's allowance (paid in excess of wage payable to employee whose work is inspected)	16.3	-	4.08	<del>31.21</del>
Carpenters' allowance	16.4	1.25		0.25 per hour
First aid allowance	14.3	-	2.00	15.30
Driver handling money:	14.4(b)	-	-	
Up to \$20		7.69	-	1.55
Over \$20 to \$200	-	14.06	-	2.83
Over \$200 to \$600	-	26.64	-	5.36
Over \$600 to \$1000	-	33.79	-	6.80
Over \$1000	-	47.79	-	9.62
Confined spaces allowance	14.5	3.69	-	0.74 per hour
Dirty work allowance	14.6(a)	2.86	-	0.58 per hour
Dirty work—minimum per day or shift	14.6(b)	11.20	-	2.25 per day or shift

Allowance	Clause	% of hourly standard rate	% of weekly standard rate	\$ per week unless stated otherwise
		(\$20.13)	(\$764.90)	
Hot places allowance:	14.7			
Temperature artificially raised to between 46 and 54°C	14.7(a)(i)	2.86	-	0.58 per hour
Temperature artificially raised over 54°C	14.7(a)(ii)	3.69	-	0.74 per hour
Wet places allowance	14.8	2.56	_	0.52 per hour
Handling glass or slag wool	14.9	3.69	-	0.74 per hour
Handling garbage—vehicle driver or assistant	14.10	2.86	-	0.58 per hour
Working on uncleaned vehicle used for livestock transport	14.11	2.86	-	0.58 per hour
Slicking with carbon black and hand spraying tyres	14.12	4.29	-	0.86 per day
Height money	<del>16.15</del>	2.21	_	0.44 per hour
Large tyre fitting—offsite	14.13	4.23	-	0.85 per day
Engaged in boiler house	<del>16.17</del>	5.78	_	1.16 per hour
Electric generators or dynamos boiler attendant or fireperson	16.18	-	4.01	<del>30.67</del>
Fork-lifts or cranes—two or more in one lift	14.14	-	0.29	2.22 per day
Foundry allowance	<del>16.20</del>	<del>2.26</del>	_	0.45 per hour

C.1.2 Expense related allowances—all employees

	Jiipio j e e s	
Allowance	Clause	\$
Tool allowance:		
Tradesperson Section 1	15.5(a)	11.38 per week
Tradesperson Section 2	<del>17.1(b)</del>	14.71 per week
Apprentices—Vehicle Industry RS&R Employees:	15.5(b)	
Level 1 or 1st year	-	4.83 per week
Level 2 or 2nd year	-	6.23 per week
Level 3 or 3rd year	-	8.59 per week

Allowance	Clause	\$
Level 4 or 4th year	-	9.98 per week
Apprentices Vehicle  Manufacturing Employees:	<del>17.1(e)</del>	
Level 1 or 1st year		<del>6.23 per week</del>
Level 2 or 2nd year		8.05 per week
Level 3 or 3rd year		11.06 per week
Level 4 or 4th year		12.99 per week
Carpenter	<del>17.1(c)</del>	15.03 per week
Meal allowance—more than 1.5 hours' overtime—other than vehicle sales-related duties	15.1(a)	13.18 per meal
Vehicle allowance—other than vehicle sales-related duties	15.2(b)(iv)	0.78 per km
Meal allowance while travelling	15.4(b)(i)	13.18 per meal

# C.2 Vehicle industry repair, services and retail employees

# C.2.1 Wage related allowances—Vehicle industry repair, services and retail employees

The following wage-related allowances are based on the weekly or hourly standard rate as defined in Schedule A—Definitions as the minimum weekly or hourly rate for a Level R6—Vehicle Industry RS&R tradesperson (or equivalent) Level I in clause 11.2 (hourly = \$20.13 or weekly = \$764.90).

Allowance	Clause	% of hourly standard rate (\$20.13)	% of weekly standard rate (\$764.90)	\$ per week unless stated otherwise
Driver of commercial vehicle:				
Drawing an empty trailer	11.4(a)(ii)	9.36	-	1.88 per day
Drawing a loaded trailer	11.4(a)(iii)	16.92	-	3.41 per day
Driver driving:				
Commercial vehicle (per additional complete tonne over 8 tonnes)	11.4(a)(i)	-	0.19	1.45
Articulated vehicle (per additional complete tonne over 10 tonnes)	11.4(b)	-	0.18	1.38
Tow truck	11.4(c)	-	2.52	19.28

# C.2.2 Expense related allowances—Vehicle industry repair, services and retail employees

emprojecs		
Allowance	Clause	\$
Meal allowance:		
Vehicle salesperson—motor show, agricultural show, or public holiday	24.6(b)(i)	15.64 per midday or evening meal
Vehicle salesperson—showroom or car yard	24.6(b)(ii)	15.64 per meal
Use of own motor vehicle allowance—vehicle salesperson:		
Vehicle up to and including 20 hp	24.6(c)(ii)	173.51 per week plus 0.20 per km
Vehicle over 20 hp	24.6(c)(ii)	192.81 per week plus 0.23 per km
Casual use of vehicle	24.6(c)(vi)	0.78 per km

# **C.3** Vehicle manufacturing employees

# **C.3.1** Expense related allowances — Vehicle manufacturing employees

Allowance	<b>Clause</b>	<b>\$</b>
Reasonable expenses incurred while	42.4(b)	12.16 per meal
travelling – per meal		_

# C.4 Drafting, planning and technical employees

## C.4.1 Wage related allowances — Drafting, planning and technical employees

The following wage related allowances are based on the weekly standard rate as defined in Schedule G—Definitions as the minimum weekly rate for a Level V5—Vehicle industry tradesperson—Level 1 in clause 41.2= \$764.90.

Allowance	Clause	% of weekly standard rate (\$764.90)	<del>\$ per week</del>
Using technical computing equipment	<del>50.1</del>	<del>5.17</del>	<del>39.55</del>

# C.4.2 Expense related allowances — Drafting, planning and technical employees

Allowance	Clause	\$
Meal allowance more than 1.5 hours' overtime	<del>50.2(a)(i)</del>	13.18 per meal
Meal periods during economy air travel	<del>50.2(c)(v)</del>	11.11 per meal period

# C.3 Method of adjusting expense related allowances

At the time of any adjustment to the standard rate, each expense related allowance will be increased by the relevant adjustment factor. The relevant adjustment factor for this purpose is the percentage movement in the applicable index figure most recently published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics since the allowance was last adjusted.

The applicable index figure is the index figure published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics for the Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index (Cat No. 6401.0), as follows:

Allowance	Applicable Consumer Price Index figure
Meal allowance	Take away and fast foods sub-group
Tool allowance	Tools and equipment for house and garden component of the household appliances, utensils and tools sub-group
Vehicle/travel allowance	Private motoring sub-group

# Schedule D—Supported Wage System

**D.1** This schedule defines the conditions which will apply to employees who because of the effects of a disability are eligible for a supported wage under the terms of this award.

#### **D.2** In this schedule:

**approved assessor** means a person accredited by the management unit established by the Commonwealth under the supported wage system to perform assessments of an individual's productive capacity within the supported wage system

**assessment instrument** means the tool provided for under the supported wage system that records the assessment of the productive capacity of the person to be employed under the supported wage system

**disability support pension** means the Commonwealth pension scheme to provide income security for persons with a disability as provided under the *Social Security Act 1991* (Cth), as amended from time to time, or any successor to that scheme

**relevant minimum wage** means the minimum wage prescribed in this award for the class of work for which an employee is engaged

**supported wage system** (SWS) means the Commonwealth Government system to promote employment for people who cannot work at full award wages because of a disability, as documented in the Supported Wage System Handbook. The Handbook is available from the following website: <a href="https://www.jobaccess.gov.au">www.jobaccess.gov.au</a>

**SWS wage assessment agreement** means the document in the form required by the Department of Social Services that records the employee's productive capacity and agreed wage rate

## **D.3** Eligibility criteria

- **D.3.1** Employees covered by this schedule will be those who are unable to perform the range of duties to the competence level required within the class of work for which the employee is engaged under this award, because of the effects of a disability on their productive capacity and who meet the impairment criteria for receipt of a disability support pension.
- **D.3.2** This schedule does not apply to any existing employee who has a claim against the employer which is subject to the provisions of workers compensation legislation or any provision of this award relating to the rehabilitation of employees who are injured in the course of their employment.

## **D.4** Supported wage rates

**D.4.1** Employees to whom this schedule applies will be paid the applicable percentage of the relevant minimum wage according to the following schedule:

Assessed capacity (clause D.5)	Relevant minimum wage
%	%
10	10

Assessed capacity (clause D.5)	Relevant minimum wage
%	%
20	20
30	30
40	40
50	50
60	60
70	70
80	80
90	90

- **D.4.2** Provided that the minimum amount payable must be not less than \$81 per week.
- **D.4.3** Where an employee's assessed capacity is 10%, they must receive a high degree of assistance and support.

## **D.5** Assessment of capacity

- **D.5.1** For the purpose of establishing the percentage of the relevant minimum wage, the productive capacity of the employee will be assessed in accordance with the Supported Wage System by an approved assessor, having consulted the employer and employee and, if the employee so desires, a union which the employee is eligible to join.
- **D.5.2** All assessments made under this schedule must be documented in an SWS wage assessment agreement, and retained by the employer as a time and wages record in accordance with the Act.

## **D.6** Lodgement of SWS wage assessment agreement

- **D.6.1** All SWS wage assessment agreements under the conditions of this schedule, including the appropriate percentage of the relevant minimum wage to be paid to the employee, must be lodged by the employer with the Fair Work Commission.
- **D.6.2** All SWS wage assessment agreements must be agreed and signed by the employee and employer parties to the assessment. Where a union which has an interest in the award is not a party to the assessment, the assessment will be referred by the Fair Work Commission to the union by certified mail and the agreement will take effect unless an objection is notified to the Fair Work Commission within 10 working days.

# **D.7** Review of assessment

The assessment of the applicable percentage should be subject to annual or more frequent review on the basis of a reasonable request for such a review. The process of review must be in accordance with the procedures for assessing capacity under the supported wage system.

# **D.8** Other terms and conditions of employment

Where an assessment has been made, the applicable percentage will apply to the relevant minimum wage only. Employees covered by the provisions of this schedule will be entitled to the same terms and conditions of employment as other workers covered by this award on a pro rata basis.

# **D.9** Workplace adjustment

An employer wishing to employ a person under the provisions of this schedule must take reasonable steps to make changes in the workplace to enhance the employee's capacity to do the job. Changes may involve re-design of job duties, working time arrangements and work organisation in consultation with other workers in the area.

## **D.10** Trial period

- **D.10.1** In order for an adequate assessment of the employee's capacity to be made, an employer may employ a person under the provisions of this schedule for a trial period not exceeding 12 weeks, except that in some cases additional work adjustment time (not exceeding four weeks) may be needed.
- **D.10.2** During that trial period the assessment of capacity will be undertaken and the percentage of the relevant minimum wage for a continuing employment relationship will be determined.
- **D.10.3** The minimum amount payable to the employee during the trial period must be no less than \$81 per week.
- **D.10.4** Work trials should include induction or training as appropriate to the job being trialled.
- **D.10.5** Where the employer and employee wish to establish a continuing employment relationship following the completion of the trial period, a further contract of employment will be entered into based on the outcome of assessment under clause D.5.

# Schedule E—School-based Apprentices

- **E.1** This schedule applies to school-based apprentices. A school-based apprentice is a person who is undertaking an apprenticeship in accordance with this schedule while also undertaking a course of secondary education.
- **E.2** A school-based apprenticeship may be undertaken in the trades covered by this award under a training agreement or contract of training for an apprentice declared or recognised by the relevant State or Territory authority.
- **E.3** The relevant minimum wages for full-time junior and adult apprentices provided for in this award, calculated hourly, will apply to school-based apprentices for total hours worked including time deemed to be spent in off-the-job training.
- **E.4** For the purposes of clause E.3, where an apprentice is a full-time school student, the time spent in off-the-job training for which the apprentice must be paid is 25% of the actual hours worked each week on-the-job. The wages paid for training time may be averaged over the semester or year.
- **E.5** A school-based apprentice must be allowed, over the duration of the apprenticeship, the same amount of time to attend off-the-job training as an equivalent full-time apprentice.
- **E.6** For the purposes of this schedule, off-the-job training is structured training delivered by a Registered Training Organisation separate from normal work duties or general supervised practice undertaken on the job.
- **E.7** The duration of the apprenticeship must be as specified in the training agreement or contract for each apprentice but must not exceed six years.
- **E.8** School-based apprentices progress through the relevant wage scale at the rate of 12 months progression for each two years of employment as an apprentice or at the rate of competency-based progression, if provided for in this award.
- **E.9** The apprentice wage scales are based on a standard full-time apprenticeship of four years (unless the apprenticeship is of three years duration) or stages of competency based progression, if provided for in this award. The rate of progression reflects the average rate of skill acquisition expected from the typical combination of work and training for a school-based apprentice undertaking the applicable apprenticeship.
- **E.10** If an apprentice converts from school-based to full-time, the successful completion of competencies (if provided for in this award) and all time spent as a full-time apprentice will count for the purposes of progression through the relevant wage scale in addition to the progression achieved as a school-based apprentice.
- **E.11** School-based apprentices are entitled pro rata to all of the other conditions in this award.

# Schedule F—National Training Wage

#### F.1 Title

This is the *National Training Wage Schedule*.

#### F.2 Definitions

In this schedule:

**adult trainee** is a trainee who would qualify for the highest minimum wage in Wage Level A, B or C if covered by that wage level

approved training means the training specified in the training contract

**Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF)** is a national framework for qualifications in post-compulsory education and training

**out of school** refers only to periods out of school beyond Year 10 as at the first of January in each year and is deemed to:

- (a) include any period of schooling beyond Year 10 which was not part of or did not contribute to a completed year of schooling;
- (b) include any period during which a trainee repeats in whole or part a year of schooling beyond Year 10; and
- (c) not include any period during a calendar year in which a year of schooling is completed

**relevant State or Territory training authority** means the bodies in the relevant State or Territory which exercise approval powers in relation to traineeships and register training contracts under the relevant State or Territory vocational education and training legislation

relevant State or Territory vocational education and training legislation means the following or any successor legislation:

Australian Capital Territory: Training and Tertiary Education Act 2003;

New South Wales: Apprenticeship and Traineeship Act 2001;

Northern Territory: Northern Territory Employment and Training Act 1991;

Queensland: Vocational Education, Training and Employment Act 2000;

South Australia: Training and Skills Development Act 2008;

Tasmania: Vocational Education and Training Act 1994;

Victoria: Education and Training Reform Act 2006; or

Western Australia: Vocational Education and Training Act 1996

**trainee** is an employee undertaking a traineeship under a training contract

**traineeship** means a system of training which has been approved by the relevant State or Territory training authority, which meets the requirements of a training package developed by the relevant Industry Skills Council and endorsed by the National Quality Council, and which leads to an AQF certificate level qualification

**training contract** means an agreement for a traineeship made between an employer and an employee which is registered with the relevant State or Territory training authority

**training package** means the competency standards and associated assessment guidelines for an AQF certificate level qualification which have been endorsed for an industry or enterprise by the National Quality Council and placed on the National Training Information Service with the approval of the Commonwealth, State and Territory Ministers responsible for vocational education and training, and includes any relevant replacement training package

year 10 includes any year before Year 10

# F.3 Coverage

- **F.3.1** Subject to clauses F.3.2 to F.3.6 of this schedule, this schedule applies in respect of an employee covered by this award who is undertaking a traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate level is allocated to a wage level by clause F.7 to this schedule or by clause F.5.4 of this schedule.
- **F.3.2** This schedule only applies to AQF Certificate Level IV traineeships for which a relevant AQF Certificate Level III traineeship is listed in clause F.7 to this schedule.
- **F.3.3** This schedule does not apply to:
  - (a) the apprenticeship system;
  - (b) qualifications not identified in training packages; or
  - (c) qualifications in training packages which are not identified as appropriate for a traineeship.

Parties are asked to identify "any training program which applies to the same occupation and achieves essentially the same training outcome as an existing apprenticeship in an award as at 25 June 1997" that they consider should not be covered by this Schedule.

- **F.3.4** This schedule does not apply to qualifications not identified in training packages or to qualifications in training packages which are not identified as appropriate for a traineeship.
- **F.3.5** Where the terms and conditions of this schedule conflict with other terms and conditions of this award dealing with traineeships, the other terms and conditions of this award prevail.
- **F.3.6** At the conclusion of the traineeship, this schedule ceases to apply to the employee.

# **F.4** Types of Traineeship

The following types of traineeship are available under this schedule:

- **F.4.1** a full-time traineeship based on 38 ordinary hours per week, with 20% of ordinary hours being approved training; and
- **F.4.2** a part-time traineeship based on less than 38 ordinary hours per week, with 20% of ordinary hours being approved training solely on-the-job or partly on-the-job and partly off-the-job, or where training is fully off-the-job.

# **F.5** Minimum Wages

## F.5.1 Minimum wages for full-time traineeships

# (a) Wage Level A

Subject to clause F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a full-time AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate levels are allocated to Wage Level A by clause F.7.1 are:

	Highest year of schooling completed		
	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12
	per week	per week	per week
	\$	\$	\$
School leaver	295.10	325.00	387.20
Plus 1 year out of school	325.00	387.20	450.60
Plus 2 years out of school	387.20	450.60	524.40
Plus 3 years out of school	450.60	524.40	600.40
Plus 4 years out of school	524.40	600.40	
Plus 5 or more years out of school	600.40		

## (b) Wage Level B

Subject to clause F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a full-time AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate levels are allocated to Wage Level B by clause F.7.2 are:

	Highest ye	Highest year of schooling completed		
	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	
	per week	Per week	per week	
	\$	\$	\$	
School leaver	295.10	325.00	376.80	
Plus 1 year out of school	325.00	376.80	433.40	
Plus 2 years out of school	376.80	433.40	508.20	
Plus 3 years out of school	433.40	508.20	579.70	

	Highest year of schooling completed		
	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12
	per week	Per week	per week
	\$	\$	\$
Plus 4 years out of school	508.20	579.70	
Plus 5 or more years out of school	579.70		

# (c) Wage Level C

Subject to clause F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a full-time AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate levels are allocated to Wage Level C by clause F.7.3 are:

	Highest year of schooling completed		
	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12
	per week	per week	per week
	\$	\$	\$
School leaver	295.10	325.00	376.80
Plus 1 year out of school	325.00	376.80	424.10
Plus 2 years out of school	376.80	424.10	473.80
Plus 3 years out of school	424.10	473.80	527.90
Plus 4 years out of school	473.80	527.90	
Plus 5 or more years out of school	527.90		

# (d) AQF Certificate Level IV traineeships

- (i) Subject to clause F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a full-time AQF Certificate Level IV traineeship are the minimum wages for the relevant full-time AQF Certificate Level III traineeship with the addition of 3.8% to those minimum wages.
- (ii) Subject to clause F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for an adult trainee undertaking a full-time AQF Certificate Level IV traineeship are as follows, provided that the relevant wage level is that for the relevant AQF Certificate Level III traineeship:

Wage level	First year of traineeship	Second and subsequent years of traineeship
	per week	per week
	\$	\$
Wage Level A	623.50	647.70
Wage Level B	601.60	624.70
Wage Level C	547.50	568.20

## **F.5.2** Minimum wages for part-time traineeships

## (a) Wage Level A

Subject to clauses F.5.2(f) and F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a part-time AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate levels are allocated to Wage Level A by clause F.7.1 are:

	Highest year of schooling completed		
	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12
	per hour	per hour	per hour
	\$	\$	\$
School leaver	9.71	10.70	12.74
Plus 1 year out of school	10.70	12.74	14.83
Plus 2 years out of school	12.74	14.83	17.25
Plus 3 years out of school	14.83	17.25	19.74
Plus 4 years out of school	17.25	19.74	
Plus 5 or more years out of school	19.74		

# (b) Wage Level B

Subject to clauses F.5.2(f) and F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a part-time AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate levels are allocated to Wage Level B by clause F.7.2 are:

	Highest year of schooling completed		
	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12
	per hour	per hour	per hour
	\$	\$	\$
School leaver	9.71	10.70	12.40
Plus 1 year out of school	10.70	12.40	14.26
Plus 2 years out of school	12.40	14.26	16.73
Plus 3 years out of school	14.26	16.73	19.08
Plus 4 years out of school	16.73	19.08	
Plus 5 or more years out of school	19.08		

#### (c) Wage Level C

Subject to clauses F.5.2(f) and F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a part-time AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate levels are allocated to Wage Level C by clause F.7.3 are:

	Highest year of schooling completed		
	Year 10	Year 10 Year 11	Year 12
	per hour	per hour	per hour
	\$	\$	\$
School leaver	9.71	10.70	12.40
Plus 1 year out of school	10.70	12.40	13.95
Plus 2 years out of school	12.40	13.95	15.58
Plus 3 years out of school	13.95	15.58	17.36
Plus 4 years out of school	15.58	17.36	
Plus 5 or more years out of school	17.36		

# (d) School-based traineeships

Subject to clauses F.5.2(f) and F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a school-based AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate levels are allocated to Wage Levels A, B or C by clause F.7 are as follows when the trainee works ordinary hours:

Year of schooling		
Year 11 or lower Year 12		
per hour	per hour	
\$	\$	
9.71	10.70	

## (e) AQF Certificate Level IV traineeships

- (i) Subject to clauses F.5.2(f) and F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for a trainee undertaking a part-time AQF Certificate Level IV traineeship are the minimum wages for the relevant part-time AQF Certificate Level III traineeship with the addition of 3.8% to those minimum wages.
- (ii) Subject to clauses F.5.2(f) and F.5.3 of this schedule, the minimum wages for an adult trainee undertaking a part-time AQF Certificate Level IV traineeship are as follows, provided that the relevant wage level is that for the relevant AQF Certificate Level III traineeship:

Wage level	First year of traineeship	Second and subsequent years of traineeship
	per hour	per hour
	\$	\$
Wage Level A	20.51	21.31
Wage Level B	19.77	20.54
Wage Level C	18.01	18.70

#### (f) Calculating the actual minimum wage

- (i) Where the full-time ordinary hours of work are not 38 or an average of 38 per week, the appropriate hourly minimum wage is obtained by multiplying the relevant minimum wage in clauses F.5.2(a)–(e) of this schedule by 38 and then dividing the figure obtained by the full-time ordinary hours of work per week.
- (ii) Where the approved training for a part-time traineeship is provided fully off-the-job by a registered training organisation, for example at school or at TAFE, the relevant minimum wage in clauses F.5.2(a)–(e) of this schedule applies to each ordinary hour worked by the trainee.
- (iii) Where the approved training for a part-time traineeship is undertaken solely on-the-job or partly on-the-job and partly off-the-job, the relevant minimum wage in clauses F.5.2(a)–(e) of this schedule minus 20% applies to each ordinary hour worked by the trainee.

# F.5.3 Other minimum wage provisions

- (a) An employee who was employed by an employer immediately prior to becoming a trainee with that employer must not suffer a reduction in their minimum wage per week or per hour by virtue of becoming a trainee. Casual loadings will be disregarded when determining whether the employee has suffered a reduction in their minimum wage.
- (b) If a qualification is converted from an AQF Certificate Level II to an AQF Certificate Level III traineeship, or from an AQF Certificate Level III to an AQF Certificate Level IV traineeship, then the trainee must be paid the next highest minimum wage provided in this schedule, where a higher minimum wage is provided for the new AQF certificate level.

#### F.5.4 Default wage rate

The minimum wage for a trainee undertaking an AQF Certificate Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate level are not allocated to a wage level by clause F.7 is the relevant minimum wage under this schedule for a trainee undertaking an AQF Certificate to Level I–III traineeship whose training package and AQF certificate level are allocated to Wage Level B.

# F.6 Employment conditions

- **F.6.1** A trainee undertaking a school-based traineeship may, with the agreement of the trainee, be paid an additional loading of 25% on all ordinary hours worked instead of paid annual leave, paid personal/carer's leave and paid absence on public holidays, provided that where the trainee works on a public holiday then the public holiday provisions of this award apply.
- **F.6.2** A trainee is entitled to be released from work without loss of continuity of employment and to payment of the appropriate wages to attend any training and assessment specified in, or associated with, the training contract.
- **F.6.3** Time spent by a trainee, other than a trainee undertaking a school-based traineeship, in attending any training and assessment specified in, or associated with, the training

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contract is to be regarded as time worked for the employer for the purposes of calculating the trainee's wages and determining the trainee's employment conditions.

**Note:** The time to be included for the purpose of calculating the wages for part-time trainees whose approved training is fully off-the-job is determined by clause F.5.2(f)(ii) and not by this clause.

**F.6.4** Subject to clause F.3.5 of this schedule, all other terms and conditions of this award apply to a trainee unless specifically varied by this schedule.

# F.7 Allocation of Traineeships to Wage Levels

Parties are asked to review the packages listed to ensure the lists are complete and up-to-date.

The wage levels applying to training packages and their AQF certificate levels are:

# F.7.1 Wage Level A

# F.7.1 updated in accordance with para [356] [2015] FWCFB 7236

Training package	AQF certificate level
Aeroskills	II
Aviation	I, II, III
Beauty	III
Business Services	I, II, III
Chemical, Hydrocarbons and Refining	I, II, III
Civil Construction	III
Coal Training Package	II, III
Community Services	II, III
Construction, Plumbing and Services Integrated Framework	I, II, III
Correctional Services	II, III
Drilling	II, III
Electricity Supply Industry—Generation Sector	II, III (III in Western Australia only)
Electricity Supply Industry—Transmission, Distribution and Rail Sector	II
Electrotechnology	I, II, III (III in Western Australia only)
Financial Services	I, II, III
Floristry	III
Food Processing Industry	III
Gas Industry	III

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Training package	AQF certificate level
Information and Communications Technology	I, II, III
Laboratory Operations	II, III
Local Government (other than Operational Works Cert I and II)	I, II, III
Manufactured Mineral Products	III
Manufacturing	I, II, III
Maritime	I, II, III
Metal and Engineering (Technical)	II, III
Metalliferous Mining	II, III
Museum, Library and Library/Information Services	II, III
Plastics, Rubber and Cablemaking	III
Public Safety	III
Public Sector	II, III
Pulp and Paper Manufacturing Industries	III
Retail Services (including wholesale and Community pharmacy)	III
Telecommunications	II, III
Textiles, Clothing and Footwear	III
Tourism, Hospitality and Events	I, II, III
Training and Assessment	III
Transport and Distribution Logistics	III
Water Industry (Utilities)	III

# F.7.2 Wage Level B

# F.7.2 updated in accordance with para [356] [2015] FWCFB 7236

Training package	AQF certificate level
Animal Care and Management	I, II, III
Asset Maintenance	I, II, III
Australian Meat Industry	I, II, III
Automotive Industry Manufacturing	II, III
Automotive Industry Retail, Service and Repair	I, II, III
Beauty	II
Caravan Industry	II, III

Training package	AQF certificate level
Civil Construction	I
Community Recreation Industry	III
Entertainment	I, II, III
Extractive Industries	II, III
Fitness Industry	III
Floristry	П
Food Processing Industry	I, II
Forest and Forest Products Industry	I, II, III
Furnishing	I, II, III
Gas Industry	I, II
Health	II, III
Local Government (Operational Works)	I, II
Manufactured Mineral Products	I, II
Metal and Engineering (Production)	II, III
Outdoor Recreation Industry	I, II, III
Plastics, Rubber and Cablemaking	II
Printing and Graphic Arts	II, III
Property Services	I, II, III
Public Safety	I, II
Pulp and Paper Manufacturing Industries	I, II
Retail Services	I, II
Screen and Media	I, II, III
Sport Industry	II, III
Sugar Milling	I, II, III
Textiles, Clothing and Footwear	І, ІІ
Transport and Logistics	I, II
Visual Arts, Craft and Design	I, II, III
Water Industry	I, II

# F.7.3 Wage Level C

Training package	AQF certificate level
Agri-Food	I
Amenity Horticulture	I, II, III
Conservation and Land Management	I, II, III

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Funeral Services	I, II, III
Music	I, II, III
Racing Industry	I, II, III
Rural Production	I, II, III
Seafood Industry	I, II, III

# Schedule G—201415 Part-day Public Holidays

## The part-day holidays schedule may be affected by AM2014/301

This schedule operates where this award otherwise contains provisions dealing with public holidays that supplement the NES.

- Where a part-day public holiday is declared or prescribed between 7.00 pm and midnight on Christmas Eve (24 December 201415) or New Year's Eve (31 December 201415) the following will apply on Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve and will override any provision in this award relating to public holidays to the extent of the inconsistency:
  - (a) All employees will have the right to refuse to work on the part-day public holiday if the request to work is not reasonable or the refusal is reasonable as provided for in the NES.
  - (b) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight but as a result of exercising their right under the NES does not work, they will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours not worked.
  - (c) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight but as a result of being on annual leave does not work, they will be taken not to be on annual leave between those hours of 7.00 pm and midnight that they would have usually been rostered to work and will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours.
  - (d) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight, but as a result of having a rostered day off (RDO) provided under this award, does not work, the employee will be taken to be on a public holiday for such hours and paid their ordinary rate of pay for those hours.
  - (e) Where an employee Excluding annualised salaried employees to whom clause G.1(f) applies, where an employee works any hours between 7.00 pm and midnight they will be entitled to the appropriate public holiday penalty rate (if any) in this award for those hours worked.
  - (f) Where an employee is paid an annualised salary under the provisions of this award and is entitled under this award to time off in lieu or additional annual leave for work on a public holiday, they will be entitled to time off in lieu or pro-rata annual leave equivalent to the time worked between 7.00 pm and midnight.
  - (g) An employee not rostered to work between 7.00 pm and midnight, other than an employee who has exercised their right in accordance with clause G.1(a), will not be entitled to another day off, another day's pay or another day of annual leave as a result of the part-day public holiday.
  - (h) Nothing in this schedule affects the right of an employee and employer to agree to substitute public holidays.

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This schedule is not intended to detract from or supplement the NES.

This schedule is an interim provision and subject to further review.

#### **Schedule H—Definitions**

This provision is being reviewed in AM2014/93

Note: agreement reached between parties regarding definition of **plant mechanic**. Remove words 'New South Wales only'

**H.1** In this award, unless the contrary intention appears:

**Act** means the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

**adult roadhouse attendant** means an employee of 20 years of age or over employed in a roadhouse, snack bar, kiosk or restaurant being part of or operated as an integral part of an establishment falling within the area of this award

**agricultural vehicle salesperson** means an employee employed in the sale of agricultural motor vehicles and self-propelled farming implements or units for which the agricultural motor vehicle or self-propelled farming implement provides the motive power

all purposes means the payment will be included in the rate of pay of an employee who is entitled to the allowance, when calculating any penalties or loadings or payment while they are on annual leave

**apprenticeship authority** means a State or Territory training authority with the responsibility for the apprenticeship

**automotive instrument mechanic** means a tradesperson required to repair and service all makes and types of automotive instruments

**automotive engine reconditioner** means a tradesperson employed in a workshop principally concerned in the reconditioning of miscellaneous makes of used internal combustion engines where the engine and parts do not lose their identity and who, as part of their normal duties:

- is required to set up or set up and operate one or more of the following machines: crankshaft grinder, camshaft grinder, internal grinder, surface grinder, cylinder borer, line borer, con rod borer, honing machine, pin fitting machine, valve seat grinding and inserting machines, and including the machines enumerated in Machinist (metal)—1st class;
- in the course of such work is responsible for determining sizes and tolerances of a precision nature in accordance with prepared technical data;
- uses in a tradesperson's capacity the same precision tools and measuring instruments as are used by engineering tradespersons; and
- possesses and uses the knowledge of automotive theory and practice obtained through satisfactorily completing an apprenticeship as an automotive engine reconditioner.

automotive parts interpreter—specialist means an adult employee who:

• has completed a formal course of technical school training in the automotive parts distribution industry;

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- is regulated by an apprenticeship authority or apprenticeship board constituted under this award and who is required by their employer to perform the duties related to automotive parts sales and distribution;
- is required in the performance of such duties to have and utilise a detailed knowledge of the workings of a wide range of vehicles and uses such knowledge to interpret the proper application of all component parts as required;
- has had at least seven years' experience in the automotive parts distribution industry and who is required by their employer to perform the duties related to automotive parts sales and distribution; and
- is required in the performance of such duties to have and utilise a detailed knowledge of the workings of a wide range of vehicles and uses such knowledge to interpret the proper application of all component parts as required

**automotive parts salesperson (experienced)** means an employee who has had three or more years' adult experience in the automotive parts distribution industry and who is required by their employer to perform the duties related to automotive parts sales and distribution and who in the performance of such duties is required to utilise knowledge of the workings of vehicles and the component parts thereof

**automotive serviceperson and/or checker** means an employee, not being a tradesperson, engaged in checking and adjusting in the processes of pre-delivery or after-sales service in accordance with manufacturers' periodic service procedures, excluding any function requiring a tradesperson's skill and knowledge

**bodymaker—1st class** means a tradesperson engaged in the building, rebuilding, altering, without the aid of jigs, repairing or customising of passenger and/or commercial vehicle bodies, trailers and other vehicle bodies or chassis in wood/metal and other substitute material

**bodymaker—2nd class** means an employee engaged in the building of bodies constructed with the aid of jigs

**brake mechanic** means a tradesperson required to diagnose faults in, repair and install all types of brake systems of motor vehicles including cars, commercial vehicles and heavy equipment

**brake service person** means an employee (not being a tradesperson) who does not diagnose faults or road test vehicles but who is required to install and replace brake components under supervision and/or is engaged in the reconditioning of brake components other than the checking and assembly of hydraulic assemblies

**defined benefit member** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Guarantee* (Administration) Act 1992 (Cth)

**detailer** means an employee (not being a tradesperson) whose work includes that of a paintshop assistant and/or polisher and/or cutter using buff or wet and dry rubber and/or painter—brush and/or spray on mechanical and/or chassis components, in addition to the cleaning and polishing of new and/or used vehicles

**driver handling money** means an employee covered by clause 11.2 or 0 including a junior employee employed in either class of work and who collects and/or pays out

money and who is responsible for the safe custody of the amounts so collected or carried to be paid out

driver tow truck references in Section 1—Vehicle Industry RS&R Employees of drivers of classes of tow trucks refer to means drivers of the following classes of vehicles, including:

- **class 1**—small conventional unit: a tow truck with a load capacity of not less than 1270 kilograms equipped with a crane with a safe working load of not less than 1020 kilograms;
- class 2—larger conventional unit: a tow truck with a load capacity of not less than 3040 kilograms equipped with a crane with a safe working load of not less than 2540 kilograms;
- class 3—light salvage unit: a tow truck with a load capacity of not less than 6130 kilograms and equipped with a crane having a safe working load of more than 5080 kilograms; or
- class 4—heavy salvage unit: a tow truck with gross train weight of 25 400 kilograms minimum, tandem drive, power operated crane with a safe working load of 50 580 kilograms minimum, power operated winch, power and vacuum brake take off

**electroplater—1st class** means an employee who maintains the solutions used and is responsible for the electroplating of ware

**electroplater—2nd class** means an employee not responsible for the solutions used and mainly engaged on electroplating

electroplater—3rd class means an employee engaged on the barrel plating system

**employee** means national system employee within the meaning of the Act

**employee representative** means an employee elected or appointed by the employees in a workplace, which will include an employee appointed as shop steward in the area or department in which the employee is employed, for the purpose of representing the employees in matters arising from the application of provisions in this award. In the case of a shop steward being appointed, the responsible officer of the union concerned will provide written notification to the employer. Upon such notification, the employee will be recognised as the accredited representative of the union to which they belong

**employer** means national system employer within the meaning of the Act

**exempt public sector superannuation scheme** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth)

**exhaust repairer** means a person who repairs and/or replaces exhaust systems on motor vehicles, but does not include the repair, removal or replacement of any mechanical, electrical system or circuit or any electronic device associated with a motor vehicle, nor any component of the engine or any other skill which falls into a trade classification

machinist (metal)—1st class means a tradesperson partly or wholly engaged in setting up and operating the following machines: lathe; boring machine; milling

machine; planning machine; shaping machine; slotting machine; precision grinding machine and a drilling machine where the operator uses the same precision tools as fitters or turners

machinist (metal)—2nd class means an employee not engaged as a tradesperson who is not required to work from drawings or prints or to do precision work, but who is engaged in operating or in setting up and operating all machines, other than a drilling machine, enumerated in the definition of Machinist (metal)—1st class

machinist (metal)—3rd class means an employee other than a process worker who operates any power driven machine for which a rate is not elsewhere prescribed in this award and without limiting the scope of the foregoing includes such an employee operating any of the following: nut; bolt; rivet or dog spike making machines; tapping machines; and drilling machines on work other than that specified in the definition of Machinist (metal)—1st class

motor mechanic means a tradesperson engaged in making or under jobbing conditions, repairing, altering or assembling (except in the production of new vehicles) or testing the mechanical and/or electrical parts of the engine and/or transmission, and/or fuel system, and/or induction systems, and/or exhaust system, and/or steering mechanism, and/or suspension system and/or braking system, of motor vehicles but does not include:

- (c) an employee engaged only in making minor adjustments; or
- (d) an employee engaged in the reconditioning of engines by specialised methods except so much of the work which calls for the application for general trade experience as a motor mechanic.

**MySuper product** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry* (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cth)

**NES** means the National Employment Standards as contained in sections <u>59 to 131</u> of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth)

**on-hire** means the on-hire of an employee by their employer to a client, where such employee works under the general guidance and instruction of the client or a representative of the client

**packer** means an employee responsible for the selection of parts or accessories according to requisitions or for the packing and method of packing for dispatch

paint shop assistant means an employee generally assisting in paint shop work including stopping up, rubbing down, masking, cleaning up and/or applying other than finish coats

**panel beater** means a tradesperson who repairs structural components, frames or panel work of motor vehicles constructed in whole or part from metal, metal alloys or substituted material and includes the formation of panels by hand/or process

plant mechanic means a tradesperson engaged in repairing and/or overhauling wheeled, track or tractor type mobile equipment associated with construction equipment, earthmoving equipment, prime movers, or agricultural and industrial mobile equipment such as petrol, LPG and/or diesel engines, transmissions, hydraulics, electrical systems and ancillary equipment

**precision measurements** means measurements of a finer accuracy than is possible with the naked eye from calliper, measuring scale or rule

process worker means an employee engaged:

- on repetition work on any automatic, semi-automatic or single purpose machine or any machine fitted with jigs, gauges or other tools rendering operations mechanical (and in connection with which the employee is not responsible for the setting up of the machine nor for the dimensions of the products other than by checking with gauges which are unadjustable or, if adjustable, will not be set by the operator);
- in the assembling of parts or mechanical appliances or other articles so made in which no fitting or adjustment requiring skill is required; or
- in specialised processes not requiring use of hand tools except hammers, pliers, screwdrivers, spanners and files and such tools as are necessary for deburring or removing rags or edging

radiator repairer—1st class means a tradesperson working to prints or drawings or measurements applying general trade experience or knowledge to the repair or recore of radiators, heating or cooling equipment and the repair or fuel tanks and the custom building of special radiators and fuel tanks

**spring service worker** means an employee employed on the removal and/or replacement of springs, luggage carriers and/or bumper bars, and/or the dismantling and/or reassembling of finished parts of motor car and truck chassis

#### standard rate means:

- (j) for the purposes of Section 1 Vehicle Industry RS&R employees, the standard rate is the weekly or hourly rate for Level R6 Vehicle RS&R industry employee Level I; and
- (k) for the purposes of Section 2 Vehicle manufacturing employees and Section 3—Drafting, Planning and Technical employees, the standard rate is the weekly or hourly rate for Level V5—Level 1 production system employee.

**standard rate** means the weekly or hourly rate for Level R6—Vehicle RS&R industry employee Level I

**storeperson** means an employee in a store who is responsible for checking inward goods against packing slips, sorting goods into bins, selecting goods for issue and the issuing of goods against requisitions and includes a tool storeman

**tradesperson** means an employee who, in the course of their employment, works from drawings or prints required to be scaled, and/or measured from drawings or prints, or makes precision measurements, or applies general trade experience and includes a locksmith and Machinist (Metal)—1st class

tradesperson's assistant means an employee directly assisting a tradesperson

**tyre fitter** means an employee fitting tyres and/or tubes to rims and/or wheels, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, wheel balancing and all operations associated with the removal and/or replacement of rims and/or wheels from or onto vehicles and/or wheeled equipment, including operations involving the use of the employee of compressing, mechanical and/or power operated apparatus

tyre repairing and retreading processes includes functions/operations of warming mill, extruder, detreading, buffing, gouging, pulling sleeves or patches, repairing, building up and/or retreading and/or recapping used tyres including aeroplane tyres, relugging earthmover, grader or tractor tyres by hand, moulding or curing of retreaded, rebuilt, recapped or relugged tyres in unit heater and autoclaves

**vehicle industry RS&R employee** means an employee classified appropriate to the employee's skills, the duties required by the employer to be performed and the skill level definitions detailed at Schedule B

**vehicle manufacturing employee** means an employee classified appropriate to the employee's skills, the duties required by the employer to be performed and the skill level definitions detailed at Schedule C

**vehicle salesperson** means an employee employed in the sale of road and industrial vehicles, motorcycles, caravans, trailers and/or boats

**welder—tradesperson** means a tradesperson using electric arc, acetylene blowpipe or coal gas cutting plant on work other than filling castings, cutting scrap metal or using jigs and includes re-welding by hand processes

wheel builder and/or repairer means a tradesperson required to build and/or repair motor vehicle wheels including cutting out and replacing wheel centres, marking out and drilling, machining, welding and truing

wrecker automotive means an employee not being a tradesperson who is required to recognise and identify parts and components and/or to assess their condition and marketability and who would as required oxy-cut panels and other components in addition to dismantling vehicles and components

## H.2 Additional definitions—non-trades, trades and post-trades

boiler attendant or fireperson—1st class means a boiler attendant or fireperson who attends to two or more boilers or two or more suction gas generators, or one boiler the evaporation capacity of which, attributed thereto by the maker exceeds 500 kilograms but less than 50 000 kilograms of steam per hour, or one gas generator supplying a total engine load capacity, attributed thereto by the maker, of not less than 750 kilowatts, and includes the boiler attendant or fireman of a steam navy extractor

## boiler attendant or fireperson, leading—1st class means:

- (1) the boiler attendant or fireperson employed at a plant where three or more boiler attendants or firepersons are employed at the same time and who is invested with the superintendence and responsibility but does not include any boiler attendant or fireperson where an engine driver is charged with being in charge of plant; and/or
- (m) the boiler attendant or fireperson employed at a plant where three or more boiler attendants or firepersons are employed at the same time and whose duty it is to attend to the water of boilers that are fired by two or more of the other boiler attendants or firepersons

boiler attendant or fireperson, leading 2nd class means:

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- (n) the boiler attendant or fireperson employed at a plant where two boiler attendants or firepersons are employed at the same time and who is invested with the superintendence and responsibility but does not include any boiler attendant or fireperson where an engine driver is charged with being in charge of plant; and/or
- (o) the boiler attendant or fireperson employed at a plant where two boiler attendants or firepersons are employed at the same time and whose duty it is to attend to the water of boilers that are fired by other boiler attendants or firepersons

boilermaker means a tradesperson required to develop work from drawings or prints, or to make templates, or to apply general trade experience in the fabrication, erection and/or repairing of steel or iron ships, boilers or other vessels subject to greater pressure than the weight of their contents including iron and steel receivers or retorts, also riveting by hand/or machine, caulking, chipping and operating all machines used in connection with the foregoing (other than stationary drilling machines) and carrying out such marking off, welding or oxy burning as is incidental to the work of a boilermaker

coremaker, jobbing means a moulder engaged in making cores for metal moulds by the use of loam or stickle boards or by loose boxes other than loose boxes used for repetition production of cores requiring little or no skill to produce

coremaker, machine means an employee making cores by machine where the core box is a fixture to or part of such machine, or making repetition cores requiring little or no skill to produce

dismantler means an employee engaged in the dismantling of engine assemblies including gear box, in the reconditioning of engines (other than aero engines) by specialised methods

dogman means an employee who (elsewhere than in actual process of manufacturing) transports goods from point-to-point by mechanical power and uses therein clamps, dogs or other standard gear

drier means an adult employee using air hose to dry off after acid wash

**electrical fitter** means a tradesperson fitter mainly engaged in making, fitting or repairing electrical machines, instruments or appliances and who in the course of their work applies electrical knowledge

electrical mechanic means a tradesperson mainly engaged on electrical installation, repair and maintenance work

**electrician**—**special class** means an electrical tradesperson required to apply the additional knowledge as defined to that required of Electrical fitter and/or mechanic as defined in this award and who has been for a period of at least six months mainly engaged in the manufacture and/or installation and/or maintenance of machines and/or equipment incorporating electronic equipment and will include any electrical tradespersons who by agreement with the employer is classified as Electrician—special class

(a) For the purpose of this definition additional knowledge means:

- (i) that acquired after six months' experience; and
- (ii) that acquired in obtaining a fifth year trade certificate including the subject Industrial Electronics I from the Electrical Trades School of South Australia or its equivalent or the satisfactory completion of the first year of one of the following courses, including:
  - Post-Trade Industrial Electronics Course of the New South Wales Department of Technical Education;
  - The Industrial Electronics Course as approved by the Education Department of Victoria;
  - CN311 Electrical Course "C" of the Department of Education, Queensland; and
  - The Industrial Electronics Course of the Technical Education Department of Tasmania; or
- (iii) sufficient knowledge of hydraulics and pneumatics to enable the tradesperson to fault find in the said machines and/or equipment.

garage attendant means an employee employed in a motor building or chassis assembling establishment engaged in the cleaning, dusting, washing or greasing of motor vehicles; and/or the servicing thereof with petrols, oils and water; and/or attending to tyre changing, tyre inflations, and patching of tubes; and/or other like duties and/or the driving of such vehicles in and about the employer's premises in connection with any of the foregoing operations

heat treater means an employee required to apply general trade experience as a heat treater and who carries out the operation of heat treatment to produce in the materials treated such requirements as hardness, toughness, ductibility, resistance to abrasion, elasticity, tensile strength, machine ability and resistance to creep and who works to limits in size, shape and straightness in tool work

jigmaker means a tradesperson engaged in the making of jigs

machine setter means a tradesperson engaged in setting up machines specified in the definition of Machinist (metal)—1st class, for other employees

material chaser or stock to follow up means an employee having the supervision of the delivery according to schedule, of materials between departments or sections

motor body developer means a tradesperson required to develop and mark up tooling work from body drafts, but not including an employee performing work normally done by pattern makers, tool makers, template makers, jig makers or body makers

moulder, jobbing means a metal moulder engaged in floor moulding, loam mouldings, trickle moulding or moulding from loose patterns

on the line means sectionalised body building and assembling in which bodies in the course of building are moved on from one operative group of operatives to another operative or group of operatives

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**painter—tradesperson** means a tradesperson required to mix, match and apply paint and apply general trade experience

rigger means an employee responsible for the erection of tackle

spring maker by hand means an employee required to manufacture spiral coils, flat or leaf springs by hand where such work does not fall within the definition of a tradesperson

structural steel tradesperson means a tradesperson engaged in assembling, plating, bolting (temporary or otherwise), riveting by hand/or machine, caulking, chipping, staying, reaming, drilling (other than on stationary machines) or such marking off, welding or oxy burning as is incidental to the foregoing, or who in the course of the work operates machines for punching and shearing, rolling, bending, angle or plate straightening, or hydraulic presses or nipping and notching machines, in connection with the making and/or repairing of tanks, water locks, towers (other than agricultural and pastoral types) wagons, tenders, trucks, rolling stock, bridges girders, columns, principals (roofs or otherwise), trusses, structural iron and steel work, but not including parts of standardised frame buildings made in quantities, or motor vehicle chassis, or new vehicles made by mass production methods

tooling smith means a tradesperson smith who for the greater part of their time is engaged on smithing work for the tool room

toolmaker means a tradesperson making and/or repairing any precision tool, gauge, die or mould to be affixed to any machine, who designs or lays out their work and is responsible for its proper completion and includes any tradesperson engaged in or in connection with the making of any tool, gauge, die or mould as aforesaid who by agreement with the employer is classified as a toolmaker

**trimmer sectional** means an employee (other than a tradesperson trimmer) engaged on any trimming work for which a specific rate is not otherwise prescribed by the award

trimmer, tradesperson means a tradesperson required to perform developmental work and/or work on used vehicles and/or work on custom built units and/or each and every function or production trim operations as directed by the employer

trouble chaser means a tradesperson (any section) engaged in tracing through all necessary stages of drawing, development, tooling and production, and defining the origin of recurring faults which manifest themselves in the course of production, and who is responsible for recommendations for their rectification

wood machinist—1st class means a machinist who in the course of employment is called upon to grind and set knives only to braze, set and sharpen jig saws and to set and sharpen circular saws or to set up machines operated by other machinists or to grind knives or set and operate one or more of the following machines: shaper, spindle, linderman machine, router, tenoner, sill hing and other gainer machines